Practical SAT: from NP to 'beyond NP' and back

Alexey Ignatiev (with Joao Marques-Silva and others)

October 30, 2017

LASIGE, FC, University of Lisbon, Portugal ISDCT SB RAS, Irkutsk, Russia

From NP to 'beyond NP'

given a *propositional* formula in CNF,

given a *propositional* formula in CNF, decide whether or not it is **satisfiable**

given a *propositional* formula in CNF, decide whether or not it is **satisfiable**

Example

$$\mathcal{F}_1 = (x_1) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_2)$$

given a *propositional* formula in CNF, decide whether or not it is **satisfiable**

Example

$$\mathcal{F}_1 = (x_1) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_2)$$
 — satisfiable

given a *propositional* formula in CNF, decide whether or not it is **satisfiable**

Example

$$\mathcal{F}_1 = (x_1) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_2)$$
 — satisfiable $\mathcal{F}_2 = (x_1) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_2) \wedge (x_2)$

given a *propositional* formula in CNF, decide whether or not it is **satisfiable**

Example

$$\mathcal{F}_1 = (x_1) \land (\neg x_1 \lor \neg x_2)$$
 — satisfiable $\mathcal{F}_2 = (x_1) \land (\neg x_1 \lor \neg x_2) \land (x_2)$ — unsatisfiable

given a *propositional* formula in CNF, decide whether or not it is **satisfiable**

Example

$$\mathcal{F}_1 = (x_1) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_2)$$
 — satisfiable $\mathcal{F}_2 = (x_1) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_2) \wedge (x_2)$ — unsatisfiable

first NP-complete problem!

(S. Cook. The Complexity of Theorem-Proving Procedures. STOC: 151–159, 1971.)

Binate Covering Noise Analysis Technology Mapping Games
Pedigree Consistency Function Decomposition
Maximum Satisfiability Configuration Termination Analysis Network Security Management Fault Localization Software Testing Filter Design Switching Network Verification

Satisfiability Modulo Theories Package Management Symbolic Trajectory Evaluation

Ouantified Roolean Formulas Software Model Checking Constraint Programming
Haplotyping Model Finding Hardware Model

Model Finding Hardware Model **FPGA Routing Timetabling** Test Pattern Generation Power Estimation Circuit Delay Computation
Test Suite Minimization **Genome Rearrangement Lazy Clause Generation** Pseudo-Boolean Formulas

key to problems in NP/'beyond NP'



SAT oracles

given
$$\mathcal{F} = \mathcal{H} \wedge \mathcal{S} \models \perp$$
,

given
$$\mathcal{F}=\mathcal{H}\wedge\mathcal{S}\models\bot$$
, satisfy \mathcal{H} and maximize $\sum_{c\in\mathcal{S}}weight(c)$

given
$$\mathcal{F} = \mathcal{H} \land \mathcal{S} \models \bot$$
, satisfy \mathcal{H} and maximize $\sum_{c \in \mathcal{S}} weight(c)$

$$\mathcal{H} = (\neg x \lor \neg y, \top) (\neg x \lor \neg z, \top) (\neg y \lor \neg z, \top)$$

$$\mathcal{S} = (x, 10) (y, 20) (z, 40)$$

given
$$\mathcal{F}=\mathcal{H}\wedge\mathcal{S}\models\bot$$
, satisfy \mathcal{H} and maximize $\sum_{c\in\mathcal{S}}weight(c)$

$$\mathcal{H} = (\neg x \lor \neg y, \top) (\neg x \lor \neg z, \top) (\neg y \lor \neg z, \top)$$

$$\mathcal{S} = (x, 10) (y, 20) (z, 40)$$

given
$$\mathcal{F}=\mathcal{H}\wedge\mathcal{S}\models\bot$$
, satisfy \mathcal{H} and maximize $\sum_{c\in\mathcal{S}}weight(c)$

$$\mathcal{H} = (\neg x \lor \neg y, \top) \quad (\neg x \lor \neg z, \top) \quad (\neg y \lor \neg z, \top)$$

$$\mathcal{S} = (x, 10) \quad (y, 20) \quad (z, 40)$$

given
$$\mathcal{F} = \mathcal{H} \land \mathcal{S} \models \bot$$
, satisfy \mathcal{H} and maximize $\sum_{c \in \mathcal{S}} weight(c)$

$$\mathcal{H} = (\neg x \lor \neg y, \top) (\neg x \lor \neg z, \top) (\neg y \lor \neg z, \top)$$

$$\mathcal{S} = (x, 10) (y, 20) (z, 40)$$

given
$$\mathcal{F}=\mathcal{H}\wedge\mathcal{S}\models\bot$$
, satisfy \mathcal{H} and maximize $\sum_{c\in\mathcal{S}} weight(c)$

$$\mathcal{H} = (\neg x \lor \neg y, \top) (\neg x \lor \neg z, \top) (\neg y \lor \neg z, \top)$$

$$\mathcal{S} = (x, 10) (y, 20) (z, 40)$$



$$\mathcal{H} = (\neg x \lor \neg y, \top) (\neg x \lor \neg z, \top) (\neg y \lor \neg z, \top)$$

$$\mathcal{S} = (x, 10) (y, 20) (z, 40)$$

Simplest approach to MaxSAT

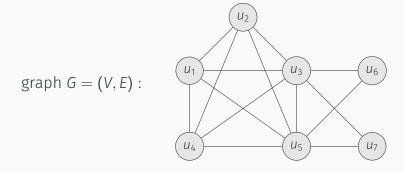
1. iterate over k

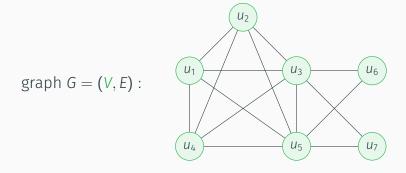
Simplest approach to MaxSAT

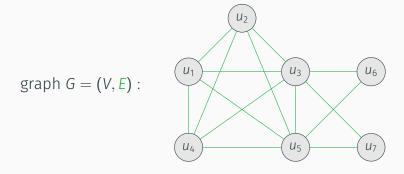
- 1. iterate over k
- 2. consider $\mathcal{H} \wedge \sum_{c \in \mathcal{S}} weight(c) = k$

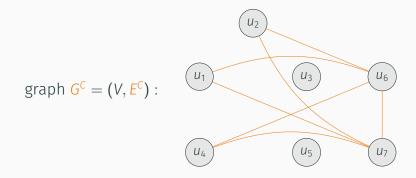
Simplest approach to MaxSAT

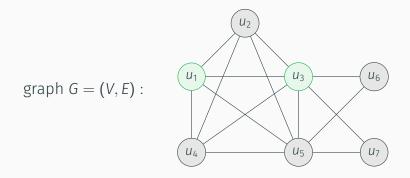
- 1. iterate over k
- 2. consider $\mathcal{H} \wedge \sum_{c \in \mathcal{S}} weight(c) = k$
- 3. call a SAT oracle



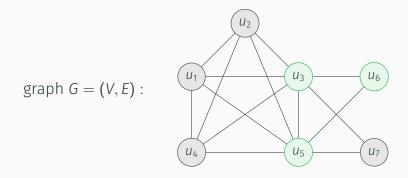




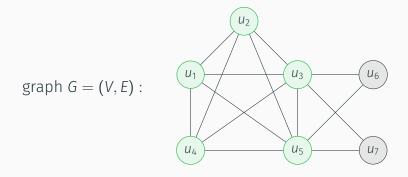




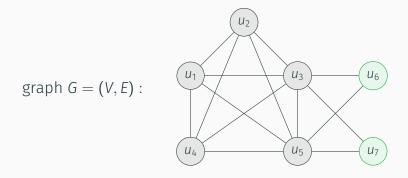
clique of size 2



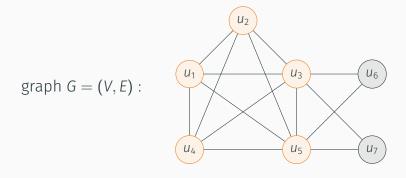
clique of size 3



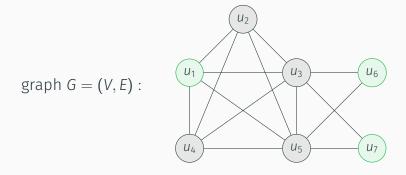
maximum clique of size 5



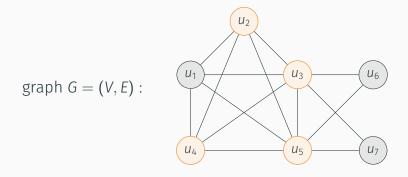
independent set of size 2



vertex cover of size 5



maximum independent set of size 3

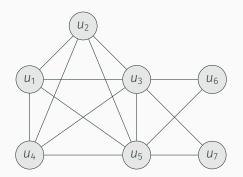


minimum vertex cover of size 4

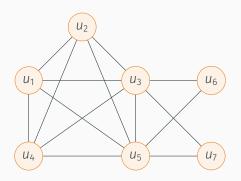
construct
$$\mathcal{F} = \langle \mathcal{H}, \mathcal{S} \rangle$$

construct
$$\mathcal{F} = \langle \mathcal{H}, \mathcal{S} \rangle$$
 s.t.
$$\begin{cases} \mathcal{H} & \triangleq \{(\neg x_u \lor \neg x_v) \mid (u, v) \in E^C\} \\ \mathcal{S} & \triangleq \{(x_u) \mid v \in V\} \end{cases}$$

construct
$$\mathcal{F} = \langle \mathcal{H}, \mathcal{S} \rangle$$
 s.t.
$$\begin{cases} \mathcal{H} & \triangleq \{(\neg x_u \lor \neg x_v) \mid (u, v) \in E^C\} \\ \mathcal{S} & \triangleq \{(x_u) \mid v \in V\} \end{cases}$$

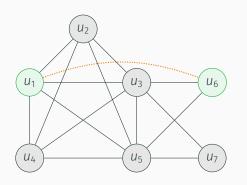


construct
$$\mathcal{F} = \langle \mathcal{H}, \mathcal{S} \rangle$$
 s.t.
$$\begin{cases} \mathcal{H} & \triangleq \{(\neg x_u \lor \neg x_v) \mid (u, v) \in E^C\} \\ \mathcal{S} & \triangleq \{(x_u) \mid v \in V\} \end{cases}$$



$$S = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (x_1) (x_2) (x_3) \\ (x_4) (x_5) (x_6) \\ (x_7) \end{array} \right\}$$

