

Canlı Kodlama Yöntemiyle Müzik Üretimi Pratikleri

RAW

- 🌐 www.rawlivecoding.com
- 📘 facebook.com/rawlivecoding
- 📷 instagram.com/rawlivecoding
- 🎵 spotify/RAW
- 🎧 soundcloud.com/rawlivecoding



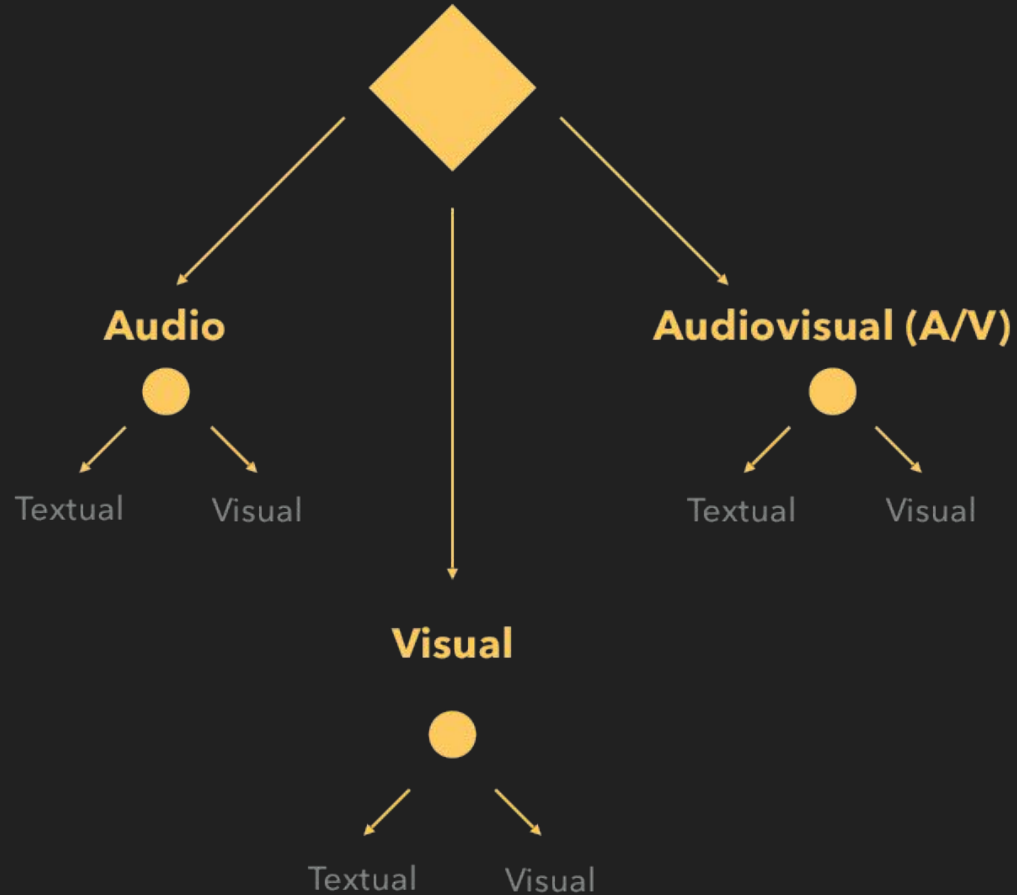
A man is seated at a desk, focused on his laptop. Behind him, a large projection screen displays a stream of code in a monospaced font. The code includes various elements like file paths, timestamps, and object-oriented syntax. The scene is dimly lit, with the primary light source being the projection and the laptop screen, creating a blue and white glow on the man's face and the surrounding environment.

