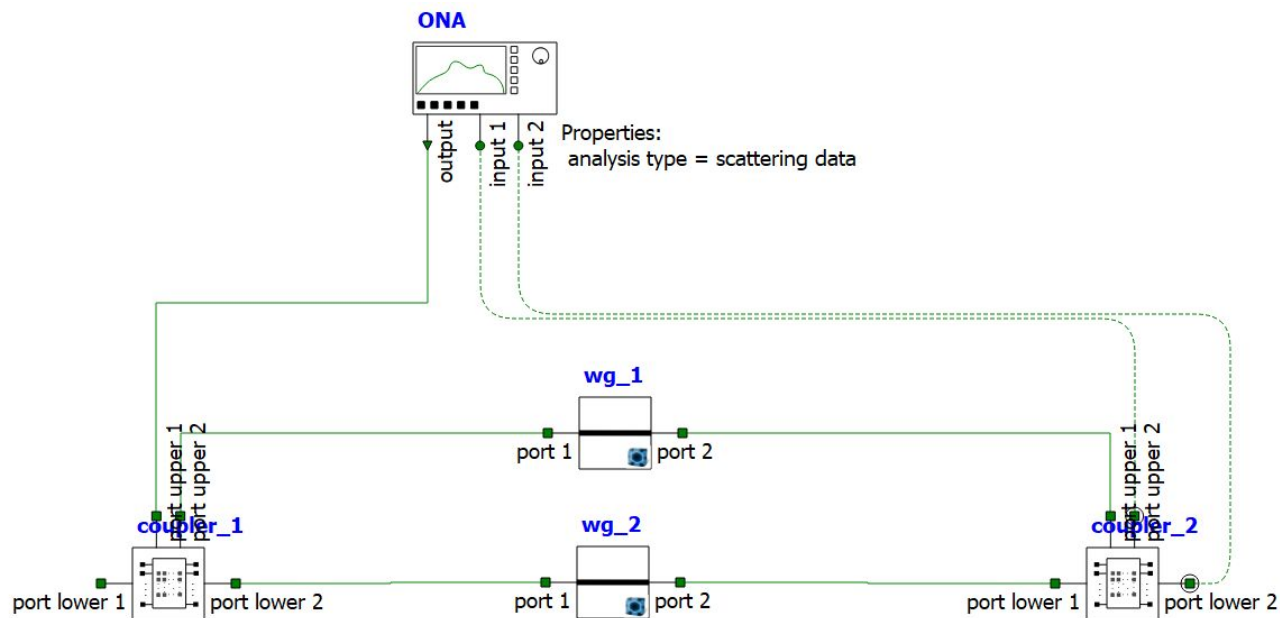




Interferômetro de Mach-Zehnder

Aluno: Luiz Felipe Barros Alves

Esquemático utilizado para simulação no interconnect





Atividades desenvolvidas

Simulação Mode FDE

Guia de onda reto (50 μm):
450x220 nm

Simulação FDTD

Acoplador direcional (50/50):
450x220 nm



Extração de parâmetros

Índice efetivo e índice de grupo
(n_{eff} + ng);

Parâmetros S.



Simulação caso ideal

Curva de transmissão do MZI
($\text{FSR}(\lambda) = 1, 10 \text{ e } 20 \text{ nm}$);

Curva de $\text{FSR}(\lambda)$ x wavelength.



Simulação PDK SiePIC

Curva de transmissão do MZI
($\text{FSR}(\lambda) = 1, 10 \text{ e } 20 \text{ nm}$);

Curva de $\text{FSR}(\lambda)$ x wavelength.