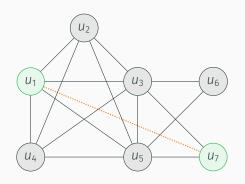
construct
$$\mathcal{F} = \langle \mathcal{H}, \mathcal{S} \rangle$$
 s.t.
$$\begin{cases} \mathcal{H} & \triangleq \{(\neg x_u \lor \neg x_v) \mid (u, v) \in E^C\} \\ \mathcal{S} & \triangleq \{(x_u) \mid v \in V\} \end{cases}$$



$$\mathcal{H} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (\neg x_1 \lor \neg x_6) \ (\neg x_1 \lor \neg x_7) \\ (\neg x_2 \lor \neg x_6) \ (\neg x_2 \lor \neg x_7) \\ (\neg x_4 \lor \neg x_6) \ (\neg x_4 \lor \neg x_7) \\ (\neg x_6 \lor \neg x_7) \end{array} \right\}$$

$$S = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (x_1) (x_2) (x_3) \\ (x_4) (x_5) (x_6) \\ (x_7) \end{array} \right\}$$

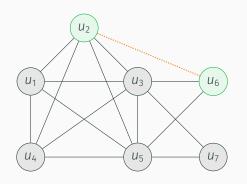
construct
$$\mathcal{F} = \langle \mathcal{H}, \mathcal{S} \rangle$$
 s.t.
$$\begin{cases} \mathcal{H} & \triangleq \{(\neg x_u \lor \neg x_v) \mid (u, v) \in E^C\} \\ \mathcal{S} & \triangleq \{(x_u) \mid v \in V\} \end{cases}$$



$$\mathcal{H} = \left\{ \begin{aligned} \left(\neg X_1 \lor \neg X_6 \right) \left(\neg X_1 \lor \neg X_7 \right) \\ \left(\neg X_2 \lor \neg X_6 \right) \left(\neg X_2 \lor \neg X_7 \right) \\ \left(\neg X_4 \lor \neg X_6 \right) \left(\neg X_4 \lor \neg X_7 \right) \\ \left(\neg X_6 \lor \neg X_7 \right) \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$S = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (x_1) (x_2) (x_3) \\ (x_4) (x_5) (x_6) \\ (x_7) \end{array} \right\}$$

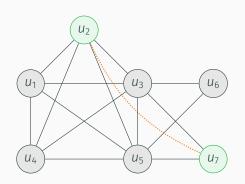
construct
$$\mathcal{F} = \langle \mathcal{H}, \mathcal{S} \rangle$$
 s.t.
$$\begin{cases} \mathcal{H} & \triangleq \{(\neg x_u \lor \neg x_v) \mid (u, v) \in E^C\} \\ \mathcal{S} & \triangleq \{(x_u) \mid v \in V\} \end{cases}$$



$$\mathcal{H} = \left\{ \begin{aligned} \left(\neg X_1 \lor \neg X_6 \right) \left(\neg X_1 \lor \neg X_7 \right) \\ \left(\neg X_2 \lor \neg X_6 \right) \left(\neg X_2 \lor \neg X_7 \right) \\ \left(\neg X_4 \lor \neg X_6 \right) \left(\neg X_4 \lor \neg X_7 \right) \\ \left(\neg X_6 \lor \neg X_7 \right) \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$S = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (x_1) (x_2) (x_3) \\ (x_4) (x_5) (x_6) \\ (x_7) \end{array} \right\}$$

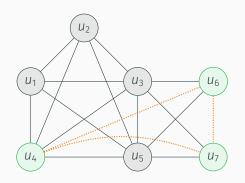
construct
$$\mathcal{F} = \langle \mathcal{H}, \mathcal{S} \rangle$$
 s.t.
$$\begin{cases} \mathcal{H} & \triangleq \{(\neg x_u \lor \neg x_v) \mid (u, v) \in E^C\} \\ \mathcal{S} & \triangleq \{(x_u) \mid v \in V\} \end{cases}$$



$$\mathcal{H} = \left\{ \begin{aligned} \left(\neg X_1 \lor \neg X_6 \right) \left(\neg X_1 \lor \neg X_7 \right) \\ \left(\neg X_2 \lor \neg X_6 \right) \left(\neg X_2 \lor \neg X_7 \right) \\ \left(\neg X_4 \lor \neg X_6 \right) \left(\neg X_4 \lor \neg X_7 \right) \\ \left(\neg X_6 \lor \neg X_7 \right) \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$S = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (x_1) (x_2) (x_3) \\ (x_4) (x_5) (x_6) \\ (x_7) \end{array} \right\}$$

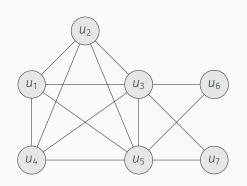
construct
$$\mathcal{F} = \langle \mathcal{H}, \mathcal{S} \rangle$$
 s.t.
$$\begin{cases} \mathcal{H} & \triangleq \{(\neg x_u \lor \neg x_v) \mid (u, v) \in E^C\} \\ \mathcal{S} & \triangleq \{(x_u) \mid v \in V\} \end{cases}$$



$$\mathcal{H} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (\neg x_1 \lor \neg x_6) \ (\neg x_1 \lor \neg x_7) \\ (\neg x_2 \lor \neg x_6) \ (\neg x_2 \lor \neg x_7) \\ (\neg x_4 \lor \neg x_6) \ (\neg x_4 \lor \neg x_7) \\ (\neg x_6 \lor \neg x_7) \end{array} \right\}$$

$$S = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (x_1) (x_2) (x_3) \\ (x_4) (x_5) (x_6) \\ (x_7) \end{array} \right\}$$

construct
$$\mathcal{F} = \langle \mathcal{H}, \mathcal{S} \rangle$$
 s.t.
$$\begin{cases} \mathcal{H} & \triangleq \{(\neg x_u \lor \neg x_v) \mid (u, v) \in E^C\} \\ \mathcal{S} & \triangleq \{(x_u) \mid v \in V\} \end{cases}$$



$$\mathcal{H} = \left\{ \begin{aligned} \left(\neg x_1 \lor \neg x_6 \right) \left(\neg x_1 \lor \neg x_7 \right) \\ \left(\neg x_2 \lor \neg x_6 \right) \left(\neg x_2 \lor \neg x_7 \right) \\ \left(\neg x_4 \lor \neg x_6 \right) \left(\neg x_4 \lor \neg x_7 \right) \\ \left(\neg x_6 \lor \neg x_7 \right) \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$S = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (x_1) (x_2) (x_3) \\ (x_4) (x_5) (x_6) \\ (x_7) \end{array} \right\}$$

solve \mathcal{F} with MaxSAT

¹http://networkrepository.com

for ca-dblp-2012¹,
$$|V| = 317\,080$$
 and $|E| = 1\,049\,867$

¹http://networkrepository.com

for ca-dblp-2012¹,

$$|V| = 317\,080$$
 and $|E| = 1\,049\,867$

$$|\mathcal{H}| = |E^{C}| = 50\,268\,654\,793!$$

¹http://networkrepository.com

for ca-dblp-2012¹,

$$|V| = 317\,080$$
 and $|E| = 1\,049\,867$

$$|\mathcal{H}| = |E^C| = 50\,268\,654\,793!$$

impossible to solve and hard to represent

¹http://networkrepository.com

$$G = (V, E)$$

 $T \subseteq V - \text{a clique of } G$
 $(U \subseteq V - \text{a clique of } G^c)$

$$G = (V, E)$$

$$T \subseteq V - \text{a clique of } G$$

$$(U \subseteq V - \text{a clique of } G^{C})$$



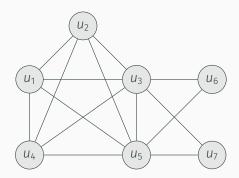
 $|\mathcal{H}|$ grows with T^2 (or U^2) (hidden pairwise encoding)

$$G = (V, E)$$

 $T \subseteq V - \text{a clique of } G$
 $(U \subseteq V - \text{a clique of } G^C)$



 $|\mathcal{H}|$ grows with T^2 (or U^2) (hidden pairwise encoding)

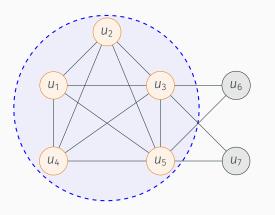


$$G = (V, E)$$

 $T \subseteq V - \text{a clique of } G$
 $(U \subseteq V - \text{a clique of } G^{C})$



 $|\mathcal{H}|$ grows with T^2 (or U^2) (hidden pairwise encoding)



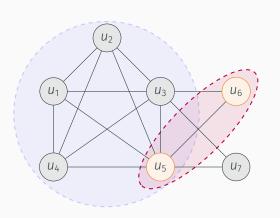
$$G = (V, E)$$

$$T \subseteq V - \text{a clique of } G$$

$$(U \subseteq V - \text{a clique of } G^{C})$$



 $|\mathcal{H}|$ grows with T^2 (or U^2) (hidden pairwise encoding)



AtMost1(x_5, x_6)

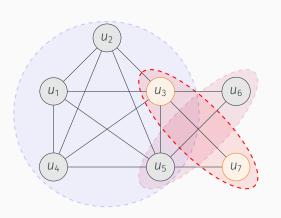
$$G = (V, E)$$

$$T \subseteq V - \text{a clique of } G$$

$$(U \subseteq V - \text{a clique of } G^{C})$$



 $|\mathcal{H}|$ grows with T^2 (or U^2) (hidden pairwise encoding)



AtMost1 (x_3, x_7) AtMost1 (x_5, x_6)

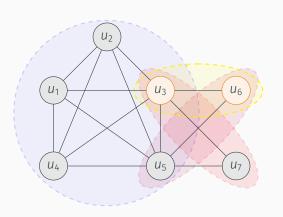
$$G = (V, E)$$

$$T \subseteq V - \text{a clique of } G$$

$$(U \subseteq V - \text{a clique of } G^{C})$$



 $|\mathcal{H}|$ grows with T^2 (or U^2) (hidden pairwise encoding)



AtMost1(x_3, x_6)

AtMost1(x_3 , x_7) AtMost1(x_5 , x_6)

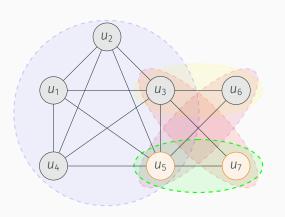
$$G = (V, E)$$

$$T \subseteq V - \text{a clique of } G$$

$$(U \subseteq V - \text{a clique of } G^{C})$$



 $|\mathcal{H}|$ grows with T^2 (or U^2) (hidden pairwise encoding)



AtMost1(x_3, x_6) AtMost1(x_3, x_7) AtMost1(x_5, x_6) AtMost1(x_5, x_7) AtMost1(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5)

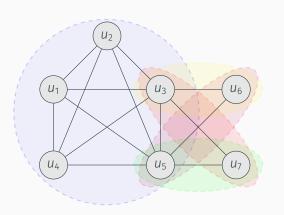
$$G = (V, E)$$

$$T \subseteq V - \text{a clique of } G$$

$$(U \subseteq V - \text{a clique of } G^{C})$$



 $|\mathcal{H}|$ grows with T^2 (or U^2) (hidden pairwise encoding)



AtMost1(x_3, x_6) AtMost1(x_3, x_7) AtMost1(x_5, x_6) AtMost1(x_5, x_7) AtMost1(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5)

pairwise encoding!

