

Ouick start

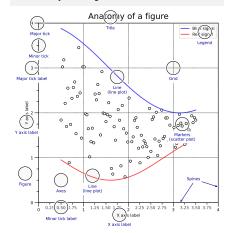
import numpy as np import matplotlib as mpl import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

X = np.linspace(0, 2*np.pi, 100) Y = np.cos(X)

fig, ax = plt.subplots() ax.plot(X, Y, color='green')

fig.savefig("figure.pdf") fig.show()

Anatomy of a figure



Subplots layout

subplot[s](rows,cols,...) fig, axs = plt.subplots(3, 3)G = gridspec(rows,cols,...) API ax = G[0,:]ax.inset_axes(extent) d=make axes locatable(ax) API ax = d.new_horizontal('10%')

Getting help

matplotlib.org

github.com/matplotlib/matplotlib/issues

discourse.matplotlib.org

stackoverflow.com/questions/tagged/matplotlib | gitter.im/matplotlib

¥ twitter.com/matplotlib

✓ Matplotlib users mailing list



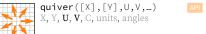
scatter(X,Y,...) X, Y, [s]izes, [c]olors, marker, cmap











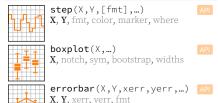






Advanced plots

API



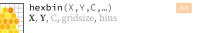






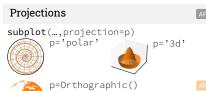






ax.set_[xy]scale(scale,...) MMMMMM linear log any values values > 0 symlog logit any values 0 < values < 1

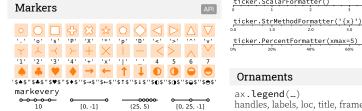
Scales





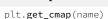






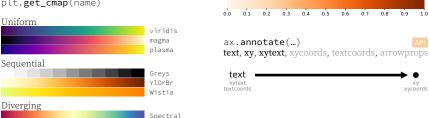






Colormaps

Cyclic



coolwarm

Event handling

Tick locators

ticker.NullLocator()

ticker.AutoLocator()

ticker.MaxNLocator(n=4)

Tick formatters

ticker.NullFormatter()

ticker.ScalarFormatter()

Ornaments

ax.legend(...)

Legend ←

ax.colorbar(...)

from matplotlib import ticker

ticker.FormatStrFormatter('>%d<')

ticker.PercentFormatter(xmax=5)

handles, labels, loc, title, frameon

Label 1

Label 2

mappable, ax, cax, orientation

Label 3

Label 4

from matplotlib import ticker

ticker.MultipleLocator(0.5)

ticker.FixedLocator([0, 1, 5])

ticker.LinearLocator(numticks=3)

ax.[xy]axis.set [minor|major] locator(locator)

0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 3.0 3.5 4.0

ticker.IndexLocator(base=0.5, offset=0.25)

ticker.LogLocator(base=10, numticks=15)

ax.[xy]axis.set_[minor|major]_formatter(formatter)

ticker.FuncFormatter(lambda x, pos: "[%.2f]" % x)

ticker.FixedFormatter(['', '0', '1', ...])

0.25 0.50 | 0.75 | 0.25 | 0.50 0.75 | 3 0.25 0.50 0.75 | 4

fig, ax = plt.subplots() def on_click(event): print(event) fig.canvas.mpl_connect('button_press_event', on_click)

Animation

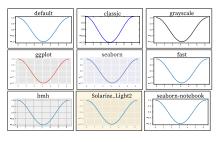
import matplotlib.animation as mpla

```
T = np.linspace(0, 2*np.pi, 100)
S = np.sin(T)
line, = plt.plot(T, S)
def animate(i):
    line.set_ydata(np.sin(T+i/50))
anim = mpla.FuncAnimation(
    plt.gcf(), animate, interval=5)
plt.show()
```

Styles

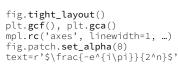
API

plt.style.use(style)



Quick reminder

```
ax.grid()
ax.patch.set_alpha(0)
ax.set_[xy]lim(vmin, vmax)
ax.set_[xy]label(label)
ax.set_[xy]ticks(list)
ax.set_[xy]ticklabels(list)
ax.set_[sup]title(title)
ax.tick_params(width=10, ...)
ax.set_axis_[on|off]()
```



Keyboard shortcuts



b View back

O Zoom to rect

y Y pan/zoom

- f View forward
- p Pan view
- x X pan/zoom g Minor grid 0/1
 - G Major grid 0/1
- X axis log/linear L Y axis log/linear

Ten simple rules

1. Know Your Audience

2. Identify Your Message

3. Adapt the Figure

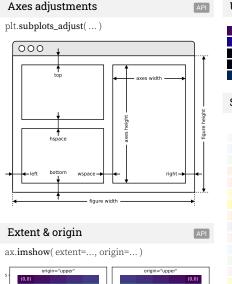
4. Captions Are Not Optional

5. Do Not Trust the Defaults 6. Use Color Effectively

7. Do Not Mislead the Reader

8. Avoid "Chartiunk"

9. Message Trumps Beauty 10. Get the Right Tool



extent=[0.10.0.5] extent=[10.0.0.5] Text alignments API ax.text(..., ha=... , va=..., ...)

