

# Namespaces

## Overview

An Introduction to namespaces

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## **An Introduction to Namespaces**

Allow an application to be partitioned into a number of subsystems  
Each subsystem can define entities and operate in its own scope  
No need to worry about identifiers used by someone else

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## **Why use Namespaces?**

Solve problem of name clashes in the global scope  
Correspond to subsystems from RD/OOA  
Can concentrate on local issues without worrying about other subsystems

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## Defining Namespaces

Namespace is defined by using the keyword `namespace`

```
namespace DATASIM
{
    double pi = 3.141592653;

    double func(double x)
    {
        return x * 2.0;
    }
}
```

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## Defining Namespace Rules

A namespace must be appear at file-scope

A namespace may also be defined inside another namespace (nesting)

A definition can be split up

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## Nesting Namespaces

```
namespace DATASIM
{
    double pi = 3.141592653;

    namespace Inner
    {
        double Distance = 123;
    }
}
```

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## Splitting Namespaces

```
namespace DATASIM
{
    double pi = 3.141592653;
}

void foo(){}

// The rest of the namespace, it is split
namespace DATASIM
{
    double func(double x)
    {
        return x * 2.0;
    }
}
```

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## Defining Outside Namespace

```
namespace DATASIM
{
    double pi = 3.141592653;
    double func(double);
}

void foo() {}

// The rest of the namespace, it is split
double DATASIM::func(double x)
{
    return x * 2.0;
}
```

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## Accessing Elements of a Namespace

By the using declaration

By the using directive

Explicit qualification

Identifiers in global namespace still accessible by using '::'

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## Using Declaration

The using declaration introduces a name into the declarative region

```
void main()
{
    // Employing the using declaration
    using DATASIM::func;

    cout << func(3.0);    // Gives value 6.0
}
```

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## Using Directive

The using directive allows **all** the names in a namespace to be used without qualification

```
void main()
{
    // Employing the using directive
    using namespace DATASIM;

    cout << func(3.0);    // Gives value 6.0
    cout << pi << endl;
}
```

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## Explicit Access Qualification

Identify namespace with each member usage

```
void main()
{
    cout << DATASIM::func(3.0);    // Gives value 6.0
}
```

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## Alias Namespaces

Create alias for namespace identifier

Possible to create shorter notation for nested aliases

```
namespace DS = DATASIM;           // Alias
cout << DS::func(3.0);             // Calls DATASIM::func()

namespace DSI = DATASIM::Inner;    // Nested Alias
```

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