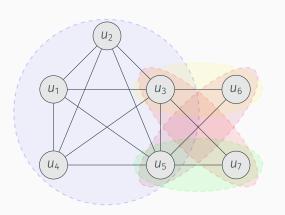
$$G = (V, E)$$

$$T \subseteq V - \text{a clique of } G$$

$$(U \subseteq V - \text{a clique of } G^{C})$$



 $|\mathcal{H}|$ grows with T^2 (or U^2) (hidden pairwise encoding)



AtMost1(x_3 , x_6) AtMost1(x_3 , x_7) AtMost1(x_5 , x_6) AtMost1(x_5 , x_7)

AtMost1(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5)

pairwise encoding!

given
$$G = (V, E)$$
,

given G = (V, E), is there a clique of size K?

given G = (V, E), is there a clique of size K?

$$\sum_{u \in V} x_u = K \tag{1}$$

given G = (V, E), is there a clique of size K?

$$\sum_{u \in V} x_u = K \tag{1}$$

$$X_u \to \left(\sum_{v \in Adj(u)} X_v = K - 1\right)$$
 (2)

filter vertices u based on degree Deg(u)

filter vertices u based on degree Deg(u)



 $\forall u \in V \text{ s.t. } \mathsf{Deg}(u) < K-1 : (\neg x_u)$

filter vertices u based on degree Deg(u)



 $\forall u \in V \text{ s.t. } \mathsf{Deg}(u) < K-1 : (\neg x_u)$

$$\sum_{u \in V \land \mathsf{Deg}(u) \ge K-1} \mathsf{X}_u = \mathsf{K}$$

filter vertices u based on degree Deg(u)



 $\forall u \in V \text{ s.t. } Deg(u) < K - 1: (\neg x_u)$

$$\sum_{u \in V \land \mathsf{Deg}(u) \ge K-1} x_u = K$$

$$X_u \to \left(\sum_{v \in Adj(u) \land Deg(v) \ge K-1} X_v = K-1\right)$$

Experimental results

· Novel SAT-based approach — SATClq

- · Novel SAT-based approach SATClq
 - \cdot implemented in Python

- Novel SAT-based approach SATClq
 - · implemented in Python
 - supports MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0, lingeling, etc.

- Novel SAT-based approach SATClq
 - · implemented in Python
 - supports MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0, lingeling, etc.
 - Glucose 3.0 used

- Novel SAT-based approach SATClq
 - · implemented in Python
 - · supports MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0, lingeling, etc.
 - · Glucose 3.0 used
 - only SAT solving time

- Novel SAT-based approach SATClq
 - · implemented in Python
 - · supports MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0, lingeling, etc.
 - · Glucose 3.0 used
 - only SAT solving time
- · Competition:

- Novel SAT-based approach SATClq
 - · implemented in Python
 - · supports MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0, lingeling, etc.
 - · Glucose 3.0 used
 - only SAT solving time
- · Competition:
 - 1. Cliquer 1.21

- Novel SAT-based approach SATClq
 - · implemented in Python
 - · supports MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0, lingeling, etc.
 - · Glucose 3.0 used
 - only SAT solving time
- · Competition:
 - 1. Cliquer 1.21 2. FMC

- Novel SAT-based approach SATClq
 - · implemented in Python
 - · supports MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0, lingeling, etc.
 - · Glucose 3.0 used
 - only SAT solving time
- · Competition:

1. Cliquer 1.21 2. FMC 3. IncMaxCLQ

- Novel SAT-based approach SATClq
 - · implemented in Python
 - · supports MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0, lingeling, etc.
 - · Glucose 3.0 used
 - only SAT solving time
- · Competition:

1. Cliquer 1.21 2. FMC 3. IncMaxCLQ 4. LMC

- Novel SAT-based approach SATClq
 - · implemented in Python
 - · supports MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0, lingeling, etc.
 - · Glucose 3.0 used
 - only SAT solving time
- · Competition:
 - 1. Cliquer 1.21 2. FMC 3. IncMaxCLQ 4. LMC
- · Benchmarks:

- Novel SAT-based approach SATClq
 - · implemented in Python
 - · supports MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0, lingeling, etc.
 - · Glucose 3.0 used
 - only SAT solving time
- · Competition:
 - 1. Cliquer 1.21 2. FMC 3. IncMaxCLQ 4. LMC
- · Benchmarks:
 - 1. SNAP

- Novel SAT-based approach SATClq
 - · implemented in Python
 - · supports MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0, lingeling, etc.
 - · Glucose 3.0 used
 - only SAT solving time
- · Competition:
 - 1. Cliquer 1.21 2. FMC 3. IncMaxCLQ 4. LMC
- · Benchmarks:
 - 1. SNAP 2. Network Repository

- Novel SAT-based approach SATClq
 - · implemented in Python
 - · supports MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0, lingeling, etc.
 - · Glucose 3.0 used
 - only SAT solving time
- · Competition:
 - 1. Cliquer 1.21 2. FMC 3. IncMaxCLQ 4. LMC
- · Benchmarks:
 - 1. SNAP 2. Network Repository 3. generated by *Benchmark*

- Novel SAT-based approach SATClq
 - · implemented in Python
 - · supports MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0, lingeling, etc.
 - · Glucose 3.0 used
 - only SAT solving time
- · Competition:
 - 1. Cliquer 1.21 2. FMC 3. IncMaxCLQ 4. LMC
- · Benchmarks:
 - 1. SNAP 2. Network Repository 3. generated by Benchmark
- · Machine configuration:
 - · Intel Xeon E5-2630 2.60GHz with 64GByte RAM

- Novel SAT-based approach SATClq
 - · implemented in Python
 - · supports MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0, lingeling, etc.
 - · Glucose 3.0 used
 - only SAT solving time
- · Competition:
 - 1. Cliquer 1.21 2. FMC 3. IncMaxCLQ 4. LMC
- · Benchmarks:
 - 1. SNAP 2. Network Repository 3. generated by *Benchmark*
- · Machine configuration:
 - Intel Xeon E5-2630 2.60GHz with 64GByte RAM
 - · running Ubuntu Linux

- Novel SAT-based approach SATClq
 - · implemented in Python
 - · supports MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0, lingeling, etc.
 - · Glucose 3.0 used
 - only SAT solving time
- · Competition:
 - 1. Cliquer 1.21 2. FMC 3. IncMaxCLQ 4. LMC
- · Benchmarks:
 - 1. SNAP 2. Network Repository 3. generated by *Benchmark*
- · Machine configuration:
 - · Intel Xeon E5-2630 2.60GHz with 64GByte RAM
 - · running Ubuntu Linux
 - · 3600s timeout

- Novel SAT-based approach SATClq
 - · implemented in Python
 - · supports MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0, lingeling, etc.
 - · Glucose 3.0 used
 - only SAT solving time
- · Competition:
 - 1. Cliquer 1.21 2. FMC 3. IncMaxCLQ 4. LMC
- · Benchmarks:
 - 1. SNAP 2. Network Repository 3. generated by *Benchmark*
- Machine configuration:
 - · Intel Xeon E5-2630 2.60GHz with 64GByte RAM
 - · running Ubuntu Linux
 - · 3600s timeout
 - · 10GByte memout

Instance	SATClq	Cliquer	FMC	IncMaxCLQ	LMC
comm-n1000	0.19	0.02	0.05	0.11	0.5
comm-n10000	_	0.99	_	12.33	0.93
ca-AstroPh	0	101.17	0.43	_	0.69
ca-citeseer	0	354.46	0.92	_	1.03
ca-coauthors-dblp	0	_	29.65	_	9.42
ca-CondMat	0	71	0.13	_	0.55
ca-dblp-2010	0	353.85	0.87	_	0.92
ca-dblp-2012	0	_	1.39	_	1.07
ca-HepPh	0	44.61	0.57	_	0.6
ca-HepTh	0	27.84	0.06	_	0.49
ca-MathSciNet	0	_	1.27	_	1.07
ia-email-EU	2.47	7.15	0.08	_	0.49
ia-reality-call	0	3.98	0.03	_	0.44
ia-retweet-pol	1.76	2.35	0.16	_	0.49
ia-wiki-Talk	_	60.48	4.21	_	0.73
rt-pol	1.7	2.39	0.19	_	0.49
rt barackobama	0	0.46	0.45	6.63	0.46
soc-advogato	0.15	0.25	0.11	4.91	0.49
soc-epinions	_	101.67	0.21	_	0.82
soc-gplus	0.01	2.82	0.45	_	0.47
tech-as-caida2007	0.01	5.26	0.09	_	0.48
tech-internet-as	0.02	12.23	0.45	_	0.52
tech-pgp	3.05	0.71	0.07	_	0.45
tech-WHOIS	_	10.13	_	6.31	0.49
web-arabic-2005	0	151.31	2.43	_	1.57
web-baidu-baike-related	0.94	_	_	_	2.54
web-it-2004	0	_	25.32	_	4.87
web-NotreDame	0	_	3.76	_	1.37
web-sk-2005	0	97.44	0.34	_	0.64
p5sparse1	2.88	1031.15	_	12.17	0.48
p5sparse2+10clq20	1.9	24.42	_	_	0.54
p5sparse3+10clq20	3.62	150.15	_	_	0.58
p6sparse1	48.34	_	_	_	0.53
p6sparse2+10clq20	42.65	_	_	_	0.64
p6sparse3+10clq20	50.88	_	-	-	0.7
Solved (out of 35)	31	26	26	6	35