What is Live Coding?

```
]
jux (iter 4) $ smash 4 [1,2,3
```

```
5.4 .FD
:51:4 59682
> tidal
karlsruhe.tidal All
Data.Maybe| tidal> t
UTC,89.637343,1.1
tidal> tidal> tidal>
j al.VolcaKeys Sound.0
Tidal.VolcaKeys Soun
and Tidal.VolcaKeys S
```

Live Coding





Brief History of Live Coding

- 2004, Changing grammars, University of Fine Arts of Hamburg (HfbK)
- 2004, TOPLAP Organization
- 2011, Algorave (N. Collins, A. McLean)



<http://toplap.org>

<https://toplap.org/wiki/ManifestoDraft>



Algorave

Live Coding Environments

<https://github.com/toplap/awesome-livecoding>

README.md



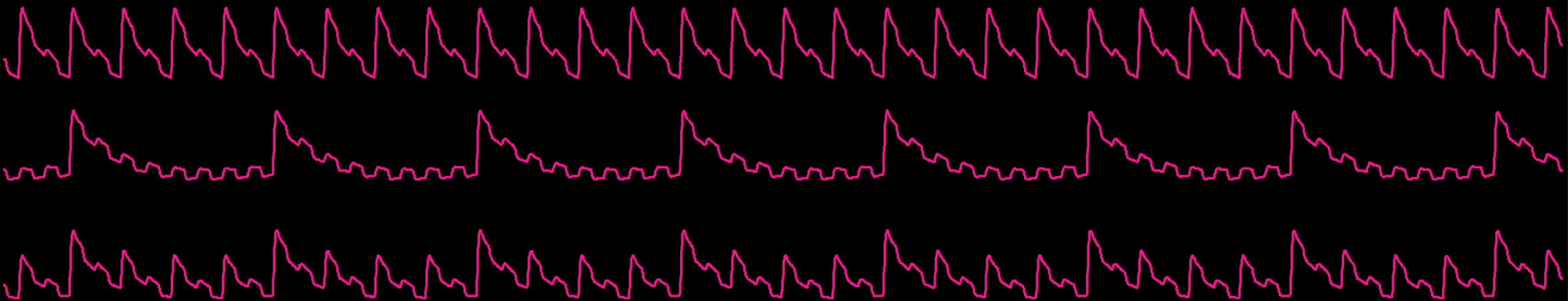
All things live coding awesome

A curated list of live coding languages and tools

This list was created with the intention of giving a quick-glance over the many possibilities to engage in this practice. For further information, head over to [TOPLAP](#).

Contents

- [What is live coding](#)
- [Websites](#)
- [Languages](#)
- [Libraries and tools](#)
- [To Watch](#)
- [To Read](#)



```
1 # Simple Additive Synthesis:
2
3 use_synth_defaults sustain: 8, amp: 3
4 synth :saw, note: :e4, pan: -1
5 synth :saw, note: :e2, pan: 1
6 synth :square, note: :e5, amp: 0.7
```

Buffer 0 Buffer 1 Buffer 2 Buffer 3 Buffer 4 Buffer 5 Buffer 6 Buffer 7 Buffer 8 Buffer 9

