

Научная визуализация с помощью VTK - 2

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ИИТММ ННГУ

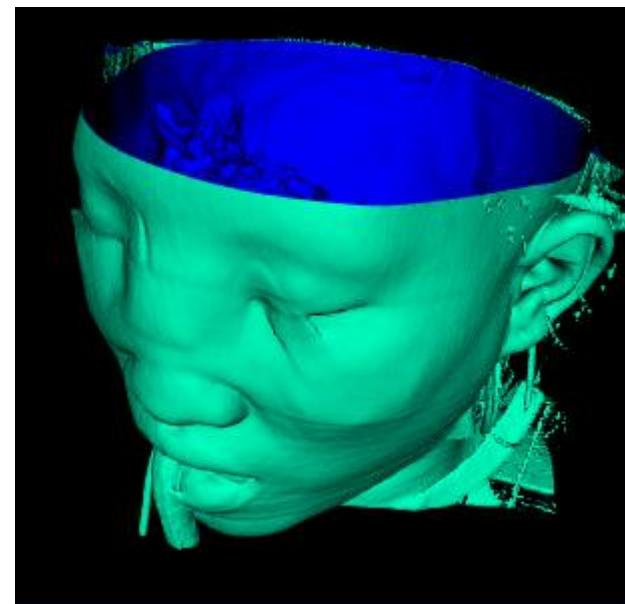
Содержание

- **Фильтры**
- **Виджеты**

Изоповерхности

```
vtkSmartPointer<vtkContourFilter> contours =  
vtkSmartPointer<vtkContourFilter>::New();  
contours->SetInputConnection(reader->GetOutputPort());  
contours->GenerateValues(4, 200.0, 400.0);  
  
vtkSmartPointer<vtkPolyDataMapper> mapper =  
vtkSmartPointer<vtkPolyDataMapper>::New();  
mapper->SetInputConnection(contours->GetOutputPort());  
mapper->SetScalarRange(100.0, 250.0);
```

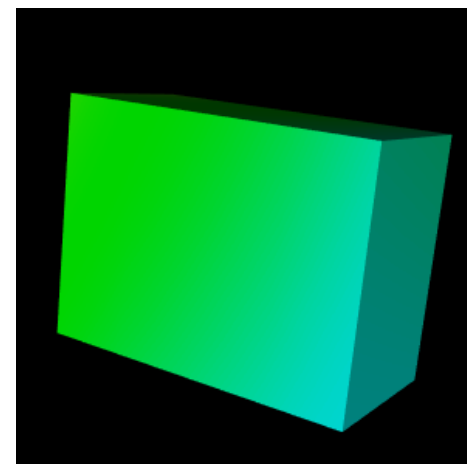
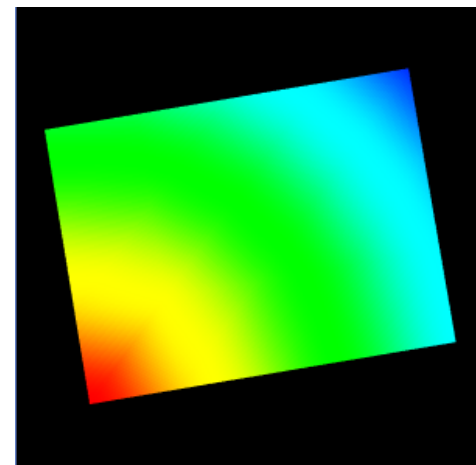
Source: [example_contourfilter.cpp](#)



Фильтр Гаусса

```
vtkSmartPointer<vtkImageGaussianSmooth> gauss =  
    vtkSmartPointer<vtkImageGaussianSmooth>::New();  
gauss->SetInputConnection(reader->GetOutputPort());  
gauss->SetRadiusFactor(0.5);
```

