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**Semester:**

SP24 (Semester 4)

**Section:**

SP23-BAI-A

## **Dataset Description:**

### **Air Quality Dataset (Regression)**

- Size: 9358 data points.
- Features: 12 and 1 Target Label.
- Target Variable: Nox(GT) concentration (regression task).
- Train/Test Split: 90% training, 10% testing.

### **Fashion-MNIST (Classification)**

- Size: 60,000 training images, 10,000 test images.
- Features: 28x28 grayscale images (784 pixels).
- Classes: 10 categories.
- Train/Test Split: 60,000 training, 10,000 test images.

### **CIFAR-10 (Classification)**

- Size: 60,000 images (50,000 training, 10,000 test).
- Features: 32x32 RGB images.
- Classes: 10.
- Train/Test Split: 50,000 training, 10,000 test images.

## **Model Details**

### **Regression (ANN)**

- **Model Architecture:**
  - **Input Layer:** Size = 12
  - **Hidden Layer 1:** 128 neurons, ReLU activation.
  - **Hidden Layer 2:** 64 neurons, ReLU activation.
  - **Output Layer:** 1 neuron.

### **Classification (ANN)**

- **Model Architecture:**
- Model 1:
  - **Input Layer:** Size = 784 neurons (28x28 pixels).
  - **Hidden Layer 1:** 128 neurons, Relu activation.
  - **Hidden Layer 2:** 64 neurons, Relu activation.
  - **Output Layer:** 10 neurons, Softmax activation.

- Model 2:
  - **Input Layer:** Size = 784 neurons (28x28 pixels).
  - **Hidden Layer 1:** 256 neurons, Relu activation.
  - **Hidden Layer 2:** 128 neurons, Relu activation.
  - **Output Layer:** 10 neurons, Softmax activation.
- Model 3:
  - **Input Layer:** Size = 784 neurons (28x28 pixels).
  - **Hidden Layer 1:** 64 neurons, Relu activation.
  - **Hidden Layer 2:** 32neurons, Relu activation.
  - **Output Layer:** 10 neurons, Softmax activation.

### Classification (CNN)

- **Model Architecture:**
- Model 1:
  - **Convolutional Layer 1:** 32 filters, 3x3 window, ReLU activation.
  - **Max Pooling:** 2x2.
  - **Convolutional Layer 2:** 64 filters, 3x3 window, ReLU activation.
  - **Max Pooling:** 2x2.
  - **Flatten Layer:** Converts 3D output to 1D.
  - **Dense Layer:** 128 neurons, ReLU activation.
  - **Dropout Layer:** 0.3
  - **Output Layer:** 10 neurons, Softmax activation.
- Model 2:
  - **Convolutional Layer 1:** 32 filters, 3x3 window, ReLU activation.
  - **Max Pooling:** 2x2.
  - **Convolutional Layer 2:** 64 filters, 3x3 window, ReLU activation.
  - **Max Pooling:** 2x2.
  - **Convolutional Layer 1:** 128 filters, 3x3 window, ReLU activation.
  - **Max Pooling:** 2x2.
  - **Flatten Layer:** Converts 3D output to 1D.
  - **Dense Layer:** 128 neurons, ReLU activation.
  - **Dense Layer:** 64 neurons, ReLU activation.

- **Dropout Layer:** 0.5
- **Output Layer:** 10 neurons, Softmax activation.
- **Model 3:**
  - **Convolutional Layer 1:** 64 filters, 3x3 window, ReLU activation.
  - **Max Pooling:** 2x2.
  - **Convolutional Layer 2:** 128 filters, 3x3 window, ReLU activation.
  - **Max Pooling:** 2x2.
  - **Flatten Layer:** Converts 3D output to 1D.
  - **Dense Layer:** 256 neurons, ReLU activation.
  - **Dropout Layer:** 0.4
  - **Output Layer:** 10 neurons, Softmax activation.