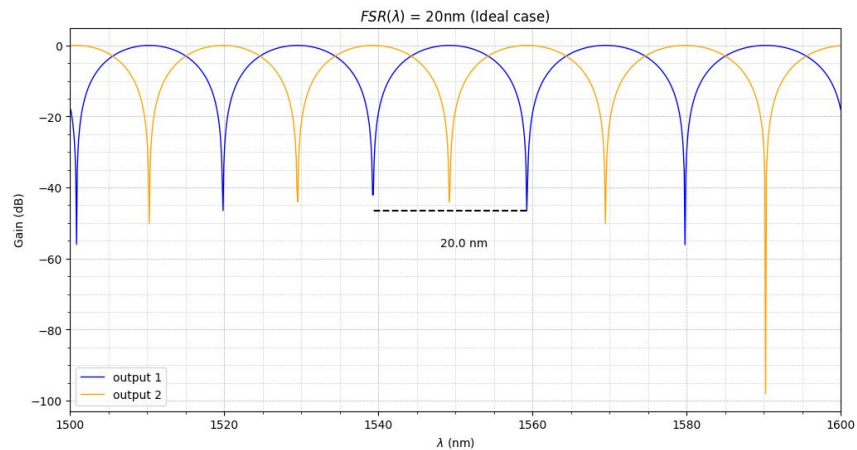
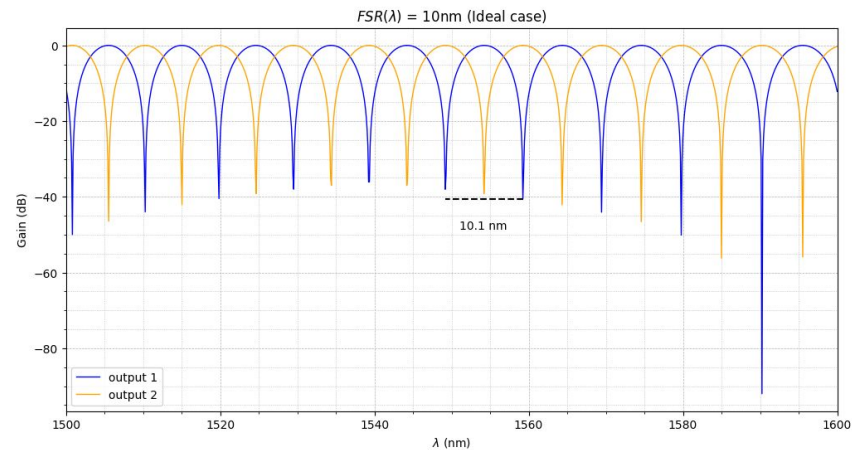
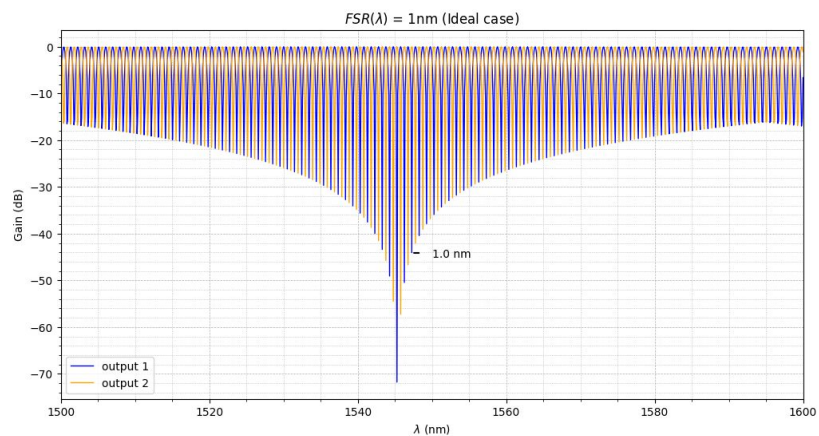


Simulação caso real

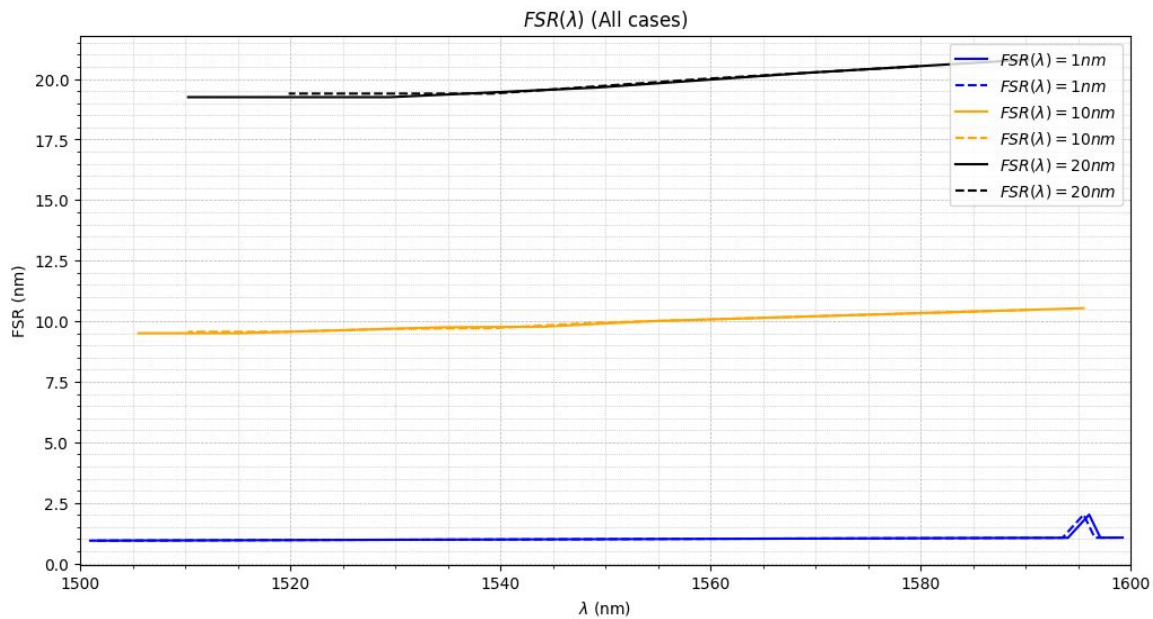
Curva de transmissão do MZI
($\text{FSR}(\lambda) = 1, 10 \text{ e } 20 \text{ nm}$);