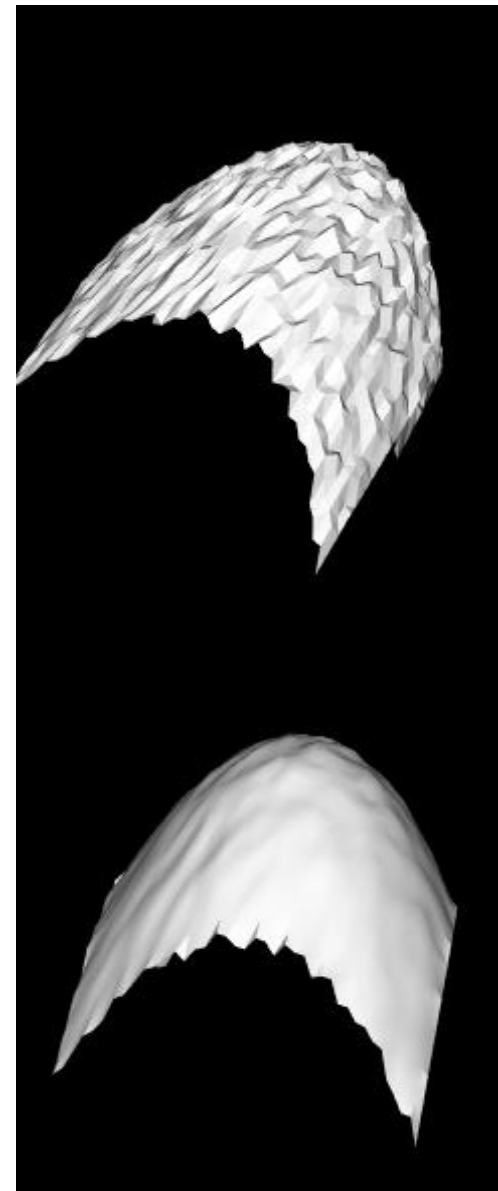
Source: [example_gaussfilter.cpp](#)



Сглаживание полигонов

```
vtkSmartPointer<vtkDelaunay2D> delaunay =  
    vtkSmartPointer<vtkDelaunay2D>::New();  
delaunay->SetInputData(inputPolyData);  
delaunay->Update();
```

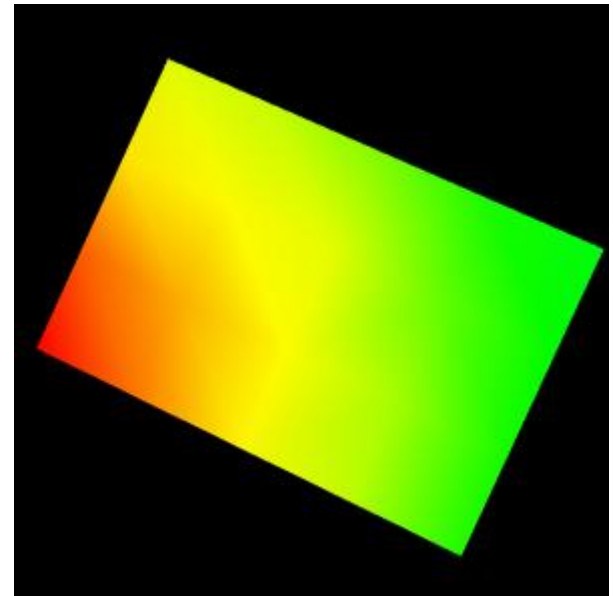
```
vtkSmartPointer<vtkSmoothPolyDataFilter> smoothFilter =  
    vtkSmartPointer<vtkSmoothPolyDataFilter>::New();  
smoothFilter->SetInputConnection(delaunay->GetOutputPort());  
smoothFilter->SetNumberOfIterations(2);  
smoothFilter->SetRelaxationFactor(0.5);  
smoothFilter->FeatureEdgeSmoothingOff();  
smoothFilter->BoundarySmoothingOn();  
smoothFilter->Update();  
Source: example\_smoothpolyfilter.cpp
```



Срез данных плоскостью

```
vtkSmartPointer<vtkPlane> plane =  
    vtkSmartPointer<vtkPlane>::New();  
plane->SetOrigin(1.0, 1.5, 2.0);  
plane->SetNormal(0.9, 0.0, -0.4);  
  
vtkSmartPointer<vtkCutter> cutter =  
    vtkSmartPointer<vtkCutter>::New();  
cutter->SetInputConnection(reader->GetOutputPort());  
cutter->SetCutFunction(plane);
```

Source: [example_cutterfilter.cpp](#)