Instance	SATClq	Cliquer	FMC	IncMaxCLQ	LMC
comm-n1000	0.19	0.02	0.05	0.11	0.5
comm-n10000	_	0.99	_	12.33	0.93
ca-AstroPh	0	101.17	0.43	_	0.69
ca-citeseer	0	354.46	0.92	_	1.03
ca-coauthors-dblp	0	_	29.65	_	9.42
ca-CondMat	0	71	0.13	_	0.55
ca-dblp-2010	0	353.85	0.87	_	0.92
ca-dblp-2012	0	_	1.39	_	1.07
ca-HepPh	0	44.61	0.57	_	0.6
ca-HepTh	0	27.84	0.06	_	0.49
ca-MathSciNet	0	_	1.27	_	1.07
ia-email-EU	2.47	7.15	0.08	_	0.49
ia-reality-call	0	3.98	0.03	_	0.44
ia-retweet-pol	1.76	2.35	0.16	_	0.49
ia-wiki-Talk	_	60.48	4.21	_	0.73
rt-pol	1.7	2.39	0.19	_	0.49
rt barackobama	0	0.46	0.45	6.63	0.46
soc-advogato	0.15	0.25	0.11	4.91	0.49
soc-epinions	_	101.67	0.21	_	0.82
soc-gplus	0.01	2.82	0.45	_	0.47
tech-as-caida2007	0.01	5.26	0.09	_	0.48
tech-internet-as	0.02	12.23	0.45	_	0.52
tech-pgp	3.05	0.71	0.07	_	0.45
tech-WHOIS	_	10.13	_	6.31	0.49
web-arabic-2005	0	151.31	2.43	_	1.57
web-baidu-baike-related	0.94	_	_	_	2.54
web-it-2004	0	_	25.32	_	4.87
web-NotreDame	0	_	3.76	_	1.37
web-sk-2005	0	97.44	0.34	_	0.64
p5sparse1	2.88	1031.15	_	12.17	0.48
p5sparse2+10clq20	1.9	24.42	_	_	0.54
p5sparse3+10clq20	3.62	150.15	_	_	0.58
p6sparse1	48.34	_	_	_	0.53
p6sparse2+10clq20	42.65	_	_	_	0.64
p6sparse3+10clq20	50.88	_	_	_	0.7
Solved (out of 35)	31	26	26	6	35

Instance	SATClq	Cliquer	FMC	IncMaxCLQ	LMC
comm-n1000	0.19	0.02	0.05	0.11	0.5
comm-n10000	_	0.99	_	12.33	0.93
ca-AstroPh	0	101.17	0.43	_	0.69
ca-citeseer	0	354.46	0.92	_	1.03
ca-coauthors-dblp	0	_	29.65	_	9.42
ca-CondMat	0	71	0.13	_	0.55
ca-dblp-2010	0	353.85	0.87	_	0.92
ca-dblp-2012	0	_	1.39	_	1.07
ca-HepPh	0	44.61	0.57	_	0.6
ca-HepTh	0	27.84	0.06	_	0.49
ca-MathSciNet	0	_	1.27	_	1.07
ia-email-EU	2.47	7.15	0.08	_	0.49
ia-reality-call	0	3.98	0.03	_	0.44
ia-retweet-pol	1.76	2.35	0.16	_	0.49
ia-wiki-Talk	_	60.48	4.21	_	0.73
rt-pol	1.7	2.39	0.19	_	0.49
rt barackobama	0	0.46	0.45	6.63	0.46
soc-advogato	0.15	0.25	0.11	4.91	0.49
soc-epinions	_	101.67	0.21	_	0.82
soc-gplus	0.01	2.82	0.45	_	0.47
tech-as-caida2007	0.01	5.26	0.09	_	0.48
tech-internet-as	0.02	12.23	0.45	_	0.52
tech-pgp	3.05	0.71	0.07	_	0.45
tech-WHOIS	_	10.13	_	6.31	0.49
web-arabic-2005	0	151.31	2.43	_	1.57
web-baidu-baike-related	0.94	_	_	_	2.54
web-it-2004	0	_	25.32	_	4.87
web-NotreDame	0	_	3.76	_	1.37
web-sk-2005	0	97.44	0.34	_	0.64
p5sparse1	2.88	1031.15	_	12.17	0.48
p5sparse2+10clg20	1.9	24.42	_	_	0.54
p5sparse3+10clg20	3.62	150.15	_	_	0.58
p6sparse1	48.34	_	_	_	0.53
p6sparse2+10clq20	42.65	_	_	_	0.64
p6sparse3+10clq20	50.88	_	-	-	0.7
Solved (out of 35)	31	26	26	6	35

Instance	SATClq	Cliquer	FMC	IncMaxCLQ	LMC
comm-n1000	0.19	0.02	0.05	0.11	0.5
comm-n10000	_	0.99	_	12.33	0.93
ca-AstroPh	0	101.17	0.43	_	0.69
ca-citeseer	0	354.46	0.92	_	1.03
ca-coauthors-dblp	0	_	29.65	_	9.42
ca-CondMat	0	71	0.13	_	0.55
ca-dblp-2010	0	353.85	0.87	_	0.92
ca-dblp-2012	0	_	1.39	_	1.07
ca-HepPh	0	44.61	0.57	_	0.6
ca-HepTh	0	27.84	0.06	_	0.49
ca-MathSciNet	0	_	1.27	_	1.07
ia-email-EU	2.47	7.15	0.08	_	0.49
ia-reality-call	0	3.98	0.03	_	0.44
ia-retweet-pol	1.76	2.35	0.16	_	0.49
ia-wiki-Talk	_	60.48	4.21	_	0.73
rt-pol	1.7	2.39	0.19	_	0.49
rt barackobama	0	0.46	0.45	6.63	0.46
soc-advogato	0.15	0.25	0.11	4.91	0.49
soc-epinions	_	101.67	0.21	_	0.82
soc-gplus	0.01	2.82	0.45	_	0.47
tech-as-caida2007	0.01	5.26	0.09	_	0.48
tech-internet-as	0.02	12.23	0.45	_	0.52
tech-pgp	3.05	0.71	0.07	_	0.45
tech-WHOIS	_	10.13	_	6.31	0.49
web-arabic-2005	0	151.31	2.43	_	1.57
web-baidu-baike-related	0.94	_	_	_	2.54
web-it-2004	0	_	25.32	_	4.87
web-NotreDame	0	_	3.76	_	1.37
web-sk-2005	0	97.44	0.34	_	0.64
p5sparse1	2.88	1031.15	_	12.17	0.48
p5sparse2+10clg20	1.9	24.42	_	_	0.54
p5sparse3+10clq20	3.62	150.15	_	_	0.58
p6sparse1	48.34	_	_	_	0.53
p6sparse2+10clg20	42.65	_	_	_	0.64
p6sparse3+10clq20	50.88		_	-	0.7
Salvad (out of 35)	21	26	26	6	25

Instance	SATClq	Cliquer	FMC	IncMaxCLQ	LMC
comm-n1000	0.19	0.02	0.05	0.11	0.5
comm-n10000	_	0.99	_	12.33	0.93
ca-AstroPh	0	101.17	0.43	_	0.69
ca-citeseer	0	354.46	0.92	_	1.03
ca-coauthors-dblp	0	_	29.65	_	9.42
ca-CondMat	0	71	0.13	_	0.55
ca-dblp-2010	0	353.85	0.87	_	0.92
ca-dblp-2012	0	_	1.39	_	1.07
ca-HepPh	0	44.61	0.57	_	0.6
ca-HepTh	0	27.84	0.06	_	0.49
ca-MathSciNet	0	_	1.27	_	1.07
ia-email-EU	2.47	7.15	0.08	_	0.49
ia-reality-call	0	3.98	0.03	_	0.44
ia-retweet-pol	1.76	2.35	0.16	_	0.49
ia-wiki-Talk	_	60.48	4.21	_	0.73
rt-pol	1.7	2.39	0.19	_	0.49
rt barackobama	0	0.46	0.45	6.63	0.46
soc-advogato	0.15	0.25	0.11	4.91	0.49
soc-epinions	_	101.67	0.21	_	0.82
soc-gplus	0.01	2.82	0.45	_	0.47
tech-as-caida2007	0.01	5.26	0.09	_	0.48
tech-internet-as	0.02	12.23	0.45	_	0.52
tech-pgp	3.05	0.71	0.07	_	0.45
tech-WHOIS	_	10.13	_	6.31	0.49
web-arabic-2005	0	151.31	2.43	_	1.57
web-baidu-baike-related	0.94	_	_	_	2.54
web-it-2004	0	_	25.32	_	4.87
web-NotreDame	0	_	3.76	_	1.37
web-sk-2005	0	97.44	0.34	_	0.64
p5sparse1	2.88	1031.15	_	12.17	0.48
p5sparse2+10clq20	1.9	24.42	_	_	0.54
p5sparse3+10clq20	3.62	150.15	_	_	0.58
p6sparse1	48.34	_	_	_	0.53
p6sparse2+10clq20	42.65	_	_	_	0.64
p6sparse3+10clq20	50.88	-	-	-	0.7
Solved (out of 35)	31	26	26	6	35

see our papers on:

1. (Q) Maximum/Minimum Satisfiability (@ SAT13, ECAI14, CJ16, ...)

- 1. (Q) Maximum/Minimum Satisfiability (@ SAT13, ECAI14, CJ16, ...)
- 2. Package management (@ ICSE14)

- 1. (Q) Maximum/Minimum Satisfiability (@ SAT13, ECAI14, CJ16, ...)
- 2. Package management (@ ICSE14)
- 3. Model-based diagnosis (@ IJCAI15)

- 1. (Q) Maximum/Minimum Satisfiability (@ SAT13, ECAI14, CJ16, ...)
- 2. Package management (@ ICSE14)
- 3. Model-based diagnosis (@ IJCAI15)
- 4. Prime compilation (@ IJCAI15)

- 1. (Q) Maximum/Minimum Satisfiability (@ SAT13, ECAI14, CJ16, ...)
- 2. Package management (@ ICSE14)
- 3. Model-based diagnosis (@ IJCAI15)
- 4. Prime compilation (@ IJCAI15)
- 5. Boolean formula minimization (@ SAT15)

- 1. (Q) Maximum/Minimum Satisfiability (@ SAT13, ECAI14, CJ16, ...)
- 2. Package management (@ ICSE14)
- 3. Model-based diagnosis (@ IJCAI15)
- 4. Prime compilation (@ IJCAI15)
- 5. Boolean formula minimization (@ SAT15)
- 6. Propositional abduction (@ ECAI16)

- 1. (Q) Maximum/Minimum Satisfiability (@ SAT13, ECAI14, CJ16, ...)
- 2. Package management (@ ICSE14)
- 3. Model-based diagnosis (@ IJCAI15)
- 4. Prime compilation (@ IJCAI15)
- 5. Boolean formula minimization (@ SAT15)
- 6. Propositional abduction (@ ECAI16)
- 7. Debugging EL+ ontologies (@ sat15, ESWC17, DL17)

- 1. (Q) Maximum/Minimum Satisfiability (@ SAT13, ECAI14, CJ16, ...)
- 2. Package management (@ ICSE14)
- 3. Model-based diagnosis (@ IJCAI15)
- 4. Prime compilation (@ IJCAI15)
- 5. Boolean formula minimization (@ SAT15)
- 6. Propositional abduction (@ ECAI16)
- 7. Debugging EL+ ontologies (@ SAT15, ESWC17, DL17)
- 8. other topics... (@ IJCAI, ECAI, SAT, CP, LPAR, JELIA, EPIA, ...)

