disorder: a code for generating irreducible site-occupancy configurations

Ji-Chun Lian (练 继 春)

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What is disorder?

disorder is an open source software designed for generating irreducible site-occupancy configurations (i.e., symmetrically inequivalent disordered structures), which allows extremely efficient modeling of multicomponent alloys or lattice defects (e.g., substitutions and vacancies).

Features

- Build supercell form arbitrary input cell with any supercell expansion matrix.
- Search space group operations of the supercell and identify its point group symbol.
- Generate irreducible configurations for the system with any number of atomic types and arbitrary stoichiometry.
- Count the degeneracy (the number of equivalent configurations) of each irreducible configuration.
- Save the structure file of each irreducible configuration in **POSCAR** format.

Author & Contact

Ji-Chun Lian (jichunlian@hnu.edu.cn), Department of Applied Physics, School of Physics and Electronics, Hunan University, Changsha, 410082, China

If you have any questions, suggestions, and problems regarding *disorder*, please feel free to contact me.

How to Cite?

Please cite the following article when you use *disorder*:

J.-C. Lian, H.-Y. Wu, W.-Q. Huang, W. Hu, and G.-F. Huang, Phys. Rev. B 102, 134209 (2020).

If you want to understand the algorithm implemented in *disorder*, you can read this reference carefully. After several updates, as an aside, the latest version of *disorder* possesses better time and space complexity than the original algorithm described in this reference, but the key concept is consistent.

Download

The latest version of *disorder* package interfaced to **VASP** is available on GitHub: https://github.com/jichunlian/disorder, and that interfaced to **PWmat** can be download from: http://www.pwmat.com/module-download.

Installation

```
$ unzip disorder-main
$ cd disorder-main
$ make disorder (Only disorder is compilied)
$ make supercell (Only supercell is compilied)
$ make or make all (Both disorder and supercell are compilied)
$ make clean (rm *.o *.mod disorder supercell)
         PATH=$PATH:disorder installation path/disorder-main/bin
export
(Add this to the ~/.bashrc file as you wish)
Note: The default compiler is ifort, and you can modify the Makefile
in the src directory to use another compiler (e.g. gfortran).
```

Input files

SPOSCAR (Crystal structure file)

```
SPOSCAR
  1.0
    13.1323995589999996
                            0.0000000000000000
                                                   0.0000000000000000
     0.0000000000000000
                            0.0000000000000000
                                                  13.1323995589999996
      Pb
  32
      32
Direct
                      0.00000000000000000
                                            0.0000000000000000
  0.0000000000000000
  0.5000000000000000
                                            0.0000000000000000
  0.0000000000000000
                      0.50000000000000000
                                            0.0000000000000000
  0.50000000000000000
  0.0000000000000000
                                            0.50000000000000000
  0.0000000000000000
                      0.50000000000000000
                                            0.50000000000000000
  0.50000000000000000
                      0.50000000000000000
                                            0.50000000000000000
  0.0000000000000000
                                            0.25000000000000000
  0.50000000000000000
                                            0.25000000000000000
  0.50000000000000000
                      0.75000000000000000
                                            0.25000000000000000
  0.00000000000000000
                      0.25000000000000000
                                            0.75000000000000000
  0.50000000000000000
  0.0000000000000000
  0.25000000000000000
                      0.0000000000000000
                                            0.25000000000000000
```

The **SPOSCAR** is the crystal structure file after cell expansion, its format is consistent with the **POSCAR** file of **VASP**. The *disorder* does not expanding the cell inputted from **SPOSCAR**, but we have provided an util (i.e., *supercell*) for cell expansion, in which the non-diagonal supercell expansion matrix is also supported. Any other software can be also used for cell expansion, as long as the format of **SPOSCAR** file is correct.

INDSOD (Running control file)

INDSOD file contains **10** parameters to control the running of *disorder*, its format and the detailed explanation of all parameters are shown in below and next few pages.

```
&input
 nsub = integer
 subs = integer, integer, ...
 symb = character, character, ...
 site = integer
 prec = real
 lpro = logical
 lpos = logical
 leqa = logical
 lspg = logical
 lcfg = logical
```

Note:

The head "&input" and tail "/" are indispensable and immutable.

