Akademia Górniczo-Hutnicza im. Stanisława Staszica w Krakowie Wydział Inżynierii Metali i Informatyki Przemysłowej

Sprawozdanie z Laboratorium: Programowanie w OpenGL z użyciem shader'ów, Free look camera, szybkość działania

Przedmiot: Wizualizacja Danych

Kierunek: Inżynieria Obliczeniowa

Autor: Filip Rak

Prowadzący ćwiczenia: dr inż. Marynowski Przemysław

Data: 28 października 2024

Numer lekcji: 4

Grupa laboratoryjna: 4

Cel Ćwiczenia

Zapoznanie z programowaniem grafiki przy użyciu shader'ów, zastosowanie swobodnego poruszania kamery oraz kontroli szybkości działania pętli głównej.

Przebieg Ćwiczenia

Naszym pierwszym zadaniem była implementacja swobodnego poruszania się kamery z wykorzystaniem myszy i klawiatury.

Zmiany wprowadzone w kodzie źródłowym:

- Dodanie flagi sterującej aktywnością manipulacji kamery przez mysz.
- Deklaracja stałych trzymających rotacje kamery w odpowiednich granicach.
- Deklaracja funkcji zajmującej się aktualizacją macierzy widoku.
- Dodanie dodatkowych zmiennych opisujących kamerę i mysz.
- W głównej pętli, dodanie kodu zajmującego się obliczaniem ruchu kamery na podstawie ruchu myszy.
- Pomniejsze modyfikacje w celu ujednolicenia kontroli przez mysz i klawiaturę.

Stałe ograniczające rotacje kamery

```
// Camera
const float MAX_CAMERA_PITCH = 89;
const float MIN_CAMERA_PITCH = -89;
const float MAX_CAMERA_YAW = 360;
const float MIN_CAMERA_YAW = 0;
```

Zmienne opisujące kamerę i mysz

```
// Camera
glm::vec3 camera_pos = glm::vec3(0.0f, 0.0f, 3.0f);
glm::vec3 camera_front = glm::vec3(0.0f, 0.0f, -1.0f);
glm::vec3 camera_up = glm::vec3(0.0f, 1.0f, 0.f);
float camera_yaw = 270;
float camera_pitch = 0;
float camera_speed = 3;
float camera_rotation_speed = 200;
bool camera_pos_changed = false; // Remove for damping implementation
// Mouse
double mouse_sensitivity = 0.05;
```

```
if (enable_mouse_movement)
      // Get the current mouse position and calculate the offset from the center
      sf::Vector2i center_pos(window.getSize().x / 2, window.getSize().y / 2);
      sf::Vector2i local_pos = sf::Mouse::getPosition(window);
      double x_offset = local_pos.x - center_pos.x;
      double y_offset = local_pos.y - center_pos.y;
      // Apply the offset to yaw and pitch
      camera_yaw += x_offset * mouse_sensitivity;
      camera_pitch -= y_offset * mouse_sensitivity;
      // Clamp pitch to prevent flipping
      if (camera_pitch > MAX_CAMERA_PITCH) camera_pitch = MAX_CAMERA_PITCH;
      else if (camera_pitch < MIN_CAMERA_PITCH) camera_pitch = MIN_CAMERA_PITCH;</pre>
      // Normalize yaw
      if (camera_yaw >= MAX_CAMERA_YAW) camera_yaw -= MAX_CAMERA_YAW;
      else if (camera_yaw < MIN_CAMERA_YAW) camera_yaw += MIN_CAMERA_YAW;</pre>
      // Set the flag to update view matrix
      camera_pos_changed = true;
      // Reset mouse position to the center of the window
      sf::Mouse::setPosition(center_pos, window);
}
```

Następnym zadaniem było uzależnienie szybkości poruszania się kamery od szybkości komputera:

- Dołączono bibliotekę <SFML/System/Time.hpp>
- Obliczono czas trwania pojedynczej klatki z wykorzystaniem zegara sf::Clock
- Każda aplikacja prędkości nadawana kamerze poprzez klawiaturę została pomnożona przez uzyskany czas trwania pojedynczej klatki
- Prędkość nadawana przez mysz nie została pomnożona przez czas trwania klatki

Fragment pętli głównej obliczający czas trwania klatki

```
while (running)
{
      // Update delta time
      delta_time = delta_clock.restart().asSeconds();
      // (...)
}
```

```
if (sf::Keyboard::isKeyPressed(sf::Keyboard::W))  // Forward
{
    camera_pos += camera_speed * delta_time * camera_front;
    camera_pos_changed = true;
    std::cout << "Input: W\n";
}</pre>
```

Ostatnim zadaniem było wyświetlenie ilość otrzymanych klatek na sekundę w pasku tytułowym okienka.

