

Question **21**
Answer saved
Marked out of
2
Flag
question

Internet Key Exchange (IKE) establishes security association (SA) for AH and ESP

Select one:

- ☐ True
☒ False

Question **22**
Answer saved
Marked out of
2
Flag
question

When signature of B is leaked by TTP to attacker, this is attack on TTP
Fairness

Select one:

- ☐ True
☒ False

Question **23**
Answer saved
Marked out of
2
Flag
question

SSL divides data into blocks of

- ☐ a. 2^{*24}
☒ b. 2^{*16}
☐ c. 2^{*6}
☐ d. 2^{*20}

Question **24**

Answer saved

Marked out of
2

🚩 Flag
question

The tunnel mode is normally used between two routers and used between a host and a router

Select one:

☐ True

☒ False

Question **25**

Answer saved

Marked out of
2

🚩 Flag
question

In the BGMR Conflict Resolution. The Judge waits until date D and If ($p > pB1$) , contract is binding, else contract is canceled

Select one:

☐ True

☒ False

Question 1

Answer saved

Marked out of 2

Flag question

Match the following security protocols with their corresponding network layers?

SSL / TLS

Transport layer

S/MIME, PGP – email security

Application Layer

IPsec

Network Layer

Wi-Fi Security

Data Link Layer

Question 2

Answer saved

Marked out of 2

Remove flag

To analyze the Information Security protocol Which of the following is /are used?

- ☐ a. Model security protocol
- ☐ b. All of them
- ☒ c. Model Intruder (Attack)
- ☐ d. See if properties preserved under attack
- ☐ e. Identify security properties

[Clear my choice](#)

Question 3

Answer saved

Marked out of 2

Flag question

There is no actual cryptography in intruder model

Select one:

- ☒ True
- ☐ False

Question 4

Answer saved

Marked out of 2

Flag question

Every leaf in the game tree labeled by an outcome

1- (Y,Y) if A has B's signature and B has A's

2- (Y,N) if only A has B's signature.

Select one:

- ☒ True
- ☐ False

Question 5

Answer saved

Marked out of 2

Flag question

By the following step : A receives his own number m signed by B's private key and deduces that B is on the other end;

$A \rightarrow B: g^a, A$
 $B \rightarrow A: g^b, \text{sig}_B\{g^a, g^b, A\}$
 $A \rightarrow B: \text{sig}_A\{g^a, g^b, B\}$

Select one:

- ☐ True
- ☒ False

Question 6

Answer saved

Marked out of 2

Flag question

In the BGMR Probabilistic Contract Signing

- When A receives sig_B "I am committed with probability p_B " from B
- Sets $p_B = \min(1, p_A \cdot \alpha)$
- Sends sig_B "I am committed with probability p_B " to A

Select one:

- ☐ True
- ☒ False

Question 7

Answer saved

Marked out of 2

Flag question

A beacon broadcasts number b on day D . If $b > i$ that means _____

- ☐ a. Only B is committed
- ☐ b. Both A and B are committed
- ☒ c. Neither A, nor B is committed
- ☐ d. Only A is committed

[Clear my choice](#)

Question 8

Answer saved

Marked out of 2

Flag question

By the **Timeliness** desirable Property One player cannot force the other to wait a fair and termination can always be forced by contacting TTP

Select one:

- ☒ True
- ☐ False

Question 9

Answer saved

Marked out of 2

Flag question

Transport mode encrypts entire IP packet

- add new header for next hop
- useful for gateway to gateway security

Select one:

- ☐ True
- ☒ False

Question 10

Answer saved

Marked out of 2

Flag question

$PCSX(m, Y, T)$ is an implementation of which of the following signature escrow

- ☐ a. Ordinary and Verifiable Signature Escrows
- ☐ b. None of them
- ☐ c. Ordinary Signature Escrow
- ☒ d. Verifiable Signature Escrow

Question 11
Answer saved
Marked out of
2
Flag
question

Properties of Fair Exchange Protocols are _____

- ☐ a. Fairness
- ☐ b. Timeliness
- ☐ c. Optimism
- ☒ d. All the Above

[Clear my choice](#)

Question 12
Answer saved
Marked out of
2
Flag
question

Which of the following desirable Properties If A cannot obtain B's signature, then B should not be able to obtain A's signature

- ☒ a. Fairness
- ☐ b. No advantage
- ☐ c. Accountability
- ☐ d. Timeliness

Question 13

Answer saved

Marked out of 2

Flag question

Match the following security cryptographic items with their corresponding functions?

SSL, IPsec, ...	Number theory ▾
RSA, DSS, SHA-1	Building blocks ▾
Firewalls, intrusion	Systems ▾

Question 14

Answer saved

Marked out of 2

Flag question

In Message Integrity, SHA-1 hash algorithms create an N-bit message digest out of a message of

- ☐ a. 2020 bit block
- ☐ b. None of the
- ☒ c. 512 bit block
- ☐ d. 1024 bit block

[Clear my choice](#)

Question 15

Answer saved

Marked out of 2

Flag question

Which of the following classes not include in following ClientHello structure

```
struct {  
} ClientHello
```

- ☐ a. CipherSuite
- ☐ b. ProtocolVersion
- ☒ c. KeyExchangeAlgorithm
- ☐ d. SessionID

Question **16**

Answer saved

Marked out of 2

🚩 Flag question

Modeling JFK in applied pi calculus

Select one:

- ☒ True
- ☐ False

Question **17**

Answer saved

Marked out of 2

🚩 Flag question

SSL primarily focuses on _____

- ☒ a. confidentiality and integrity
- ☐ b. authenticity and privacy
- ☐ c. integrity and authenticity
- ☐ d. integrity and non-repudiation

[Clear my choice](#)

Question **18**

Answer saved

Marked out of
2

🚩 Flag
question

IKE create SAs for _____

- ☐ a. None of them
- ☐ b. TLS
- ☒ c. IP sec
- ☐ d. SSL
- ☐ e. PGP

[Clear my choice](#)

Question **19**

Answer saved

Marked out of
2

🚩 Flag
question

We use Probabilistic Fair Exchange when _____

- ☐ a. Fairness is hard to achieve
- ☒ b. All the above
- ☐ c. Important if parties don't trust each other
- ☐ d. Two parties exchange items of value

Question **20**
Answer saved
Marked out of
2
🚩 Flag
question

By Murphy, we will verify whether specified security conditions hold in every reachable node

Select one:

- ☒ True
- ☐ False