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Brief Overlook on MQTT and HbbTV IoT communication protocols and their security and privacy implications

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Who Am I

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UNIVERSITY OF TRENTO - Italy



Security and Performance tradeoffs in the Internet of Things

Promoting the security awareness in MQTT-based scenarios

Carlotta Tagliaro



Introduction

Gartner predicts the number of IoT devices is estimated to reach **25 billions** by 2021^[1]

Security is still **not a primary concern** in current IoT solutions

[1] <https://www.gartner.com/en/newsroom/press-releases/2018-11-07-gartner-identifies-top-10-strategic-iot-technologies-and-trends>





Example 1: Targeted lease

2nd Floor

shop

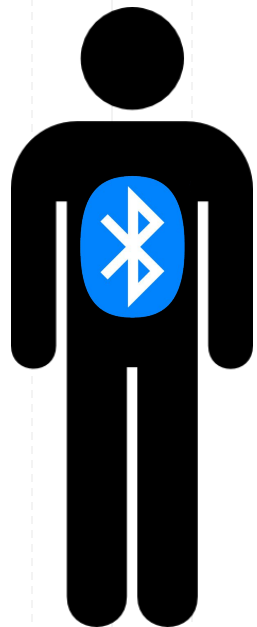


1st Floor

shop



Example 1: Targeted lease



\$ \$ \$

2nd Floor

shop



1st Floor

shop

\$



Example 2: Car Insurance

Safe driver



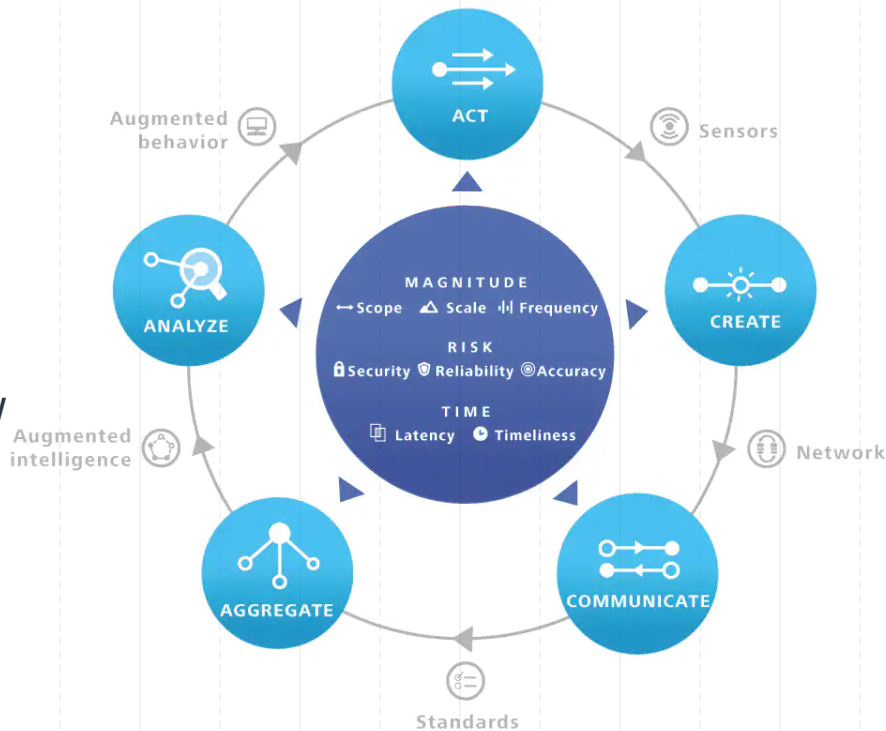
Crazy driver



IoT in Industry 4.0

PROS:

- More reliable data
- Better predictions and tailoring
- Enhance existing solutions with new features



