

Preparation of the TFG manuscript using L^AT_EX

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Abstract: Some examples of the use of L^AT_EX are given. Hope this will prove helpful in preparing the manuscripts for the *Treball Fi de Grau* (TFG).

I. INTRODUCTION

In this document you will find the structure as well as the length of what the *Treball Fi de Grau* (TFG) report is required to have. It uses L^AT_EX in a two-column format and provides an example of what the essay ought to look like, including lists, tables and figures.

The text has to be written in (good) English (compulsory). The length of the report should by no means exceed **five** pages in the present format, all figures, tables, etc..., included. It is important that the two requirements are precisely met. Otherwise the essay will not be considered for evaluation, and will automatically fail with a mark of *Suspès*.

The report must consist of the following parts:

1. Abstract.
2. Introduction.
3. Development sections.
4. Conclusions.
5. Appendix (Optional)
6. Bibliography.

The final score will combine both the advisor and the jury marks. The defense will consist of a 15 minute public presentation before a jury composed by two members. The deadlines as well as the dates for the presentations will be announced in due time. The students are encouraged to stick to the allowed allotted time (15 minutes), since no extra time will, in general, be conceded by the jury members. At any rate, it should be clear that a list of conclusions needs to be read before the presentation is over.

The evaluation will follow the *Rúbriques* (or *Taules d'avaluació*) provided by the TFG Advisory Committee, which will be available to the students prior to the presentation date, well ahead of time. It is highly advisable for the students to read them thorough and carefully, in order to become aware of all the competences that need be assessed to comply with the guidelines of Bologna.

Make sure that the presentation will include:

1. Introduction.
2. Development sections.
3. Conclusions.

You can find all the information concerning the TFG process in,

<https://www.ub.edu/portal/web/fisica/tramit-tfg>

II. EQUATIONS: A FEW EXAMPLES

Let us write a few equations,

$$\Delta = \sum_{i=1}^N w_i (x_i - \bar{x})^2, \quad (1)$$

with a label so that we can refer to it later. For instance you can refer to it as Eq. (1). All equations must be numbered. If needed, you can also produce unnumbered equations.

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{l}{g}}.$$

You can insert equations in the text, like $e^{i\pi} + 1 = 0$; $\frac{df(x)}{dx}$ or you may prefer $\frac{df(x)}{dx}$. You can also write aligned equations,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{du(x)}{dx} + Vu(x) + Wv(x) &= (\lambda + \alpha) u(x) \\ \frac{dv(x)}{dx} + Vv(x) + Wu(x) &= (\lambda - \alpha) v(x). \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

Further examples are,

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla \cdot \vec{E} &= 4\pi\rho \\ \nabla \times \vec{B} - \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t} &= \frac{4\pi}{c} \vec{J} \\ \nabla \times \vec{E} + \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t} &= 0 \\ \nabla \cdot \vec{E} &= 0, \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

as can be found in [3], pag. 14. Also,

$$E = -J \sum_{i=1}^N s_i s_{i+1}. \quad (4)$$

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You can define your own macros to save typing [6]. For example, suppose that you introduce a macro as follows:

```
\newcommand{\E1}{\{\vec{E}(\vec{x},t)\}}
```

Then, by simply typing,

```
\E1
```

you get the electric field $\vec{E}(\vec{x},t)$ printed out (in math mode, of course).

You can write \tilde{x} , \overline{A} ; %, accents: Schrödinger and é, à, À, Martí; calçotada, $A \equiv B$, $\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B}$, $\vec{A} \times \vec{B}$, \vec{v} , \hat{n} , $c \sim d$, $z \approx w$, $\langle x \rangle$, $\langle \psi | X | \psi \rangle$, \hbar , g_{ij} , δ_j^i , $R_{\mu\nu\alpha\beta;\xi}$.

You can also quote references easily, i.e., [4], [5].

A matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad (5)$$

a vector (column)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \sqrt{3} \\ \pi \end{pmatrix}, \quad (6)$$

a row,

$$(p \ q \ r), \quad (7)$$

and a determinant,

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}. \quad (8)$$

Further examples:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx = \sqrt{\pi}, \quad (9)$$

also,

$$\int_a^b f'(x) dx = f(b) - f(a), \quad (10)$$

and so on.

