Question 2

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1

Flag question

In the BGMR Probabilistic Contract Signing

- When A receives sig_B"I am committed with probability p_B" from B
- Sets $p_B=\min(1,p_A \cdot \alpha)$
- Sends sig_B"I am committed with probability p_B" to A

Select one:

- True
- False

Question 3

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1

Flag question

We use Probabilistic Fair Exchange when the two parties don't trust each other

Select one:

- (●) True
- ( ) False

Question 4

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1

Flag question

Digital cash for digital goods (e-commerce) is an application of Probabilistic Fair Exchange

Select one:

- True
- False

Question 5

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1

Flag question

We use Probabilistic Fair Exchange when _____

- a. Fairness is hard to achieve
- b. Important if parties don't trust each other
- c. All the above
- d. Two parties exchange items of value

Question 6

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1

Flag question

In BGMR Probabilistic Contract Signing every transaction need beacon input.

Select one:

- True
- False

Question 7

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1

Flag question

In the BGMR Conflict Resolution. The Judge waits until date D and If (p > pB1) , contract is binding, else contract is canceled

Select one:

- True
- False

Question 8

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1

Flag question

Properties of Fair Exchange Protocols are _____

- a. All the Above
- b. Optimism
- c. Fairness
- d. Timeliness

Question 9

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1

Remove flag

A Rabin's "beacon" is a trusted party that publicly broadcasts a probability value chosen between 1 and N every day

Select one:

- (●) True
- ( ) False

Question 10

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1

Flag question

Which of the following not Properties of Rabin's Protocol

1- Fair

2- Optimistic

3- Timely

4- Accountability

- a. 1 and 4
- b. 3 and 4
- c. 1 and 2
- d. 2 and 3

Question 1

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1

Flag question

A beacon broadcasts number b on day D. If b > i that means _____

- a. Only A is committed
- b. Both A and B are committed
- c. Only B is committed
- d. Neither A, nor B is committed

Clear my choice