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Lab 5

Readme.md

Preparation Task

- Common Cathode 7-segment display (CC SSD) active HIGH
- * Common Anode 7-segment display (CA SSD) active LOW

In the following table, write the binary values of the segments for display 0 to 9 on a common anode 7-segment display.

Digit	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	DP
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
2	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
3	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1
4	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
5	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1
6	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
7	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
9	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1

Use schematic of the Multi-function shield and find out the connection of seven-segment display. What is the purpose of two shift registers 74HC595?

Shift registers are used for creating more output pins, this component alow us to create (8 output pins for each register) using only 3 wires (CLK, LATCH and Data), more registers can be connected in series where Q7' of first shift register is connected to data pin of second shift register

Lab Results

segment.cpp

```
* Seven-segment display library for AVR-GCC.
 * ATmega328P (Arduino Uno), 16 MHz, AVR 8-bit Toolchain 3.6.2
 * Copyright (c) 2019-2020 Tomas Fryza
 * Dept. of Radio Electronics, Brno University of Technology, Czechia
 * This work is licensed under the terms of the MIT license.
//Includes ----*/
//#define F_CPU 16000000
#include <util/delay.h>
#include "gpio.h"
#include "segment.h"
uint8_t segment_values[]={
   0b00000011, // digit 0
   0b10011111, // digit 1
   0b00100101, // digit 2
   0b00001101, // digit 3
   0b10011001, // digit 4
   0b01001001, // digit 5
   0b01000001, // digit 6
   0b00011111, // digit 7
   0b00000001, // digit 8
   0b00001001 //digit 9
};
uint8_t segment_positions[]={
   0b10000000,
   0b01000000,
   0b00100000.
   0b00010000,
   0b00001000,
   0b00000100,
   0b00000010,
   0b00000001};
// Function definitions -----
void SEG_init(void)
   /* Configuration of SSD signals */
   GPIO_config_output(&DDRD, SEGMENT_LATCH);
   GPIO_config_output(&DDRD, SEGMENT_CLK);
   GPIO_config_output(&DDRB, SEGMENT_DATA);
}
//-----
void SEG_update_shift_regs(uint8_t segments, uint8_t position)
  uint8_t segment_value = segment_values[segments];
   uint8_t position_value = segment_positions[position];
   uint8_t bit_number;
   // Pull LATCH, CLK, and DATA low
   GPIO_write_low(&PORTD, SEGMENT_LATCH);
   // Wait 1 us
   _delay_us(1);
   // Loop through the 1st byte (segments)
   // a b c d e f g DP (active low values)
```

```
for (bit_number = 0; bit_number < 8; bit_number++)</pre>
        // Output DATA value (bit 0 of "segments")
        if ((segment_value & 1) == 0)
        {
            GPIO_write_low(&PORTB, SEGMENT_DATA);
        }
        else
        {
            GPIO_write_high(&PORTB, SEGMENT_DATA);
        }
        // Wait 1 us
        _delay_us(1);
        // Pull CLK high
        GPIO_write_high(&PORTD, SEGMENT_CLK);
        // Wait 1 us
        _delay_us(1);
        // Pull CLK low
        GPIO_write_low(&PORTD, SEGMENT_CLK);
        // Shift "segments"
        segment_value = segment_value >> 1;
    // Loop through the 2nd byte (position)
    // p3 p2 p1 p0 . . . (active high values)
    for (bit_number = 0; bit_number < 8; bit_number++)</pre>
    {
        // Output DATA value (bit 0 of "position")
                if ((position_value & 1) == 0)
        {
            GPIO_write_low(&PORTB, SEGMENT_DATA);
        }
        else
        {
            GPIO_write_high(&PORTB, SEGMENT_DATA);
        }
        // Wait 1 us
        _delay_us(1);
        // Pull CLK high
        GPIO_write_high(&PORTD, SEGMENT_CLK);
        // Wait 1 us
        _delay_us(1);
        // Pull CLK low
        GPIO_write_low(&PORTD, SEGMENT_CLK);
        // Shift "segments"
        // Shift "position"
        position_value = position_value >> 1;
    }
    // Pull LATCH high
   GPIO_write_high(&PORTD, SEGMENT_LATCH);
    // Wait 1 us
    _delay_us(1);
/* SEG clear */
void SEG_clear()
   uint8_t bit_number;
    // Pull LATCH, CLK, and DATA low
   GPIO_write_low(&PORTD,SEGMENT_LATCH);
   // Wait 1 us
    _delay_us(1);
   // Loop through the 1st byte (segments)
   // a b c d e f g DP (active low values)
    for (bit_number = 0; bit_number < 16; bit_number++)</pre>
    {
```

