Website Design Ranking Using ML

A project report submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of the degree of

Bachelor of Technology

in

Computer Science & Engineering

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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that report entitled "Website Design Ranking Using ML" is a bonafide report of the design project (CS341 - Design Project) presented during V^{th} semester by **Dharwish Raj**, in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of the degree of Bachelor of Technology (B.Tech) in Computer Science & Engineering.

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ABSTRACT

This project attempts to review and rank websites objectively and without any human input. Most website design rankings, if not all, are subjective in nature and curated by human hands and minds. Website Design Ranker attempt to achieve similar results but with computer algorithms for a

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for example: pepole won't be intrested to visit a site if they are berated with adds. Thus adds abo

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for example: pepole won't be intrested to visit a site if they are berated with adds. Thus adds above a degree will be considered as the parameter for ranking.

There are no existing algorithms or methods that manage to analyze and evaluate websites in this way.ve a degree will be considered as the parameter for ranking.

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Website design ranking is usually done by a committee of experts or by mass voting on the internet. This method of ranking can be unfavorable due to the subjectivity of its nature. There are no clear standards on which everyone can definitely agree on and it causes the whole process to be an unfair popularity contest. This project, with its lack of human input and unbiased perspective can be used as an objective basis from where ranking can commence.

Currently, the ranking of the designs are done by the counting of the number of colours contained in a website. This is done by using a web scrapper to scrap the website and obtain the CSS file. The file is then parsed through using a regex method, and is used to find and count hexcodes contained within. The resulting number is then printed and then used as a parameter to rank-based on colour theory-if the website has too few colours or too many colours or if it has just the right amount.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

If words are considered as symbols of approval and tokens of acknowledgement, then let the words play the heralding role of expressing our gratitude. Firstly, we praise the God Almighty for the grace he showered on us during our studies as well as our daily activities.

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We express our sincere gratitude to all faculties of Computer Science Department, **FISAT**. We also thank our parents and friends for supporting in the completion of our project.

> Adhyaksh Guhan Anet Eliza Johny Dharwish Raj Joel J Padayattil

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INTRODUCTION

1.1 Overview

The website design is an important factor in the growth of that website. It makes a difference on how the target audience view the business or company. So website design ranking is important for the audience to choose the best website. Recently this ranking is done manually by looking into the websites by a group of people.

Ranking of website design manually is a difficult and time consuming method. Website Design Ranker can overcome this difficulty by automating the ranking mechanism. Since a perfect model for website ranking is not in practice this follows ranking according to submissions by critics. Website Design Ranker reduces the difficulty and increases the accuracy in ranking since it is using an algorithm for ranking.

Website Design Ranker will rank set of input websites based on certain parameters. Too many colors can create a sense of confusion. As colour is an important factor to attract as well as repel the audience of a website. So the Website Design Ranker uses colour as a parameter to rank different websites accordingly.

1.2 Scope of Project

There was no existing methodology for analyzing and evaluating website designs. The method which followed until this time was based on submissions by the critics. This method can be replaced by our automated system to rank website design based on the different parameters, say colour, grid etc.

RELATED WORK

2.1 Google Page Layout Algorithm

Google introduced Page Layout Algorithm to analyze website readability.[1] It looks for the layout of the web page and the amount of content we see in the page once we click on a result.[1] It focuses to reduce the difficulty of users to find the actual content.[1] The websites which does not have a lot of visible content above-the-fold and dedicates a large fraction (above a normal degree) to ads, will be affected.[1]

Determine the old design of the website. If a website has many advertisements above the fold(the part of page that is visible on the screen when the page first loads before scrolling)then it is considered as the first drawback. Else if a website has a large flash animations or other non-content elements that forces users to scroll to see the content, then that will be the next drawback. If there is specific amount of ads and content of website required for audience, there will be no drawback. These drawbacks will affect the ranking process. If these conditions are met the website ranks a low rank. Else its rank will be considerabily high.



Figure 2.1: One of the criteria of GPL Algorithm^[Fig:1]

DESIGN and IMPLEMENTATION

3.1 Design

Website Design Ranker will rank set of input websites based on certain parameters. The parameters we are focusing on are color and grid. Then we move on for public review. This will be helpful in finding the best website among list of websites. The website design can be compared with other competing websites. This show a website's design may improve in an area.

3.1.1 Algorithm

- 1. Start.
- 2. Using a website scraper to accept the various website addresses.
- 3. Scraping through the source code of each website via CSS files.
- 4. Find the hex codes of all elements of the website and count them with a count variable.
- 5. If count == 0 then give mark as 0.
- 6. else if count is greater than or equal to 5, then also give mark as 0.
- 7. If the count is less than or equal to 5, then the mark provided will be 1.
- 8. Stop.

