# Spam Detector Based on ML

Project for The Bridge Data Science Bootcamp

# **The Spam Problem**

1. Average Spam Percentage in Global Email Traffic (2021) In 2021, the average percentage of spam in global email traffic was 45.56%.

Source: Kaspersky

2. Spain: Global Leader in Spam Reception

During the second quarter of 2020, Spain was the country that received the most spam attacks, accounting for 9.3% of all such threats worldwide.

Source: Europa Press

3. Acceptable Spam Complaint Rate

The industry-standard acceptable spam complaint rate is below 0.1%, which equates to one complaint per 1,000 messages sent. Source: ActiveCampaign



## **Project Description**

**Objective:** Classify texts as spam or ham (legitimate) in both English and Spanish.

#### Results:

- Development of trained model(s) for spam detection in Spanish and English based on natural language texts, including the processes required for their implementation.
- Application:
   Developed using Streamlit to provide an easy-to-use web interface.

## Bienvenido a nuestro servicio de detección de spam Esta aplicación permite detectar si un mensaje es spam o no en inglés y español. Seleccione el idioma, ingrese el texto del mensaje y haga clic en el botón de - Detectar Spam. Seleccione el idioma del mensaie: Español Ingrese el texto del mensaje a evaluar: Texto del mensaje: Recuerda llamar a tu madre Detectar Spam Resultado: Ham Probabilidad de Spam: 23.65% Probabilidad de No Spam (Ham): 76.35%

Desarrollado por Fernando Manzano. Utilizamos técnicas de Machine Learning para ofrecer una detección

precisa de spam.

# **Data Used**

Spanish:

Source: Hugging Face
https://huggingface.co/datasets/softecapps/spam ham spanish/tree/main

Gana dinero desde casa sin esfuerzo spam

Reclama tu herencia de un pariente lejano spam

Mejora tu rendimiento sexual con este producto spam

tipo

spam

ham

ham

string

Description: Over 1,000 text messages in Spanish labeled as spam or ham in train, csy and test, csy.

mensaje

string

Descubre como perder peso rapidamente

Por favor responde a esta encuesta

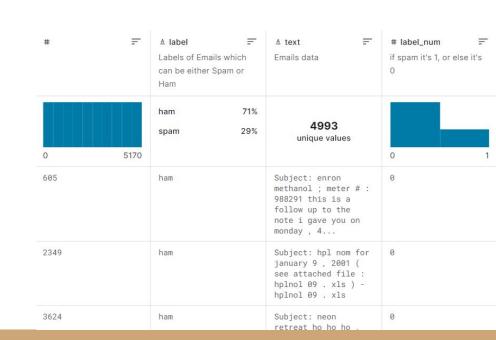
Necesitas ayuda con tu tarea

- Structure:
  - $\circ \qquad \text{Message: Text of the message.}$
  - Label: Indicates spam or ham.

#### English:

**Source:** Kaggle https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/venky73/spam-mails-dataset

- Description: 4,993 unique text messages in English labeled as spam or ham in spam\_ham\_dataset.csv.
- Structure:
  - text: Text of the message.
  - label: Indicates spam or ham.
  - o label\_num: Indicates spam = 1 or ham = 0.



## **Data Preprocessing**

- Removal of duplicates and repeated values.
- Removal of stop words using NLTK stopwords.
- Removal of non-alphanumeric characters.
- Conversion to lowercase.
- Removal of extra spaces and prefixes such as "Subject:"

```
nltk.download('stopwords')
stopwords_sp = stopwords.words('spanish')

# Agregar palabras adicionales que no aporten significado en este contexto específico
stopwords_sp.extend(['este', 'nuestro', 'con', 'para', 'esta']) # Podemos ajustar esta

# Función para limpiar el texto y filtrar stopwords
def limpiar_texto_con_stopwords(texto):
texto = re.sub(r'\W', ' ', texto) # Eliminar caracteres no alfanuméricos
texto = texto.lower() # Convertir a minúsculas
texto = re.sub(r'\s+', ' ', texto) # Eliminar espacios extra
palabras = texto.split()
palabras_filtradas = [palabra for palabra in palabras if palabra not in stopwords_s
return ' '.join(palabras_filtradas)

# Aplicar limpieza con filtro de stopwords a los mensajes
test_df['mensaje_limpio_stopwords'] = test_df['mensaje'].apply(limpiar_texto_con_stopwords')
```