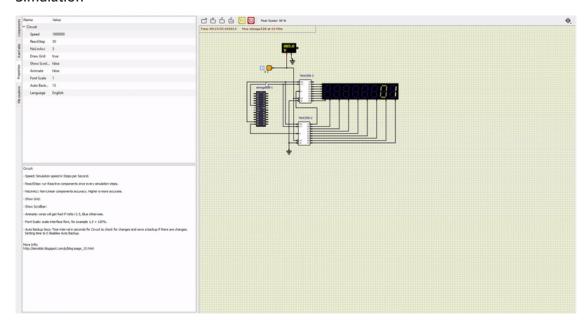
}

{

```
GPIO_write_low(&PORTB, SEGMENT_DATA);
         // Wait 1 us
         _delay_us(1);
         // Pull CLK high
         GPIO_write_high(&PORTD, SEGMENT_CLK);
         // Wait 1 us
         _delay_us(1);
         // Pull CLK low
         GPIO_write_low(&PORTD, SEGMENT_CLK);
         // Shift "segments"
     // Pull LATCH high
     GPIO_write_high(&PORTD, SEGMENT_LATCH);
     // Wait 1 us
     _delay_us(1);
  /*----*/
  /* SEG_clk_2us */
 void SEG clk()
     // Pull CLK high
     GPIO_write_high(&PORTD, SEGMENT_CLK);
     // Wait 1 us
     _delay_us(1);
     // Pull CLK low
     GPIO_write_low(&PORTD, SEGMENT_CLK);
     // Wait 1 us
     _delay_us(1);
  }
main.cpp
                          // AVR device-specific IO definitions
 #include <avr/io.h>
 #include <avr/interrupt.h> // Interrupts standard C library for AVR-GCC
 #include "timer.h" // Timer library for AVR-GCC
                        // Seven-segment display library for AVR-GCC
 #include "segment.h"
 #include "gpio.h"
 #include <Arduino.h>
 uint8_t segment[] = {0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0}; // initial value
 uint8_t muxflag = 1; // variable for multiplexing digits
 int main(void)
  {
     // timer for multiplexing
     TIM2_overflow_512us(); // 512us for each digit
     TIM2_overflow_interrupt_enable();
     // Configure SSD signals
     SEG_init();
     TIM1_overflow_262ms();
     TIM1_overflow_interrupt_enable();
     sei();
     // Infinite loop
     while (1)
     // Will never reach this
     return 0;
 }
  /* Interrupt service routines -----*/
  ISR(TIMER1_OVF_vect)
  {
     if(segment[7] == 9){
       segment[6] = segment[6] + 1;
       segment[7] = 0;
     }
     else
     {
```

```
segment[7] = segment[7] + 1;
   }
   if(segment[6] == 6){
       segment[6] = 0;
        segment[7] = 0;
   }
// multiplexing digits
ISR(TIMER2_OVF_vect){
   if (muxflag == 1){
   SEG_update_shift_regs(segment[7], 7);
   }
   else
    {
    SEG_update_shift_regs(segment[6], 6);
   muxflag = !muxflag; //
}
```

Simulation



Snake.cpp

```
// AVR device-specific IO definitions
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <avr/interrupt.h> // Interrupts standard C library for AVR-GCC
#include "timer.h"
                       // Timer library for AVR-GCC
#include "segment.h"
                           // Seven-segment display library for AVR-GCC
#include "gpio.h"
#include <Arduino.h>
int main(void)
{
// Configure SSD signals
 SEG_init();
  while (1)
    for (size_t i = 0; i < 6; i++)</pre>
     my_snake(i,7);
     _delay_ms(400);
  // Will never reach this
  return 0;
```

segment.cpp

I added In file segment.cpp following lines.

```
uint8_t snake_values[]={
0b01111111.
0b10111111,
0b11011111,
0b11101111,
0b11110111,
0b11111011,
0b11111101,
0b11111110,
void my_snake(uint8_t segments, uint8_t position)
{ uint8_t segment_value = snake_values[segments];
uint8_t position_value = segment_positions[position];
uint8_t bit_number;
// Pull LATCH, CLK, and DATA low
GPIO_write_low(&PORTD,SEGMENT_LATCH);
// Wait 1 us
_delay_us(1);
// Loop through the 1st byte (segments)
 // a b c d e f g DP (active low values)
 for (bit_number = 0; bit_number < 8; bit_number++)</pre>
     // Output DATA value (bit 0 of "segments")
     if ((segment_value & 1) == 0)
     {
         GPIO_write_low(&PORTB, SEGMENT_DATA);
     }
     else
     {
         GPIO_write_high(&PORTB, SEGMENT_DATA);
     }
     // Wait 1 us
     _delay_us(1);
     // Pull CLK high
     GPIO_write_high(&PORTD, SEGMENT_CLK);
     // Wait 1 us
     _delay_us(1);
     // Pull CLK low
     GPIO_write_low(&PORTD, SEGMENT_CLK);
     // Shift "segments"
     segment_value = segment_value >> 1;
}
 // Loop through the 2nd byte (position)
 // p3 p2 p1 p0 . . . (active high values)
 for (bit_number = 0; bit_number < 8; bit_number++)</pre>
 {
     // Output DATA value (bit 0 of "position")
            if ((position_value & 1) == 0)
     {
         GPIO_write_low(&PORTB, SEGMENT_DATA);
     }
     else
     {
         GPIO_write_high(&PORTB, SEGMENT_DATA);
     }
     // Wait 1 us
     _delay_us(1);
     // Pull CLK high
     GPIO_write_high(&PORTD, SEGMENT_CLK);
     // Wait 1 us
     _delay_us(1);
     // Pull CLK low
```

```
GPIO_write_low(&PORTD, SEGMENT_CLK);
// Shift "segments"

// Shift "position"
position_value = position_value >> 1;
}

// Pull LATCH high
GPIO_write_high(&PORTD, SEGMENT_LATCH);

// Wait 1 us
_delay_us(1);
}
```

Snake Simulation