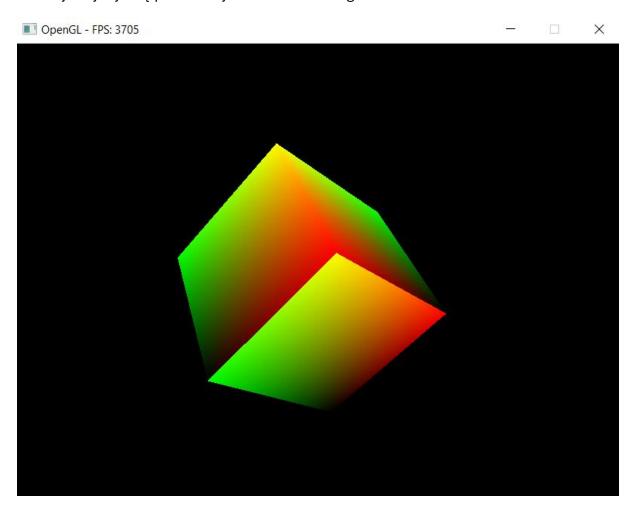
W tym celu:

- Dołączono bibliotekę <string.h>
- Zadeklarowano stałą będącą niezmienną częścią tytułu okienka
- Wewnątrz pętli obliczono ilość klatek w ciągu sekundy z użyciem czasu między klatkowego oraz dodano go do nazwy okienka.
- Ograniczono prędkość aktualizacji licznika, aby pozostał on czytelny.

Fragment pętli głównej zajmujący się licznikiem FPS

```
float update_interval = 0.2;
                               // Timer for FPS update
                               // Time passed since last FPS update
float time_accumulator = 0;
int frame_count = 0;
while (running)
      // Update delta time
      delta_time = delta_clock.restart().asSeconds();
      // Accumulate time and count frames
      time_accumulator += delta_time;
      frame_count++;
      // Set the window title to current FPS
      if (time_accumulator >= update_interval)
             // Get FPS from average time passed since last update
             int FPS = round(frame_count / time_accumulator);
             window.setTitle(WINDOW_TITLE + " - FPS: " + std::to_string(FPS));
             // Reset for next FPS update
             time_accumulator = 0;
             frame_count = 0;
      }
      // (...)
}
```

