

</> course material:
∠ https://github.com/dominikjung42

Image source:
∠ Pixabay (2019) / ∠ CCO

Agenda

- 1.1 Basics and Repetition
- 1.2 Vaccum Cleaner as Simple Reflex-Agents
- 1.3 Playground: Implement other Agents

Note

- This is a lectorial: I will explain/repeat the most important concepts and then you try to solve the programming task by your own
- You are explicitly encouraged to solve this task in groups. And I will help you and give suggestions. However, there is no perfect solution, you will get a possible solution.
- If the task is too hard for you at the moment relaxe ②. Just look at the task again at a later point in the course.

Recapitulation: Structure of Simple Reflex-Agents

Algorithm: Reflex-Vacuum Agent

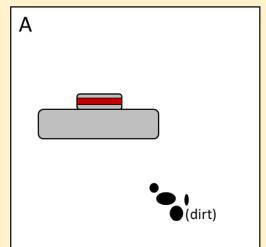
if status = dirty then
 return suck
end

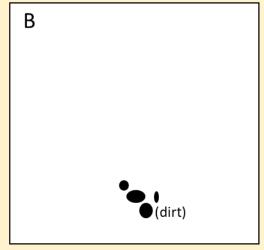
else if location = A then
 return right
end

else if location = B then
 return left
end

What would you change if there are multiple rooms?







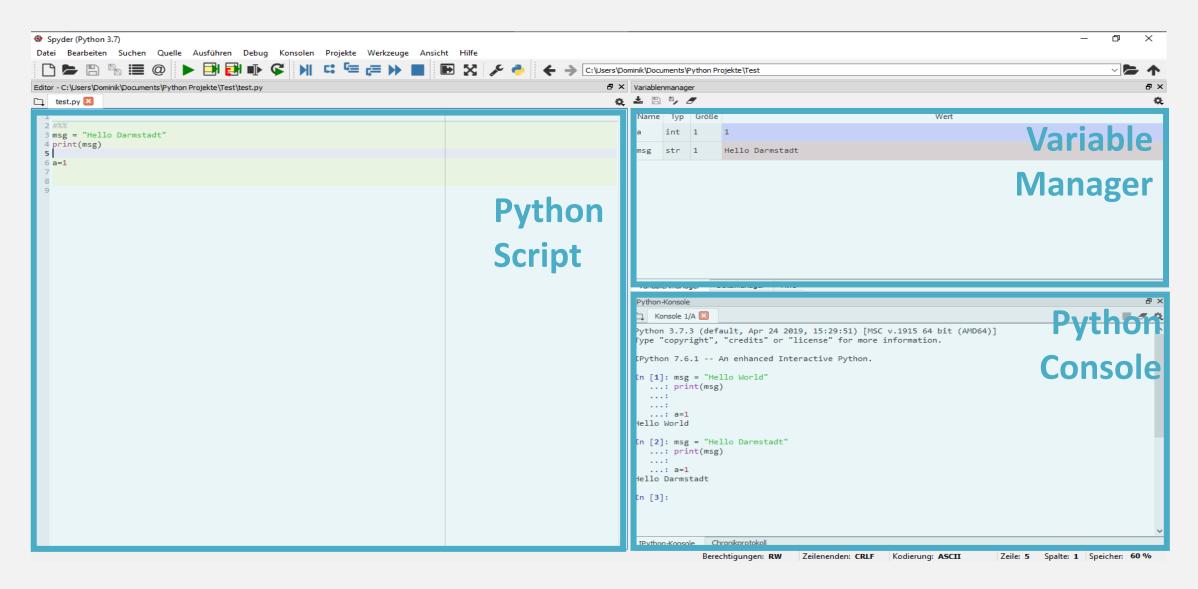
Adapted from Rusell, S., & Norvig, P. (2016)

Implementing Randomness in Python

You can use numpy to generate random integers in the intervall from low to high

```
import numpy
numpy.random.randint(low = 0, high = num_rooms)
```

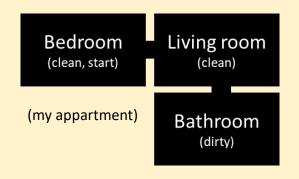
Spyder IDE



You can find the solution of each lectorial online in the git repository if you need some starting help!

