

CSE 351  
HW #2

1-)

$$H(s) = (2s+3)/(s^2+5s+6)$$

a) if the input  $f(t) = e^{-3t} u(t)$

$$\begin{aligned} Y(s) &= H(s), F(s) = \frac{(2s+3)}{(s+3)(s^2+5s+6)} = \frac{2s+3}{(s+2)(s+3)^2} \\ &= \frac{k}{s+2} + \frac{a_0}{(s+3)^2} + \frac{a_1}{s+3} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} k = \frac{2s+3}{(s+3)^2} \\ a_0 = \frac{2s+3}{s+2} \end{array} \right|_{s=-2} \Rightarrow -1 \\ &\qquad\qquad\qquad \left. \begin{array}{l} a_1 = 3 \\ s=-3 \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{-1}{s+2} + \frac{3}{(s+3)^2} + \frac{1}{s+3} = \frac{2s+3}{(s+2)(s+3)^2}$$

$$0 + a_1 - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow a_1 = \underline{\underline{1}}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{-1}{s+2} + \frac{3}{(s+3)^2} + \frac{1}{s+3}$$

$$y(t) = \left[ -e^{-2t} + (1+3t)e^{-3t} \right] u(t)$$

$$b) \quad y(s) = \left( \frac{2s+3}{s^2+5s+6} \right) F(s)$$

$$(s^2+5s+6) y(s) = (2s+3) F(s)$$

$$(D^2+5D+6) y(t) = (2D+3) f(t)$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + \frac{5dy}{dt} + 6y(t) = 2\frac{df}{dt} + 3f(t)$$

$$c) \quad H(s) = \frac{s+2}{s(s+1)^2} = \frac{k}{s} + \frac{a_0}{(s+1)^2} + \frac{a_1}{s+1}$$

$k=2$ ,  $a_0=-1$  (using partial fraction expansion method);

$$H(s) = \frac{s+2}{s(s+1)^2} = \frac{2}{s} - \frac{1}{(s+1)^2} + \frac{a_1}{s+1}$$

→ multiply both sides by  $s$  and let  $s \rightarrow \infty$

$$0 = 2 + 0 + a_1 \rightarrow a_1 = -2$$

$$H(s) = \frac{2}{s} - \frac{1}{(s+1)^2} - \frac{2}{s+1}$$

$$h(t) = [2 - (2+t)e^{-t}] u(t)$$

(2) The system equation in delay form is obtained as follows;

$$2y[k] - 3y[k-1] + y[k-2] = 4f[k] - 3f[k-1]$$

Using the initial conditions and delay property,

$$y[k] \Leftrightarrow Y[z]$$

$$y[k-1] \Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{z} Y[z]$$

$$y[k-2] \Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{z^2} Y[z] + 1$$

$$2Y[z] - \frac{3}{z} Y[z] + \frac{1}{z^2} Y[z] + 1 = \frac{4z-3}{z-0.25}$$

$$\left[ 2 - \frac{3}{z} + \frac{1}{z^2} \right] Y[z] = -1 + \frac{4z-3}{z-0.25} = \frac{3z-2.75}{z-0.25}$$

$$\frac{Y(z)}{z} = \frac{z(3z-2.75)}{(2z^2-3z+1)(z-0.25)} = \frac{z(3z-2.75)}{z(z-0.5)(z-1)(z-0.25)}$$

$$\frac{Y(z)}{z} = \frac{5/2}{z-1/2} + \frac{1/3}{z-1} - \frac{4/3}{z-0.25}$$

$$y(k) = \left[ \frac{1}{3} + \frac{5}{2} (2)^{-k} - \frac{1}{3} (4)^{-k} \right] u[k]$$

=

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \frac{H(z)}{z} = \frac{-5z + 22}{(z+1)(z-2)^2} = \frac{3}{z+1} + \frac{k}{z-2} + \frac{4}{(z-2)^2}$$

Multiply both sides by  $z$  and let  $z \rightarrow \infty$

$$0 = 3 + k + 0 \rightarrow k = -3$$

$$H(z) = 3 \frac{z}{z+1} - 3 \frac{z}{z-2} + 4 \frac{z}{(z-2)^2}$$

$$H(z) \Rightarrow h[k]$$

$$h[k] = [3(-1)^k - 3(2)^k + 2k(2)^k] u[k]$$

      

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