3.1.2 System Requirements

Software Requirements

• Operating System: LINUX OS

• Language: Python Language

Hardware Requirements

• Processor : Intel core i3, i5

• RAM: 8 GB

• Hard Disk: 1 TB

3.2 Implementation

3.2.1 Data Flow Diagram - Level 0



On the basis of colour theory, we count the number of colours to determine the ranking of the website. Too few colours, then the website is extremely simple and too boring. Too many colours, then the website is over-designed and busy. The system works by scrapping CSS file of different websites using webscrapper and from that CSS files it find and count the hexcodes of websites using regular expression. This count is used to rank the websites accordingly. Websites with too many and too few colours are ranked less and those with a specific count of colours are ranked high.

3.2.2 Webscraping using Beautifulsoap

- It is an HTTP request which is sent to the URL of webpage that we are to access. In return the server respont by returning HTML contents. Here a third party library is used for request.
- When we access the HTML contents, then we move to the task of parsing data. As the HTML data is nested one need a parser.
- Many HTML parser libraries are available, but the most advanced is html5lib.
- Now, all we have to do is navigate to the Parse Tree we created, For this, we will use another third party Python Library Beautiful Soup. It is a Python library for extracting data from HTML and XML files.

3.2.3 Website Design Survey using PHP

- In order to create a reasonable rank parameter, data was needed to justify and inform its use.
- As such, a survey was created where the participant pool was large enough such that, an accurate aggregate of data could be extrapolated
- The survey itself was created using php and was hosted as a website where participants would be shown screenshots of the main page of certain websites and then asked to rank from 1 to 5 stars.
- After the survey was completed, the aggregate of the end rankings of the highest ranked websites were used as the rank parameter for the main website design ranker.

TESTING

Testing was done in several stages of this project. It was helpful to determine suitable language and library to collect data from different websites to find out ranking

Scrapping CSS codes from websites 4.0.1

- A website template's 'style.css' file was downloaded and then used as subject to testing the colour counting code.
- A website was created to have public ranking of various websites with a possible ranking of 1-5 (1 being the lowest, 5 the highest). This could then be used as ranking data for the program.

4.0.2 Website Survey using PHP

Website Design Review: User Review

Hello, thank you for participating in this survey for website design ranking. Please follow these guidelines while you are participating

>

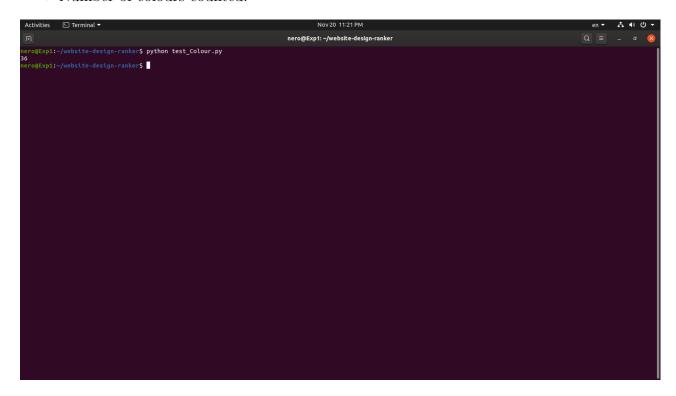
- Once the survey begins, carefully observe the given website's main page
 According to your subjective tastes, please rate from 1-5 stars (1 being the lowest, 5 being the high)
- According to your subjective tastes, please rate from 1-5 stars (1 being the lowest You may vote only once
 After voting, click the next button and repeat the same steps for the next website

start survey

- The survey was designed such that each person could only vote for each website once and then move on to the next one until it was complete.
- Each participant was asked to vote based on their own subjective tastes. This would be counterintuitive if it were not for the large participation pool from where the aggregate data could be extrapolated.

RESULTS

• Number of colours counted:



CONTRIBUTIONS

- Dharwish Raj Creation of website for public ranking and code correction
- Adhyaksh Guhan Creation of code for colour counting and spell checking
- \bullet Joel J Padayattil Creation of UI using PyQT5
- Anet Eliza Johny Proposed and Implemented basic algorithm

CONCLUSION

A Website Design Ranker is an automated method to rank websites based on their design by comparing certain parameters. Here we can see the logical differences in the approaches that our algorithm takes versus any existing methods. To make ranking easier, the Website Design Ranker uses an algorithm to rank websites based on parameter colour.

Nowadays, ranking websites is done manually by a committee or a group of people. To avoid or to reduce the human involvement, Website Design Ranker is a suitable method. In this report, we have discussed our approach to rank a website design.

Bibliography

[1] Google Page Layout Algorithm: Everything You Need to Know https://www.searchenginejournal.com/google-algorithm-history/page-layout/close

Appendices

Appendix A

Sample Code

```
import re
with open('style.css') as f:
file\_contents = f.read()
regex = r':?.(\#[0-9a-fA-F]\{6\}|\#[0-9a-fA-F]\{3\})'
result = re.findall(regex, file\_contents)
print(len(set(result)))
```