openresty-lua-redis

参考地址: https://github.com/openresty/lua-resty-redis

1。新建nginx配置文件:nginx-openresty-lua-redis.conf

```
指定配置文件:启动命令
[root@localhost nginx]# ./sbin/nginx -p ./ -c conf/nginx-openresty-lua-redis.conf
文件内容:
[root@localhost nginx]# cat conf/nginx-openresty-lua-redis.conf
worker_processes 1;
error_log logs/error.log;
events {
  worker_connections 1024;
http {
  include
             mime.types;
  default_type application/octet-stream;
  sendfile
              on;
  keepalive_timeout 65;
  server {
    listen
             8082;
    server_name localhost;
    location / {
         default_type text/html;
         content_by_lua_file /usr/local/openresty/nginx/lua/lua-openresty-redis.lua;
文件目录
[root@localhost nginx]# pwd
/usr/local/openresty/nginx
[root@localhost nginx]#
```

2。修改lua文件:

```
[root@localhost lua]# cat lua-openresty-redis.lua
-- 引用resty的redis
local redis = require "resty.redis";
local red = redis:new();
-- 连接redis
local ok,err = red:connect("127.0.0.1",6379);
if not ok then
     ngx.say("faild to connect",err);
     return
end
ok,err = red:set("dKey","dValue");
if not ok then
     ngx.say("failed to set dKey",err);
     return
end
ngx.say("dKey set dValue success")
return
[root@localhost lua]#
```

读取redis的key对应的值

```
[root@localhost lua]# cat lua-openresty-redis.lua
-- 引用resty的redis
local redis = require "resty.redis";
local red = redis:new();
-- 连接redis
local ok,err = red:connect("127.0.0.1",6379);
if not ok then
     ngx.say("faild to connect",err);
     return
end
ok,err = red:set("dKey","dValue");
if not ok then
     ngx.say("failed to set dKey",err);
     return
end
ok,err = red:get("dKey")
if not ok then
     ngx.say("dKey is null")
else
     ngx.say("dKey's value is:"..ok)
end
```

```
return
[root@localhost lua]#
```

分析OpenResty响应信息:

目的:为了修改以后的响应信息。

```
server {
    listen 8081;
    location / {
        default_type text/html;
        content_by_lua_block {
            ngx.say("hi block");
        }
    }
}
```

获取请求参数信息:

修改nginx-param.conf

```
[root@localhost nginx]# ./sbin/nginx -p ./ -c conf/nginx-param.conf
[root@localhost nginx]# cat conf/nginx-param.conf
worker_processes 1;
error_log logs/error.log;
events {
  worker_connections 1024;
}
http {
  include
             mime.types;
  default_type application/octet-stream;
  server {
    listen 8081;
    location / {
         default_type text/html;
         content_by_lua_file /usr/local/openresty/nginx/lua/lua-http-param.lua;
  }
```

```
}
[root@localhost nginx]#
```

lua-http-param.lua

结合redis实践一下:

获取请求头参数

获取http请求中header参数。

lua脚本:

```
[root@localhost lua]# cat lua-header-param.lua
-- 获取header参数
local headers = ngx.req.get_headers();
for k,v in pairs(headers)
```

```
do
ngx.say("[header] key:",k," value:",v);
end
[root@localhost lua]#
```

nginx配置修改

```
[root@localhost conf]# cat nginx-param.conf
worker_processes 1;
error_log logs/error.log;
events {
  worker_connections 1024;
http {
  include
             mime.types;
  default_type application/octet-stream;
  server {
    listen 8081;
    location / {
         default_type text/html;
         content_by_lua_file /usr/local/openresty/nginx/lua/lua-header-param.lua;
  }
[root@localhost conf]#
```

获取post body 键值对参数

nginx配置文件

```
[root@localhost conf]# cat nginx-param.conf
worker_processes 1;
error_log logs/error.log;
```

lua代码

获取body体信息

lua脚本:

```
[root@localhost lua]# cat lua-post-body-param.lua
-- 获取body体参数
-- 所有获取body的操作,这个很重要
ngx.req.read_body();
```

```
local body = ngx.req.get_body_data();
ngx.say(body);
[root@localhost lua]#
```

nginx配置文件

```
[root@localhost conf]# cat nginx-param.conf
worker_processes 1;
error_log logs/error.log;
events {
  worker_connections 1024;
http {
  include
             mime.types;
  default_type application/octet-stream;
  server {
    listen 8081;
    location / {
         default_type text/html;
         content_by_lua_file /usr/local/openresty/nginx/lua/lua-post-body-param.lua;
}
[root@localhost conf]#
```