Back to NP again

Resolution

CDCL SAT solvers use resolution:

CDCL SAT solvers use resolution:

$$X \lor A \qquad \neg X \lor B$$
 $A \lor B$

CDCL SAT solvers use resolution:

$$\frac{\mathsf{x} \vee \mathsf{A} \qquad \neg \mathsf{x} \vee \mathsf{B}}{\mathsf{A} \vee \mathsf{B}}$$

m + 1 pigeons by m holes

m + 1 pigeons by m holes



∃ hole with > 1 pigeons

m + 1 pigeons by m holes



∃ hole with > 1 pigeons

CNF formulation:

 $x_{ij} = true \Leftrightarrow pigeon i is at hole j$

$$m + 1$$
 pigeons by m holes



∃ hole with > 1 pigeons

CNF formulation:

 $x_{ij} = true \Leftrightarrow pigeon i is at hole j$

$$\bigwedge_{i=1}^{m+1} \mathsf{AtLeast1}(x_{i1},\ldots,x_{im}) \land \bigwedge_{j=1}^{m} \mathsf{AtMost1}(x_{1j},\ldots,x_{m+1,j})$$

m + 1 pigeons by m holes



∃ hole with > 1 pigeons

CNF formulation:

 $x_{ij} = true \Leftrightarrow pigeon i is at hole j$

$$\bigwedge_{i=1}^{m+1} AtLeast1(x_{i1}, \dots, x_{im}) \wedge \bigwedge_{j=1}^{m} AtMost1(x_{1j}, \dots, x_{m+1,j})$$

hard for resolution!

(A. Haken. The intractability of resolution. TCS, 39:297–308, 1985.)

Maximum satisfiability

given
$$\mathcal{F} = \mathcal{H} \wedge \mathcal{S} \models \perp$$
,

Maximum satisfiability

given
$$\mathcal{F}=\mathcal{H}\wedge\mathcal{S}\models\bot$$
, satisfy \mathcal{H} and maximize $\sum_{c\in\mathcal{S}}weight(c)$

given
$$\mathcal{F}=\mathcal{H}\wedge\mathcal{S}\models\bot$$
, satisfy \mathcal{H} and maximize $\sum_{c\in\mathcal{S}} weight(c)$

$$\mathcal{H} = (\neg x \lor \neg y, \top) (\neg x \lor \neg z, \top) (\neg y \lor \neg z, \top)$$

$$\mathcal{S} = (x, 10) (y, 20) (z, 40)$$

given
$$\mathcal{F}=\mathcal{H}\wedge\mathcal{S}\models\bot$$
, satisfy \mathcal{H} and maximize $\sum_{c\in\mathcal{S}}weight(c)$

$$\mathcal{H} = (\neg x \lor \neg y, \top) (\neg x \lor \neg z, \top) (\neg y \lor \neg z, \top)$$

$$\mathcal{S} = (x, 10) (y, 20) (z, 40)$$

given
$$\mathcal{F}=\mathcal{H}\wedge\mathcal{S}\models\bot$$
, satisfy \mathcal{H} and maximize $\sum_{c\in\mathcal{S}}weight(c)$

$$\mathcal{H} = (\neg x \lor \neg y, \top) \quad (\neg x \lor \neg z, \top) \quad (\neg y \lor \neg z, \top)$$

$$\mathcal{S} = (x, 10) \quad (y, 20) \quad (z, 40)$$

given
$$\mathcal{F}=\mathcal{H}\wedge\mathcal{S}\models\bot$$
, satisfy \mathcal{H} and maximize $\sum_{c\in\mathcal{S}}weight(c)$

$$\mathcal{H} = (\neg x \lor \neg y, \top) (\neg x \lor \neg z, \top) (\neg y \lor \neg z, \top)$$

$$\mathcal{S} = (x, 10) (y, 20) (z, 40)$$

given
$$\mathcal{F}=\mathcal{H}\wedge\mathcal{S}\models\bot$$
, satisfy \mathcal{H} and maximize $\sum_{c\in\mathcal{S}}weight(c)$

$$\mathcal{H} = (\neg x \lor \neg y, \top) (\neg x \lor \neg z, \top) (\neg y \lor \neg z, \top)$$

$$\mathcal{S} = (x, 10) (y, 20) (z, 40)$$



$$\mathcal{H} = (\neg x \lor \neg y, \top) (\neg x \lor \neg z, \top) (\neg y \lor \neg z, \top)$$

$$\mathcal{S} = (x, 10) (y, 20) (z, 40)$$

$$\mathcal{H}$$
 = $(\neg x \lor \neg y, \top)$ $(\neg x \lor \neg z, \top)$ $(\neg y \lor \neg z, \top)$ \mathcal{S} = $(x,1)$ $(y,1)$ $(z,1)$

$$\mathcal{H}$$
 = $(\neg x \lor \neg y, \top)$ $(\neg x \lor \neg z, \top)$ $(\neg y \lor \neg z, \top)$ \mathcal{S} = $(x, 1)$ $(y, 1)$ $(z, 1)$

$$\mathcal{H} = (\neg x \lor \neg y, \top) \qquad (\neg x \lor \neg z, \top) \qquad (\neg y \lor \neg z, \top)$$

$$(r_1 + r_2 \le 1, \top)$$

$$(z, 1)$$

$$(x \lor r_1, 1) \qquad (y \lor r_2, 1)$$

$$\mathcal{H} = (\neg x \lor \neg y, \top) \qquad (\neg x \lor \neg z, \top) \qquad (\neg y \lor \neg z, \top)$$

$$(r_1 + r_2 \le 1, \top)$$

$$\mathcal{S} = (x, 1) \qquad (y, 1) \qquad (z, 1)$$

$$(x \lor r_1, 1) \qquad (y \lor r_2, 1)$$

$$\mathcal{H} = (\neg x \lor \neg y, \top) \qquad (\neg x \lor \neg z, \top) \qquad (\neg y \lor \neg z, \top)$$

$$\underbrace{(r_1 + r_2 \le 1, \top)}_{(r_1 + r_2 + r_3} \le 2, \top) \qquad (z, \top)$$

$$\underbrace{(x \lor r_1, 1)}_{(x \lor r_2, 1)} \qquad (z \lor r_3, 1)$$

$$\mathcal{H} = (\neg x \lor \neg y, \top) \qquad (\neg x \lor \neg z, \top) \qquad (\neg y \lor \neg z, \top)$$

$$\underbrace{(r_1 + r_2 \le 1, \top)}_{(r_1 + r_2 + r_3 \le 2, \top)} \qquad (z, \top)$$

$$\underbrace{(x \lor r_1, 1)}_{(x \lor r_2, 1)} \qquad (z \lor r_3, 1)$$

$$\mathcal{H} = (\neg x \lor \neg y, \top) \quad (\neg x \lor \neg z, \top) \quad (\neg y \lor \neg z, \top)$$

$$\underbrace{(r_1 + r_2 \le 1, \top)}_{(r_1 + r_2 + r_3} \le 2, \top)$$

$$\underbrace{(x \lor r_1, 1)}_{(x \lor r_2, 1)} \quad \underbrace{(z \lor r_3, 1)}_{(z \lor r_3, 1)}$$

$$cost = 2$$

Solving SAT with Horn MaxSAT

Approach

- 1 input: \mathcal{F}
- 2 $\mathsf{HEnc}(\mathcal{F}) = \langle \mathcal{H}, \mathcal{S} \rangle \leftarrow \mathsf{DualRailEncode}(\mathcal{F})$
- $3 cost \leftarrow ApplyMaxSAT(HEnc(\mathcal{F}))$

Approach

```
1 input: \mathcal{F}
2 \mathsf{HEnc}(\mathcal{F}) = \langle \mathcal{H}, \mathcal{S} \rangle \leftarrow \mathsf{DualRailEncode}(\mathcal{F})
3 \operatorname{cost} \leftarrow \operatorname{ApplyMaxSAT}(\operatorname{HEnc}(\mathcal{F}))
4 if cost \leq |var(\mathcal{F})|:
   return true
6 else:
7 return false
```

$$\forall x_i \in \text{var}(\mathcal{F})$$

$$\forall x_i \in \text{var}(\mathcal{F}) \qquad \qquad \qquad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (p_i, 1) \\ (n_i, 1) \\ (\neg p_i \lor \neg n_i, \top) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\forall x_i \in \text{var}(\mathcal{F}) \qquad \qquad \blacklozenge \qquad \begin{cases} (p_i, 1) \\ (n_i, 1) \\ (\neg p_i \lor \neg n_i, \top) \end{cases}$$

$$\forall c_i \in \mathcal{F},$$
 $c_i = (l_{i1} \lor \ldots \lor l_{ik_i})$

$$\forall x_i \in \text{var}(\mathcal{F}) \qquad \qquad \qquad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (p_i, 1) \\ (n_i, 1) \\ (\neg p_i \lor \neg n_i, \top) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\forall c_i \in \mathcal{F}, \\ c_i = (l_{i1} \vee \ldots \vee l_{ik_i})$$

$$\forall x_{i} \in \text{var}(\mathcal{F})$$

$$\begin{cases} (p_{i}, 1) \\ (n_{i}, 1) \\ (\neg p_{i} \lor \neg n_{i}, \top) \end{cases}$$

$$\forall c_{i} \in \mathcal{F},$$

$$c_{i} = (l_{i1} \lor \dots \lor l_{ik_{i}})$$

$$\begin{cases} (\neg y_{i1} \lor \dots \lor \neg y_{ik_{i}}, \top) \text{ s.t.} \\ y_{ij} \leftarrow p_{ij} \text{ if } l_{ij} = \neg x_{ij} \\ y_{ij} \leftarrow n_{ij} \text{ if } l_{ij} = x_{ij} \end{cases}$$

Horn MaxSAT formula!

