

# ÅBO AKADEMI UNIVERSITY

# CLOUD COMPUTING

# Assignment 2



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# VM performance and cost-efficiency comparisons

#### 1) Create an account on openbenchmarking.org

https://openbenchmarking.org/user/feliciofilipe

# 2) Have a look at all possible instance types provided by AWS General Purpose

#### • T2 family

T2 instances are Burstable Performance Instances that provide a baseline level of CPU performance with the ability to burst above the baseline. T2 Unlimited instances can sustain high CPU performance for as long as a workload needs it. For most general-purpose workloads, T2 Unlimited instances will provide ample performance without any additional charges.

#### • M4 family

M4 instances provide a balance of compute, memory, and network resources, and it is a good choice for many applications.

#### • M5 family

M5 instances are the latest generation of General Purpose Instances powered by Intel Xeon® Platinum 8175M processors. This family provides a balance of compute, memory, and network resources, and is a good choice for many applications.

#### Compute Optimized

#### • C4 family

M5 instances are the latest generation of General Purpose Instances powered by Intel Xeon® Platinum 8175M processors. This family provides a balance of compute, memory, and network resources, and is a good choice for many applications.

#### • C5 family

M5 instances are the latest generation of General Purpose Instances powered by Intel Xeon® Platinum 8175M processors. This family provides a balance of compute, memory, and network resources, and is a good choice for many applications.

# 3) Select different instance types, with at least one from each of the following family: T, M and C.

I will select the 't2.nano', the 't2.medium', the 'm5.large' and the 'c5.xlarge' instance types. The goal was to have one from each family and different combinations of CPU and memory (from the nano to the xlarge).

# 4) Launch the first VM - t2.nano

Instance summary for i-01b80e065b7c2d14c Info Updated less than a minute ago  Connect Instance state ▼							
Instance ID	Public IPv4 address	Private IPv4 addresses					
☐ i-01b80e065b7c2d14c	□ 3.236.150.217   open address 🖸	☐ 172.31.69.37					
Instance state	Public IPv4 DNS	Private IPv4 DNS					
⊕ Pending	🗇 ec2-3-236-150-217.compute-1.amazonaws.com   open address 🖸	□ lp-172-31-69-37.ec2.internal					
Instance type	Elastic IP addresses	VPC ID					
t2.nano	-	□ vpc-ec51d691 🖸					
AWS Compute Optimizer finding	IAM Role	Subnet ID					
② User amawssts:9955391358094assumed-nole/vocstartsoft /user1383600=flipe.moralslopesfelicio@abo.fl is not authorized to perform: compute-optimizer:GetEnrollmentStatus on resource: * with an explicit deny Retry	-	☐ subnet-d6b29fd8 [2					
Details Security Networking Storage Status checks Monitoring Tags							
▼ Instance details Info							
Platform	AMI ID	Monitoring					
☐ Ubuntu (Inferred)	☐ ami-042e8287309f5df03	disabled					
Platform details	AMI name	Termination protection					
☐ Linux/UNIX	ubuntu/images/hvm-ssd/ubuntu-focal-20.04-amd64-server-	Disabled					

Figure 1: Launching the first VM with the instance type t2.nano

## 5) Packages installation

### Install the phoronix-test-suite

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-69-37:~$ sudo dpkg -i phoronix-test-suite_10.2.2_all.deb
(Reading database ... 67263 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack phoronix-test-suite_10.2.2_all.deb ...
Unpacking phoronix-test-suite (10.2.2) over (10.2.2) ...
Setting up phoronix-test-suite (10.2.2) ...
Processing triggers for mime-support (3.64ubuntu1) ...
Processing triggers for man-db (2.9.1-1) ...
```

Figure 2: Installing the phoronix-test-suite

#### Install the 'unzip' package

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-69-37:~$ sudo apt-get install unzip
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
unzip is already the newest version (6.0-25ubuntu1).
```

Figure 3: Installing the 'unzip' package

6) Install the following Test Suites and Tests and the required dependencies pts/openssl