Poniżej znajduje się prezentacja efektu końcowego



Pełny kod źródłowy

```
// Headers for OpenGL and SFML
// #include "stdafx.h" // This line might be needed in some IDEs
#pragma once
#include <GL/glew.h>
#include <SFML/Window.hpp>
#include <SFML/System/Time.hpp>
#include <glm.hpp>
#include <gtc/matrix_transform.hpp>
#include <gtc/type_ptr.hpp>
#include <iostream>
#include <time.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <cmath>
// Constants
// -
// Flags
const bool enable_keyboard_movement = true;
const bool enable_mouse_movement = true;
const bool enable_vert_manip = false;
const bool enable_primitve_manip = true;
// Primitives
const int primitives_num = 10;
const GLenum primitives[primitives_num] =
                      // 0
    GL_POINTS,
                      // 1
    GL_LINES,
    GL_LINE_LOOP,
                      // 2
    GL_LINE_STRIP,
                    // 3
    GL_TRIANGLES,
                      // 4
    GL_TRIANGLE_STRIP,// 5
    GL_TRIANGLE_FAN, // 6
    GL_QUADS,
                      // 7
    GL_QUAD_STRIP,
                      // 8
    GL_POLYGON
};
const std::string primitives_names[primitives_num] =
    "GL_POINTS",
                        // 0
                        // 1
    "GL_LINES",
                        // 2
    "GL_LINE_LOOP",
                       // 3
// 4
    "GL_LINE_STRIP",
    "GL_TRIANGLES",
    "GL_TRIANGLE_STRIP" // 5
"GL_TRIANGLE_FAN", // 6
    "GL_QUADS", // 7
"GL_QUAD_STRIP", // 8
"GL_POLYGON", // 9
    "GL_POLYGON",
};
const int DATA_PER_VERT = 6;
const double PI = 3.14159265358979323846;
const float WINDOW_WIDTH = 800.0;
const float WINDOW_HEIGHT = 600.0;
const int MIN_VERTS = 1;
const int MAX_VERTS = 36;
```

```
// Camera
const float MAX_CAMERA_PITCH = 89;
const float MIN_CAMERA_PITCH = -89;
const float MAX_CAMERA_YAW = 360;
const float MIN_CAMERA_YAW = 0;
// Strings
const std::string WINDOW_TITLE = "OpenGL";
const std::string SEPARATOR = std::string(45, '-') + "\n";
// Shaders
// -----
// Vertex shader takes care of positioning on the screen
const GLchar* vertex_source = R"glsl(
#version 150 core
in vec3 position; // Input vertex position
in vec3 color;
                  // Input vertex color
out vec3 Color;
                    // Output color passed to the fragment shader
// Set outside the shader
                             // Model
uniform mat4 model_matrix;
uniform mat4 view_matrix; // View (camera)
uniform mat4 proj_matrix;
                              // Projection
void main()
    // Pass the color to the fragment shader
    Color = color;
    // Set the position of the vertex
    gl_Position = proj_matrix * view_matrix * model_matrix * vec4(position, 1.0);
)glsl";
// Fragment shader's job is to figure out area between surfaces
const GLchar* fragment_source = R"glsl(
#version 150 core
                      // Color received from the vertex shader
in vec3 Color;
out vec4 outColor; // Output color to the framebuffer
void main()
    outColor = vec4(Color, 1.0); // Set the fragment color with full opacity
)glsl";
// Shapes
GLfloat cube_vertices[] =
{
    // Front
    -0.5f, -0.5f, -0.5f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,
    0.5f, -0.5f, -0.5f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.5f, 0.5f, -0.5f, 1.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.5f, 0.5f, -0.5f, 1.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f, -0.5f, 0.5f, -0.5f, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f, -0.5f, -0.5f, -0.5f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,
    // Rear
    -0.5f, -0.5f, 0.5f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,
```

```
0.5f, -0.5f, 0.5f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,
    0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f, 1.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f, 1.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f, -0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f
    -0.5f, -0.5f, 0.5f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f
    // Left
    -0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,
     -0.5f, 0.5f, -0.5f, 1.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f,
     -0.5f, -0.5f, -0.5f, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f,
     -0.5f, -0.5f, -0.5f, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f,
    -0.5f, -0.5f, 0.5f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,
    -0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,
     // Right
     0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,
     0.5f, 0.5f, -0.5f, 1.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f,
     0.5f, -0.5f, -0.5f, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f,
     0.5f, -0.5f, -0.5f, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f,
     0.5f, -0.5f, 0.5f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,
     0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,
    // Bottom
    -0.5f, -0.5f, -0.5f, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f,
    0.5f, -0.5f, -0.5f, 1.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.5f, -0.5f, 0.5f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,
    0.5f, -0.5f, 0.5f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,
-0.5f, -0.5f, 0.5f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,
-0.5f, -0.5f, -0.5f, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f,
    // Top
    -0.5f, 0.5f, -0.5f, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.5f, 0.5f, -0.5f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,
    0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f, -0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f
    -0.5f, 0.5f, -0.5f, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f
// Main loop functions
// -
void find_polygon_verts(GLfloat* vertices, int vert_num, float radius)
     // Starting angle and change of angles between every vert
     float start_angle = 0.0f;
     float angle_step = 2.0f * PI / vert_num;
     for (int i = 0; i < vert_num; i++)</pre>
          // Angle of the current vert
         float angle = start_angle + i * angle_step;
          // Vertice coordinates
         vertices[i * DATA_PER_VERT] = radius * cos(angle); // X
         vertices[i * DATA_PER_VERT + 1] = radius * sin(angle); // Y
         vertices[i * DATA_PER_VERT + 2] = (float)rand() / RAND_MAX; // Z
          // Colors
         vertices[i * DATA_PER_VERT + 3] = (float)rand() / RAND_MAX; // R
         vertices[i * DATA_PER_VERT + 4] = (float)rand() / RAND_MAX; // G
          vertices[i * DATA_PER_VERT + 5] = (float)rand() / RAND_MAX; // B
     }
```

