

Feature	Data type	Description
<b>Symbol</b>	String	Company logo
<b>Name</b>	String	Company name
<b>Sector</b>	String	Company sector
<b>Price</b>	Float	The price is a reflection of the company's value – what the public is willing to pay for a piece of the company. It can and will rise and fall, based on a variety of factors in the global landscape and within the company itself.
<b>Earnings</b>	Float	The price-earnings ratio, also known as P/E ratio, P/E, or PER, is the ratio of a company's share price to the company's earnings per share. The ratio is used for valuing companies and to find out whether they are overvalued or undervalued.
<b>Dividend Yield</b>	Float	The dividend yield or dividend-price ratio of a share is the dividend per share, divided by the price per share. It is also a company's total annual dividend payments divided by its market capitalization, assuming the number of shares is constant. It is often expressed as a percentage.
<b>Share</b>	Float	A share is an indivisible unit of capital, expressing the ownership relationship between the company and the shareholder. The denominated value of a share is its face value, and the total of the face value of issued shares represent the capital of a company, which may not reflect the market value of those shares.
<b>52 Week Low</b>	Float	The 52-week low is the lowest price at which a security has traded during the time period that equates to one year and is viewed as a technical indicator.

<b>52 Week High</b>	Float	The 52-week high is the highest price at which a security has traded during the time period that equates to one year and is viewed as a technical indicator.
<b>Market Cap</b>	Integer	Market capitalization, commonly called market cap, is the market value of a publicly traded company's outstanding shares. Market capitalization is equal to the share price multiplied by the number of shares outstanding.
<b>EBITDA</b>	Integer	A company's earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization is an accounting measure calculated using a company's earnings, before interest expenses, taxes, depreciation, and amortization are subtracted, as a proxy for a company's current operating profitability.
<b>Sales</b>	Float	Sales are activities related to selling or the number of goods sold in a given targeted time period. The delivery of a service for a cost is also considered a sale.
<b>Price_Book</b>	Float	The price-to-book ratio, or P/B ratio, is a financial ratio used to compare a company's current market price to its book value. The calculation can be performed in two ways, but the result should be the same each way.
<b>SEC Filings</b>	String	The SEC filing is a financial statement or other formal document submitted to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Public companies, certain insiders, and broker-dealers are required to make regular SEC filings.