Figure 4: Installing the pts/openssl

pts/stream

Figure 5: Installing the pts/stream

pts/encode-mp3

```
To Install:
                      pts/timed-audio-encode-1.0.1
To Install:
                      pts/encode-mp3-1.7.4
Determining File Requirements ......
Searching Download Caches .....
2 Tests To Install
      2 Files To Download [76.45MB]
5MB Of Disk Space Is Needed
42 Seconds Estimated Install Time
      Test Installation 1 of 2
1 File Needed [75 MB / 2 Minutes]
Downloading: pts-trondheim-wav-3.tar.gz
                                                                                                                            [75.00MB]
      Estimated Download Time: 2m ......
Estimated Install Time: 3 Seconds
      Installing Test @ 14:19:57
pts/encode-mp3-1.7.4:
   Test Installation 2 of 2
   1 File Needed [1.45 MB / 1 Minute]
   Downloading: lame-3.100.tar.gz
                                                                                                                              [1.45MB]
     Downloading: lame-3.100.tar.gz
Estimated Download Time: 1m .....
Approximate Install Size: 5 MB
Estimated Install Time: 39 Seconds
Installing Test @ 14:20:01
                                                                                                                              [1.45MB]
```

Figure 6: Installing the pts/encode-mp3

#### pts/apache

```
To Install:
           pts/apache-1.7.2
Determining File Requirements ......
Searching Download Caches ......
1 Test To Install
  4 Files To Download [7.49MB]
208MB Of Disk Space Is Needed
2 Minutes, 45 Seconds Estimated Install Time
   Test Installation 1 of 1
  [6.26MB]
                                                                 [0.01MB]
   Estimated Download Time: 1m .....
   Downloading: apr-1.6.3.tar.bz2
                                                                 [0.81MB]
  Downloading: apr-1.6.3.tar.bz2 Estimated Download Time: 1m ...
                                                                 [0.81MB]
   Downloading: apr-util-1.6.1.tar.bz2
                                                                 [0.41MB]
```

Figure 7: Installing the pts/apache

#### pts/network-loopback

```
pts/network-loopback-1.0.3:
   Test Installation 1 of 1
   Approximate Install Size: 1 MB
   Estimated Install Time: 2 Seconds
   Installing Test @ 14:26:58
```

Figure 8: Installing the pts/network-loopback

#### pts/john-the-ripper

Figure 9: Installing the pts/john-the-ripper

## 7) Login into the openbenchmarking.org account from the phoronix-testsuite command line

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-69-37:~$ phoronix-test-suite openbenchmarking-login

If you have not already registered for your free OpenBenchmarking.org account, y
ou can do so at https://openbenchmarking.org/

Once you have registered your account and clicked the link within the verificati
on email, enter your log-in information below.

OpenBenchmarking.org User-Name: feliciofilipe
OpenBenchmarking.org Password:
The Account Has Been Setup.
```

Figure 10: Logging into the openbenchmarking.org account from the phoronix-test-suite command line

### 8) Execute the 6 benchmarks

```
ubuntu@lp-172-31-69-37:~$ phoronix-test-suite run pts/openssl pts/stream pts/enconde-mp3 pts/apache p
ts/network-loopback pts/john-the-ripper

Stream 2013-01-17:
    pts/stream-1.3.1
    Memory Test Configuration
        1: Copy
        2: Scale
        3: Add
        4: Triad
        5: Test All Options
        ** Multiple items can be selected, delimit by a comma. **
        Type: 3

John The Ripper 1.9.0-jumbo-1:
    pts/john-the-ripper-1.7.2
    Processor Test Configuration
        1: MD5
        2: Blowfish
        3: Test All Options
        ** Multiple items can be selected, delimit by a comma. **
        Test: 2
```

Figure 11: Executing the 6 benchmarks

```
Would you like to save these test results (Y/n):
Enter a name for the result file: CC21Assignment2
Enter a unique name to describe this test run / configuration: t2.nano
```

Figure 12: Executing the 6 benchmarks

```
Would you like to upload the results to OpenBenchmarking.org (y/n):
Would you like to upload the results to OpenBenchmarking.org (y/n):
Would you like to upload the results to OpenBenchmarking.org (y/n): y
Would you like to attach the system logs (lspci, dmesg, lsusb, etc) to the test result (y/n): y