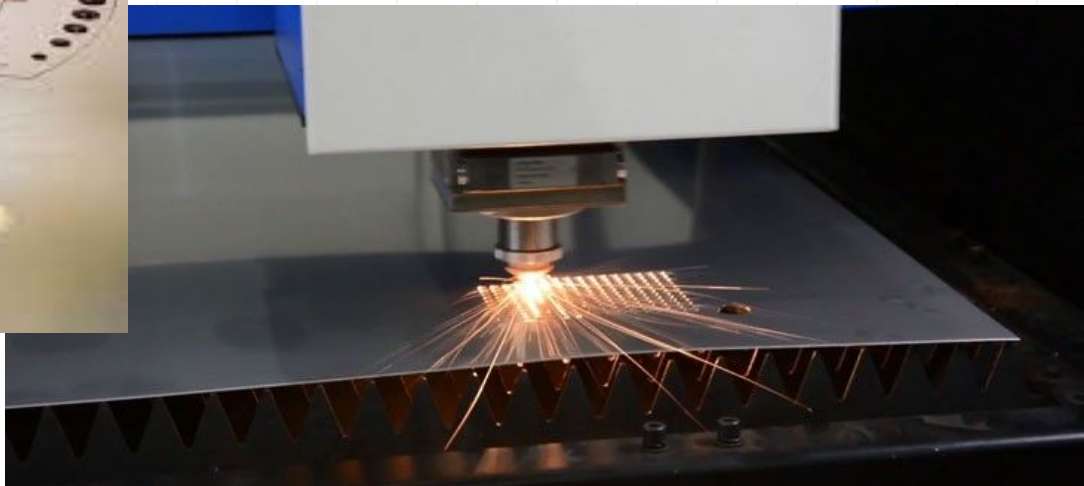
<https://www2.deloitte.com/us/en/insights/focus/internet-of-things/iot-in-financial-services-industry.html>

CONS:

- Security
- Analyze massive quantity of data
- Targetization
- Noisy data
- Destabilization of the market



Example 3: Laser Cutter





PROS:

- More reliable data
- Better predictions and tailoring
- Enhance existing solutions with new features

CONS:

- Security
- Analyze massive quantity of data
- Targetization
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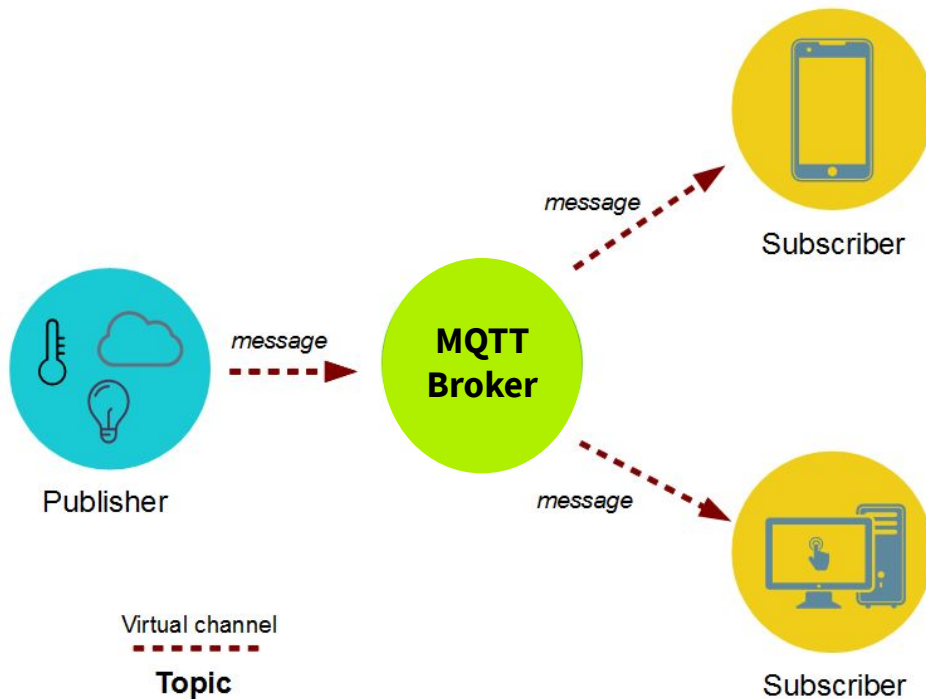
Security