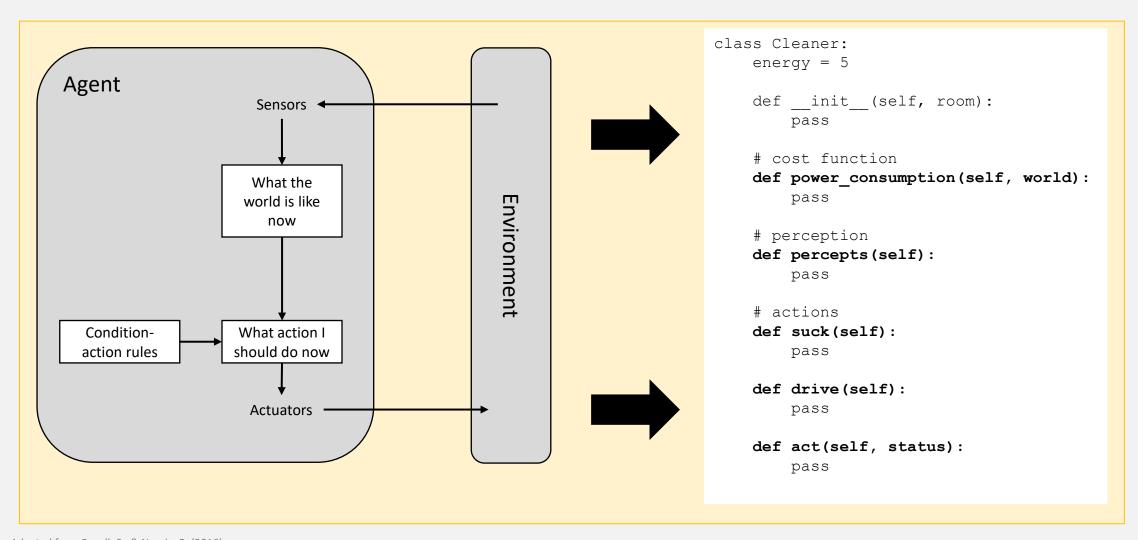
Implement the simple reflex-vacuum agent from the lecture to clean my apartment. Use the following steps as orientation for coding:

1. Define a dictionary vacuum_world and store the room names, neighbor rooms, and cleaning status. Set "Bedroom" as starting point. Use the following map to initialize the vacuum cleaner world:





- 2. Use the agent class on the next slide as template to build your own agent implementing the simple reflex logic from the lecture with e.g. random room selection. Decide for yourself which action will consume energy and reduce energy by one for each of these actions.
- 3. Use a while function to setup an simulation that stops, when the whole world is cleaned up. Use print statements to print the status in the console.



Adapted from Rusell, S., & Norvig, P. (2016)

Coding Session



Implement the simple reflex-vacuum agent from the lecture to clean my apartment. Use the following steps as orientation for coding:

Define a dictionary vacuum_world and store the room names, neighbor rooms, and cleaning status. Set "Bedroom" as starting point. Use the following map to initialize the vacuum cleaner world:





- Use the agent class on the right as template to build your own agent implementing the simple reflex logic from the lecture with e.g. random room selection. Decide for yourself which action will consume energy and reduce energy by one for each of these actions.
- Use a while function to setup an simulation that stops, when the whole world is cleaned up. Use print statements to print the status in the console.