Log

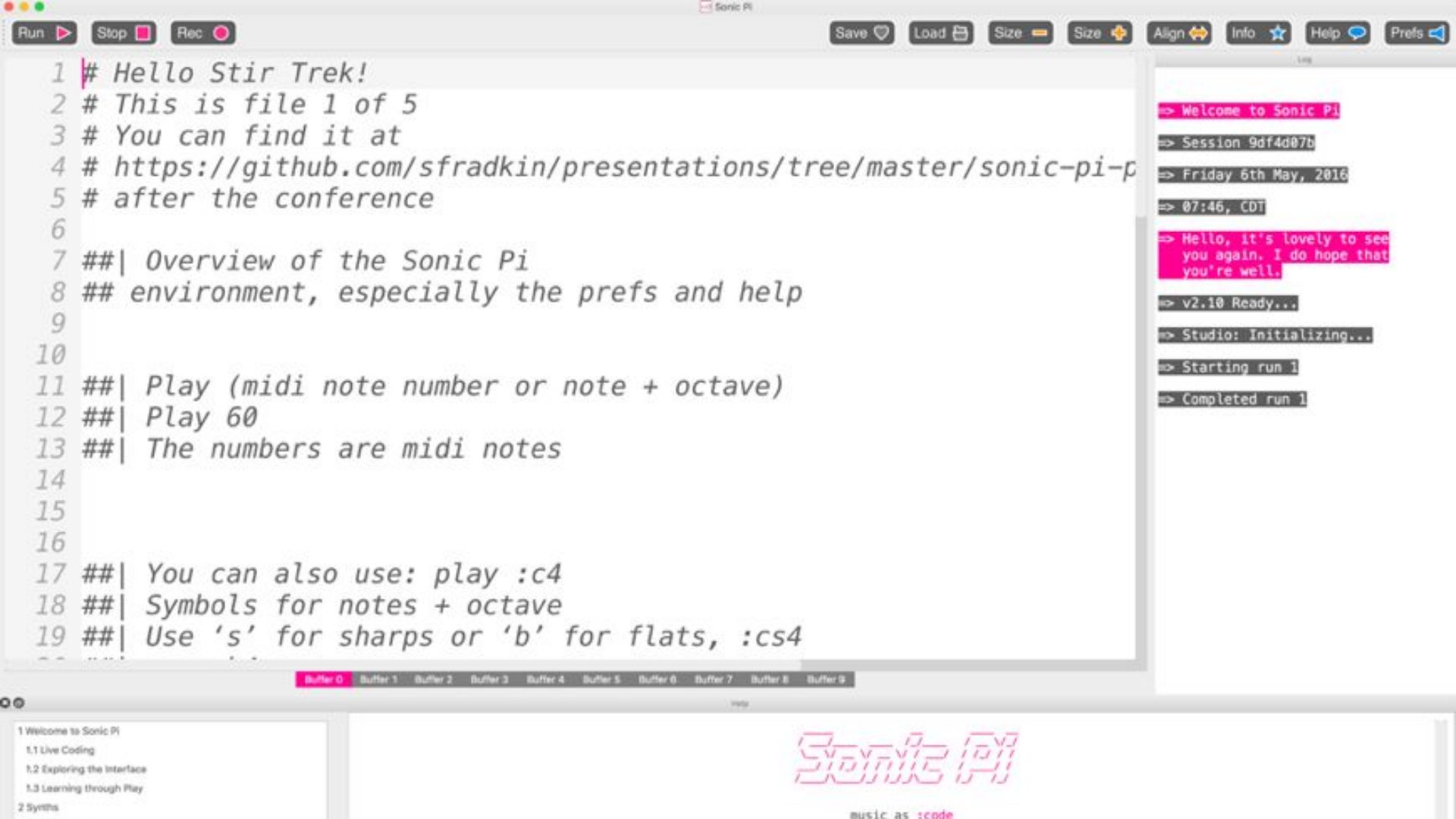
```
=> Studio: Resuming SuperCollider audio server
=> Starting run 2
{run: 2, time: 0.0}
├ synth :saw, {amp: 3, sustain: 8.0, pan: -1, note: 64.0}
├ synth :saw, {amp: 3, sustain: 8.0, pan: 1, note: 40.0}
└ synth :square, {amp: 0.7, sustain: 8.0, note: 76.0}
```

Help

- 1 Welcome to Sonic Pi
 - 1.1 Live Coding
 - 1.2 Exploring the Interface
 - 1.3 Learning through Play
- 2 Synths
 - 2.1 Your First Beeps



music_as :code
code_as :art



```
1 # Hello Stir Trek!
2 # This is file 1 of 5
3 # You can find it at
4 # https://github.com/sfradkin/presentations/tree/master/sonic-pi-p
5 # after the conference
6
7 ##| Overview of the Sonic Pi
8 ##| environment, especially the prefs and help
9
10
11 ##| Play (midi note number or note + octave)
12 ##| Play 60
13 ##| The numbers are midi notes
14
15
16
17 ##| You can also use: play :c4
18 ##| Symbols for notes + octave
19 ##| Use 's' for sharps or 'b' for flats, :cs4
```

```
=> Welcome to Sonic Pi
=> Session 9df4d07b
=> Friday 6th May, 2016
=> 07:46, CDT
=> Hello, it's lovely to see
    you again. I do hope that
    you're well.
=> v2.10 Ready...
=> Studio: Initializing...
=> Starting run 1
=> Completed run 1
```