$$\mathcal{F}$$
 $(\neg x_1 \lor \neg x_2)$ (x_2)

$$\mathcal{F} \qquad (\neg x_1 \lor \neg x_2) \quad (x_2)$$

$$\mathcal{S} \qquad (p_1, 1) \quad (n_1, 1) \quad (p_2, 1) \quad (n_2, 1)$$

$$\mathcal{P} \qquad (\neg p_1 \lor \neg n_1, \top) \quad (\neg p_2 \lor \neg n_2, \top)$$

$$\mathcal{F} \qquad (\neg x_{1} \lor \neg x_{2}) \quad (x_{2})$$

$$\mathcal{S} \qquad (p_{1}, 1) \quad (n_{1}, 1) \quad (p_{2}, 1) \quad (n_{2}, 1)$$

$$\mathcal{P} \qquad (\neg p_{1} \lor \neg n_{1}, \top) \quad (\neg p_{2} \lor \neg n_{2}, \top)$$

$$\mathcal{H} \qquad (\neg p_{1} \lor \neg p_{2}, \top) \quad (\neg n_{2}, \top)$$

$$\mathcal{F} \qquad (\neg x_{1} \lor \neg x_{2}) \quad (x_{2})$$

$$\mathcal{S} \qquad (p_{1}, 1) \quad (n_{1}, 1) \quad (p_{2}, 1) \quad (n_{2}, 1)$$

$$\mathcal{P} \qquad (\neg p_{1} \lor \neg n_{1}, \top) \quad (\neg p_{2} \lor \neg n_{2}, \top)$$

$$\mathcal{H} \qquad (\neg p_{1} \lor \neg p_{2}, \top) \quad (\neg n_{2}, \top)$$

$$\mathcal{F} \qquad (\neg x_{1} \lor \neg x_{2}) \quad (x_{2})$$

$$\mathcal{S} \qquad (p_{1}, 1) \quad (n_{1}, 1) \quad (p_{2}, 1) \quad (n_{2}, 1)$$

$$\mathcal{P} \qquad (\neg p_{1} \lor \neg n_{1}, \top) \quad (\neg p_{2} \lor \neg n_{2}, \top)$$

$$\mathcal{H} \qquad (\neg p_{1} \lor \neg p_{2}, \top) \quad (\neg n_{2}, \top)$$

$$\mathcal{F} \qquad (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_2) \quad (x_2)$$

$$\mathcal{S} \qquad (p_1, 1) \quad (n_1, 1) \quad (p_2, 1) \quad (n_2, 1)$$

$$\mathcal{P} \qquad (\neg p_1 \vee \neg n_1, \top) \quad (\neg p_2 \vee \neg n_2, \top)$$

$$\mathcal{H} \qquad (\neg p_1 \vee \neg p_2, \top) \quad (\neg n_2, \top)$$

$$\mathsf{COSt} = 2$$

$$(\mathcal{F} \text{ is satisfiable})$$

$$\mathcal{F} \quad (x_1) \quad (\neg x_1 \lor \neg x_2) \quad (x_2)$$

$$\mathcal{F} \quad (x_1) \quad (\neg x_1 \lor \neg x_2) \quad (x_2)$$

$$\mathcal{F} \quad (p_1, 1) \quad (n_1, 1) \quad (p_2, 1) \quad (n_2, 1)$$

$$\mathcal{F} \quad (\neg p_1 \lor \neg n_1, \top) \quad (\neg p_2 \lor \neg n_2, \top)$$

$$\mathcal{H} \quad (\neg p_1 \lor \neg p_2, \top) \quad (\neg n_2, \top)$$

$$X_{ij}$$
, $1 \le i \le m+1 \atop 1 \le j \le m$ $m \cdot (m+1)$ vars



 n_{ii} and p_{ii}

$$\mathsf{HEnc}(\mathsf{PHP}_m^{m+1}) \triangleq \langle \mathcal{H}, \mathcal{S} \rangle = \left\langle \bigwedge_{i=1}^{m+1} \mathcal{L}_i \wedge \bigwedge_{j=1}^m \mathcal{M}_j \wedge \mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S} \right\rangle$$

DRE+MaxSAT for PHP in polynomial time

- 1. assume MSU3 algorithm
 - analyze disjoint sets separately

- 1. assume MSU3 algorithm
 - analyze disjoint sets separately
- 2. relate soft clauses with each \mathcal{L}_i and \mathcal{M}_j
 - \cdot each constraint disjoint from the others but not from ${\cal P}$

- 1. assume MSU3 algorithm
 - analyze disjoint sets separately
- 2. relate soft clauses with each \mathcal{L}_i and \mathcal{M}_j
 - · each constraint disjoint from the others but not from ${\cal P}$
- 3. derive large enough lower bound on # of falsified clauses:

- 1. assume MSU3 algorithm
 - analyze disjoint sets separately
- 2. relate soft clauses with each \mathcal{L}_i and \mathcal{M}_j
 - · each constraint disjoint from the others but not from ${\cal P}$
- 3. derive large enough lower bound on # of falsified clauses:

Constr. type	# falsified cls	# constr	in total
\mathcal{L}_{i}	1	$i=1,\ldots,m+1$	m + 1
\mathcal{M}_j	m	$j=1,\ldots,m$	m · m
			$m \cdot (m+1)+1$

- 1. assume MSU3 algorithm
 - analyze disjoint sets separately
- 2. relate soft clauses with each \mathcal{L}_i and \mathcal{M}_i
 - each constraint disjoint from the others but not from \mathcal{P}
- 3. derive large enough lower bound on # of falsified clauses:

Constr. type	# falsified cls	# constr	in total
\mathcal{L}_i	1	$i=1,\ldots,m+1$	m + 1
\mathcal{M}_j	m	$j=1,\ldots,m$	$m \cdot m$
			$m \cdot (m+1)+1$

4. each lower bound increase — by unit propagation

Constraint	Hard clause(s)	Soft clause(s)	Relaxed clauses	Updated AtMost <i>k</i> Constraints	LB increase
\mathcal{L}_{i}	$(\neg n_{i1} \lor \ldots \lor \neg n_{im})$	$(n_{i1}),\ldots,(n_{im})$	$(r_{il} \vee n_{il}),$ $1 \leq l \leq m$	$\sum_{l=1}^{m} r_{il} \le 1$	1
	$(\neg p_{1j} \lor \neg p_{2j})$	$(p_{1j}), (p_{2j})$	$(r_{1j} \vee p_{1j}),$ $(r_{2j} \vee p_{2j})$	$\sum_{l=1}^2 r_{lj} \le 1$	1
\mathcal{M}_j	$(\neg p_{1j} \lor \neg p_{3j}),$ $(\neg p_{2j} \lor \neg p_{3j}),$ $(r_{1j} \lor p_{1j}),$ $(r_{2j} \lor p_{2j}),$ $\sum_{l=1}^{2} r_{lj} \le 1$	(p_{3j})	$(r_{3j} \vee p_{3j})$	$\sum_{l=1}^{3} r_{lj} \le 2$	1
-		(1	m — 3 times)		
	$(\neg p_{1j} \lor \neg p_{m+1j}), \dots,$ $(\neg p_{mj} \lor \neg p_{m+1j}),$ $(r_{1j} \lor p_{1j}), \dots,$ $(r_{mj} \lor p_{mj}),$ $\sum_{l=1}^{m} r_{lj} \le m-1$	(p_{m+1j})	$(r_{m+1j}\vee p_{m+1j})$	$\sum_{l=1}^{m+1} r_{lj} \le m$	1

Constraint	Hard clause(s)	Soft clause(s)	Relaxed clauses	Updated AtMost <i>k</i> Constraints	LB increase
\mathcal{L}_{i}	$(\neg n_{i1} \lor \ldots \lor \neg n_{im})$	$(n_{i1}),\ldots,(n_{im})$	$(r_{il} \lor n_{il}),$ $1 \le l \le m$	$\sum_{l=1}^{m} r_{il} \le 1$	1

Constraint	Hard clause(s)	Soft clause(s)	Relaxed clauses	Updated AtMost <i>k</i> Constraints	LB increase
\mathcal{L}_{i}	$(\neg n_{i1} \lor \ldots \lor \neg n_{im})$	$(n_n),\ldots,(n_{im})$	$(r_{il} \vee n_{il}),$ $1 \leq l \leq m$	$\sum_{l=1}^{m} r_{il} \le 1$	1
	$(\neg p_{1j} \vee \neg p_{2j})$	$(p_{1j}),(p_{2j})$	$(r_{1j} \vee p_{1j}),$ $(r_{2j} \vee p_{2j})$	$\sum_{l=1}^2 r_{lj} \le 1$	1

 \mathcal{M}_j

Constraint	Hard clause(s)	Soft clause(s)	Relaxed clauses	Updated AtMost <i>k</i> Constraints	LB increase
\mathcal{L}_i	$(\neg n_{i1} \lor \ldots \lor \neg n_{im})$	$(n_n),\ldots,(n_{im})$	$(r_{il} \vee n_{il}),$ $1 \leq l \leq m$	$\sum_{l=1}^{m} r_{il} \le 1$	1
	$(\neg p_{1j} \vee \neg p_{2j})$	$(p_{1j}),(p_{2j})$	$(r_{1j} \vee p_{1j}),$ $(r_{2j} \vee p_{2j})$	$\sum_{l=1}^2 r_{lj} \le 1$	1
\mathcal{M}_j	$ (\neg p_{1j} \lor \neg p_{3j}), (\neg p_{2j} \lor \neg p_{3j}), (r_{1j} \lor p_{1j}), (r_{2j} \lor p_{2j}), \sum_{l=1}^{2} r_{lj} \le 1 $	(ho_{3j})	$(r_{3j} \vee p_{3j})$	$\sum_{l=1}^{3} r_{lj} \leq 2$	1

Constraint	Hard clause(s)	Soft clause(s)	Relaxed clauses	Updated AtMost <i>k</i> Constraints	LB increase
\mathcal{L}_{i}	$(\neg n_{i1} \lor \ldots \lor \neg n_{im})$	$(n_{i1}),\ldots,(n_{im})$	$(r_{il} \vee n_{il}),$ $1 \leq l \leq m$	$\sum_{l=1}^{m} r_{il} \leq 1$	1
	$(\neg p_{1j} \lor \neg p_{2j})$	$(p_{1j}),(p_{2j})$	$(r_{1j} \vee p_{1j}),$ $(r_{2j} \vee p_{2j})$	$\sum_{l=1}^2 r_{lj} \le 1$	1
\mathcal{M}_j	$(\neg p_{1j} \lor \neg p_{3j}),$ $(\neg p_{2j} \lor \neg p_{3j}),$ $(r_{1j} \lor p_{1j}),$ $(r_{2j} \lor p_{2j}),$ $\sum_{l=1}^{2} r_{lj} \le 1$	(p_{3j})	$(r_{3j} \vee p_{3j})$	$\sum_{l=1}^{3} r_{lj} \le 2$	1
_					

 \cdots (m-3 times)