You can find the solution of each lectorial online in the git repository if you need some starting help!

```
class Cleaner:
    energy = 5
    def init (self, room):
        pass
    # cost function
    def power consumption(self, world):
        pass
    # perception
    def percepts(self):
        pass
    # actions
    def suck(self):
        pass
    def drive(self):
        pass
    def act(self, is dirty):
        pass
```

1. Setup world status





•	Key	Values	
	Bedroom	Living room	False
	Living room	Bedroom, Bathroom	False
	Bathroom	Living room	True

Nested list

If you store a list in a list (and even further lists in lists) this is a data structure termed "nested list"

2. Use Cleaner Class Template to Setup Your Agent

```
class Cleaner:
    energy = 5
          init (self, room , vacuum world):
         Set start room and world
    # cost function
    def power consumption(self):
         We will reduce the energy one step for
         each activation of the agent
    # perception
    def percepts(self):
         We will check if the current room is
         dirty or not and return the value
    # actions
    def suck(self):
         We will clean the room (update the
         cleaning status of room in the world)
    def drive(self):
         We will drive to the next room (update
         our position in the world)
    def act(self, dirty):
         Decide what to do based on percepts
```

Algorithm: Reflex-Vacuum Agent

```
if status = dirty then
    return suck
end

else if location = A then
    return right
end

else if location = B then
    return left
end
```

2. Build Agent Logic: Initialization, Cost Function and Perception

```
class Cleaner:
    energy = 5
         init (self, room , vacuum world):
         Set start room and world
    # cost function
    def power consumption(self):
         We will reduce the energy one step for
         each activation of the agent
    # perception
    def percepts(self):
         We will check if the current room is
         dirty or not and return the value
    # actions
    def suck(self):
         We will clean the room (update the
         cleaning status of room in the world)
    def drive(self):
         We will drive to the next room (update
         our position in the world)
    def act(self, is dirty):
         Decide what to do based on percepts
```

```
def __init__(self, room, vacuum_world):
    self.location = room
    self.world = vacuum_world

# cost function
def power_consumption(self):
    self.energy = self.energy-1

# perception
def percepts(self):
    status = self.world[self.location][1]
    self.act(is_dirty)
```

2. Build Agent Logic: Actions and Decision Logic

```
class Cleaner:
    energy = 5
         init (self, room , vacuum world):
         Set start room and world
    # cost function
    def power consumption(self):
         We will reduce the energy one step for
         each activation of the agent
    # perception
    def percepts(self, vacuum world):
         We will check if the current room is
         dirty or not and return the value
    # actions
    def suck(self):
         We will clean the room (update the
         cleaning status of room in the world)
    def drive(self):
         We will drive to the next room (update
         our position in the world)
    def act(self, is dirty):
         Decide what to do based on percepts
```

```
# actions
    def suck(self):
        self.world[self.location][1] = False
        self.power consumption()
    def drive(self):
        neigbor rooms = self.world[self.location][0]
        num rooms = len(neigbor rooms)
        r = numpy.random.randint(low = 0, high = num rooms)
        self.location = neigbor rooms[r]
        print("Drive to next room: {}".format(self.location))
        self.power consumption()
    def act(self, is dirty):
        if(is dirty == True):
            self.suck()
            print("Room {} is dirty, clean room".format(self.location))
        else:
            print("Room {} is clean".format(self.location))
            self.drive()
        print("Energy left: {}".format(self.energy))
        if(self.energy <= 1):</pre>
            self.location = "Bedroom"
            print("Return to docking station: Abort cleaning.")
```

3. Start Simulation

```
dobby = Cleaner(room = "Bedroom", world = vacuum_world)
stop = False
while stop != True:
    world_status = dobby.world.values()

num_dirty_rooms = 0
for room in world_status:
    dirty_rooms = []
    dirty_rooms.append(room[1])
    num_dirty_rooms = sum(dirty_rooms)

if (num_dirty_rooms > 0 and dobby.energy > 1):
    dobby.percepts()
else:
    stop = True
```

```
Room Bedroom is clean
Drive to next room: Living room
Energy left: 4
Room Living room is clean
Drive to next room: Bathroom
Energy left: 3
Room Bathroom is dirty, clean room
Energy left: 2
Finished Cleaning
```



Case

Now implement other agent types, for that purpose expand the simple reflex agent by your own:

- Use another cost_function
- Expand the cleaning map and energy costs
- Implement an other type of agent e.g. an utility-based agent or model-based agent use an specific cleaning strategy (instead of random room selection) and the cost_function to model utility based behavior
- ..

{ Keep
 Coding