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Mentorship

Get support and stay on track

Here's the logical expression used to represent Julia's weekend plans:

```
var colt = "not busy";
var weather = "nice";
if (colt === "not busy" && weather === "nice") {
    console.log("go to the park");
}
```

Prints: "go to the park"

Notice the && in the code above.

The & symbol is the logical AND operator, and it is used to combine two logical expressions into one larger logical expression. If **both** smaller expressions are *true*, then the entire expression evaluates to *true*. If **either one** of the smaller expressions is *false*, then the whole logical expression is *false*.

Another way to think about it is when the && operator is placed between the two statements, the code literally reads, "if Colt is not busy AND the weather is nice, then go to the park".

Logical expressions

Logical expressions are similar to mathematical expressions, except logical expressions evaluate to either *true* or *false*.

11 != 12

Returns: true

You've already seen logical expressions when you write comparisons. A comparison is just a simple logical expression.

Similar to mathematical expressions that use +, -, *, / and %, there are logical operators 8.8, || and ! that you can use to create more complex logical expressions.

Logical operators

Logical operators can be used in conjunction with boolean values (true and false) to create complex logical expressions.

By combining two boolean values together with a logical operator, you create a *logical expression* that returns another boolean value. Here's a table describing the different logical operators:

Operator	Meaning	Example	How it works
&&	Logical AND	value1 && value2	Returns true if both value1 and value2 evaluate to true.
П	Logical OR	value1 value2	Returns true if either value1 or value2 (or even both!) evaluates to true.
1	Logical NOT	!value1	Returns the opposite of value1. If value1 is true, then !value1 is false.

By using logical operators, you can create more complex conditionals like Julia's weekend example.





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Logical operators can be used to combine multiple conditional statements into a single statement.

TIP: Logical expressions are evaluated from left to right. Similar to mathematical expressions, logical expressions can also use parentheses to signify parts of the expression that should be evaluated first.

QUESTION 1 OF 3

What value of [BLANK] would make the following expression evaluate to <code>false</code>. Notice the ! right at the beginning!

!([BLANK] === 4) && "STRing" === "STRing"

Returns: false

O -4

4

O "4"

O "-4"

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QUESTION 2 OF 3

Select the operator that would make the following expression evaluate to true.

3 < -10 [BLANK] "James" !== "james"

Returns: true

0 !

- 11

&&

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QUESTION 3 OF 3



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Mentorship Get support and stay on track Logical Operators

true false
false && false
Itrue
(13 > -7) (false == 0)
(10 === "10") && (1 <= 2)
(3 != 6 % 3) && !(24 > 45) && (!false)

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NEXT