Отсечение данных сферой

```
vtkSmartPointer<vtkSphere> sphere =  
    vtkSmartPointer<vtkSphere>::New();  
sphere->SetCenter(0.0, 0.0, 0.0);  
sphere->SetRadius(2.0);  
  
vtkSmartPointer<vtkClipDataSet> clip =  
    vtkSmartPointer<vtkClipDataSet>::New();  
clip->SetInputConnection(reader->GetOutputPort());  
clip->SetClipFunction(sphere);  
clip->InsideOutOff();  
clip->Update();
```

Source: [example_clipdata.cpp](#)

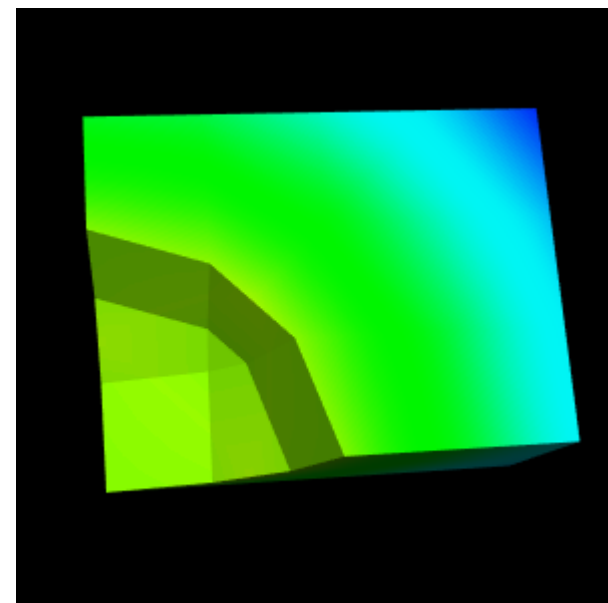
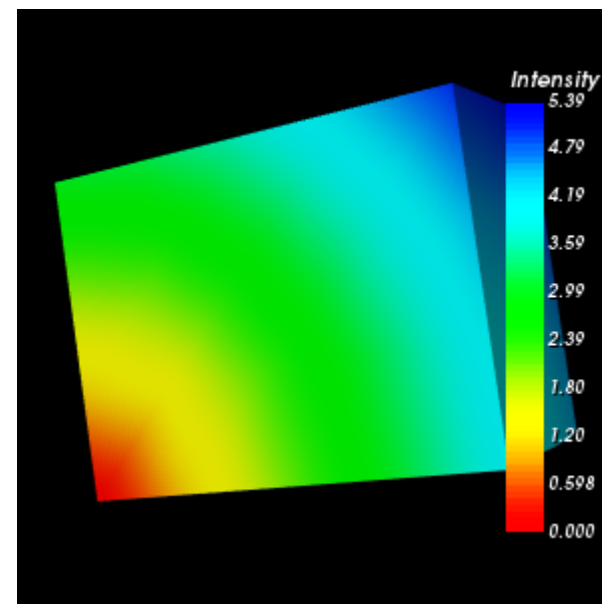


График цвета

```
vtkSmartPointer<vtkScalarBarActor> scalarBar =  
    vtkSmartPointer<vtkScalarBarActor>::New();  
scalarBar->SetLookupTable(mapper->GetLookupTable());  
scalarBar->SetTitle("Intensity");  
scalarBar->SetNumberOfLabels(10);
```

```
vtkSmartPointer<vtkRenderer> renderer =  
    vtkSmartPointer<vtkRenderer>::New();  
renderer->AddActor(actor);  
renderer->AddActor2D(scalarBar);
```

Source: [example_scalarbar.cpp](#)

