

$$T(r, z=0) = T_1$$

Supuestos

- * Estado estacionario
- * Simetría angular $\rightarrow T = T(r, z)$
- Prop. termofísicas constantes.
- Flujo C.D. en la entrada

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial z}(r, z=L) = 0$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \right|_{r=R} = \frac{q_0}{k}$$

$$\Delta r = \frac{R}{N_R} ; \Delta z = \frac{L}{N_z}$$

$N_R + 1$ nodos en R

$N_z + 1$ nodos en z

$$r_i = i \Delta r \quad 0 \leq i \leq N_R ; \quad z_j = j \Delta z, \quad 0 \leq j \leq N_z$$

$$k \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial r^2} \Big|_{i,j} \approx \frac{k(T_{L-1,j} - 2T_{i,j} + T_{i+1,j}))}{\Delta r^2}$$

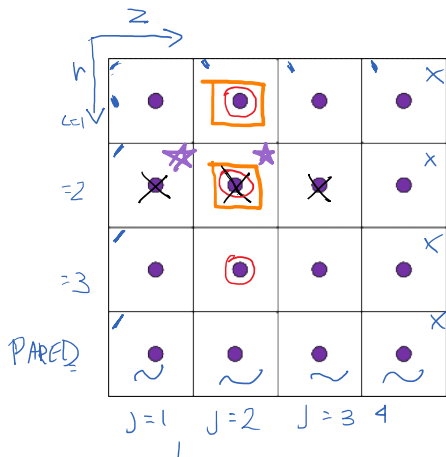
$$k \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial z^2} \approx \frac{k(T_{i,j-1} - 2T_{i,j} + T_{i,j+1}))}{\Delta z^2}$$

$$\frac{k}{r} \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \approx \frac{k}{r_{i,j}} \frac{T_{i-1,j} - T_{i,j}}{\Delta r}$$

$$D \left(1 - \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^2 \right) \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \approx D \left(1 - \left(\frac{r_{i,j}}{R} \right)^2 \right) \frac{(T_{i,j-1} - T_{i,j})}{\Delta z}$$

$$1 \leq i \leq N_{R+1} \quad ; \quad 1 \leq j \leq N_{Z+1}$$

Condiciones de Borde:



$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial r}|_{r=0,z} = 0$$

$$\times \quad \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \Big|_{r,z=L} = 0$$

$$\sim k \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \Big|_{r=R,z} = q_0$$

$$\text{CB2)} \quad \frac{T_{2,j} - T_{1,w}}{\Delta r} =$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{1,j} = T_{2,j}$$

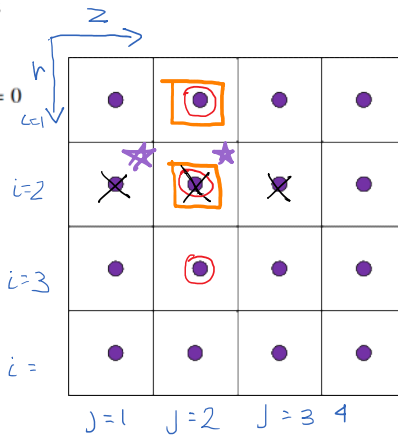
$$\text{CB3)} \quad \frac{T_{i, N_{j+1}} - T_{i, N_j}}{\Delta z} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{i, N_j} = T_{i, N_j + 1}$$

$$CB4): \frac{T_{NR+1,j} - T_{NR,j}}{\Delta r} = \frac{q_0}{k}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{Nr+1,j} = T_{Nr,j} + \frac{q_0 \Delta r}{k}$$

$$\forall j \in [1, \dots, N_{Z+1}]$$



Donc $\Delta r = \frac{R}{N_2 - 1}$; $\Delta z = \frac{L}{N_2 - 1}$