Constraint	Hard clause(s)	Soft clause(s)	Relaxed clauses	Updated AtMost <i>k</i> Constraints	LB increase
\mathcal{L}_i	$(\neg n_{i1} \lor \ldots \lor \neg n_{im})$	$(n_{i1}),\ldots,(n_{im})$	$(r_{il} \vee n_{il}),$ $1 \leq l \leq m$	$\sum_{l=1}^{m} r_{il} \leq 1$	1
	$(\neg p_{1j} \lor \neg p_{2j})$	$(p_{1j}), (p_{2j})$	$(r_{1j} \vee p_{1j}),$ $(r_{2j} \vee p_{2j})$	$\textstyle\sum_{l=1}^2 r_{lj} \leq 1$	1
\mathcal{M}_j	$(\neg p_{1j} \lor \neg p_{3j}),$ $(\neg p_{2j} \lor \neg p_{3j}),$ $(r_{1j} \lor p_{1j}),$ $(r_{2j} \lor p_{2j}),$ $\sum_{l=1}^{2} r_{lj} \le 1$	(p_{3j})	$(r_{3j} \lor p_{3j})$	$\sum_{l=1}^{3} r_{lj} \le 2$	1
-		(1	m — 3 times)		
	$(\neg p_{1j} \lor \neg p_{m+1j}), \dots,$ $(\neg p_{mj} \lor \neg p_{m+1j}),$ $(r_{1j} \lor p_{1j}), \dots,$ $(r_{mj} \lor p_{mj}),$ $\sum_{l=1}^{m} r_{lj} \le m-1$	(p_{m+1j})	$(r_{m+1j}\vee p_{m+1j})$	$\sum_{l=1}^{m+1} r_{lj} \le m$	1

Clauses	Unit Propagation
(p_{k+1j})	$p_{k+1j}=1$
$(\neg p_{1j} \vee \neg p_{k+1j}), \ldots, (\neg p_{kj} \vee \neg p_{k+1j})$	$p_{1j}=\ldots=p_{kj}=0$
$(r_{1j} \vee p_{1j}), \ldots, (r_{kj} \vee p_{kj})$	$r_{1j}=\ldots=r_{kj}=1$
$\sum_{l=1}^{k} r_{lj} \le k-1$	$\left(\sum_{l=1}^k r_{lj} \le k-1\right) \vdash_1 \bot$

Clauses	Unit Propagation
(p_{k+1j})	$p_{k+1j}=1$
$(\neg p_{1j} \lor \neg p_{k+1j}), \ldots, (\neg p_{kj} \lor \neg p_{k+1j})$	$p_{1j}=\ldots=p_{kj}=0$
$(r_{1j} \vee p_{1j}), \ldots, (r_{kj} \vee p_{kj})$	$r_{1j}=\ldots=r_{kj}=1$
$\sum_{l=1}^{k} r_{lj} \le k - 1$	$\left(\sum_{l=1}^k r_{lj} \le k-1\right) \vdash_1 \bot$

Clauses	Unit Propagation
(p_{k+1j})	$p_{k+1j}=1$
$(\neg p_{1j} \lor \neg p_{k+1j}), \ldots, (\neg p_{kj} \lor \neg p_{k+1j})$	$p_{1j}=\ldots=p_{kj}=0$
$(r_{1j} \vee p_{1j}), \ldots, (r_{kj} \vee p_{kj})$	$r_{1j}=\ldots=r_{kj}=1$
$\sum_{l=1}^{k} r_{lj} \le k - 1$	$\left(\sum_{l=1}^k r_{lj} \le k-1\right) \vdash_1 \bot$

Clauses	Unit Propagation
(p_{k+1j})	$p_{k+1j}=1$
$(\neg p_{1j} \lor \neg p_{k+1j}), \ldots, (\neg p_{kj} \lor \neg p_{k+1j})$	$p_{1j}=\ldots=p_{kj}=0$
$(r_{1j} \vee p_{1j}), \ldots, (r_{kj} \vee p_{kj})$	$r_{1j}=\ldots=r_{kj}=1$
$\sum_{l=1}^{k} r_{lj} \le k - 1$	$\left(\sum_{l=1}^k r_{lj} \le k-1\right) \vdash_1 \bot$

Clauses	Unit Propagation
(p_{k+1j})	$p_{k+1j}=1$
$(\neg p_{1j} \lor \neg p_{k+1j}), \ldots, (\neg p_{kj} \lor \neg p_{k+1j})$	$p_{1j}=\ldots=p_{kj}=0$
$(r_{1j} \vee p_{1j}), \ldots, (r_{kj} \vee p_{kj})$	$r_{1j}=\ldots=r_{kj}=1$
$\sum_{l=1}^{k} r_{lj} \le k - 1$	$\left(\sum_{l=1}^k r_{lj} \le k-1\right) \vdash_1 \bot$

Clauses	Unit Propagation
(p_{k+1j})	$p_{k+1j}=1$
$(\neg p_{1j} \vee \neg p_{k+1j}), \ldots, (\neg p_{kj} \vee \neg p_{k+1j})$	$p_{1j}=\ldots=p_{kj}=0$
$(r_{1j} \vee p_{1j}), \ldots, (r_{kj} \vee p_{kj})$	$r_{1j}=\ldots=r_{kj}=1$
$\sum_{l=1}^{k} r_{lj} \le k - 1$	$\left(\sum_{l=1}^k r_{lj} \le k-1\right) \vdash_1 \bot$

Clauses	Unit Propagation
(p_{k+1j})	$p_{k+1j}=1$
$(\neg p_{1j} \vee \neg p_{k+1j}), \ldots, (\neg p_{kj} \vee \neg p_{k+1j})$	$p_{1j}=\ldots=p_{kj}=0$
$(r_{1j} \vee p_{1j}), \ldots, (r_{kj} \vee p_{kj})$	$r_{1j}=\ldots=r_{kj}=1$
$\sum_{l=1}^{k} r_{lj} \le k - 1$	$\left(\sum_{l=1}^k r_{lj} \le k-1\right) \vdash_1 \bot$

Clauses	Unit Propagation
(p_{k+1j})	$p_{k+1j}=1$
$(\neg p_{1j} \lor \neg p_{k+1j}), \ldots, (\neg p_{kj} \lor \neg p_{k+1j})$	$p_{1j}=\ldots=p_{kj}=0$
$(r_{1j} \vee p_{1j}), \ldots, (r_{kj} \vee p_{kj})$	$r_{1j}=\ldots=r_{kj}=1$
$\sum_{l=1}^{k} r_{lj} \le k - 1$	$\left(\sum_{l=1}^k r_{lj} \le k-1\right) \vdash_1 \bot$

Clauses	Unit Propagation
(p_{k+1j})	$p_{k+1j}=1$
$(\neg p_{1j} \lor \neg p_{k+1j}), \ldots, (\neg p_{kj} \lor \neg p_{k+1j})$	$p_{1j}=\ldots=p_{kj}=0$
$(r_{1j} \vee p_{1j}), \ldots, (r_{kj} \vee p_{kj})$	$r_{1j}=\ldots=r_{kj}=1$
$\sum_{l=1}^{k} r_{lj} \le k - 1$	$\left(\sum_{l=1}^k r_{lj} \le k-1\right) \vdash_1 \bot$

Clauses	Unit Propagation
(p_{k+1j})	$p_{k+1j}=1$
$(\neg p_{1j} \vee \neg p_{k+1j}), \ldots, (\neg p_{kj} \vee \neg p_{k+1j})$	$p_{1j}=\ldots=p_{kj}=0$
$(r_{1j} \vee p_{1j}), \ldots, (r_{kj} \vee p_{kj})$	$r_{1j}=\ldots=r_{kj}=1$
$\sum_{l=1}^{k} r_{lj} \le k-1$	$\left(\sum_{l=1}^{k} r_{lj} \le k-1\right) \vdash_{1} \bot$

· Key points:

• for each \mathcal{L}_{i} , UP raises LB by 1

Clauses	Unit Propagation
(p_{k+1j})	$p_{k+1j}=1$
$(\neg p_{1j} \vee \neg p_{k+1j}), \ldots, (\neg p_{kj} \vee \neg p_{k+1j})$	$p_{1j}=\ldots=p_{kj}=0$
$(r_{1j} \vee p_{1j}), \ldots, (r_{kj} \vee p_{kj})$	$r_{1j}=\ldots=r_{kj}=1$
$\sum_{l=1}^{k} r_{lj} \le k-1$	$\left(\sum_{l=1}^{k} r_{lj} \le k-1\right) \vdash_{1} \bot$

· Key points:

- for each \mathcal{L}_i , UP raises LB by 1
- for each \mathcal{M}_i , UP raises LB by m

Clauses	Unit Propagation
(p_{k+1j})	$p_{k+1j}=1$
$(\neg p_{1j} \lor \neg p_{k+1j}), \ldots, (\neg p_{kj} \lor \neg p_{k+1j})$	$p_{1j}=\ldots=p_{kj}=0$
$(r_{1j} \vee p_{1j}), \ldots, (r_{kj} \vee p_{kj})$	$r_{1j}=\ldots=r_{kj}=1$
$\sum_{l=1}^{k} r_{lj} \le k-1$	$\left(\sum_{l=1}^{k} r_{lj} \le k - 1\right) \vdash_{1} \bot$

· Key points:

- for each \mathcal{L}_i , UP raises LB by 1
- \cdot for each \mathcal{M}_j , UP raises LB by m
- in total, UP raises LB by $m \cdot (m+1) + 1$

Clauses	Unit Propagation
(p_{k+1j})	$p_{k+1j}=1$
$(\neg p_{1j} \vee \neg p_{k+1j}), \ldots, (\neg p_{kj} \vee \neg p_{k+1j})$	$p_{1j}=\ldots=p_{kj}=0$
$(r_{1j} \vee p_{1j}), \ldots, (r_{kj} \vee p_{kj})$	$r_{1j}=\ldots=r_{kj}=1$
$\sum_{l=1}^{k} r_{lj} \le k-1$	$\left(\sum_{l=1}^{k} r_{lj} \le k-1\right) \vdash_{1} \bot$

· Key points:

- for each \mathcal{L}_i , UP raises LB by 1
- \cdot for each \mathcal{M}_j , UP raises LB by m
- in total, UP raises LB by $m \cdot (m+1) + 1$
- PHP_m^{m+1} is **unsatisfiable**

Short MaxSAT proof for PHP

short DRE+MaxSAT-resolution proof



see the paper!