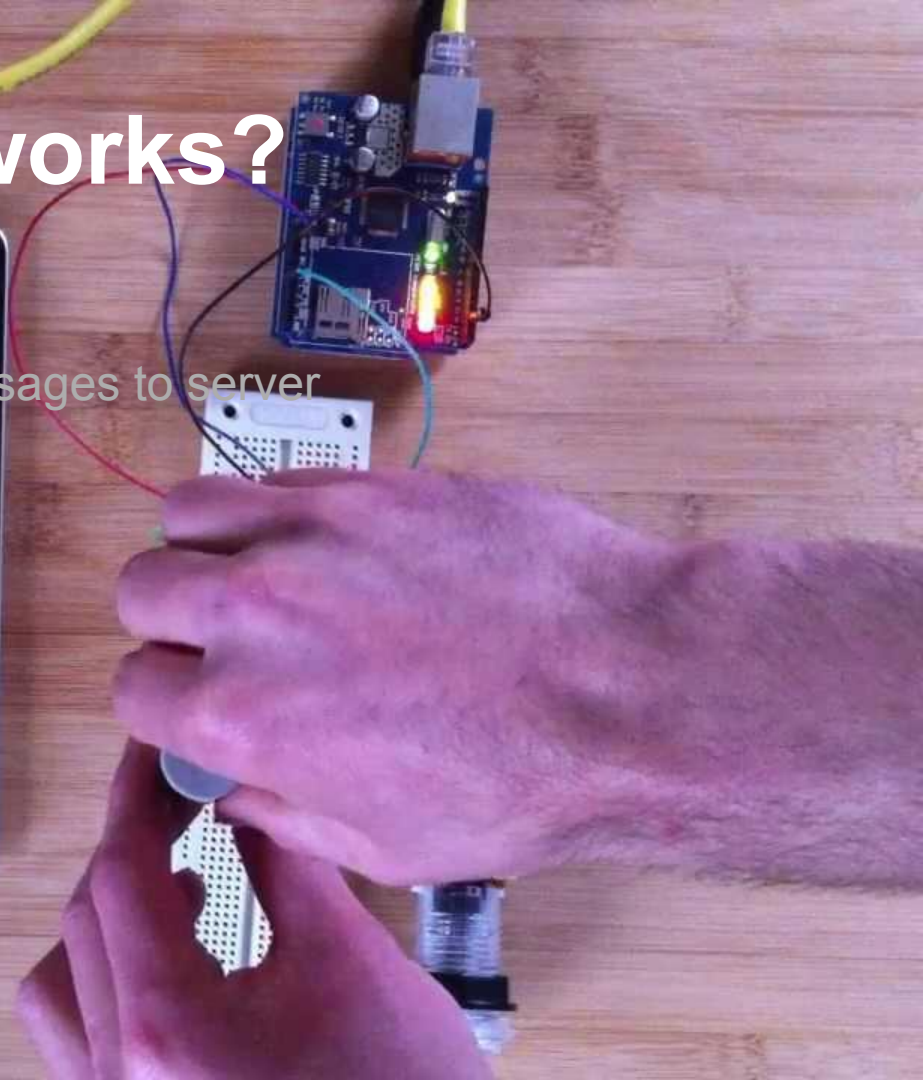
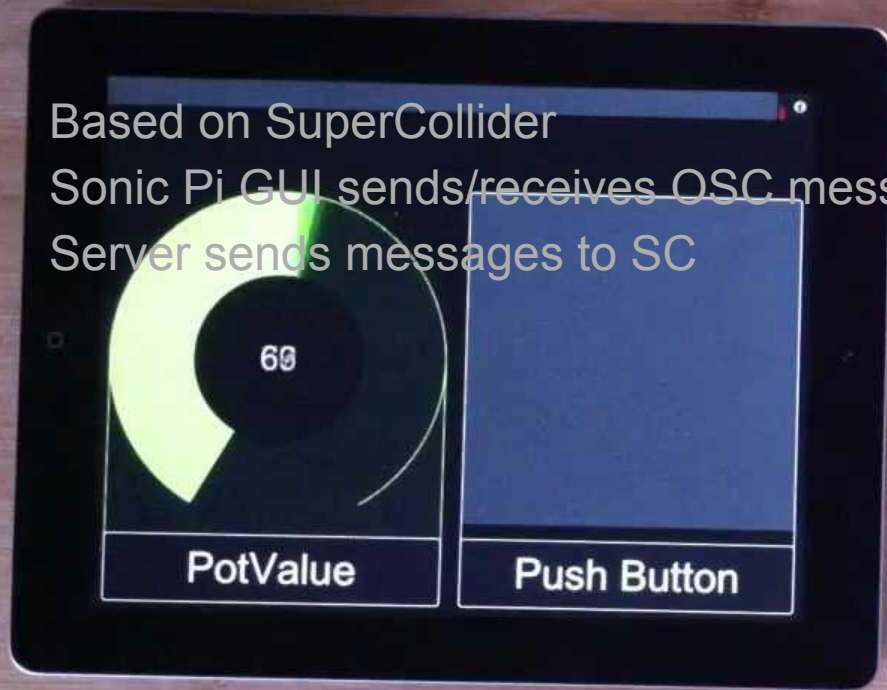
- 1 Welcome to Sonic Pi
 - 1.1 Live Coding
 - 1.2 Exploring the Interface
 - 1.3 Learning through Play
- 2 Synths