Curva de $\text{FSR}(\lambda)$ x wavelength.

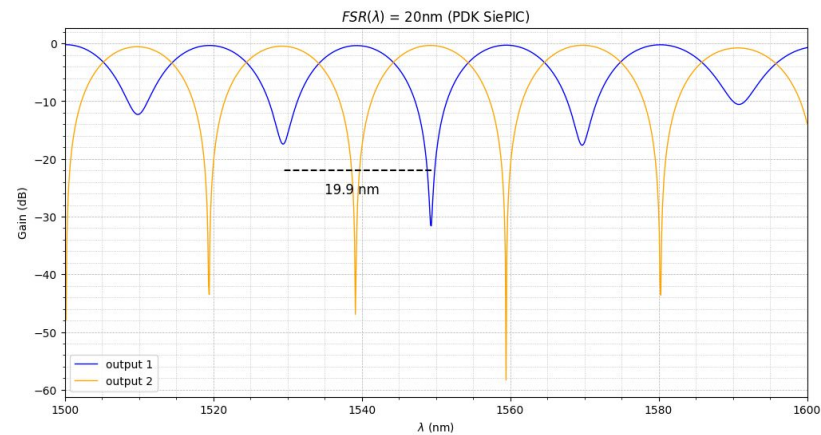
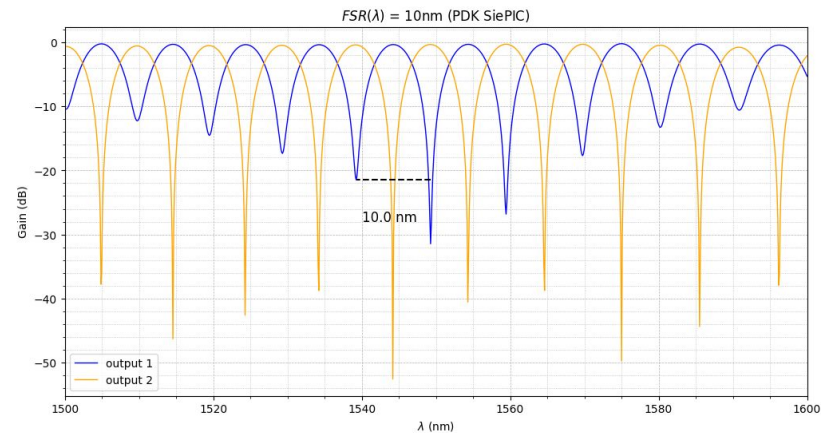
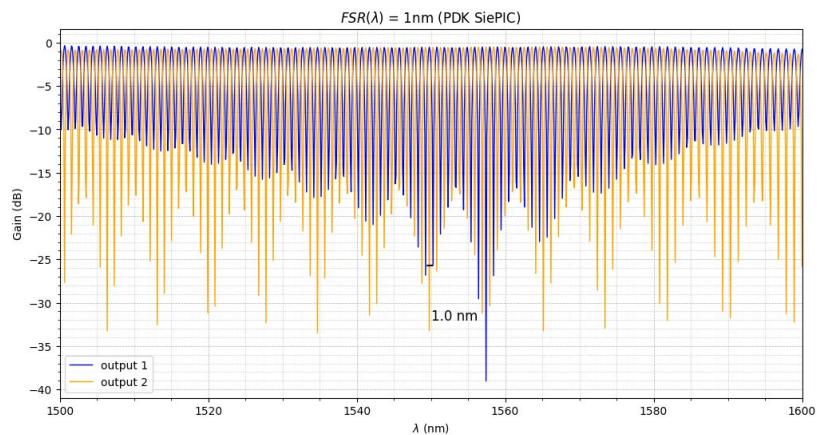
- Caso ideal:



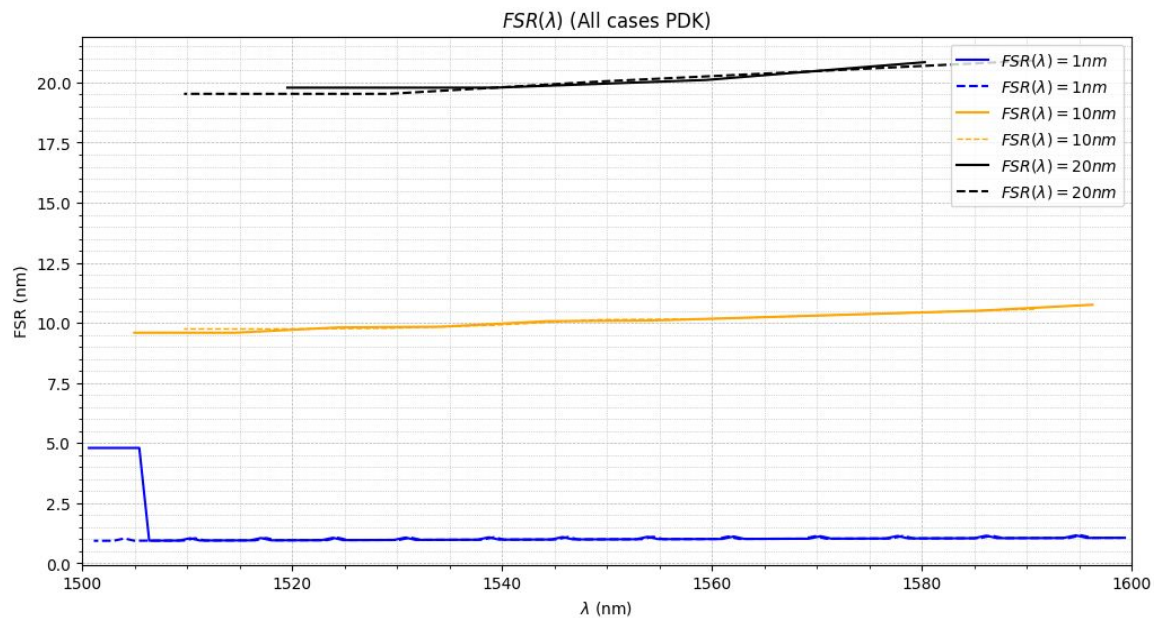
- Caso ideal:



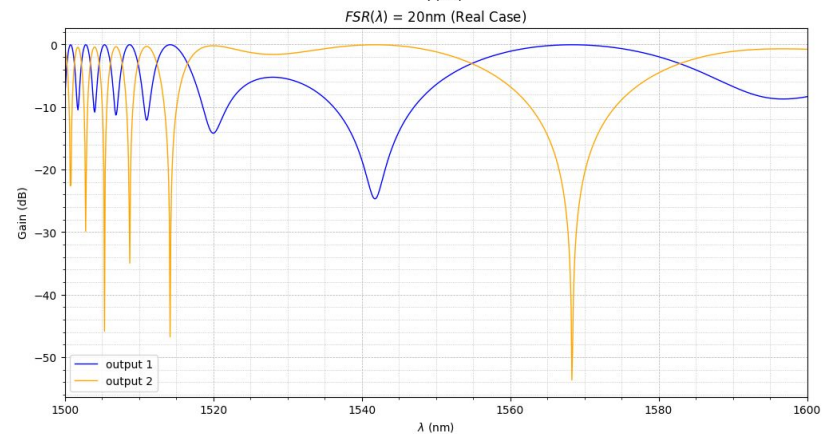
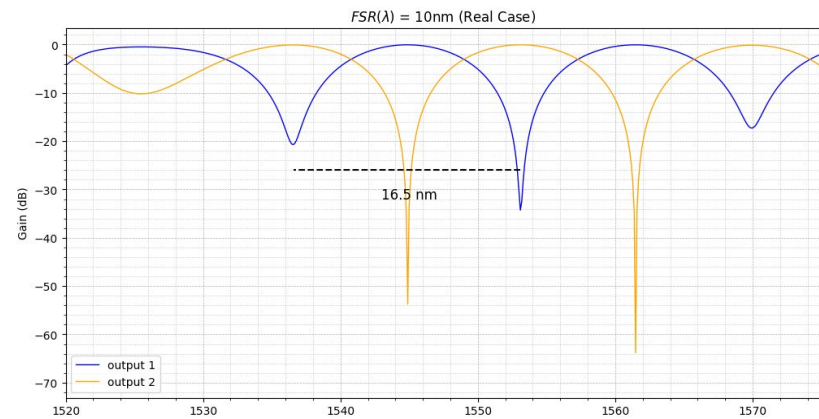
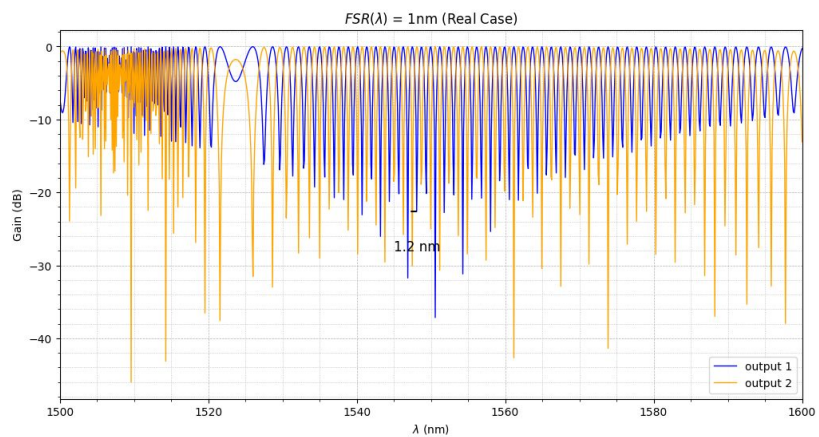
- PDK SiePIC:



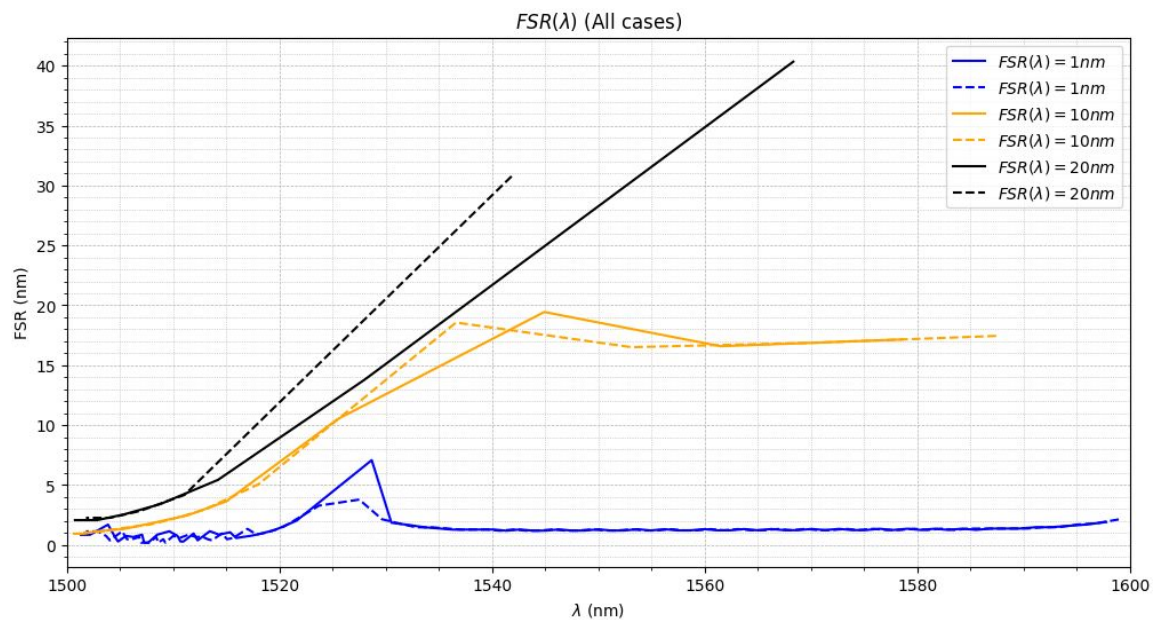
- PDK SiePIC:



- Caso real:



- Caso real:



- Comparação ideal, real e PDK:

