

# Lab4

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## Problema 1

1.

$$\begin{aligned}T(n) &= T(n-1) + n: \\&< c(n-1)^2 + n \\&< c(n^2 - 2n + 1) + n \\&< cn^2 - 2cn + c + n \\&< cn^2 - n(2c-1) + c \\&< cn^2\end{aligned}$$

2.

$$\begin{aligned}T(n) &= T(n/2) + 1: \\T(n/2) &= [T(n/2^2) + 1] + 1 \\T(n/2) &= [T(n/2^2) + 2 \\T(n/2) &= [T(n/2^3)] + 2 \\T(n/2) &= [T(n/2^3) + 3\end{aligned}$$

$$T(n/2^i) + i$$

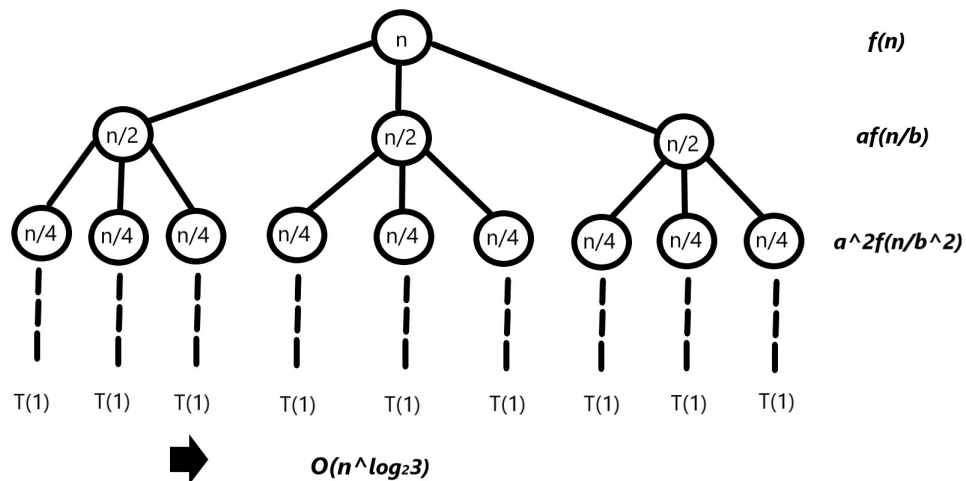
$$\begin{aligned}T(n) &= T(n/2^k) + k \\n/2^k &= 1 \\n &= 2^k \\k &= \log n\end{aligned}$$

$$T(n) = T(1) + \log n$$

$$***O(\log n)***$$

## Problema 2

$$T(n) = 3T(n/2) + n$$



## Problema 3

**Master Method:**

$$a < b^d \longrightarrow T(n) \in O(n^d)$$

$$a = b^d \longrightarrow T(n) \in O(n^d \log n)$$

$$a > b^d \longrightarrow T(n) \in O(n^{\log_b a})$$

1.

$$T(n) = 2T(n/4) + 1$$

$$a=2$$

$$b=4$$

$$d=0$$

$$2 > 1 \longrightarrow O(n^{\log_4 2})$$

2.

$$T(n) = 2T(n/4) + \sqrt{n}$$

$$a=2$$

$$b=4$$

$$d=1/2$$

$$2 = 1 \longrightarrow O(\sqrt{n} \log n)$$

3.

$$T(n) = 2T(n/4) + n$$

$$\mathbf{a=2}$$

$$\mathbf{b=4}$$

$$\mathbf{d=1}$$

$$2 < 4 \longrightarrow O(n)$$

$$\mathbf{4.}$$

$$T(n) = 2T(n/4) + n^2$$

$$\mathbf{a=2}$$

$$\mathbf{b=4}$$

$$\mathbf{d=2}$$

$$2 < 16 \longrightarrow O(n^2)$$