music as :code

How it works?

- Based on SuperCollider
- Sonic Pi GUI sends/receives OSC messages to server
- Server sends messages to SC



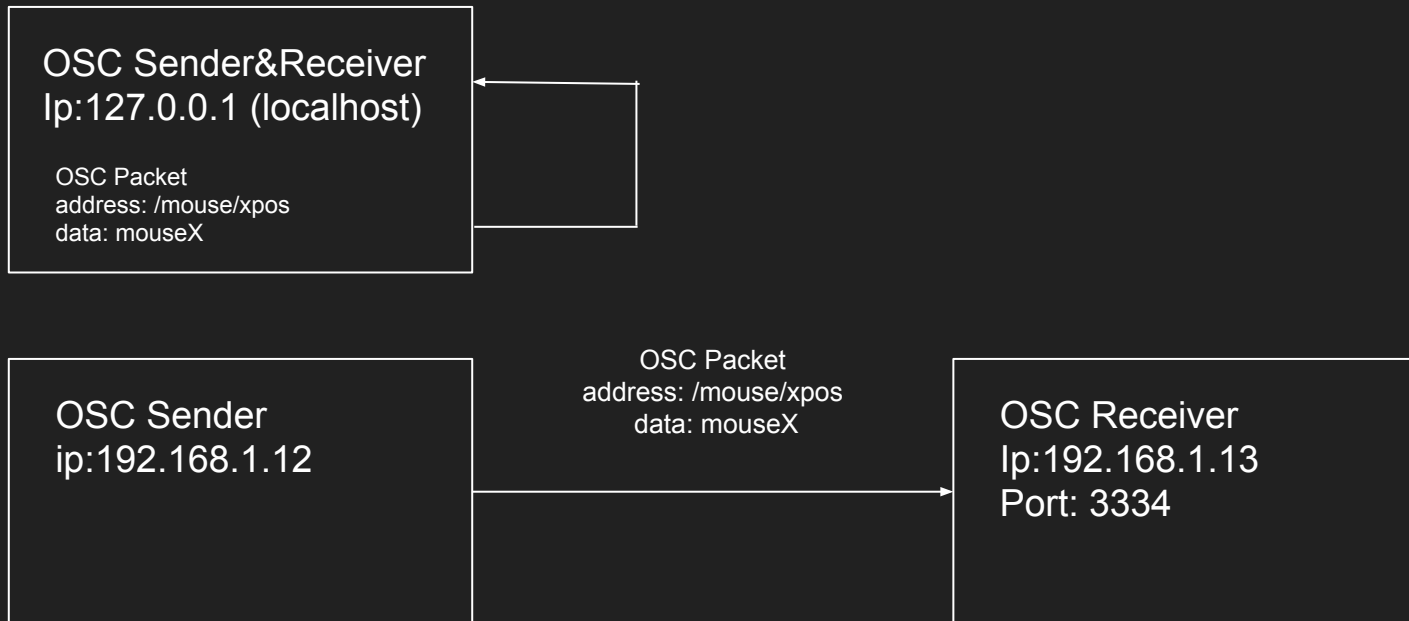
OSC (Open Sound Control)

- Ongoing research project by Berkeley Center for New Music and Audio Technology (CNMAT)
- Open Sound Control (OSC) is an open,
- Transport-independent,
- Message-based protocol based on UDP
- Developed for communication among computers, sound synthesizers, and other multimedia devices.



