

# 实验环境搭建

[MIT 6.S081课程官网](#)

## 1.安装实验所需软件

### 1.VMware Workstation的安装

- 对于该课程实验，需要一个虚拟机，可以使用 [VMware Workstation](#)，也可以使用开源的 [Virtual Box](#)。
- 对于 [VMware Workstation](#)，可以下载17 PRO版本，直接在官网下载即可。破解可以到知乎或者是B站，可以找到可用的激活码。
- 安装过程比较简单，没有需要特别注意的点。
- [VMware下载地址](#)

### 2.Ubuntu的安装

- 在本实验环境中，使用Ubuntu 20.04这个版本，该版本可以省去安装、编译RISCV工具链的过程。
- [Ubuntu下载地址（清华镜像下载网站）](#)
- 安装过程和虚拟机的安装没有太大的差别。

## 2.更换源

### 1.修改 `/etc/apt/sources.list` 文件中的源

- Ubuntu中的默认软件更新源是国外的节点，在国内下载速度慢，需要更换为国内的源，安装和更新软件的速度更快。
- 打开sources.list文件

```
1 | sudo gedit /etc/apt/sources.list
```

- 编辑文件，在文件最前面添加阿里云镜像源：

```
1 | #中科大源
2 | deb https://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/ubuntu/ focal main restricted
   | universe multiverse
3 | deb-src https://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/ubuntu/ focal main restricted
   | universe multiverse
4 | deb https://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/ubuntu/ focal-updates main
   | restricted universe multiverse
5 | deb-src https://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/ubuntu/ focal-updates main
   | restricted universe multiverse
6 | deb https://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/ubuntu/ focal-backports main
   | restricted universe multiverse
7 | deb-src https://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/ubuntu/ focal-backports main
   | restricted universe multiverse
8 | deb https://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/ubuntu/ focal-security main
   | restricted universe multiverse
9 | deb-src https://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/ubuntu/ focal-security main
   | restricted universe multiverse
10 | deb https://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/ubuntu/ focal-proposed main
   | restricted universe multiverse
11 | deb-src https://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/ubuntu/ focal-proposed main
   | restricted universe multiverse
12 |
13 | #添加阿里源
14 | deb http://mirrors.aliyun.com/ubuntu/ focal main restricted
   | universe multiverse
15 | deb-src http://mirrors.aliyun.com/ubuntu/ focal main restricted
   | universe multiverse
16 | deb http://mirrors.aliyun.com/ubuntu/ focal-security main
   | restricted universe multiverse
17 | deb-src http://mirrors.aliyun.com/ubuntu/ focal-security main
   | restricted universe multiverse
18 | deb http://mirrors.aliyun.com/ubuntu/ focal-updates main
   | restricted universe multiverse
19 | deb-src http://mirrors.aliyun.com/ubuntu/ focal-updates main
   | restricted universe multiverse
20 | deb http://mirrors.aliyun.com/ubuntu/ focal-proposed main
   | restricted universe multiverse
```

```
21 deb-src http://mirrors.aliyun.com/ubuntu/ focal-proposed main
    restricted universe multiverse
22 deb http://mirrors.aliyun.com/ubuntu/ focal-backports main
    restricted universe multiverse
23 deb-src http://mirrors.aliyun.com/ubuntu/ focal-backports main
    restricted universe multiverse
24
25 #添加清华源
26 deb https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/ubuntu/ focal main
    restricted universe multiverse
27 # deb-src https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/ubuntu/ focal main
    restricted universe multiverse
28 deb https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/ubuntu/ focal-updates
    main restricted universe multiverse
29 # deb-src https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/ubuntu/ focal-
    updates main restricted universe multiverse
30 deb https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/ubuntu/ focal-backports
    main restricted universe multiverse
31 # deb-src https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/ubuntu/ focal-
    backports main restricted universe multiverse
32 deb https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/ubuntu/ focal-security
    main restricted universe multiverse
33 # deb-src https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/ubuntu/ focal-
    security main restricted universe multiverse multiverse
```

- 刷新列表

```
1 sudo apt-get update
2 sudo apt-get upgrade
3 sudo apt-get install build-essential
```

### 3.安装SSH

- 默认情况下，首次安装Ubuntu时，不允许通过SSH进行远程访问。
- 在Ubuntu上启用SSH非常简单。以root 用户或具有sudo特权的用户执行以下步骤：