extent=[10,0,0,5]

origin="lower

extent=[0.10.0.5]

origin="lower



| Text parameters |
|---|
| ax.text(, family=, size=, weight=) ax.text(, fontproperties=) |

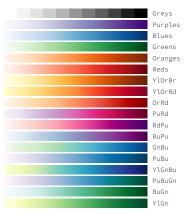
| The quick brown fox | xx-large (1.73) |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| The quick brown fox | x-large (1.44) |
| The guick brown fox | large (1.20) |
| The quick brown fox | medium (1.00) |
| The quick brown fox | small (0.83) |
| The quick brown fox | x-small (0.69) |
| The quick brown fox | xx-small (0.58) |
| | 1.8 1. () |

| The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog | monospace | | |
|--|------------|--|--|
| The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog | serif | | |
| The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog sans | | | |
| The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog | cursive | | |
| The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog | italic | | |
| The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog | normal | | |
| The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog | small-caps | | |
| The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog | normal | | |

Uniform colormaps



Sequential colormaps



Diverging colormaps

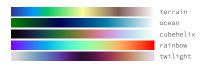


Qualitative colormaps

API



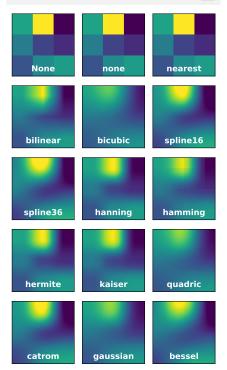
Miscellaneous colormaps







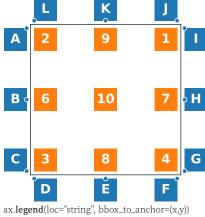
mitchell



sinc

lanczos

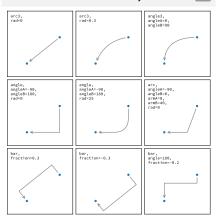
Legend placement

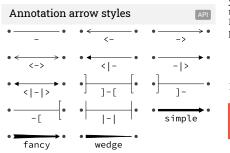


| | 8, | - ())// |
|--|--|---|
| 2: upper left 6: center left 3: lower left | 9: upper center 10: center 8: lower center | 1: upper right 7: center right 4: lower right |
| | | |

| A: upper right / (-0.1,0.9) | B: center right / (-0.1,0.5) |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| C: lower right / (-0.1,0.1) | D: upper left / (0.1,-0.1) |
| E: upper center / (0.5,-0.1) | F: upper right / (0.9,-0.1) |
| G: lower left / (1.1,0.1) | H: center left / (1.1,0.5) |
| I: upper left / (1.1,0.9) | J: lower right / (0.9,1.1) |
| K: lower center / (0.5,1.1) | L: lower left / (0.1,1.1) |

Annotation connection styles





How do I ...

- ... resize a figure? \rightarrow fig.set_size_inches(w, h) ... save a figure? → fig.savefig("figure.pdf")
- ... save a transparent figure? → fig.savefig("figure.pdf", transparent=True)
- ... clear a figure/an axes?
- \rightarrow fig.clear() \rightarrow ax.clear()
- ... close all figures? → plt.close("all")
- ... remove ticks?
- \rightarrow ax.set_[xy]ticks([])
- ... remove tick labels?
- → ax.set_[xv]ticklabels([]) ... rotate tick labels?
- \rightarrow ax.set_[xv]ticks(rotation=90)
- ... hide top spine? → ax.spines['top'].set_visible(False)
- ... hide legend border?
 - → ax.legend(frameon=False)
- ... show error as shaded region?
- → ax.fill_between(X, Y+error, Y-error)
- ... draw a rectangle?
- \rightarrow ax.add_patch(plt.Rectangle((0, 0), 1, 1)
- ... draw a vertical line?
- \rightarrow ax.axvline(x=0.5)
- ... draw outside frame?
- \rightarrow ax.plot(..., clip_on=False)
- ... use transparency?
 - \rightarrow ax.plot(..., alpha=0.25)
- ... convert an RGB image into a gray image? \rightarrow grav = 0.2989*R + 0.5870*G + 0.1140*B
- ... set figure background color?
- → fig.patch.set_facecolor("grey")
- ... get a reversed colormap?
- → plt.get_cmap("viridis_r")
- ... get a discrete colormap?
- \rightarrow plt.get_cmap("viridis", 10)
- ... show a figure for one second?
- \rightarrow fig.show(block=False), time.sleep(1)

Performance tips



Beyond Matplotlib

Seaborn: Statistical Data Visualization Cartopy: Geospatial Data Processing yt: Volumetric data Visualization mpld3: Bringing Matplotlib to the browser Datashader: Large data processing pipeline plotnine: A Grammar of Graphics for Python

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