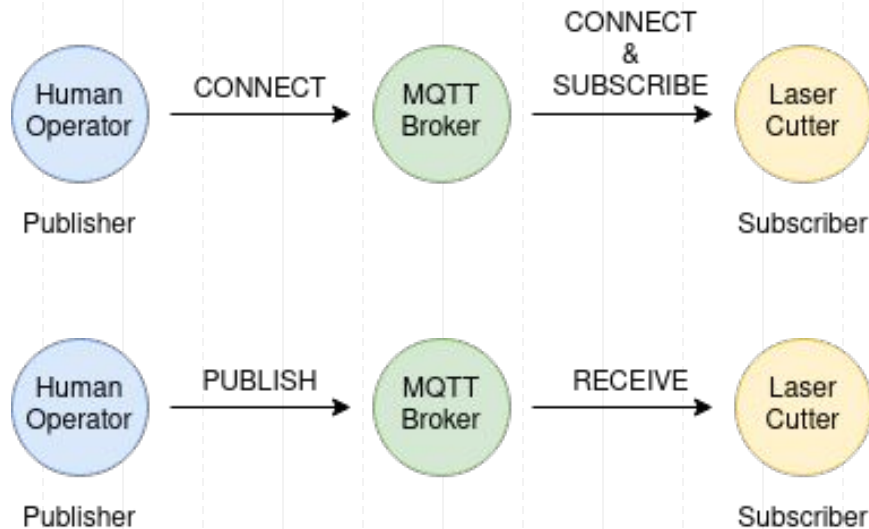
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Message Queue Telemetry Transport (MQTT)



Message Queue Telemetry Transport





Mosquitto

Popular open-source implementation of MQTT brokers

Developed by the Eclipse Foundation

Also provides the very popular mosquitto_pub and mosquitto_sub command line MQTT clients



<https://mosquitto.org/>





Mosquitto

In a Ubuntu-based environment:

1. `sudo apt-add-repository ppa:mosquitto-dev/mosquitto-ppa`
2. `sudo apt-get update`
3. `sudo apt-get install mosquitto`
4. `sudo apt-get install mosquitto-clients`

Then type: **mosquitto**

```
1621781009: mosquitto version 2.0.10 starting
1621781009: Using default config.
1621781009: Starting in local only mode. Connections will only be possible from clients running on this machine.
1621781009: Create a configuration file which defines a listener to allow remote access.
1621781009: For more details see https://mosquitto.org/documentation/authentication-methods/
1621781009: Opening ipv4 listen socket on port 1883.
1621781009: Opening ipv6 listen socket on port 1883.
1621781009: mosquitto version 2.0.10 running
```

Mosquitto

Basic configuration file:

1. Running on port 1883
2. No security in place

Let's try to send a message:

1. Make sure Mosquitto is running;
2. From a different terminal: `mosquitto_pub -h 127.0.0.1 -m "test" -t test`
3. Check on the terminal where Mosquitto is running

```
1 listener 1883
2 allow_anonymous true
3
4 log_dest stdout
5 log_type all
6 log_timestamp true
```



Mosquitto

Let's try to receive a message:

1. Make sure Mosquitto is running;
2. From a different terminal: `mosquitto_sub -h 127.0.0.1 -t test`
3. From a different terminal: `mosquitto_pub -h 127.0.0.1 -m "test" -t test`
4. Check the subscriber terminal!