(Ignatiev et al. @ SAT 2017)

Experimental results

- · approaches tested:
 - 1. SAT (MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0)
 - 2. SAT+ (lingeling, CryptoMiniSat)

- · approaches tested:
 - 1. SAT (MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0)
 - 2. SAT+ (lingeling, CryptoMiniSat)
 - 3. IHS MaxSAT (MaxHS, LMHS)

- · approaches tested:
 - 1. SAT (MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0)
 - 2. SAT+ (lingeling, CryptoMiniSat)
 - 3. IHS MaxSAT (MaxHS, LMHS)
 - 4. CG MaxSAT (MSCG, OpenWBO16, WPM3)

- · approaches tested:
 - 1. SAT (MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0)
 - 2. SAT+ (lingeling, CryptoMiniSat)
 - 3. IHS MaxSAT (MaxHS, LMHS)
 - 4. CG MaxSAT (MSCG, OpenWBO16, WPM3)
 - 5. MaxRes (Eva)

- · approaches tested:
 - 1. SAT (MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0)
 - 2. SAT+ (lingeling, CryptoMiniSat)
 - 3. IHS MaxSAT (MaxHS, LMHS)
 - 4. CG MaxSAT (MSCG, OpenWBO16, WPM3)
 - 5. MaxRes (*Eva*)
 - 6. MIP (CPLEX)

- · approaches tested:
 - 1. SAT (MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0)
 - 2. SAT+ (lingeling, CryptoMiniSat)
 - 3. IHS MaxSAT (MaxHS, LMHS)
 - 4. CG MaxSAT (MSCG, OpenWBO16, WPM3)
 - 5. MaxRes (Eva)
 - 6. MIP (CPLEX)
 - 7. OPB (cdcl-cuttingplanes, Sat4j)

- · approaches tested:
 - 1. SAT (MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0)
 - 2. SAT+ (lingeling, CryptoMiniSat)
 - 3. IHS MaxSAT (MaxHS, LMHS)
 - 4. CG MaxSAT (MSCG, OpenWBO16, WPM3)
 - 5. MaxRes (Eva)
 - 6. MIP (CPLEX)
 - 7. OPB (cdcl-cuttingplanes, Sat4j)
 - 8. BDD (ZRes)

- · approaches tested:
 - 1. SAT (MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0)
 - 2. SAT+ (lingeling, CryptoMiniSat)
 - 3. IHS MaxSAT (MaxHS, LMHS)
 - 4. CG MaxSAT (MSCG, OpenWBO16, WPM3)
 - 5. MaxRes (Eva)
 - 6. MIP (CPLEX)
 - 7. OPB (cdcl-cuttingplanes, Sat4j)
 - 8. BDD (ZRes)
- · Machine configuration:
 - Intel Xeon E5-2630 2.60GHz with 64GByte RAM

- · approaches tested:
 - 1. SAT (MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0)
 - 2. SAT+ (lingeling, CryptoMiniSat)
 - 3. IHS MaxSAT (MaxHS, LMHS)
 - 4. CG MaxSAT (MSCG, OpenWBO16, WPM3)
 - 5. MaxRes (Eva)
 - 6. MIP (CPLEX)
 - 7. OPB (cdcl-cuttingplanes, Sat4j)
 - 8. BDD (ZRes)
- · Machine configuration:
 - · Intel Xeon E5-2630 2.60GHz with 64GByte RAM
 - · running Ubuntu Linux

- · approaches tested:
 - 1. SAT (MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0)
 - 2. SAT+ (lingeling, CryptoMiniSat)
 - 3. IHS MaxSAT (MaxHS, LMHS)
 - 4. CG MaxSAT (MSCG, OpenWBO16, WPM3)
 - 5. MaxRes (Eva)
 - 6. MIP (CPLEX)
 - 7. OPB (cdcl-cuttingplanes, Sat4j)
 - 8. BDD (ZRes)
- Machine configuration:
 - Intel Xeon E5-2630 2.60GHz with 64GByte RAM
 - · running Ubuntu Linux
 - · 1800s timeout

- · approaches tested:
 - 1. SAT (MiniSat 2.2, Glucose 3.0)
 - 2. SAT+ (lingeling, CryptoMiniSat)
 - 3. IHS MaxSAT (MaxHS, LMHS)
 - 4. CG MaxSAT (MSCG, OpenWBO16, WPM3)
 - 5. MaxRes (Eva)
 - 6. MIP (CPLEX)
 - 7. OPB (cdcl-cuttingplanes, Sat4j)
 - 8. BDD (ZRes)
- Machine configuration:
 - · Intel Xeon E5-2630 2.60GHz with 64GByte RAM
 - · running Ubuntu Linux
 - · 1800s timeout
 - · 10GByte memout

Experimental evaluation

- · benchmarks:
 - 1. PHP (pigeonhole principle):
 - PHP_m^{m+1} , $m \in \{4, ..., 100\}$
 - pairwise 46 instances
 - sequential counter 46 instances

²P. Chatalic and L. Simon. Multiresolution for SAT checking. *International Journal on Artificial Intelligence Tools*, 10(4):451–481, 2001.

Experimental evaluation

- · benchmarks:
 - 1. PHP (pigeonhole principle):
 - PHP_m^{m+1} , $m \in \{4, ..., 100\}$
 - pairwise 46 instances
 - sequential counter 46 instances
 - 2. URQ (Urquhart formulas²):
 - $URQ_{n,i}$, $n \in \{3, ..., 30\}$, $i \in \{1, 2, 3\}$
 - · 84 instances

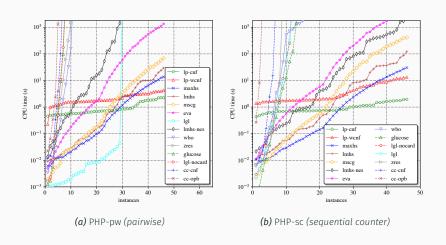
²P. Chatalic and L. Simon. Multiresolution for SAT checking. *International Journal on Artificial Intelligence Tools*, 10(4):451–481, 2001.

Experimental evaluation

- · benchmarks:
 - 1. PHP (pigeonhole principle):
 - PHP_m^{m+1} , $m \in \{4, ..., 100\}$
 - pairwise 46 instances
 - sequential counter 46 instances
 - 2. URQ (Urquhart formulas²):
 - $URQ_{n,i}$, $n \in \{3, ..., 30\}$, $i \in \{1, 2, 3\}$
 - · 84 instances
 - 3. COMB (combined):
 - $PHP_m^{m+1} \lor URQ_{n,i}$, $m \in \{7, 9, 11, 13\}$, $n \in \{3, ..., 10\}$, $i \in \{1, 2, 3\}$
 - · 96 instances

²P. Chatalic and L. Simon. Multiresolution for SAT checking. *International Journal on Artificial Intelligence Tools*, 10(4):451–481, 2001.

Performance on pigeonhole formulas



\mathcal{P} clauses can be harmful

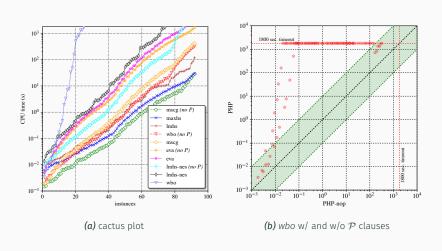
$$(\neg p_i \lor \neg n_i, \top)$$

\mathcal{P} clauses can be harmful

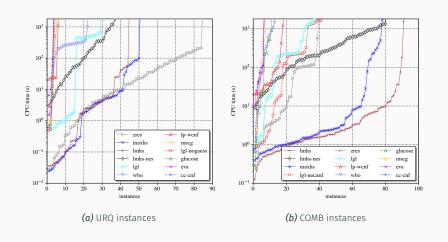
$$(\neg p_i \lor \neg n_i, \top) \land (p_i, 1) \land (n_i, 1) - \text{trivial core}$$

\mathcal{P} clauses can be harmful

$$(\neg p_i \lor \neg n_i, \top) \land (p_i, 1) \land (n_i, 1) - \text{trivial core}$$



Performance on Urquhart and combined formulas



Overall performance

		glucose	lgl	lgl-no³	maxhs	lmhs	lmhs-nes	mscg	wbo	eva	lp-cnf	lp-wcnf	cc-cnf	cc-opb	zres
PHP-pw	(46)	7	29	7	46	46	29	46	10	46	46	46	6	5	10
PHP-sc	(46)	13	11	11	46	46	45	46	15	40	46	46	6	2	8
URQ	(84)	3	29	4	50	44	37	5	22	3	0	6	3	0	84
COMB	(96)	11	37	41	78	91	80	7	13	6	0	18	6	0	39
Total	(272)	34	106	63	220	227	191	104	60	95	92	116	21	7	141

³This represents *lgl-nogauss* for URQ and *lgl-nocard* for PHP-pw, PHP-sc, and COMB.

solving SAT with DRE+MaxSAT

- solving SAT with DRE+MaxSAT
 - · dual-rail (Horn) encoding

- solving SAT with DRE+MaxSAT
 - · dual-rail (Horn) encoding
 - apply MaxSAT technology:
 - · core-guided reasoning
 - · MaxSAT resolution

- solving SAT with DRE+MaxSAT
 - · dual-rail (Horn) encoding
 - apply MaxSAT technology:
 - core-guided reasoning
 - MaxSAT resolution
 - refuting PHP in polynomial time
 - more examples (Urquhart and combined)

- solving SAT with DRE+MaxSAT
 - · dual-rail (Horn) encoding
 - apply MaxSAT technology:
 - · core-guided reasoning
 - MaxSAT resolution
 - refuting PHP in polynomial time
 - more examples (Urquhart and combined)

more easy examples?

- solving SAT with DRE+MaxSAT
 - · dual-rail (Horn) encoding
 - apply MaxSAT technology:
 - · core-guided reasoning
 - · MaxSAT resolution
 - refuting PHP in polynomial time
 - more examples (Urquhart and combined)

more easy examples? any hard examples?

- solving SAT with DRE+MaxSAT
 - · dual-rail (Horn) encoding
 - apply MaxSAT technology:
 - · core-guided reasoning
 - · MaxSAT resolution
 - refuting PHP in polynomial time
 - more examples (Urquhart and combined)

- more easy examples? any hard examples?
- similar transformations for other hard examples?

- solving SAT with DRE+MaxSAT
 - · dual-rail (Horn) encoding
 - apply MaxSAT technology:
 - · core-guided reasoning
 - · MaxSAT resolution
 - refuting PHP in polynomial time
 - more examples (Urquhart and combined)

- more easy examples? any hard examples?
- similar transformations for other hard examples?
- integrating in a SAT solver?

- solving SAT with DRE+MaxSAT
 - · dual-rail (Horn) encoding
 - apply MaxSAT technology:
 - · core-guided reasoning
 - · MaxSAT resolution
 - refuting PHP in polynomial time
 - more examples (Urquhart and combined)

- more easy examples? any hard examples?
- similar transformations for other hard examples?
- integrating in a SAT solver?
- relation to known proof systems (TLR/GR/ER, CP, etc.)?

- solving SAT with DRE+MaxSAT
 - · dual-rail (Horn) encoding
 - apply MaxSAT technology:
 - · core-guided reasoning
 - MaxSAT resolution
 - refuting PHP in polynomial time
 - more examples (Urquhart and combined)

- more easy examples? any hard examples?
- similar transformations for other hard examples?
- integrating in a SAT solver?
- relation to known proof systems (TLR/GR/ER, CP, etc.)?
- why is IHS so good?

DRE+MaxSAT p-simulates TLR

- DRE+MaxSAT p-simulates TLR
- DRE+MaxSAT p-simulates GR

- DRE+MaxSAT p-simulates TLR
- DRE+MaxSAT p-simulates GR
- DRE+MaxSAT p-simulates CP

(* AAAI18 submission *)

