

University of Cape Town Department of Computer Science CSC4026Z

Network and Internetwork Security 2021 Practical

1 INTRODUCTION

The following tutorial is the practical component for CSC4026Z and is to be completed in groups of **four**. Please send the names of your group members to Alex Priscu, who is acting as the TA for the course this year. See Section 6 for contact details.

The objective of the practical is to gain experience with cryptographic functions and exercise your knowledge of protocols, specifically exchanging encrypted images with captions between two parties by implementing a small Pretty Good Privacy (PGP) cryptosystem that combines shared key encryption, public-key encryption and certificates. Thus, the system should focus on validating key authenticity and simulating / replicating message confidentiality and authentication aspects of PGP (see course slides for Topic 4, Slide 101 "PGP Cryptographic Functions" as a guide). The Certification Authority role required is more X.509-like than PGP-like.

2 THE TASK

Create two **Client** applications named "Alice" and "Bob" that initially exchange and validate each other's public keys issued by a Certification Authority that they both trust. Thereafter, messages should be transmitted to each other, using the shared key, private key, public key, hashing and compression functions, in the same manner as PGP.

In a communication session, the sender should be able to load an image and encode it into a string format that will serve as part of the message. In addition, a text caption of the image will serve as the other part of the message. Thus, the message prior to applying any cryptographic algorithms should contain a caption of the image and the encoded image. The emphasis is on image transmission; sending only encrypted captions will not earn full marks. See Section 3 for rubric.

To send a message, a Client communication system (based on UDP or TCP) should be established. In a one-way communication session, the two clients can be separated as a sender and a receiver. Enabling Clients to participate in a continuous chat (act as both sender and receiver), i.e., a two-way communication session, earns full marks. See Section 3 for rubric. Communication sessions are initiated in various manners (typically the receiver should listen while the sender initiates communication). Moreover, a Client application may represent a class or separate instance of the system running, as long as there are two entities that may communicate.



It is important to note that the trusted third-party interaction (obtaining certificates from the Certification Authority) does not have to exist as a third Client in your final submission. However, certificates must be generated and exchanged for public-key authentication.

The sending and receiving applications are expected to have:

- A private and public key pair of their own
- The public key of the Certification Authority
- A certificate (containing the client's own public key) signed by the Certification Authority

The sending and receiving applications are expected to:

- Setup a connection for communication
- Exchange certificates
- Load / encode image files and read in captions
- Save decoded strings as a file and display captions
- Encrypt, compress, hash messages (and the reverse)
- Exchange encrypted messages

For testing purposes, please include debugging statements, i.e., output the encrypted message, session key, hashed message etc., along with the decrypted message, decrypted session key etc., to the console so that the system run is clearly documented.

A short write-up (no more than 5 pages) is required to explain and document your cryptosystem implementation, communication connectivity model, key management, choice of cryptographic algorithms, testing procedure and assumptions made. Document how to execute / run the program(s) submitted (this can be written as a separate document i.e., README if needed). Code comments earn one mark in the "Order documented and justified" and the "Overall documentation quality" sections. Messages with only an image and no caption earn seven marks in the "Messages contain caption and image" section, and a one-way communication system earns five marks in the "Messages sent and received both ways" section.

3 ASSESSMENT

To be determined based on running the system and write-up:

- Communications implementation
- Security implementation
- Overall system design and functionality to achieve stated goal
- Evidence of testing



| Section | Total (140) |
|---|-------------|
| Companya ing kitang kanalang antakina | 40 |
| Communications Implementation | 40 |
| Sender and receiver connected (Code) | 5 |
| Messages sent and received both ways (Code) | 10 |
| Messages contain caption and image (Code) | 10 |
| Documentation on communication process (Write-up) | 5 |
| Keys generated, exchanged, decrypted and validated (Code) | 5 |
| Documentation on key exchange process (Write-up) | 5 |
| Security implementation | 30 |
| Message integrity implemented (Code) | 5 |
| Documentation on message integrity (Write-up) | 5 |
| Message authentication implemented (Code) | 5 |
| Documentation on message authentication (Write-up) | 5 |
| Message confidentiality implemented (Code) | 5 |
| Documentation on message confidentiality (Write-up) | 5 |
| Overall system design | 50 |
| Usage of compression (Code) | 5 |
| Documentation on compression (Write-up) | 5 |
| Shared key encrypted appropriately (Code) | 5 |
| Documentation on the shared key used (Write-up) | 5 |
| Correct order of PGP implementation (Code) | 5 |
| Order documented and justified (Write-up and Code) | 5 |
| Overall state of application (does it run to completion) (Code) | 10 |
| Overall documentation quality (Write-up and Code) | 10 |
| Evidence of testing | 20 |
| Debug statements (Code) | 10 |
| Documentation on testing procedure (Write-up) | 10 |

4 CRYPTOGRAPHIC AND IMPLEMENTATION DETAILS

The prescribed programming language for this practical is Java. We do **not** expect you to code your own encryption libraries and thus encourage you to use encryption libraries such as Bouncy Castle for Java. The Java API has some excellent documentation on the security libraries included in the SDK. Public / private key pairs should be created for use with RSA (for public-key encryption) and a shared key generated for use with DES, AES etc. (for shared key encryption).

Cryptography Details:

For asymmetric encryption, we encourage you to use the RSA algorithm in ECB mode with PKCS1 padding. The algorithm specification string in Java is "RSA/ECB/PKCS1Padding". For symmetric encryption, we encourage you to use AES algorithm in CBC mode with PKCS5 padding. The algorithm specification string in Java is "AES/CBC/PKCS5Padding".



As mentioned previously, for evidence of testing and insight, you should ensure that sufficient 'debug' statements are included so that the ciphertext and message components can be viewed.

5 DUE DATE

The system, along with the write-up, is due on **Friday**, **June 25**th, **2021** at **23:59** and must be submitted via Vula.

This practical component makes up 40% of the module assessment.

6 QUERIES

Any queries should be directed to Alex Priscu (TA).

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