State of MQTT (in)Security

TOTAL RESULTS

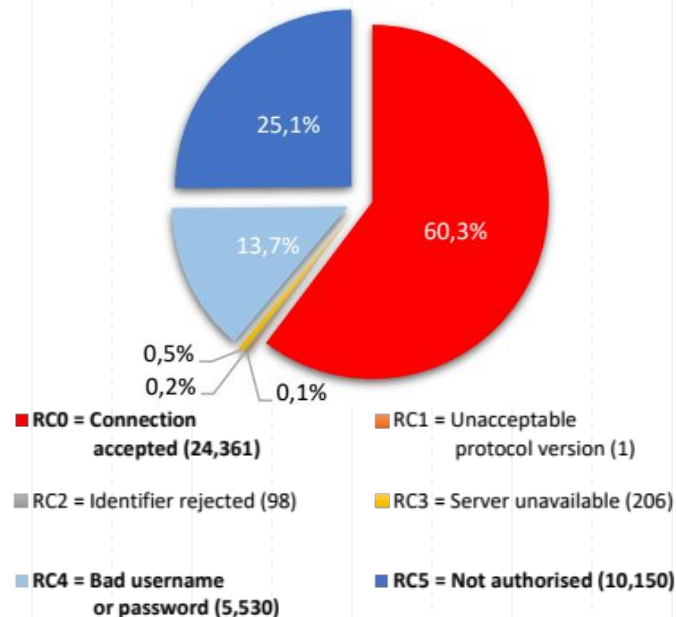
161,746

TOP COUNTRIES



| | |
|--------------------|--------|
| Korea, Republic of | 51,508 |
| China | 33,211 |
| United States | 14,255 |
| Germany | 7,853 |
| Australia | 6,651 |

40,346 Mosquitto endpoints (March '19)^[1]



[1] S. Ranise U. Morelli T. Ahmad A. Palmieri, P. Prem. MQTTSA: A Tool for Automatically Assisting the Secure Deployments of MQTT brokers. IEEE services 2019 CSRIoT



Contributions

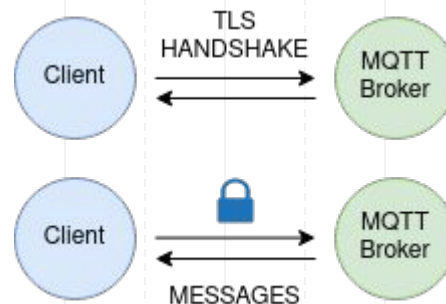
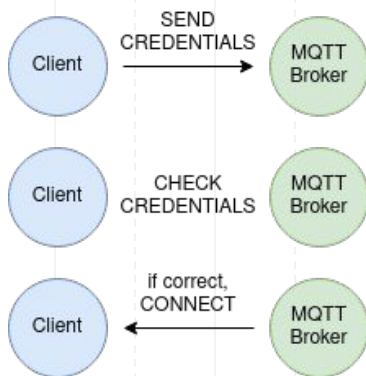
- Investigate **security best practices** at the application and network layers in **MQTT**
 - Testing different scenarios with automated security tools
- Enhance **security awareness** in developers
 - Assisted configuration dashboard
- Evaluate the **impact over performance**
 - Measure connect, publish and reconnect times



I: Security Analysis

Three main security models with MQTT:

1. No security at all;
2. Password-based authentication;
3. Certificate-based authentication (Transport Layer Security protocol).



I: Security Analysis

**Application
layer**

No Security Mechanism

Password-based authentication

Certificate-based authentication

**Network
layer**

TLS 1.2 & 1.3

TLS PSK



[1] <https://mqtt-pwn.readthedocs.io/en/latest/intro.html>.

[2] G. Sciarretta S. Manfredi, S. Ranise. Lost in TLS? No more! Assisted Deployment of Secure TLS Configurations. 33rd Annual IFIP WG 11.3, Conference on Data and Applications Security and Privacy (DBSec'19), 15-17 July 2019.

[3] <https://testssl.sh/>.