The orders of the above parameters are irrelevant.

The parameters with default values can be omitted.

The exclamation mark "!" can be used for annotations.

The annotated parameter is equivalent to using the default value.

All parameters are not case sensitive.

nsub-tag

 $nsub = 2 \sim 5$; Default: nsub = 2

The multinary (binary, ternary, quaternary, and quinary) site-occupancy system is also supported in *disorder*, i.e., nsub different types of atoms (we call it component in the following) are allowed to occupy the atomic positions of the disordered site. In practice, quinary system is quite enough, but you can contact me if you need a higher nsub.

subs-tag

subs = integer, integer, ...; Default: None

The subs-tag is an integer array with a size of nsub. The element in subs represents the number of atoms for each component. The sum of subs needs to be equal to the number of atomic positions of the disordered site. We recommend always putting the largest integer value last.

symb-tag

symb = character, character, ...; Default: None

The symb-tag is an character string array with a size of nsub. The element in symb represents the atomic symbol of each component, and corresponding to the elements in subs one by one. The vacancies are deemed as a special type of atoms. In *disorder*, we define the symbol of vacancy as "Kw" (note that "K" is upper case and "w" is lower case), i.e., the first letter of Chinese Pinyin of vacancy (Kong wei).

site-tag

site = integer; Default: 1

The site-tag indicates which type of atoms is selected as the disordered site, while the atomic types are numbered in sequence according to their position in the **SPOSCAR** file.

prec-tag

prec = real; Default: 1D-5

The prec-tag determines how accurate the positions in the **SPOSCAR** file must be. The default is 10⁻⁵, which is usually sufficiently large even if the **SPOSCAR** file has been generated with a single precision program. Increasing prec means that the positions in the **SPOSCAR** file can be less accurate. The prec-tag plays an important role in searching the space group operations. The correctness of space group operations is completely determined by the **SPOSCAR** file and prec-tag, which are both controlled by user. Therefore, *disorder* does not guarantee the correctness of the space group operations.

More on prec-tag

On account of the "noise" in the structural parameters (lattice vectors and/or ionic positions), the determination of the symmetry of some structures will shows a strong dependence on the tolerance parameter prec. Therefore, we suggest that the point group symbol obtained by disorder should be compared with that obtained by other softwares to ensure the reliability of the results (note that the point group obtained by disorder is that of the supercell not the primitive cell). When the point group symbols obtained by disorder and other softwares are inconsistent, you can try to adjust the prec-tag or the structure file SPOSCAR, otherwise you may get the wrong result. Fortunately, for most structures, the default is fine.

lpro-tag

lpro = logical; Default: .false.

The lpro-tag controls whether displays the progress bar in the process of eliminating duplicate configurations. For the small systems, the running time may very short, so the display of the progress bar has no practical significance. For the large systems, the running time is long enough, and the display of the progress bar can track the running progress of the program, but it will slightly slow down the speed of the program.

lpos-tag

lpos = logical; Default: .false.

The lpos-tag controls whether output the structure files **POSCAR-x...** of the irreducible configurations. About **POSCAR-x...** files, see the next section for details.

leqa-tag

leqa = logical; Default: .false.

The leqa-tag controls whether output the equivalent atomic matrix file EQAMAT. About

EQAMAT file, see the next section for details.

lspg-tag

lspg = logical; Default: .false.

The lspg-tag controls whether output the space group operations file SPGMAT. About

SPGMAT file, see the next section for details.

lcfg-tag

lcfg = logical; Default: .true.

The lcfg-tag controls whether output the irreducible configurations file CFGMAT. About

CFGMAT file, see the next section for details.

Output files

SPGMAT (Space group operations file)

8	= 4	x 2		
-1	0	0	0.000000	0.500000
0	-1	0	0.000000	0.000000
0	0	-1	0.000000	0.000000
1	0	0	0.000000	0.500000
0	0	1	0.000000	0.000000
0	-1	0	0.000000	0.000000
1	0	0	0.000000	0.500000
0	0	1	0.000000	0.000000
0	1	0	0.000000	0.000000
1	0	0	0.000000	0.500000
0	1	0	0.000000	0.000000
0	0	-1	0.000000	0.000000
1	0	0	0.000000	0.500000
0	1	0	0.000000	0.000000
0	0	1	0.000000	0.000000

The SPGMAT file stores the space group operations information of the supercell. It is not output by default. For most users, this file is useless. The **SPGMAT** file contains N_r 3 × 3 integer matrices (in the fractional coordinates), representing rotation operations. Each matrix is followed by N_t 3 × 1 decimal column vector (in the fractional coordinates), which represent translation operations. In addition, the first line of **SPGMAT** file is $N_o = N_r x$ N_t , where N_o is the number of space group operations.

EQAMAT (Equivalent atomic matrix file)

The **EQAMAT** file stores the equivalent atomic matrix information of the disordered site. It is not output by default. For most users, this file is useless. A set of atomic points labeled with consecutive integers are transformed into another set of atomic points by a space group operation. The labels of the transformed atomic points constitute one row elements of the equivalent atomic matrix, while the complete equivalent atomic matrix can be obtained by traversing all space group operations. Therefore, the number of rows corresponds to the number of space group operations, and the number of columns corresponds to the number of atomic positions of the disordered site.

```
      5
      6
      7
      8
      1
      2
      3
      4
      11
      12
      9
      10

      6
      5
      8
      7
      2
      1
      4
      3
      12
      11
      10
      9

      7
      8
      5
      6
      3
      4
      1
      2
      9
      10
      11
      12

      8
      7
      6
      5
      4
      3
      2
      1
      10
      9
      12
      11

      1
      2
      3
      4
      5
      6
      7
      8
      11
      12
      9
      10

      2
      1
      4
      3
      6
      5
      8
      7
      12
      11
      10
      9

      3
      4
      1
      2
      7
      8
      5
      6
      9
      10
      11
      12

      4
      3
      2
      1
      8
      7
      6
      5
      10
      9
      12
      11

      5
      6
      7
      8
      1
      2
      3
      4
      9
      10
      11
      12
```

CFGMAT (Irreducible configurations file)

CFGMAT file stores the information of the irreducible configurations and its degeneracies. It is output by default. The first column of the CFGMAT file is the serial number of each irreducible configuration, which has no practical significance. The second column is the degeneracy of each irreducible configuration, which represents the number of equivalent configurations (including itself), and the sum of the degeneracies should be equal to the total number of configurations. All the following columns are the position labels of the irreducible configurations.

1	90	1	2	3
2	90	1	2	7
3	360	1	2	9
4	360	1	2	17
5	360	1	2	19
6	30	1	4	6
7	720	1	4	9
8	180	1	4	25
9	180	1	4	29
10	360	1	8	9
11	240	1	9	17
12	720	1	9	19
13	720	1	9	23
14	240	1	10	23

POSCAR-x... (Crystal structure files)

The **POSCAR-x...** files, under the **poscar** folder, are the crystal structure files of all irreducible configurations, and its format is also consistent with the **POSCAR** file of **VASP**. The file name suffix "-x..." denotes the serial number, which corresponds to the irreducible configuration with the same serial number in **CFGMAT**.

hnu_ljc:1_SnxPb1-xTe\$ ls poscar/										
POSCAR-01	POSCAR-09	POSCAR-17	POSCAR-25	POSCAR-33	POSCAR-41	POSCAR-49	POSCAR-57			
POSCAR-02	POSCAR-10	POSCAR-18	POSCAR-26	POSCAR-34	POSCAR-42	POSCAR-50	POSCAR-58			
POSCAR-03	POSCAR-11	POSCAR-19	POSCAR-27	POSCAR-35	POSCAR-43	POSCAR-51	POSCAR-59			
POSCAR-04	POSCAR-12	POSCAR-20	POSCAR-28	POSCAR-36	POSCAR-44	POSCAR-52	POSCAR-60			
POSCAR-05	POSCAR-13	POSCAR-21	POSCAR-29	POSCAR-37	POSCAR-45	POSCAR-53	POSCAR-61			
POSCAR-06	POSCAR-14	POSCAR-22	POSCAR-30	POSCAR-38	POSCAR-46	POSCAR-54	POSCAR-62			
POSCAR-07	POSCAR-15	POSCAR-23	POSCAR-31	POSCAR-39	POSCAR-47	POSCAR-55	POSCAR-63			
POSCAR-08	POSCAR-16	POSCAR-24	POSCAR-32	POSCAR-40	POSCAR-48	POSCAR-56	POSCAR-64			

