TOSHIO FERRAZARES

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EDUCATION

UC Santa Barbara
Ph.D. Economics, 2025 (expected)
Field(s): Labor Economics, Public Economics

San Diego State University
M.A., Economics, 2019
B.A., Economics, Minor in Mathematics, 2017

JOB MARKET PAPER

"Shift Structure and Cognitive Depletion: Evidence from Police Officers".

Awarded "Best Paper Award" at Southern California Applied Economics Conference

Abstract: Decision-making, risk-taking, and situational awareness are all important factors for effective and equitable policing. However, these factors can also be affected by fatigue, overwork, and cognitive stress, which can accumulate as police officers continue to work. This paper studies how working consecutive days affects police officer outcomes and activity using rich data from the Chicago Police Department. To overcome the endogenous selection of working days, I take advantage of a unique shift structure where working days are predetermined and based on fixed groupings. This is combined with a two-way fixed effects design that leverages within-officer variation across different working days. I find that as officers work more consecutive days, they use more force, make more judgement-based discretionary arrests, and are more likely to be injured. These increases occur despite a decline in proactive policing activities. Officers make fewer arrests, conduct fewer stops, issue fewer citations and tickets, and spend less time actively patrolling as their workdays accumulate. The divergence between use-of-force and policing activity is not driven by changes in arrest types, shift assignments, or officer roles, instead, officers are changing their behavior as they work more days.

PUBLICATIONS

"Monitoring Police with Body-Worn Cameras: Evidence from Chicago", Journal of Urban Economics, 2024.

Awarded "Best Second Year Paper Award" at UC Santa Barbara Economics

Abstract: Using data from the Chicago Police Department on complaints filed by civilians and reports of force filed by officers, this paper estimates the effect of body-worn cameras (BWCs) of officer and civilian behavior. Using a two-way fixed effects design, I find BWCs are associated with a 29% reduction in use-of-force complaints, driven by white officer-black civilian complaints. Additionally, I find a 34% reduction in officers reporting striking civilians and a large though less significant reduction in officer firearm usage, potential mechanisms for the reduction in complaints. Importantly, I find no change in officer injury or force from civilians. However, I find evidence of de-policing as officers make fewer drug-related arrests following BWC adoption.

WORK-IN-PROGRESS

- 1. "The Unintended Consequences of Policing Technology: Evidence from ShotSpotter", with Michael Topper, Under Review.
 - Media Coverage: The Economist, The Chicago Tribune, Stateline

Abstract: Technology is integral to police departments, automating officer tasks, but inherently changing their time allocation. We investigate this by studying ShotSpotter, a technology that automates gunfire detection. Following a detection, officers are dispatched to the scene, thereby reallocating their time. We leverage this shock to officers' time allocation using the rollout of ShotSpotter across Chicago police districts to study the effects on 911 call response. We find substantial consequences, officers are dispatched to calls slower (23%), arrive on-scene later (13%), and the probability of arrest is decreased 9%. Consequently, police departments must evaluate their resource capacities prior to implementing technologies.

- 2. "Have U.S. Gun Buyback Programs Misfired?" with Joseph J. Sabia and D. Mark Anderson, Revisions Requested at Journal of Policy Analysis and Management. NBER Working Paper #28763.
 - Media Coverage: NBC Philadelphia, Reason, CNN, Houston Chronicle, Virginia Public Radio, CATO Institute, Stateline,

Abstract: Gun buyback programs (GBPs), which use public funds to purchase civilians' privately-owned firearms, aim to reduce gun violence. However, next to nothing is known about their effects on firearm-related crime or deaths. Using data from the National Incident Based Reporting System, we find no evidence that GBPs reduce gun crime. Given our estimated null findings, with 95 percent confidence, we can rule out decreases in firearm-related crime of greater than 1.1 percent during the year following a buyback. Using data from the National Vital Statistics System, we also find no evidence that GBPs reduce suicides or homicides where a firearm was involved. These results call into question the efficacy of city gun buyback programs in their current form.

- 3. "Extended Shifts and Productivity: Evidence from 12-Hour Shifts", with Michael Topper.
- 4. "The Stock and Flow of Police Officers in the US", with Michael Topper.
- 5. "Drinking Water Contaminants and Infant Health", with Katherine Grooms, Heather Royer, and Kevin Schnepel.

REFERENCES

Professor Heather Rover UC Santa Barbara Committee Chair heather.royer@ucsb.edu

Placement Director Professor Daniel Martin UC Santa Barbara danielmartin@ucsb.edu Professor Peter Kuhn UC Santa Barbara Committee Member peter.kuhn@ucsb.edu Professor Kevin Schnepel Simon Fraser University Committee Member kevin_schnepel@sfu.ca

HONORS AND AWARDS

2024	Dissertation Summer Fellowship (UCSB)
2023	Gretler Research Quarter Fellowship (UCSB)
2021	Best 2nd Year Paper Award (UCSB)
2019	M.C. Madhavan Prize for Outstanding Student (SDSU)
2017, 20	McCuen Fellowship (SDSU)
2017, 20	Center for Public Economics Scholarship (SDSU)
2017, 20	The Weintraub Paper Award (SDSU)

EMPLOYMENT AND EXPERIENCE

2023-24	Teaching Assistant, Labor Economics, Personnel Economics II
2022-23	Teaching Assistant, Data Wrangling for Economists
2021-Present	Research Assistant, Professor Heather Royer
2020-2021	Teaching Assistant, Intro to Macroeconomics
2019-2020	Teaching Assistant, Intro to Microeconomics
2019-Present	Doctoral Affiliate, Center for Health Economics and Policy Studies
2017-2019	Research Assistant, Professor Joseph Sabia

Technical Expertise: R, Stata, Python, ArcGIS, MATLAB

Referee Service: Journal of Labor Economics

SEMINARS AND CONFERENCES

Southern California Applied Economics Conference (UC Irvine), 2024

 $\hookrightarrow Best\ Paper\ Award\ for\ Shift\ Structure\ and\ Cognitive\ Depletion:\ Evidence\ from\ Police\ Officers$

All California Labor Economics Conference (UC Los Angeles), 2024

WEAI Graduate Student Workshop, 2024

Western Economic Association International, 2023

All California Labor Economics Conference (UC Santa Barbara), 2023

Eastern Economics Association, 2019

Western Economic Association International, 2019

Association for Public Policy Analysis and Management, 2019

Eastern Economics Association, 2018