}

```
int mouse_to_verts(float mouse_pos_y)
    // Normalize the mouse Y position (0 at the top, 1 at the bottom)
    float normalized_mouse_y = mouse_pos_y / WINDOW_HEIGHT;
    // Invert the Y position so it progresses from bottom (0) to top (1)
    float top_down_mouse_y = 1.0f - normalized_mouse_y;
    // Calculate the number of vertices based on the mouse position within the defined vertex range
    float vertex_range = MAX_VERTS - MIN_VERTS;
    float vertex_adj = vertex_range * top_down_mouse_y;
    // Set the vertex count by adjusting based on the mouse position
    int new_vert_num = (int)(MIN_VERTS + vertex_adj);
   return new_vert_num;
}
GLfloat* update_vertices(GLfloat* vertices, int vert_num, GLuint vbo)
    // Reallocate memory for the new number of vertices
   delete[] vertices;
    vertices = new GLfloat[vert_num * DATA_PER_VERT];
    // Update vertices based on the new vertex count
    find_polygon_verts(vertices, vert_num, 1.0f);
    // Upload the updated vertex data to the GPU
    glBindBuffer(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, vbo);
    glBufferData(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, vert_num * DATA_PER_VERT * sizeof(GLfloat), vertices,
GL_DYNAMIC_DRAW);
    return vertices;
}
void update_view_matrix(GLuint shader_program, const glm::vec3& camera_pos, glm::vec3& camera_front,
const glm::vec3& camera_up, float camera_yaw, float camera_pitch)
    // Get camera front based on yaw and pitch
   glm::vec3 new_front;
    new_front.x = cos(glm::radians(camera_yaw)) * cos(glm::radians(camera_pitch));
    new_front.y = sin(glm::radians(camera_pitch));
    new_front.z = sin(glm::radians(camera_yaw)) * cos(glm::radians(camera_pitch));
    // Update camera front and normalize it
    camera_front = glm::normalize(new_front);
    // Update the view matrix
    glm::mat4 view_matrix = glm::lookAt(camera_pos, camera_pos + camera_front, camera_up);
    GLint uni_view = glGetUniformLocation(shader_program, "view_matrix");
    glUniformMatrix4fv(uni_view, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(view_matrix));
}
void main_loop(sf::Window& window, GLuint shader_program, GLuint vao, GLuint vbo, int vert_num, GLfloat*
vertices)
{
    bool running = true;
    GLenum used_primitive = GL_TRIANGLES;
    // Camera
    glm::vec3 camera_pos = glm::vec3(0.0f, 0.0f, 3.0f);
    glm::vec3 camera_front = glm::vec3(0.0f, 0.0f, -1.0f);
    glm::vec3 camera_up = glm::vec3(0.0f, 1.0f, 0.f);
```

```
float camera_yaw = 270;
float camera_pitch = 0;
float camera_speed = 3;
float camera_rotation_speed = 200;
                                    // Remove for damping implementation
bool camera_pos_changed = false;
// Mouse
double mouse_sensitivity = 0.05;
// Delta time
sf::Clock delta_clock;
float delta_time = 0;
float update_interval = 0.2; // Timer for FPS update
float time_accumulator = 0; // Time passed since last FPS update
int frame_count = 0;
while (running)
    // Update delta time
    delta_time = delta_clock.restart().asSeconds();
    // Accumulate time and count frames
    time_accumulator += delta_time;
    frame_count++;
    // Set the window title to current FPS
    if (time_accumulator >= update_interval)
        // Get FPS from average time passed since last update
        int FPS = round(frame_count / time_accumulator);
        window.setTitle(WINDOW_TITLE + " - FPS: " + std::to_string(FPS));
        // Reset for next FPS update
        time_accumulator = 0;
        frame_count = 0;
    }
    sf::Event window_event;
    while (window.pollEvent(window_event))
        switch (window_event.type)
        case sf::Event::Closed:
            running = false;
            break;
        case sf::Event::KeyPressed:
            // Exit condition
            if (window_event.key.code == sf::Keyboard::Escape)
            {
                running = false;
            }
            // Vertice number manipulation
            if (enable_vert_manip)
                if (window_event.key.code == sf::Keyboard::Up)
                    int new_vert_num = vert_num + 1;
                    if (new_vert_num > MAX_VERTS)
                        new_vert_num = MAX_VERTS;
                    // Avoid unnecessary updates
```

```
if (new_vert_num == vert_num)
                              break;
                         // Update vert number
                         vert_num = new_vert_num;
                         std::cout << "Vertices: " << vert_num << "\n";</pre>