## Training Configurations

### Regression Model (ANN)

- **Optimizer:** SGD
- **Learning Rate:** 0.001
- **Batch Size:** 20
- **Epochs:** 50
- **Loss Function:** Mean Squared Error (MSE)

### Classification Model (ANN)

- **Optimizer:** Adam
- **Learning Rate:** 0.001, 0.005, 0.0005
- **Epochs:** 5 per model
- **Loss Function:** Cross-Entropy Loss

### Classification Model (CNN)

- **Optimizer:** Adam
- **Learning Rate:** 0.001, 0.001, 0.0005
- **Batch Size:** 64
- **Epochs:** 5 per model
- **Loss Function:** Categorical Cross-Entropy Loss

## Performance Metrics

### Regression Model (ANN)

- **MSE (Mean Squared Error):** 1.02
- **MEA (Mean Absolute Error):** 0.70

#### **Classification Model (ANN)**

- **Model 1 Accuracy:** 0.86
- **Model 2 Accuracy:** 0.84
- **Model 3 Accuracy:** 0.87

#### **Classification Model (CNN)**

- **Model 1 Accuracy:** 0.69
- **Model 2 Accuracy:** 0.69
- **Model 3 Accuracy:** 0.72

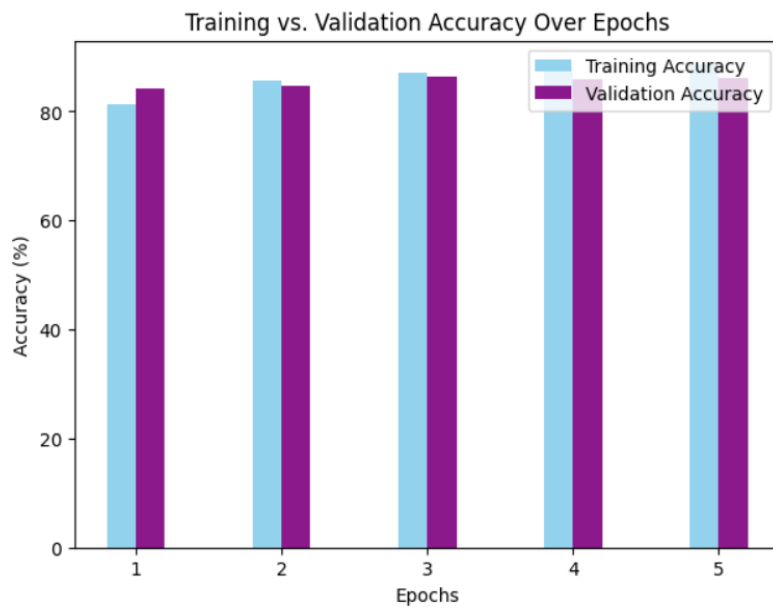
### **Visualizations:**

#### **Regression Plot:**

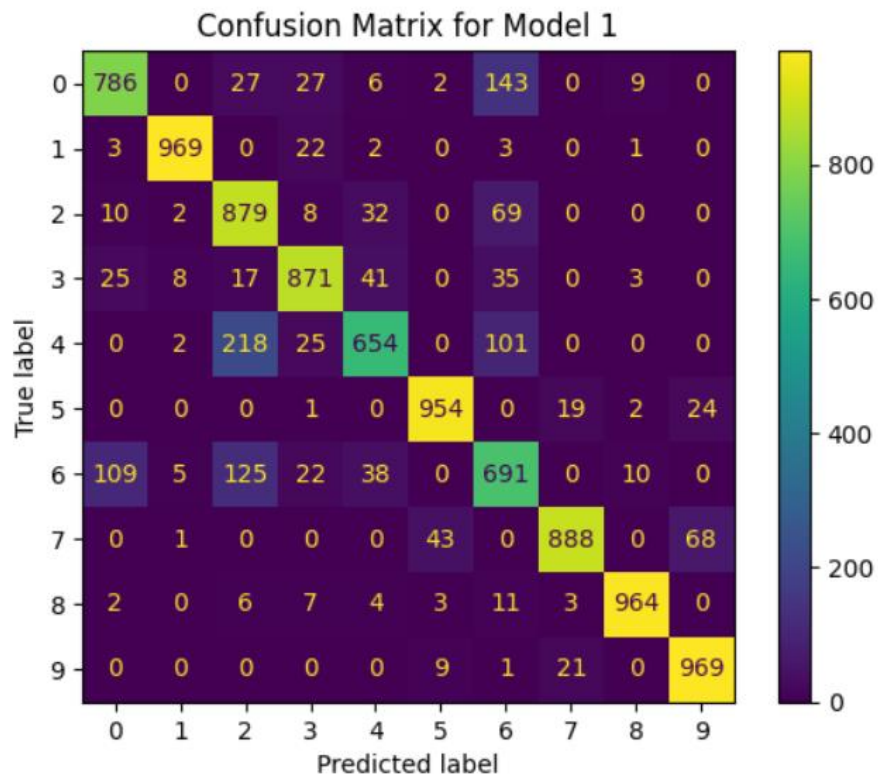


#### **Classification (ANN):**

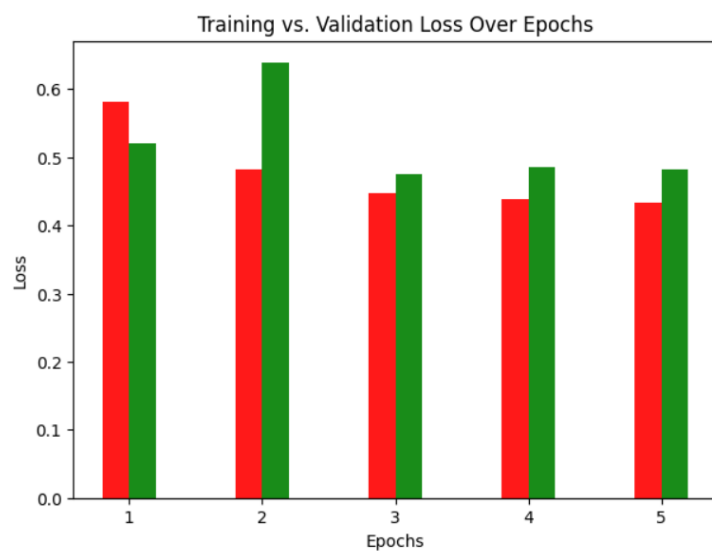