Running

We have provided three examples (i.e., 1_SnxPb1-xTe, 2_TiO2-VO, and 3_AxByC1-x-y) for testing. Here, we will use the first example to introduce the running of *disorder*, and the second example will be used to introduce the running of *supercell*.

```
hnu_ljc:disorder-main$ ls examples/
1_SnxPb1-xTe 2_Ti02-V0 3_AxByC1-x-y
```

disorder

After the two input files **INDSOD** and **SPOSCAR** are ready, the running of *disorder* is quite simple, as shown in the right.

Note: If the executable binary file of *disorder* is under the environment variable path, just type "disorder" on the command line without including its path.

```
hnu ljc:1 SnxPb1-xTe$ ../../bin/disorder
    2021-09-16 08:13:01
  Reading INDSOD and SPOSCAR ...
  Found 2 types and 64 atoms ( 32 Te 32 Pb )
  The Pb site will be substituted by 8 Sn 24 Pb
  Searching Space Group Operations ...
  Found 1536 operations ( 48 rotations and 32 pure translations )
  The supercell is a Cubic lattice with a point group of 0 h (m-3m)
  Preprocessing Work Related To Combinatorics ...
  Found 10518300 atomic configurations
  Eliminating Duplicate Configurations ...
  Found 8043 irreducible configurations
  Writing output files: CFGMAT POSCAR
  Program finished!
                        Elapsed time : 00 hour 00 min 03 sec
                       * How to Cite ? *
   Please Cite The Following Article When You Use disorder:
   [1] Ji-Chun Lian, Hong-Yu Wu, Wei-Qing Huang, Wangyu Hu,
       and Gui-Fang Huang, Phys. Rev. B 102, 134209 (2020)
```

supercell

The *supercell* is an util used to expanding the small cell (it can be any cell, such as primitive cell, unit cell, and supercell). The input file of *supercell* is **POSCAR** (the structure file before cell expansion), and the output file is **SPOSCAR** (the structure file after cell expansion). Moreover, the supercell expansion matrix M (3 × 3 integer matrix) is inputed from the keyboard, of course, the input redirection (<) and pipe (|) can also be used to input M.

The supercell expansion matrix M is defined by $A_s = A_i M^T$ (be careful the transposition of M), where $A_i = (a_i b_i c_i)$ is the lattice basis vectors before cell expansion, and $A_s = (a_s b_s c_s)$ is the lattice basis vectors after cell expansion. Be careful that the axes in **POSCAR** is defined by three row vectors, i.e., $(a_i b_i c_i)^T$.

Note: Because the coordinates is defined in the right-handed system, the determinant of *M* should be greater than 0.

If the small cell is an unit cell

```
hnu_ljc:2_Ti02-V0$ cp POSCAR_unit POSCAR
hnu_ljc:2_Ti02-V0$ ../../bin/supercell
3 0 0
0 3 0
0 0 1
```

If the small cell is a primitive cell

```
hnu_ljc:2_Ti02-V0$ cp POSCAR_prim POSCAR
hnu_ljc:2_Ti02-V0$ ../../bin/supercell
3 0 3
0 3 3
-1 -1 0
```

Use pipe () to input *M*

```
hnu_ljc:2_Ti02-V0$ echo -e "3 0 3\n0 3 3\n -1 -1 0"|../../bin/supercell
hnu_ljc:2_Ti02-V0$ printf "3 0 3\n0 3 3\n -1 -1 0"|../../bin/supercell
```

Use input redirection (<) to input *M*

```
hnu_ljc:2_Ti02-V0$ ../../bin/supercell < M
hnu_ljc:2_Ti02-V0$ cat M
   3  0  3
   0  3  3
   -1 -1  0</pre>
```

All of these commands get the same supercell.

Disclaimers

The *disorder* code does not guarantee the correctness of the results. We will not be responsible for any errors caused by any reason and any adverse effects on users or others.

The End!