                         // Update the display
                         vertices = update_vertices(vertices, vert_num, vbo);
                     }
                     if (window_event.key.code == sf::Keyboard::Down)
                         int new_vert_num = vert_num - 1;
                         if (new_vert_num < MIN_VERTS)</pre>
                             new_vert_num = MIN_VERTS;
                         // Avoid unnecessary updates
                         if (new_vert_num == vert_num)
                             break;
                         // Update vert number
                         vert_num = new_vert_num;
std::cout << "Vertices: " << vert_num << "\n";</pre>
                         // Update the display
                         vertices = update_vertices(vertices, vert_num, vbo);
                     }
                 }
                 if (enable_primitve_manip)
                     // Primitive manipulation
                     if (window_event.key.code >= sf::Keyboard::Num0 && window_event.key.code <=</pre>
sf::Keyboard::Num9)
                     {
                         // Save numerical key as an integer
                         int pressed_number = window_event.key.code - sf::Keyboard::Num0;
                         used_primitive = primitives[pressed_number % primitives_num];
                         std::cout << "Set primitive: " << primitives_names[used_primitive %</pre>
primitives_num] << "\n";</pre>
                 }
                 break;
            case sf::Event::MouseMoved:
                 if (enable_vert_manip)
                     // Convert mouse pos to vertices
                     int new_vert_num = mouse_to_verts(window_event.mouseMove.y);
                     if (new_vert_num == vert_num) // Avoid updates if unnecessary
                         break;
                     // Update vert number
                     vert_num = new_vert_num;
                     std::cout << "Vertices: " << vert_num << "\n";</pre>
                     // Update the display
                     vertices = update_vertices(vertices, vert_num, vbo);
                 }
                 if (enable_mouse_movement)
```

```
{
                    // Get the current mouse position and calculate the offset from the center
                    sf::Vector2i center_pos(window.getSize().x / 2, window.getSize().y / 2);
                    sf::Vector2i local_pos = sf::Mouse::getPosition(window);
                    double x_offset = local_pos.x - center_pos.x;
                    double y_offset = local_pos.y - center_pos.y;
                    // Apply the offset to yaw and pitch
                    camera_yaw += x_offset * mouse_sensitivity;
                    camera_pitch -= y_offset * mouse_sensitivity;
                    // Clamp pitch to prevent flipping
                    if (camera_pitch > MAX_CAMERA_PITCH) camera_pitch = MAX_CAMERA_PITCH;
                    else if (camera_pitch < MIN_CAMERA_PITCH) camera_pitch = MIN_CAMERA_PITCH;</pre>
                    // Normalize yaw
                    if (camera_yaw >= MAX_CAMERA_YAW) camera_yaw -= MAX_CAMERA_YAW;
                    else if (camera_yaw < MIN_CAMERA_YAW) camera_yaw += MIN_CAMERA_YAW;</pre>
                    // Set the flag to update view matrix
                    camera_pos_changed = true;
                    // Reset mouse position to the center of the window
                    sf::Mouse::setPosition(center_pos, window);
                break;
            }
        }
        if (enable_keyboard_movement)
            // Check camera movement keys in real-time
            if (sf::Keyboard::isKeyPressed(sf::Keyboard::W))
                                                                 // Forward
                camera_pos += camera_speed * delta_time * camera_front;
                camera_pos_changed = true;
                std::cout << "Input: W\n";</pre>
            }
            if (sf::Keyboard::isKeyPressed(sf::Keyboard::S))
                                                               // Backwards
                camera_pos -= camera_speed * delta_time * camera_front;
                camera_pos_changed = true;
                std::cout << "Input: S\n";</pre>
            }
            if (sf::Keyboard::isKeyPressed(sf::Keyboard::A))
                                                               // Move left