A. Tables and figures

An example of a table is shown in Table I.

Here we try to insert an illustrating figure, Fig. 1. For that you need to have created the figure before, in this case the fig1.pdf file.

TABLE I: Force, area, and pressure data for an experiment with glass syringes.

	Piston 1	Piston 2
Force (N)	4.40	2.25
Area (cm ²)	6.16	3.14
Pressure (N/cm ²)	0.714 ± 0.002	0.716

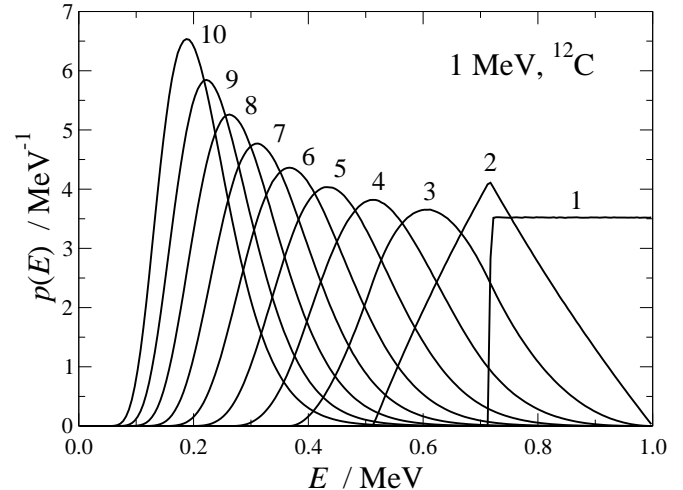


FIG. 1: A sample figure.

III. DEVELOPING SECTIONS

TABLE II: Another table.

M1 (11:45)	Teoria:	Galileo	A11G
	Problemes:	Newton	A11G
(12:45)	Problemes	Planck (M1A)	A11G
	tutoritzats:	Fermi (M1B)	A23M
M2 (8:30)	Teoria:	Clausius	A12G
	Problemes:	Goeppert Mayer	A12G
(9:30)	Problemes	Boltzmann (M2A)	A12G
	tutoritzats:	Maxwell (M2B)	A24M
T1 (18:00)	Teoria:	Gibbs	A12G
	Problemes:	Helmholtz	A12G
(19:00)	Problemes	Bohr (T1A)	A12G
	tutoritzats:	Einstein (T1B)	A24M

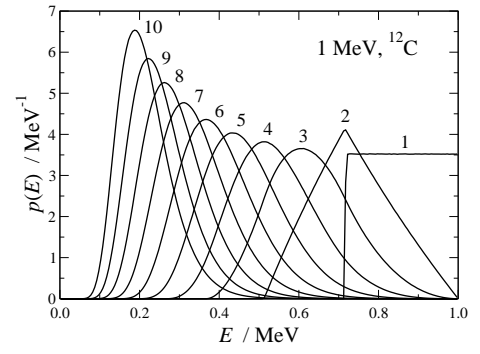


FIG. 2: A sample figure made smaller by changing the width parameter.

A. Subsection 1

This is the first subsection.

B. Subsection 2

IV. CONCLUSIONS

V. APPENDIX

You can add your appendix if needed, or you should like to do so. The following equation,

$$\vec{F} = m\vec{a}, \quad (11)$$

is important in Physics.

Acknowledgments

Be sure to thank your advisor, your colleagues, and granting agencies (e.g. parents, etc...) as well.

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- [1] Helmut Kopka and Patrick W. Daly, *A Guide to L^AT_EX: Document Preparation for Beginners and Advanced Users*, 3rd. ed. (Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA, 1999).
 [2] It is necessary to process a file twice to get the counters correct.
 [3] J.D. Jackson, *Classical Electrodynamics*, (John-Wiley & Sons, New York 1975, 2nd. ed.).
 [4] Hinshaw, G. et al. (WMAP Collaboration). "Five-Year

- Wilkinson Microwave Anisotropy Probe Observations: Data Processing, Sky Maps, and Basic Results". The Astrophysical Journal Supplement **180**: 225–245 (2009).
 [5] Weinberg, S.. "High-Energy Behavior in Quantum Field Theory". Phys. Rev. **118**: 838–849 (1960).
 [6] This is a footnote.