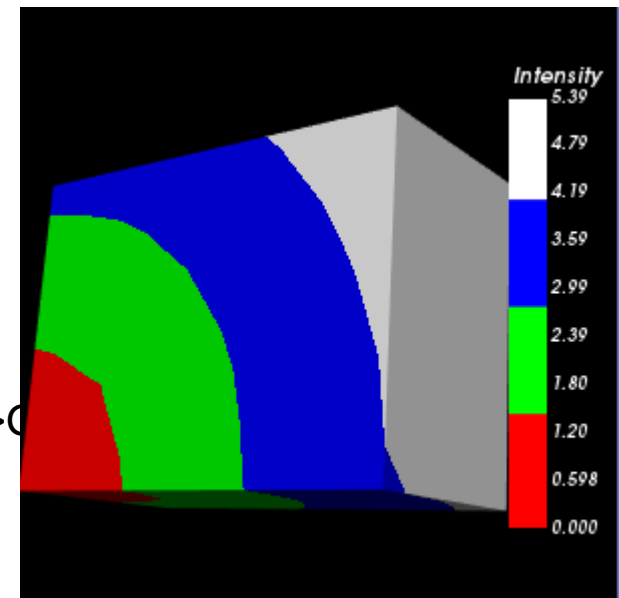


Настройка палитры

```
vtkSmartPointer<vtkLookupTable> lookuptable =
    vtkSmartPointer<vtkLookupTable>::New();
lookuptable->SetNumberOfTableValues(4);
lookuptable->SetRange(reader->GetOutputAsDataSet()->GetScalarRange());
lookuptable->Build();
lookuptable->SetTableValue(0, 1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
lookuptable->SetTableValue(1, 0.0, 1.0, 0.0, 1.0);
lookuptable->SetTableValue(2, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 1.0);
lookuptable->SetTableValue(3, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
```

```
mapper->SetScalarRange(reader->GetOutputAsDataSet()->GetScalarRange());
mapper->SetLookupTable(lookuptable);
mapper->SetScalarRange(lookuptable->GetRange());
mapper->InterpolateScalarsBeforeMappingOn();
```

Source: [example_lookuptable.cpp](#)

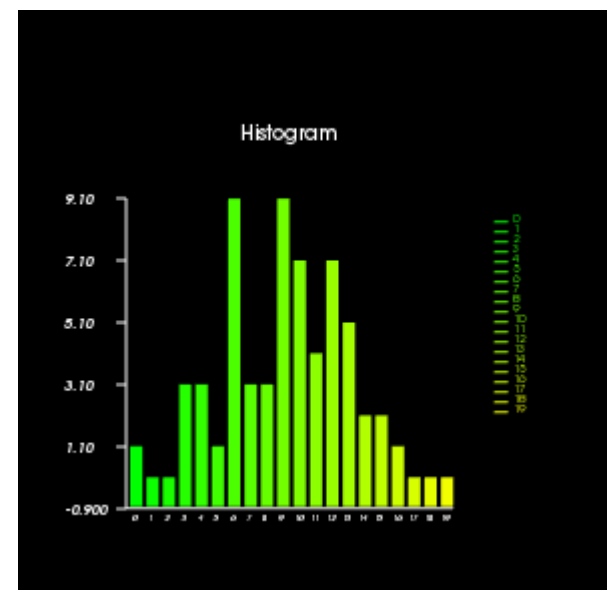


Гистограмма - 1

```
double spacing = 0.33;
```

```
int numberOfTuples = 20;
```

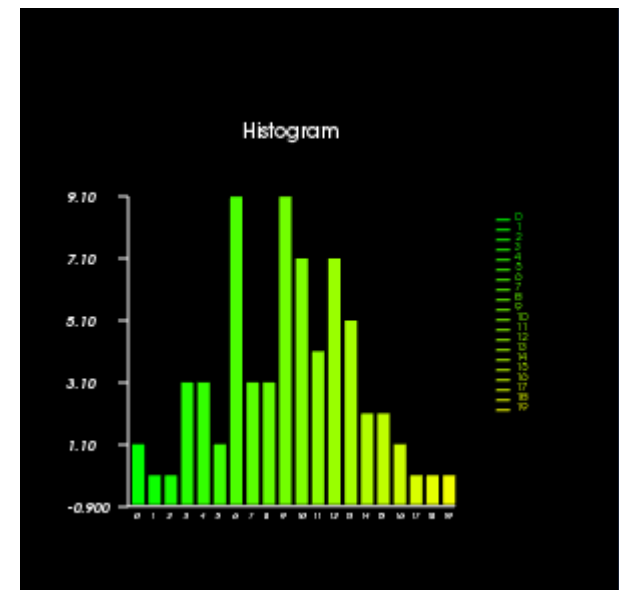
```
vtkSmartPointer<vtkImageAccumulate> histogram =  
    vtkSmartPointer<vtkImageAccumulate>::New();  
histogram->SetInputConnection(reader->GetOutputPort());  
histogram->SetComponentOrigin(0, 0, 0);  
histogram->SetComponentSpacing(spacing, 0, 0);  
histogram->Update();
```