OSC Communication

For more than one devices, you need a local network, each device need to be delivering unique ip's..
Be aware if there is any firewall restriction



OSC Formatting

All OSC data is composed of the following fundamental data types:

Int32 i.e. 3, 5, 188

Float32 3.4, 2.7, 56.8

OSC-string “hello world”

The unit of transmission of OSC is an OSC Packet. Every OSC Packet requires an address and a data information.

```
Server.default = s = Server("belaServer", NetAddr("192.168.7.2", 57110));
s.initTree;
```

SuperCollider

1996, developed by James McCartney

2002, released as Open-source

Audio Synthesis and algorithmic composition

Three main components

- **scsynth**: analysis, synthesis, and processing
- **sclang**: interpreted programming language. Not DSL
- **scide**: IDE

```
SynthDef("funsound", { Out.ar(0, 0.5 * Pan2.ar(SinOsc.ar(LFNoise1.kr(2).expRange(100, 1000)),
LFNoise1.kr(2))) }) add;
```

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SuperCollider

[Help](#)

Help

[Documentation home](#)

SuperCollider is an environment and programming language for real time audio synthesis and algorithmic composition. It provides an interpreted object-oriented language which functions as a network client to a state of the art, realtime sound synthesis server.

NOTE: News in SuperCollider version 3.7

Search and browse

Search

Search all documents and methods

[Browse](#)

Browse all documents by categories

Getting started

These might be useful starting points on getting help with SuperCollider:

 Post window

Auto Scroll

[illegible]



<https://sonic-pi.net>

 Run Stop Save Rec Size Size Align

```
1 # Welcome to Sonic Pi v2.5
2 play 67
3
```

Workspace 0

Workspace 1

Workspace 2

Workspace 3

Workspace 4

Workspace 5

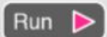
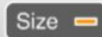

Workspace 6

Workspace 7

Workspace 8

Workspace 9

Help

RunStopSaveRecSizeSizeAlign

```
1 # Welcome to Sonic Pi v2.5
```

```
2 play 72
```

```
3 play 75
```

```
4 play 79
```

```
5
```

 Run Stop Save RecSize Size 

Align

```
1 # Welcome to Sonic Pi v2.5
2 play 78
3 sleep 1
4 play 79
5 sleep 1
6 play 71
7
```

Run ▶ Stop ■ Save ♥ Rec ●

Size = Size + Align

```
1 # Welcome to Sonic Pi v2.5
2 play :Fs5
3 sleep 0.2
4 play :G5
5 sleep 0.2
6 play :B4
```

Octave	Note Numbers											
	C	C#	D	D#	E	F	F#	G	G#	A	A#	B
-1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
0	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
2	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
3	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
4	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
5	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83
6	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95
7	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107
8	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119
9	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127				

Run



Stop



Save



Rec



Size



Size



Align

```
1 # Welcome to Sonic Pi v2.5
2 play 78
3 sleep 0.2
4 play 79
5 sleep 0.2
6 play 71
7 sleep 0.2
8 play 78
9 sleep 0.4
10 play 79
11 sleep 0.2
```

Run Stop Save Rec

Size Size Align

```
1 # Welcome to Sonic Pi v2.5
2 use_synth :saw
3 play 78
4 sleep 0.2
5 play 79
6 sleep 0.2
7 play 71
8 sleep 0.2
9 play 78
10 sleep 0.4
11 play 79
12 sleep 0.2
```