##### **Model 1:**

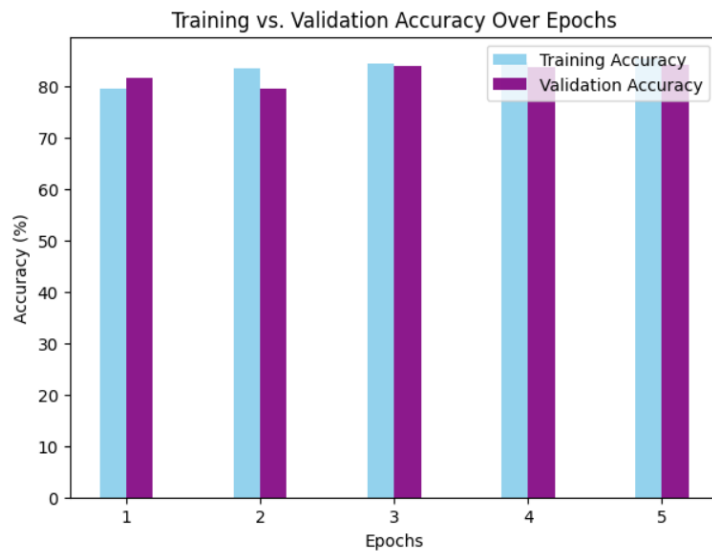


**Confusion Matrix:**

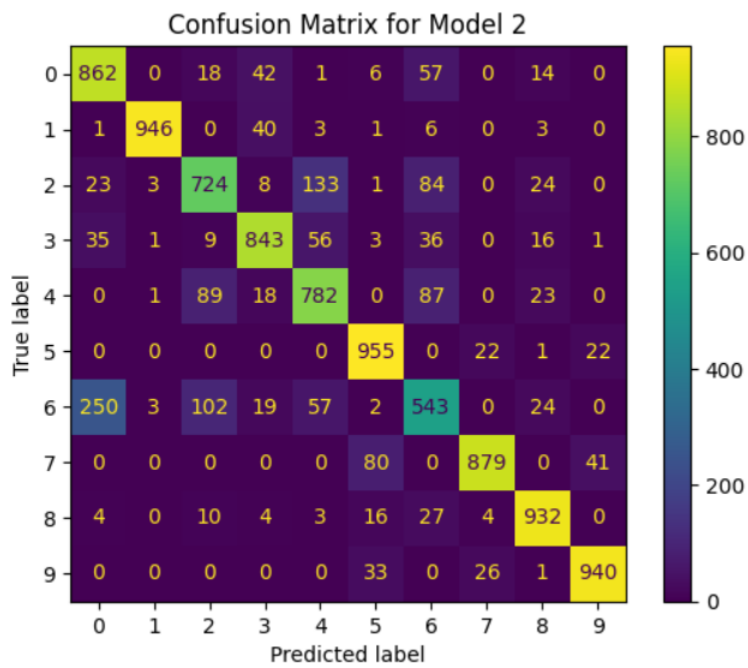


## Model 2:



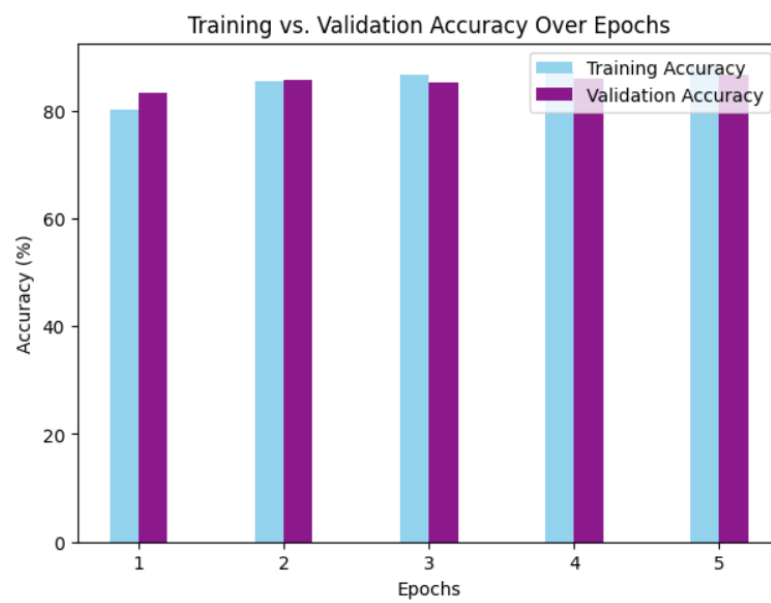


### Confusion Matrix:

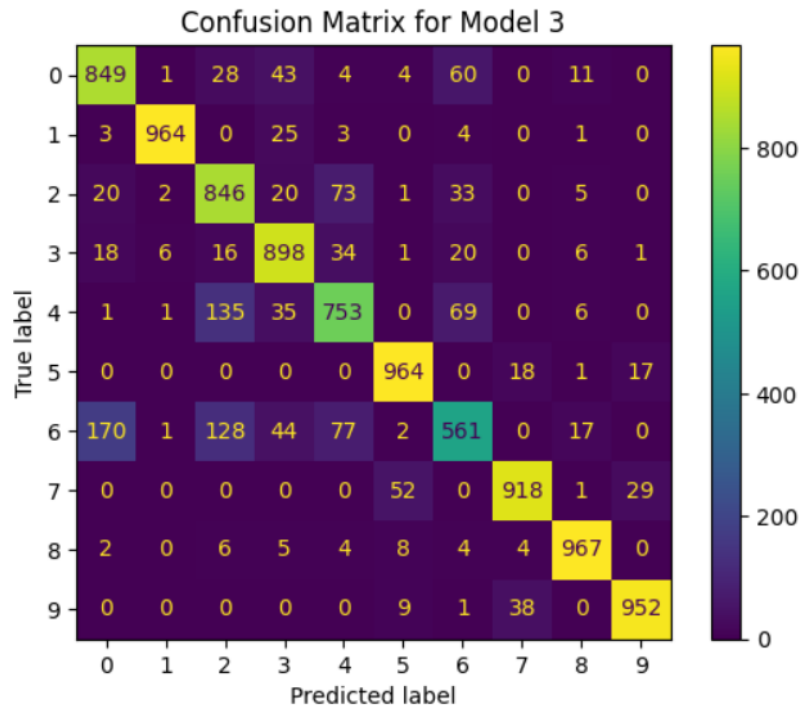


### Model 3:





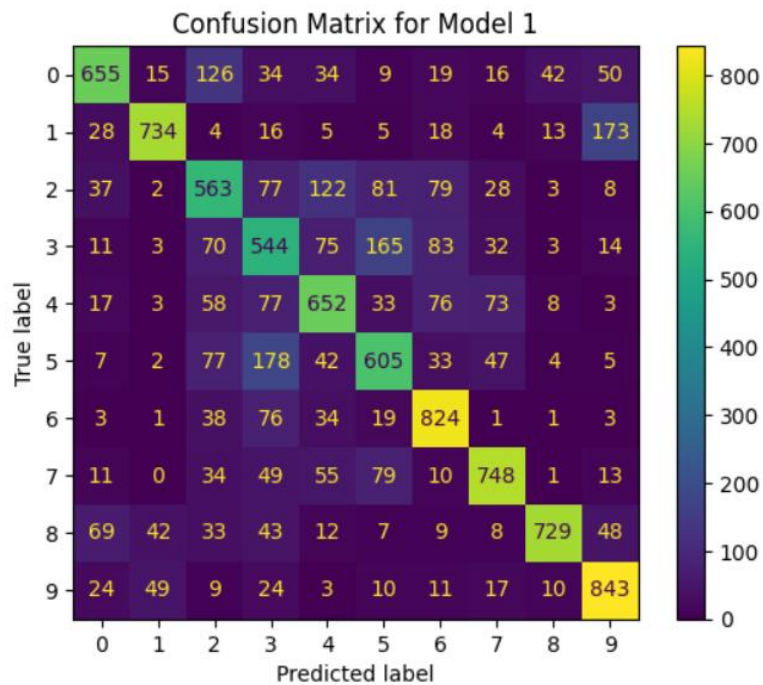
**Confusion Matrix:**

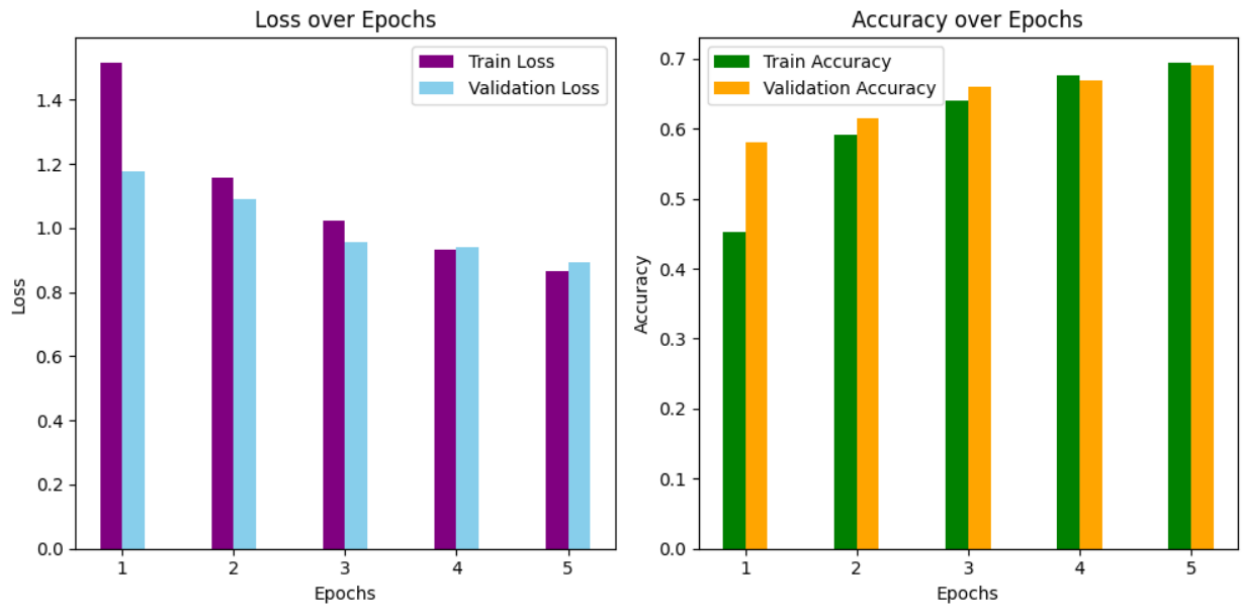


Classification (CNN):

Model 1:

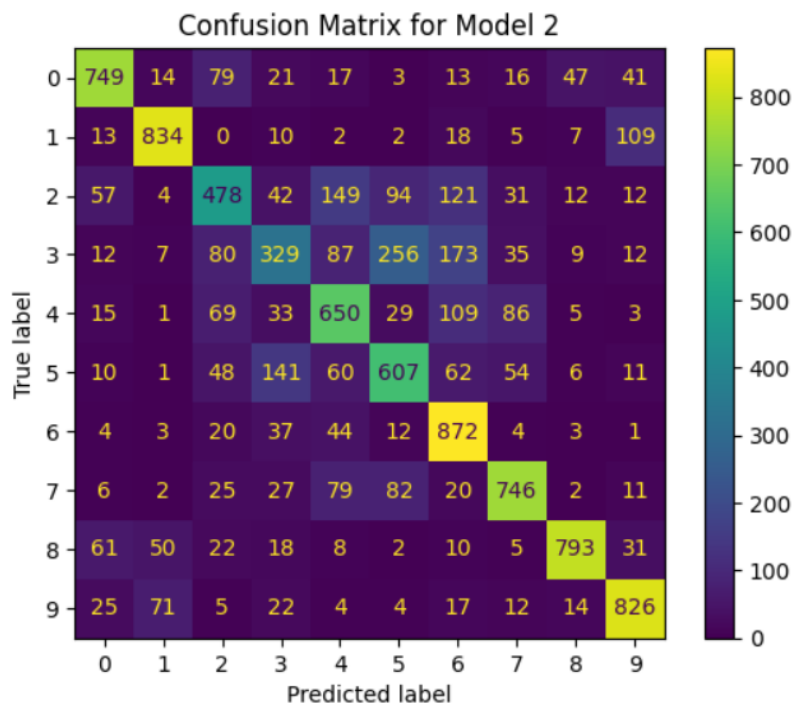
Confusion Matrix:

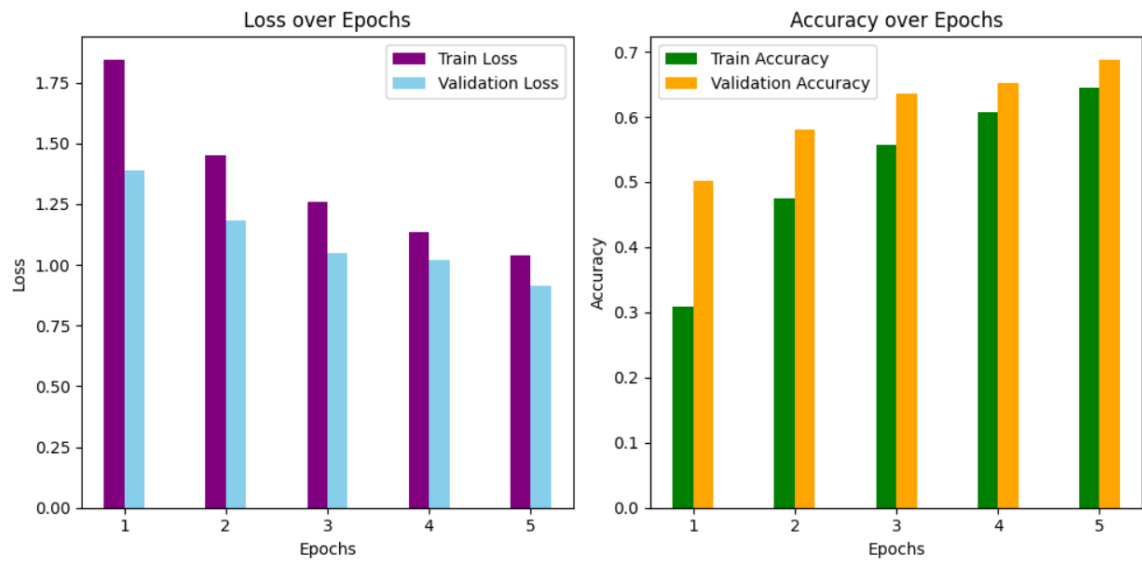




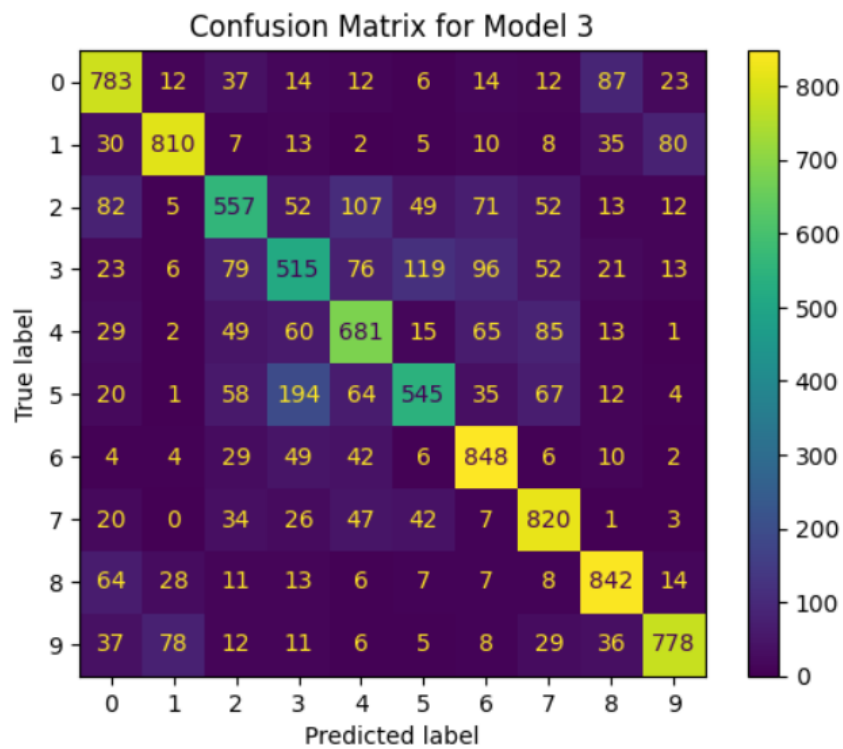
## Model 2:

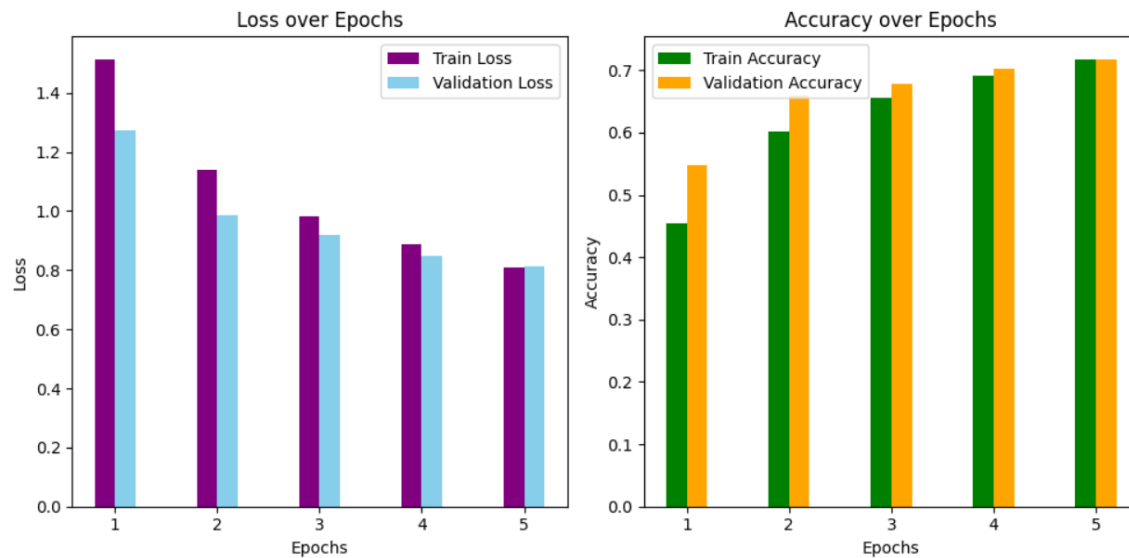
### Confusion Matrix:





**Model 3:**





### Comparative Table:

Model	Dataset	Key Hyperparameters	Final Metric	Training Time
Regression (ANN)	Air Quality	LearningRate=0.001 Epoch=50	MEA:0.70 MSE:1.02	5 min
Classification (ANN)	Fashion-MNIST	LearningRate=0.0005 Epoch=5/model	Accuracy:86%	10 min
Classification (CNN)	CIFAR-10	LearningRate=0.0005 Epoch=5/model	Accuracy:72%	44 min

### Strengths and Weaknesses of Each Model

#### Regression Model (ANN):

**Strengths:** The model demonstrated strong predictive power with a MAE ,MSE, indicating good performance for regression tasks.

**Weaknesses:** It may not generalize well to unseen data due to limited complexity and potential overfitting on small datasets.

#### Classification Model (ANN):

**Strengths:** Achieved high accuracy with a relatively simple architecture, making it computationally efficient.

**Weaknesses:** Struggles with misclassifications for visually similar classes due to its limited feature extraction capabilities compared to CNNs.

#### Classification Model (CNN):

**Strengths:** Good performance on image classification tasks, leveraging convolutional layers for robust feature extraction.

**Weaknesses:** Computationally intensive, requiring more resources for training compared to ANNs, and slightly lower accuracy than state-of-the-art CNN architectures for CIFAR-10.