Results Uploaded To: https://openbenchmarking.org/result/2104161-FELI-CC21ASS71
```

Figure 13: Executing the 6 benchmarks

#### 9) Create an image

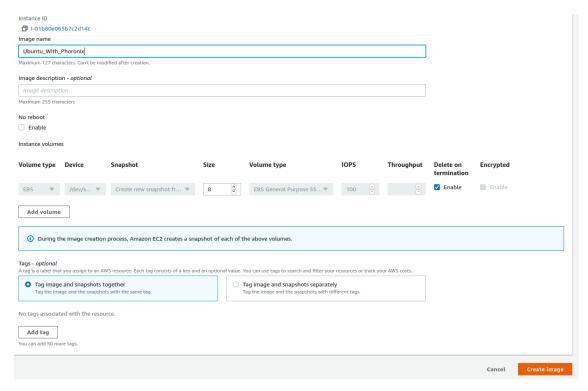


Figure 14: Creating an image

## 10) Launch the second VM - m5.large

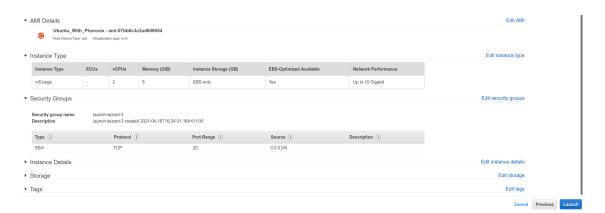


Figure 15: Launching the second VM - m5.large with an AMI

### 11) Execute the 6 benchmarks

# ubuntu@ip-172-31-73-155:~\$ phoronix-test-suite benchmark 2104161-FELI-CC21ASS71

Figure 16: Execute the 6 benchmarks with a single command: **phoronix-test-suite benchmark** 2104161-FELI-CC21ASS71

## 12) Launch the third VM - c5.xlarge

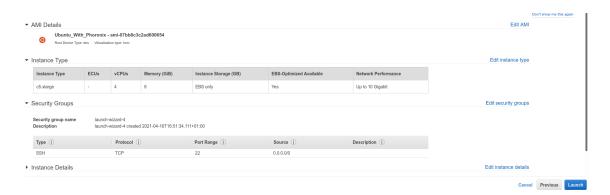


Figure 17: Launching the second VM - c5.xlarge with an AMI

### 13) Execute the 6 benchmarks

ubuntu@ip-172-31-18-31:~\$ phoronix-test-suite benchmark 2104161-FELI-CC21ASS71

Figure 18: Execute the 6 benchmarks with a single command: **phoronix-test-suite benchmark** 2104161-FELI-CC21ASS71

## 14) Launch the fourth VM - t2.medium

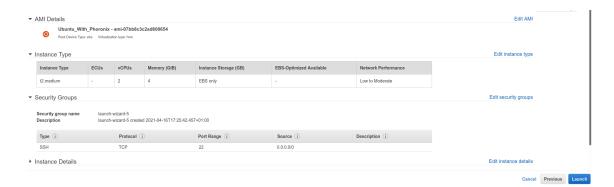


Figure 19: Launching the second VM - t2.medium with an AMI

#### 15) Execute the 6 benchmarks

# ubuntu@ip-172-31-71-180:~\$ phoronix-test-suite benchmark 2104161-FELI-CC21ASS71

Figure 20: Execute the 6 benchmarks with a single command: **phoronix-test-suite benchmark** 2104161-FELI-CC21ASS71

## 16) Terminate all VMs

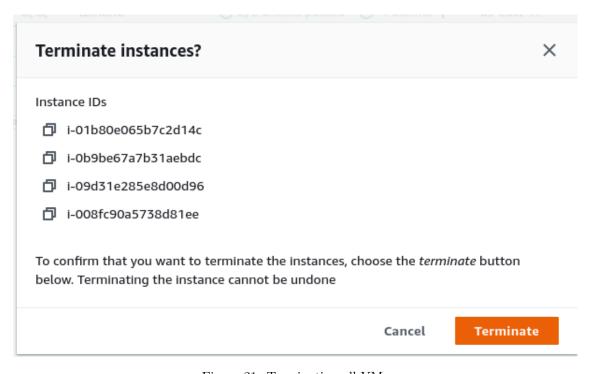


Figure 21: Terminating all VMs

## 17) Deregister the AMI and delete its corresponding Snapshot

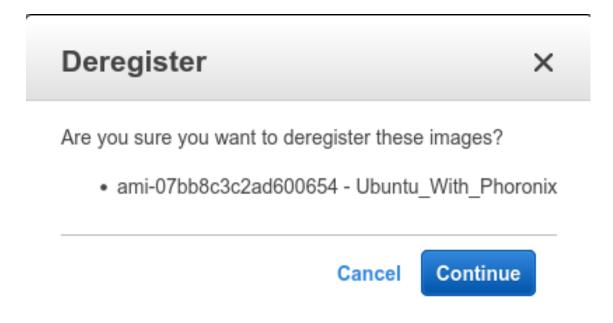


Figure 22: Deregistering the AMI and delete its corresponding Snapshot

# Report



Figure 23

#### The link to your profile

https://openbenchmarking.org/user/feliciofilipe

# Report on the selected instance types, and briefly explain why you choose them

The instance types that I selected are the ones in the following table, I have made this choices to accomplish a few key features to have good tests. First, I have choose one from each family has required. Second I choose different sizes (CPU and Memory) so I could compare the improvement

in performance to the rise in cost so I could determine which is the most efficient. I decided to use the largest on the C family so I could better visualise the impact of Compute Optimized.

Instance name ▽	On-Demand hourly rate ▼	vCPU ▽	Memory ▽	Storage ▽	Network performance	▽
c5.xlarge	\$0.17	4	8 GiB	EBS Only	Up to 10 Gigabit	
m5.large	\$0.096	2	8 GIB	EBS Only	Up to 10 Gigabit	
t2.medium	\$0.0464	2	4 GiB	EBS Only	Low to Moderate	
t2.nano	\$0.0058	1	0.5 GiB	EBS Only	Low	

Figure 24

### Report and comments the obtained results

First and foremost we need to get familiar with tests:

#### Loopback TCP Network Performance

This test measures the loopback network adapter performance using a micro-benchmark to measure the TCP performance.

#### John The Ripper

This is a benchmark of John The Ripper, which is a password cracker.

#### OpenSSL

OpenSSL is an open-source toolkit that implements SSL (Secure Sockets Layer) and TLS (Transport Layer Security) protocols. This test measures the RSA 4096-bit performance of OpenSSL.

#### **Apache Benchmark**

This is a test of ab, which is the Apache benchmark program. This test profile measures how many requests per second a given system can sustain when carrying out 1,000,000 requests with 100 requests being carried out concurrently.

#### Results

CC21Assignment2					
pts	t2.nano	t2.medium	m5.large	c5.xlarge	
network-loopback: Time To Transfer 10GB Via Loopback	22.115	17.103	15.340	16.007	
john-the-ripper: Blowfish	1002	2106	1446	3129	
openssl: RSA 4096-bit Performance	121.4	246.9	235.7	512.5	
apache: Static Web Page Serving	4928.24	8475.80	11589.55	19744.72	
OpenBenchmarking organization o					

Figure 25

The only results that surprise me its in the performance of the t2.medium with the m5.large, considering that the second is more expensive and its reported has having better Network performance,

with the t2.medium having better performance in john-the-ripper (more 45,64%) and OpenSSL (more 4,75%).

Despite this, the m5.large has the best TPC performance (more 4,35% than the c5.xlarge).

# Provide your own evaluation and analysis on the obtained relative cost-efficiency of the tested VMs

Considering that:

- t2.medium is 80% more expensive than the t2.nano
- m5.large is 107% more expensive than the t2.medium
- c5.large is 77% more expensive than the c5.large
- t2.medium is 78,38% better performer overall on the tests than the t2.nano
- m5.large is 0,54% worst performer overall on the tests than the t2.medium
- c5.large is 74,96% better performer overall on the tests than the c5.large

If we compare the increases in price and in performance we can gather that the t2.medium has the better relative cost-efficiency.

#### Conclusion

With this assignment I learned something completely new in this capability of evaluating the performance of VM's through phoronix-test-suite and openbenchmarking.org. This was particularly satisfying because I can imaging the utility of knowing these tools in my professional career.

Considering that we are going towards a world where product it's being replace by service, allowing a more efficient live adaptation of the resources, knowing how to test the different VM services and how to apply the correct benchmarks to evaluate their performance contrasting to the additional financial investment is a great tool to have as an engineer.