Sonic Pi comes with a range of synthesisers

Workspace 0Workspace 1Workspace 2Workspace 3Workspace 4Workspace 5Workspace 6Workspace 7Workspace 8Workspace 9

Help

Pretty Bell
Prophet
Pulse
Saw
Sine
Square
Supersaw
Tb303
Tri

Saw Wave

note:	52	amp:		pan:	0	attack:	0	decay:	0	sustain:	0
release:	1	attack_level:	1	sustain_level:	1	env_curve:	2				

A saw wave with a low pass filter. Great for using with FX such as the built in low pass filter (available via the cutoff arg) due to the complexity and thickness of the sound.

```
use_synth :saw
```

Introduced in v2.0

note:

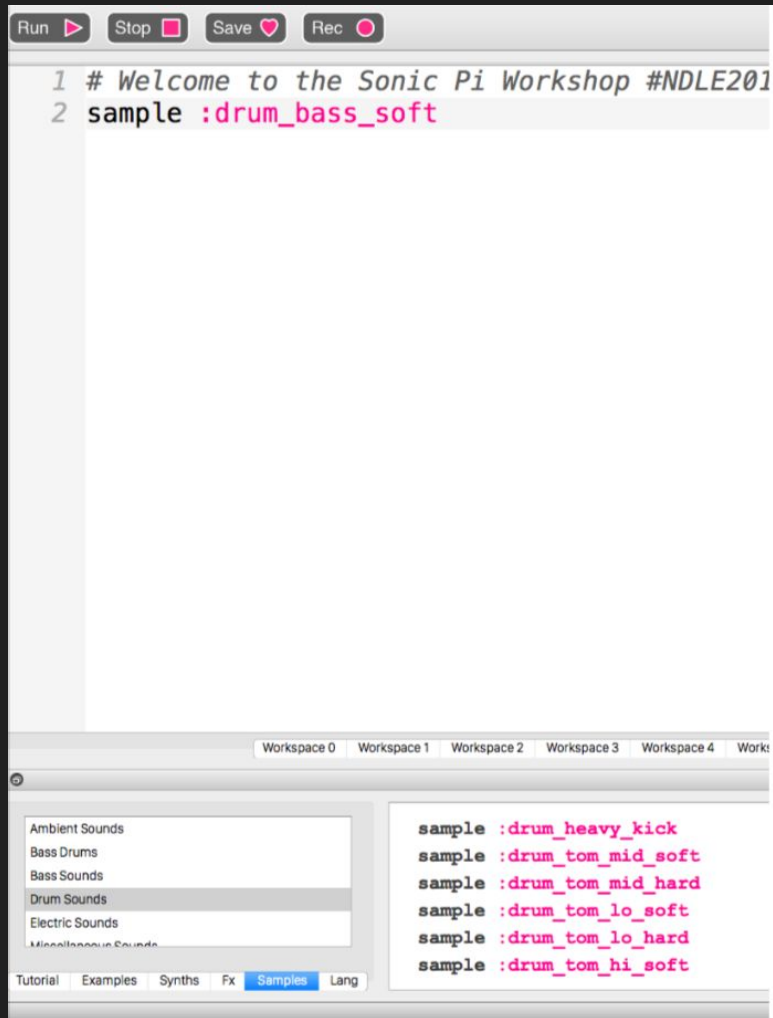
Note to play. Either a MIDI number or a symbol representing a note. For example: 30, 52, :C, :C2, :Eb4, or :Ds3

Tutorial Examples Synths Fx Samples Lang

Run  Stop  Save  Rec 

Size  Size  Align

```
1 # Welcome to the Sonic Pi Workshop #NDLE2015
2 use_synth :saw
3 play 78
4 sleep 0.2
5 play 79
6 sleep 0.2
7 play 71
8 sleep 0.2
9 play 78
10 sleep 0.4
11 play 79
12 sleep 0.8
13 play 78
14 sleep 0.2
15 play 79
16 sleep 0.2
17 play 71
18 sleep 0.2
19 play 79
20 sleep 0.4
```



Open a new workspace and try some samples

There are lots listed in the sample section, it also shows you how to write them in your code