- 打开终端并安装 `openssh-server` 软件包：

```
1 | sudo apt update
2 | sudo apt install openssh-server
```

- 安装完成后，SSH服务将自动启动。输入下列命令验证SSH是否正在运行：

```
1 | sudo systemctl status ssh
```

- 输出应为：

```
1 | ● ssh.service - OpenBSD Secure Shell server
2 |    Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/ssh.service;
           enabled; vendor preset: enabled)
3 |    Active: active (running) since Sun 2021-08-15 07:13:19
           PDT; 23s ago
4 |    Docs: man:sshd(8)
5 |           man:sshd_config(5)
6 |    Main PID: 46470 (sshd)
7 |    Tasks: 1 (limit: 2275)
8 |    Memory: 1.3M
9 |    CGroup: /system.slice/ssh.service
10 |           └─46470 sshd: /usr/sbin/sshd -D [listener] 0 of
           10-100 startups
```

- 按 **q** 即可返回至命令行。
- 若启用了防火墙，使用如下命令打开SSH端口：

```
1 | sudo ufw allow ssh
```

## 4.安装RISC-V交叉编译工具

### Installing via APT (Debian/Ubuntu)

Make sure you are running either "bullseye" or "sid" for your debian version (on ubuntu this can be checked by running `cat /etc/debian_version`), then run:

```
sudo apt-get install git build-essential gdb-multiarch qemu-system-misc gcc-riscv64-linux-gnu binutils-riscv64-linux-gnu
```

(The version of QEMU on "buster" is too old, so you'd have to get that separately.)

qemu-system-misc fix

At this moment in time, it seems that the package `qemu-system-misc` has received an update that breaks its compatibility with our kernel. If you run `make qemu` and the script appears to hang after

```
qemu-system-riscv64 -machine virt -bios none -kernel kernel/kernel -m 128M -smp 3 -nographic -drive file=fs.img,if=none,format=raw,id=x0 -device virtio-blk-device,drive=x0,bus=virtio-mmio-bus.0
```

you'll need to uninstall that package and install an older version:

```
$ sudo apt-get remove qemu-system-misc
$ sudo apt-get install qemu-system-misc=1:4.2-3ubuntu6
```

```
1 | sudo apt install git build-essential gdb-multiarch qemu-system-misc
   gcc-riscv64-linux-gnu binutils-riscv64-linux-gnu libglib2.0-dev
   libpixman-1-dev gcc-riscv64-unknown-elf
```

## 5.安装QEMU

### 1.安装QEMU

QEMU用于在我们机器上(X86)模拟RISC-V架构的CPU，编译生成的risc-v平台的机器码，需要通过模拟cpu执行。

```
1 | # 下载qemu
2 | wget https://download.qemu.org/qemu-5.1.0.tar.xz
3 | # 对下载的文件进行解压
4 | tar xvf qemu-5.1.0.tar.xz
5 | cd qemu-5.1.0
6 | # 编译
7 | ./configure --disable-kvm --disable-werror --prefix=/usr/local --
   target-list=riscv64-softmmu
8 | make
9 | sudo make install
```

- 在下载 `qemu-5.1.0` 这步时，可能会导致下载速度十分慢，可以在搜索引擎中直接搜索下载，将其复制到虚拟机中即可。

## 6.测试

### 1.下载xv6源码

- 从github中下载xv6的源码，切入源码的主目录，将分支切换到util

```
1  git clone git://g.csail.mit.edu/xv6-labs-2020
2  cd xv6-labs-2020
3  git checkout util.
4  # 拉取特定分支到本地
5  git clone -b pgtbl git://g.csail.mit.edu/xv6-labs-2020
```

- 在项目目录下编译，使用如下命令：

```
1  make
2  make qemu
```

- 输出如下则说明环境搭建成功：

```
xv6 kernel is booting
hart 1 starting
hart 2 starting
init: starting sh
$ ls
.          1 1 1024
..         1 1 1024
README    2 2 2059
xargstest.sh 2 3 93
cat        2 4 23976
echo       2 5 22808
forktest   2 6 13176
grep       2 7 27328
init       2 8 23904
kill       2 9 22776
ln         2 10 22728
ls         2 11 26216
mkdir     2 12 22888
rm         2 13 22872
sh         2 14 41760
stressfs   2 15 23880
usertests  2 16 147520
grind      2 17 37992
wc         2 18 25120
zombie     2 19 22280
console    3 20 0
$
```