Гистограмма - 2

```
vtkSmartPointer<vtkIntArray> frequencies =
    vtkSmartPointer<vtkIntArray>::New();
frequencies->SetNumberOfComponents(1);
frequencies->SetNumberOfTuples(numberOfTuples);
vtkIdType* output = static_cast<vtkIdType*>
    (histogram->GetOutput()->GetScalarPointer());
for (int j = 0; j < numberOfTuples; ++j)
    frequencies->SetTuple1(j, *output++);
```

```
vtkSmartPointer<vtkDataObject> dataObject =
    vtkSmartPointer<vtkDataObject>::New();
dataObject->GetFieldData()->AddArray(frequencies);
```



Гистограмма - 3

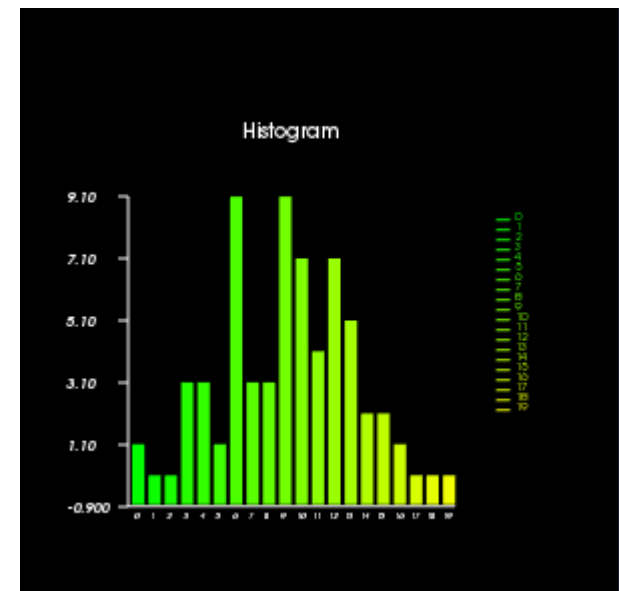
```

vtkSmartPointer<vtkBarChartActor> barChart =
    vtkSmartPointer<vtkBarChartActor>::New();

barChart->SetInput(dataObject);
barChart->SetTitle("Histogram");
barChart->GetLegendActor()->SetNumberOfEntries(
    frequencies ->GetNumberOfTuples());
for (int i = 0; i < numberOfTuples; ++i)
    barChart->SetBarColor
        (i, i/(double)numberOfTuples, 1.0, 0.0);

```

Source: [example_histogram.cpp](#)

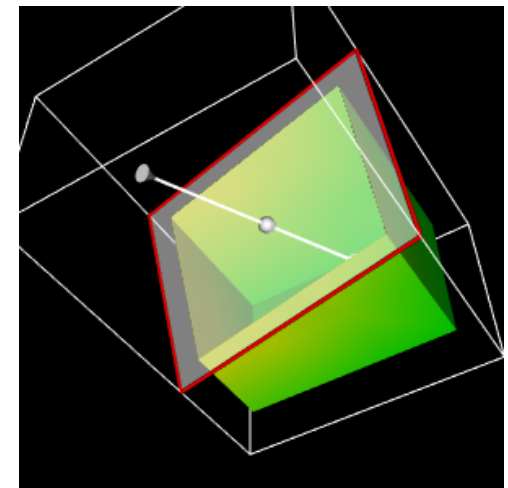


Интерактивный срез

- Создаем собственный интерактор, чтобы управлять плоскостью среза;
- Создаем PlaneWidget – интерактивную плоскость;
- Обрезаем наши данные с помощью этой плоскости;

