We have pre-calculated the order in which the flight arrive in each node $x \in V$, and we say that, if there is a conflict, then $x_{i,j} = 0$ means that $x_{j,i} = 1$ and then that the flight i pass before flight i If there are no conflict $x_{i,j} = x_{j,i} = -1$

```
Require: graph G = (V, E), set of flight F, path of each flight P_i \forall i \in F,
  conflict variable x_{i,j} (see above), t(s,i)\forall i \in F, \forall s(P_i) starting time for the
  initial node of the path
Ensure: interval of safe earliest time for flight can traverse node v \in V
  {create the hypergraph}
  G' = (V, A, A') \leftarrow (V, A, \emptyset)
  for all i \in F do
     for all j \in F do
        if P_i \cap P_j \neq \emptyset then
           for all x \in P_i \cap P_j do
             if x_{i,j} = 0 then
                a \leftarrow \operatorname{prec}_i(x), x
                a.\text{flight} \leftarrow i
                A' \leftarrow A' \cup a
              end if
           end for
        end if
     end for
  end for
  {define t}
  for all i \in F do
     for all x \in V : x \notin s(P_i) do
        t(x,i) = -1
     end for
  end for
  for all i \in F do
     for (x,y) \in P_i do
        if \exists z:(z,y)\in A' then
           BackPropagation(G', z, (z, y).flight, \emptyset)
        else
           propagate time
        end if
     end for
  end for
```

```
Require: hyper-graph G' = (V, A, A'), node x to back-propagate, flight f, set of considered flight Cf

Ensure: interval of safe earliest of x

if z is a starting point then

return propagated time

end if

if \exists z: (z, x) \in A' then

CF \leftarrow CF \cup (z, x).flight

T \leftarrow \text{BackPropagation}(G', x, x.\text{flight}, Cf)

else

T \leftarrow \text{BackPropagation}(G', z, f, \emptyset)

end if

return propagate time using T
```

Idee propagazione: usare range permesso, quindi impostare nei nodi di conflitto le velocità e trattare negli altri posti tramite propagazione raggiungere gli altri, per i successivi non è un problema dato che dobbiamo attendere quelli che vengono prima.

For latest time, just use inverse the order of the path and some other small differences.