                camera_pos -= glm::normalize(glm::cross(camera_front, camera_up)) * camera_speed *
delta_time;
                camera_pos_changed = true;
                std::cout << "Input: A\n";</pre>
            }
            if (sf::Keyboard::isKeyPressed(sf::Keyboard::D))
                                                               // Move right
                camera_pos += glm::normalize(glm::cross(camera_front, camera_up)) * camera_speed *
delta_time;
                camera_pos_changed = true;
                std::cout << "Input: D\n";</pre>
            }
```

```
if (sf::Keyboard::isKeyPressed(sf::Keyboard::Q)) // Rotation left
                camera_yaw -= camera_rotation_speed * delta_time;
                camera_pos_changed = true;
                std::cout << "Input: Q\n";</pre>
            }
            if (sf::Keyboard::isKeyPressed(sf::Keyboard::E))
                                                               // Rotation right
                camera_yaw += camera_rotation_speed * delta_time;
                camera_pos_changed = true;
                std::cout << "Input: E\n";</pre>
        }
        if (camera_pos_changed)
            update_view_matrix(shader_program, camera_pos, camera_front, camera_up, camera_yaw,
camera_pitch);
            camera_pos_changed = false;
        }
        // Clear the screen to black
        glClearColor(0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f);
        glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT | GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT);
        // Draw the shape
        glDrawArrays(used_primitive, 0, vert_num);
        // Swap the front and back buffers
        window.display();
    }
}
// Validation functions
// ---
bool shader_compiled(GLuint shader, bool console_dump = true, std::string name_identifier = "")
{
    // Check for compilation error
    GLint success;
    glGetShaderiv(shader, GL_COMPILE_STATUS, &success);
    if (!success && console_dump)
        // Get error log length
        GLint log_length;
        glGetShaderiv(shader, GL_INFO_LOG_LENGTH, &log_length);
        // Allocate space for error message
        std::string error_msg(log_length, ' '); // Initialize the string with spaces
        // Retrieve the error log
        glGetShaderInfoLog(shader, log_length, NULL, &error_msg[0]);
        // Print the error message
        std::cerr << "ERROR: " << name_identifier << " Shader Compilation Failed!:\n\t" << error_msg <<
    return success;
bool program_linked(GLuint program, bool console_dump = true, std::string name_identifier = "")
```

```
{
    GLint success;
    glGetProgramiv(program, GL_LINK_STATUS, &success);
    if (!success && console_dump)
        // Get error log length
        GLint log_length;
        glGetProgramiv(program, GL_INFO_LOG_LENGTH, &log_length);
        // Allocate space for error message
        std::string error_msg(log_length, ' '); // Initialize the string with spaces
        // Retrieve the error log
        glGetProgramInfoLog(program, log_length, NULL, &error_msg[0]);
        // Print the error message
        std::cerr << "ERROR: " << name_identifier << " Program Linking Failed!:\n\t" << error_msg <<
   return success;
}
// Main function
// -
int main()
    // Init for random number generation
    srand(time(NULL));
    // Setup OpenGL context settings
    sf::ContextSettings settings;
                                 // Bits for depth buffer
    settings.depthBits = 24;
                                 // Bits for stencil buffer
    settings.stencilBits = 8;
    // Create a rendering window with OpenGL context
    sf::Window window(sf::VideoMode(WINDOW_WIDTH, WINDOW_HEIGHT, 32), WINDOW_TITLE, sf::Style::Titlebar
| sf::Style::Close, settings);
    window.setMouseCursorGrabbed(true);
    window.setMouseCursorVisible(false);
    // window.setFramerateLimit(20);
    // Enabling Z-buffer
    glEnable(GL_DEPTH_TEST);
    glDepthFunc(GL_LESS);
    // Initialize GLEW (must be done after creating the window and OpenGL context)
    glewExperimental = GL_TRUE;
   glewInit();
    // Create and bind a Vertex Array Object (VAO) to store vertex state
    GLuint vao;
    glGenVertexArrays(1, &vao);
    glBindVertexArray(vao);
    // Create a Vertex Buffer Object (VBO) and upload vertex data to it
    GLuint vbo;
    glGenBuffers(1, &vbo);
    // Vertex data: positions (x, y) and colors (r, g, b) for each vertex
```

```
int vert_num = 3;
