# FLOAT, DOUBLE AND LONG DOUBLE

For representing fractional numbers.

For example: 3.14, 0.678, -3276.789, 0.0000009999 etc

## FLOAT, DOUBLE AND LONG DOUBLE

Float -> 4 bytes = 32 bits

Double -> 8 bytes = 64 bits

Long Double -> 12 bytes = 96 bits

Size of these data types totally depends from system to system.

## FLOAT, DOUBLE AND LONG DOUBLE

Float -> IEEE 754 Single Precision Floating Point

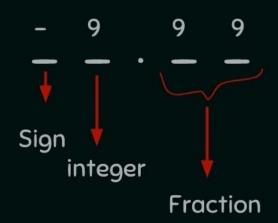
Double -> IEEE 754 Double Precision Floating Point

Long Double -> Extended Precision Floating Point

### OVERVIEW ON FIXED AND FLOATING POINT

#### Fixed Point Representation

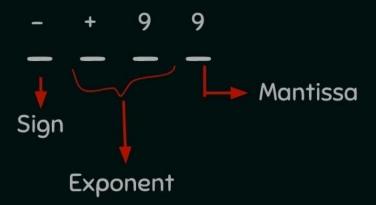
#### Example:



Minimum value = -9.99Maximum value = +9.99

### Floating point representation:

#### Example:



Formula = 
$$(0.M)*Base^{Expo}$$
  
Minimum value =  $-(0.9)*10^{+9}$   
Maximum value =  $+(0.9)*10^{+9}$