Run ▶

Stop ■

Save ♥

Rec ●

Size ▢

Size +

Align

```
1 # Welcome to the Sonic Pi Workshop #NDLE2015
2 loop do
3   sample :drum_bass_soft
4   sleep 0.3
5 end
6
```

Simple looping
forever

Workspace 0

Workspace 1

Workspace 2

Workspace 3

Workspace 4

Workspace 5

Workspace 6

Workspace 7

Workspace 8

Workspace 9



Ambient Sounds

Bass Drums

Bass Sounds

Drum Sounds

Electric Sounds

Miscellaneous Sounds

Tutorial

Examples

Synths

Fx

Samples

Lang

```
sample :drum_heavy_kick
sample :drum_tom_mid_soft
sample :drum_tom_mid_hard
sample :drum_tom_lo_soft
sample :drum_tom_lo_hard
sample :drum_tom_hi_soft
```

Help


```
1 # Welcome to the Sonic Pi Workshop #NDLE2015
2 10.times do
3   sample :drum_bass_soft
4   sleep 0.3
5 end
6
```

Looping a set amount of times

Log

⇒ Starting run 204

```
[Run 204, Time 0.0]
└ sample :drum_bass_soft

[Run 204, Time 0.3]
└ sample :drum_bass_soft

[Run 204, Time 0.6]
└ sample :drum_bass_soft

[Run 204, Time 0.9]
└ sample :drum_bass_soft

[Run 204, Time 1.2]
└ sample :drum_bass_soft

[Run 204, Time 1.5]
└ sample :drum_bass_soft

[Run 204, Time 1.8]
└ sample :drum_bass_soft

[Run 204, Time 2.1]
└ sample :drum_bass_soft

[Run 204, Time 2.4]
└ sample :drum_bass_soft

[Run 204, Time 2.7]
└ sample :drum_bass_soft
```

⇒ Completed run 204

Workspace 0 Workspace 1 Workspace 2 Workspace 3 Workspace 4 Workspace 5 Workspace 6 Workspace 7 Workspace 8 Workspace 9

Help

Ambient Sounds
Bass Drums
Bass Sounds
Drum Sounds
Electric Sounds
Miscellaneous Sounds

```
sample :drum_heavy_kick
sample :drum_tom_mid_soft
sample :drum_tom_mid_hard
sample :drum_tom_lo_soft
sample :drum_tom_lo_hard
sample :drum_tom_hi_soft
```

Tutorial Examples Synths Fx Samples Lang

Live Loops

```
live_loop :foo do  
  play 60  
  sleep 1  
end
```

Live Loops + synth + sound samples

```
live_loop :foo do
  use_synth :prophet
  play :c1, release: 8,
  cutoff: rrand(70, 130)
  sleep 8
end
```

```
live_loop :bar do
  sample :bd_haus
  sleep 0.5
end
```

Load external sound samples

Raspberry Pi, Mac, Linux

```
sample "/Users/sam/Desktop/my-sound.wav", rate: 0.5, amp: 0.3
```

Windows

```
sample "C:/Users/sam/Desktop/my-sound.wav", rate: 0.5, amp: 0.3
```

Live Loops to try

```
live_loop :arp do  
  play (scale :e3, :minor_pentatonic).tick, release: 0.1  
  sleep 0.125  
end
```

List & Arrays

play 52

play 55

play 59

try...

play [52, 55, 59] or play [:E3, :G3, :B3]

Chords

```
play chord(:E3, :minor)
```

Steve Reich: Violin Phase



Related Links

1. **Sonic Pi Essentials Book** -
2. <https://www.raspberrypi.org/magpi/issues/essentials-sonic-pi-v1/>
3. **TOPLAP** - <http://toplap.org>
4. **Live Code Slack** - <http://live-code-slack.herokuapp.com/>
5. **Algorave** - <http://algorave.com>
6. **Sonic Pi on Github** - <https://github.com/samaaron/sonic-pi>
7. **Sonic Pi Google Group** - <https://groups.google.com/forum/#!forum/sonic-pi>
8. **Sonic Pi on Gitter.im** - <https://gitter.im/samaaron/sonic-pi>