    GLfloat* vertices = new GLfloat[vert_num * DATA_PER_VERT];
    // Generate a polygon
    // find_polygon_verts(vertices, vert_num, 1.0f);
    // Generate a cube
    vert_num = 36;
    vertices = cube_vertices;
    glBindBuffer(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, vbo);
    glBufferData(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, vert_num * DATA_PER_VERT * sizeof(GLfloat), vertices, GL_STATIC_DRAW);
    // Create and compile the vertex shader
    GLuint vertex_shader = glCreateShader(GL_VERTEX_SHADER);
    glShaderSource(vertex_shader, 1, &vertex_source, NULL);
    glCompileShader(vertex_shader);
    // Create and compile the fragment shader
    GLuint fragment_shader = glCreateShader(GL_FRAGMENT_SHADER);
    glShaderSource(fragment_shader, 1, &fragment_source, NULL);
    glCompileShader(fragment_shader);
    // Check for shader compilation
    if (!shader_compiled(vertex_shader, true, "Vertex") || !shader_compiled(fragment_shader, true,
"Fragment"))
    {
        // Cleanup: delete shaders, buffers, and close the window
        glDeleteShader(fragment_shader);
        glDeleteShader(vertex_shader);
        glDeleteBuffers(1, &vbo);
        glDeleteVertexArrays(1, &vao);
        window.close(); // Close the rendering window
        return -1;
    }
    // Declare shader uniform data
    glm::mat4 model_matrix = glm::mat4(1.0f);
    model_matrix = glm::rotate(model_matrix, glm::radians(45.0f), glm::vec3(0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f));
    glm::mat4 view_matrix = glm::lookAt(glm::vec3(0.0f, 0.0f, 3.0f), glm::vec3(0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f),
glm::vec3(0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f));
    glm::mat4 proj_matrix = glm::perspective(glm::radians(45.0f), WINDOW_WIDTH / WINDOW_HEIGHT, 0.01f,
100.0f);
    // Link both shaders into a single shader program
    GLuint shader_program = glCreateProgram();
    glAttachShader(shader_program, vertex_shader);
    glAttachShader(shader_program, fragment_shader);
    glBindFragDataLocation(shader_program, 0, "outColor"); // Bind fragment output
    glLinkProgram(shader_program);
    // Use the program if linking succeeded
    if (program_linked(shader_program, true, "Shader"))
    {
        // Debug info
        std::cout << SEPARATOR;</pre>
        std::cout << "Version:\t" << glGetString(GL_VERSION) << "\n";</pre>
        std::cout << "Running on:\t" << glGetString(GL_RENDERER) << "\n";
        std::cout << SEPARATOR;</pre>
        // Use the program
        glUseProgram(shader_program);
```

```
// Add uniform data
        GLint uni_trans = glGetUniformLocation(shader_program, "model_matrix");
        glUniformMatrix4fv(uni_trans, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(model_matrix));
        GLint uni_view = glGetUniformLocation(shader_program, "view_matrix");
        glUniformMatrix4fv(uni_view, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(view_matrix));
        GLint uni_proj = glGetUniformLocation(shader_program, "proj_matrix");
        glUniformMatrix4fv(uni_proj, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(proj_matrix));
    }
    else
        // Cleanup: delete shaders, buffers, and close the window
        glDeleteProgram(shader_program);
        glDeleteShader(fragment_shader);
        glDeleteShader(vertex_shader);
        glDeleteBuffers(1, &vbo);
        glDeleteVertexArrays(1, &vao);
        window.close(); // Close the rendering window
        return -2;
    }
    // Specify the layout of the vertex data
    GLint pos_attrib = glGetAttribLocation(shader_program, "position");
    glEnableVertexAttribArray(pos_attrib);
    glVertexAttribPointer(pos_attrib, 3, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, DATA_PER_VERT * sizeof(GLfloat), 0);
    GLint col_attrib = glGetAttribLocation(shader_program, "color");
    glEnableVertexAttribArray(col_attrib);
    glVertexAttribPointer(col_attrib, 3, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, DATA_PER_VERT * sizeof(GLfloat), (void*)(3
* sizeof(GLfloat)));
    // Main event loop
   main_loop(window, shader_program, vao, vbo, vert_num, vertices);
    // Cleanup: delete shaders, buffers, and close the window
    glDeleteProgram(shader_program);
    glDeleteShader(fragment_shader);
    glDeleteShader(vertex_shader);
    glDeleteBuffers(1, &vbo);
    glDeleteVertexArrays(1, &vao);
    window.close(); // Close the rendering window
   return 0;
```

}