## **Models Used**

#### TfidfVectorizer:

- Converts texts into a TF-IDF feature matrix.
- b. Assigns weight to each word based on its frequency in the document and its inverse frequency in the document set.

#### Evaluated Models:

- a. Spanish: Naive Bayes, Random Forest, and SVM. Selected: Naive Bayes.
  Naive Bayes is suitable for text processing and spam detection due to its simplicity, computational efficiency, ability to handle large volumes of data, and effective use of conditional independence between words to calculate probabilities.
- b. **English:** Naive Bayes and SVM. **Selected:** SVM optimized with GridSearchCV. SVM is notable for text processing and spam detection due to its ability to handle high-dimensional spaces, such as text data, find an optimal hyperplane that maximizes class separation, and its robustness against noisy data.

# Resultados y Evaluación

	Naive Bayes (Spanish)	SVM (English) Optimized Parameters: {'C': 10, 'class_weight': None, 'kernel': 'rbf'}`
Precision	0.89	0.98
Recall	0.89	0.98
F1 - Score	0.89	0.98
Confusion Matrix	[[94 15] [ 8 92]]	[[719 13] [ 7 260]]

# **User-Centric Streamlit App**

# **Detección de Spam en Mensajes**

#### Bienvenido a nuestro servicio de detección de spam

Esta aplicación permite detectar si un mensaje es spam o no en inglés y español. Seleccione el idioma, ingrese el texto del mensaje y haga clic en el botón de - Detectar Spam.

Seleccione el idioma del mensaje:

Español		~

#### Ingrese el texto del mensaje a evaluar:

Texto del mensaje:

Quiero conocerte

Detectar Spam

#### Resultado: Spam

Probabilidad de Spam: 64.75%

Probabilidad de No Spam (Ham): 35.25%

#### Bienvenido a nuestro servicio de detección de spam

Esta aplicación permite detectar si un mensaje es spam o no en inglés y español. Seleccione el idioma, ingrese el texto del mensaje y haga clic en el botón de - Detectar Spam.

Seleccione el idioma del mensaje:

nglés	~

#### Ingrese el texto del mensaje a evaluar:

Texto del mensaje:

Amazon prime days

**Detectar Spam** 

#### Resultado: Ham

Probabilidad de Spam: 10.91%

Probabilidad de No Spam (Ham): 89.09%

Desarrollado por Fernando Manzano. Utilizamos técnicas de Machine Learning para ofrecer una detección precisa de spam.

### **Lessons Learned**

**Importance of Organization from the Start:** Ensuring a well-structured approach from the beginning significantly enhances project efficiency and effectiveness.

Diverse Solutions for the Same Problem: Different methods can address the same issue in various ways, highlighting the importance of exploring multiple approaches. Potential of ML and DL Libraries: There is a wealth of capabilities and tools within machine learning (ML) and deep learning (DL) libraries that offer extensive opportunities for innovation and improvement.



## **Future Improvements**

**Include App Functionality Explanation:** Enhance the application by adding a detailed explanation of its workings to improve user understanding and interaction.

Apply to New Cases: Extend the approach to address additional scenarios such as phishing and fraudulent SMS.

Create a Spanish Spam Dataset: Develop a dedicated spam dataset in Spanish to facilitate further research and improvements in this language.

**Improve Models for Error Reduction:** Refine models to address and reduce incorrect predictions, ensuring more

accurate spam detection.