[4] S. Ranise U. Morelli T. Ahmad A. Palmieri, P. Prem. MQTTSA: A Tool for Automatically Assisting the Secure Deployments of MQTT brokers. IEEE services 2019 CSRIoT, IEEE world congress on services, Milan, Italy, 1 June 2019

I: Security Analysis

**Application
layer**

No Security Mechanism

Password-based authentication

Certificate-based authentication



**MQTT-SA^[4]
&
MQTT-PWN^[1]**

**Network
layer**

TLS 1.2 & 1.3

TLS PSK



**TLS Assistant^[2]
&
TestSSL^[3]**



?

[1] <https://mqtt-pwn.readthedocs.io/en/latest/intro.html>.

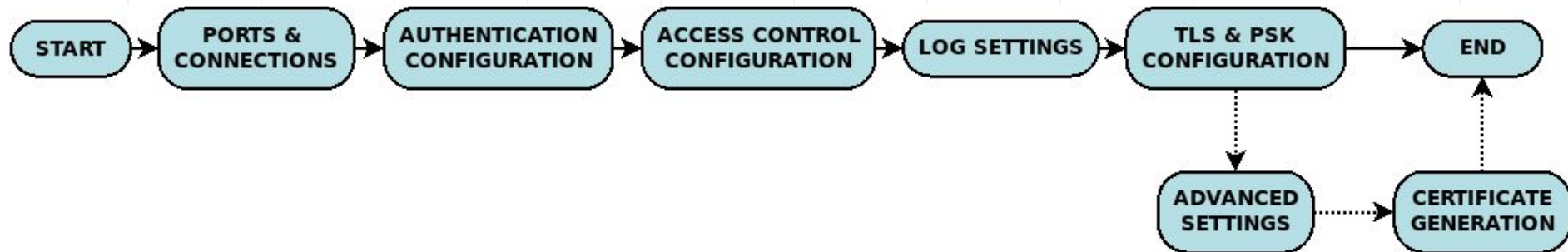
[2] G. Sciarretta S. Manfredi, S. Ranise. Lost in TLS? No more! Assisted Deployment of Secure TLS Configurations. 33rd Annual IFIP WG 11.3, Conference on Data and Applications Security and Privacy (DBSec'19), 15-17 July 2019.

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III: Mosquitto Conf Generator

- Deploying a secure Mosquitto configuration is a daunting task
- Web-based interface to help users achieve the security level they need





III: Mosquitto Conf Generator

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

START

PORT & CONNECTIONS

AUTHENTICATION

ACCESS CONTROL CONFIGURATION

LOG SETTINGS

TLS & PSK CONFIGURATION

ADVANCED SETTINGS (OPTIONAL)

CERTIFICATE GENERATION (OPTIONAL)

END

Configure initial settings

Number of maximum simultaneous connections:
(set to -1 to have unlimited connections -> threat for DoS attack)

1

Port number:
(Default 1883)

1883

Allow anonymous user to connect?
(Default NO)

☐ Yes

☒ No

Continue

Here you are your config files!

Mosquitto Broker configuration File ([download](#)):

```
port 1883
max_connections 1
allow_anonymous true

password_file pwfile.txt

log_dest stdout
log_type all
log_timestamp true

allow_duplicate_messages false
connection_messages true
max_inflight_messages 20
max_queued_messages 100
message_size_limit 5120
sys_interval 10
use_username_as_clientid false
```

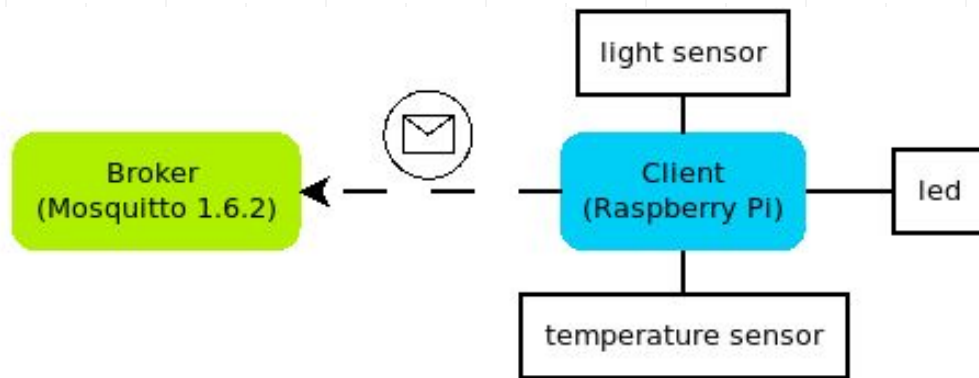
!! ATTENTION !!