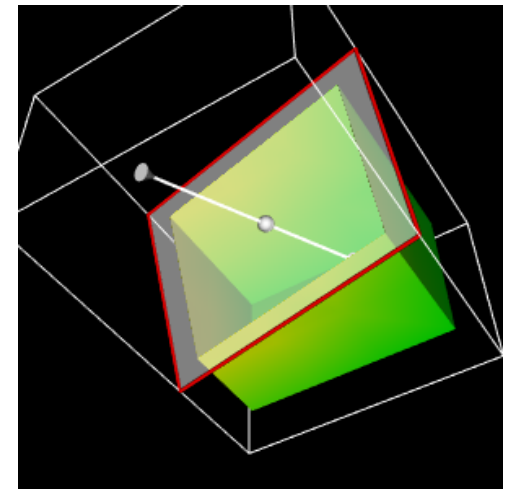
Интерактивный срез - 1

```
class PlaneMoveCallback : public vtkCommand {
public:
    static PlaneMoveCallback *New()
    { return new PlaneMoveCallback; }
    virtual void Execute(vtkObject *caller, unsigned long, void*) {
        vtkImplicitPlaneWidget2 *planeWidget =
            reinterpret_cast<vtkImplicitPlaneWidget2*>(caller);
        vtkImplicitPlaneRepresentation *rep =
            reinterpret_cast<vtkImplicitPlaneRepresentation*>(planeWidget->GetRepresentation());
        rep->GetPlane(this->Plane);
    }
    PlaneMoveCallback() :Plane(0), Actor(0) {}
    vtkPlane *Plane;
    vtkActor *Actor;
};
```



Интерактивный срез - 2

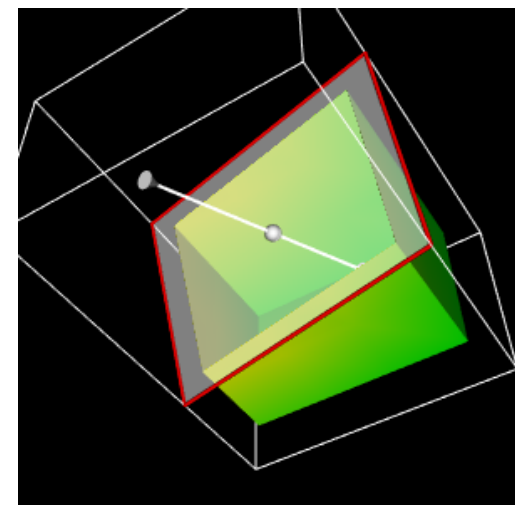
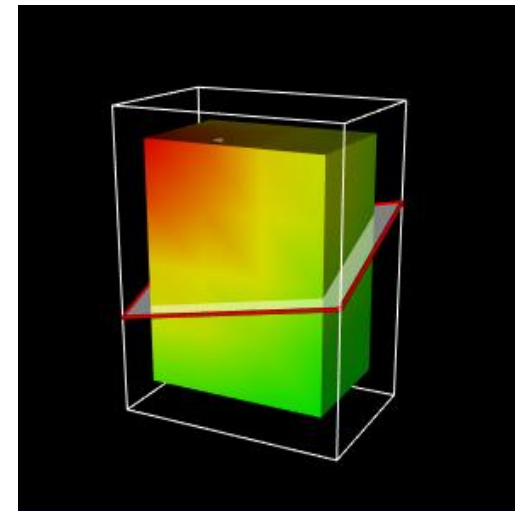
```
vtkSmartPointer<PlaneMoveCallback> myCallback =  
    vtkSmartPointer<PlaneMoveCallback>::New();  
myCallback->Plane = plane;  
myCallback->Actor = actor;  
vtkSmartPointer<vtkImplicitPlaneRepresentation> rep =  
    vtkSmartPointer<vtkImplicitPlaneRepresentation>::New();  
rep->SetPlaceFactor(1.25);  
rep->PlaceWidget(actor->GetBounds());  
rep->SetNormal(plane->GetNormal());  
rep->SetOrigin(plane->GetOrigin());  
  
vtkSmartPointer<vtkImplicitPlaneWidget2> planeWidget =  
    vtkSmartPointer<vtkImplicitPlaneWidget2>::New();  
planeWidget->SetInteractor(interactor);  
planeWidget->SetRepresentation(rep);  
planeWidget->AddObserver(vtkCommand::InteractionEvent, myCallback);  
planeWidget->On();
```



Интерактивный срез - 3

```
vtkSmartPointer<vtkDataSetMapper> mapper =  
vtkSmartPointer<vtkDataSetMapper>::New();  
    mapper->SetInputConnection(  
        reader->GetOutputPort());  
mapper->AddClippingPlane(plane);
```

Source: [example_planeCutWidget.cpp](#)



Домашнее задание

- Найти и скачать трехмерный датасет;
- Сконвертировать его для VTK;
- Визуализировать;
- Применить любой фильтр;
- Добавить любой виджет;