NO ACCESS CONTROL MECHANISM CONFIGURED!
By default, clients who subscribe to the "#" topic can read to all the messages exchanged between devices and the ones subscribed to "\$SYS/#" can read all the messages which includes statistics of the broker. Remote attackers could obtain specific information about the version of the broker to carry on more specific attacks or read messages exchanged by clients.
MITIGATION: It is strongly recommended to enforce an authorization mechanism in order to grant the access to confidential resources only to the specified users or devices. There are two possible approaches: Access Control List (ACL) and Role-based Access Control (RBAC).

NO TLS CONFIGUREDIn such a way all messages are sent unencrypted and therefore an attacker who have access to the network can sniff all packets understanding their content (which may include authentication credentials and other sensitive information).
MITIGATION: choose YES when you are asked to configure TLS

IV: Security vs Performance

- **Broker:** Virtual Machine with Ubuntu hosting Mosquitto
- **Client:** Raspberry Pi 3 b+ with Ubuntu Mate using PAHO (Python library for MQTT clients)





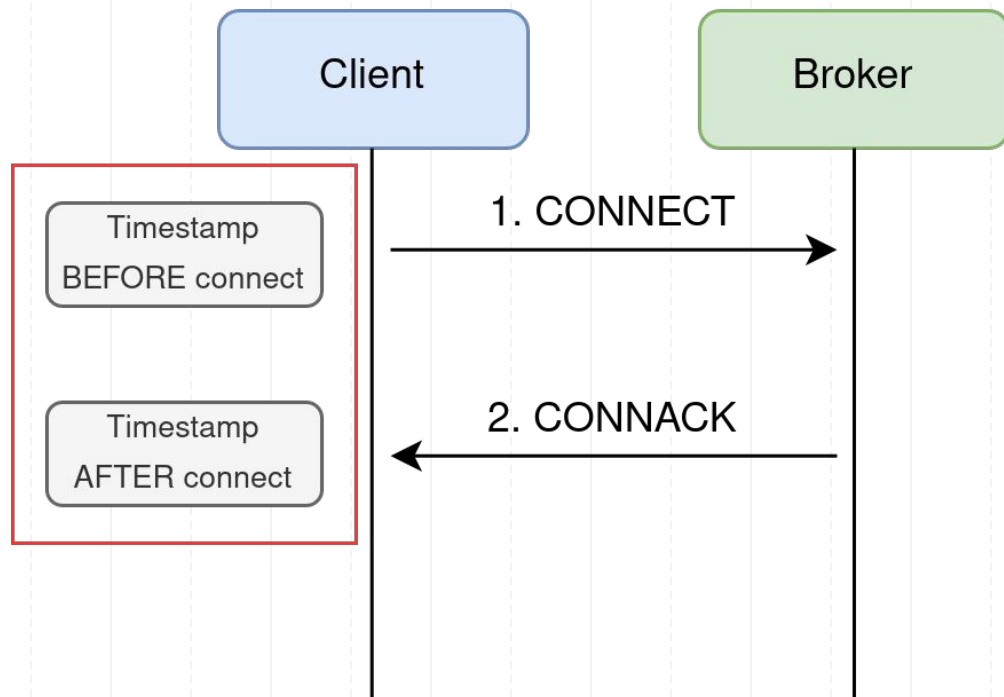
Performance Testing

1. **Connect and Publish times for each supported cipher (TLS1.2 and TLS1.3) with a fixed payload**
2. Burst message test

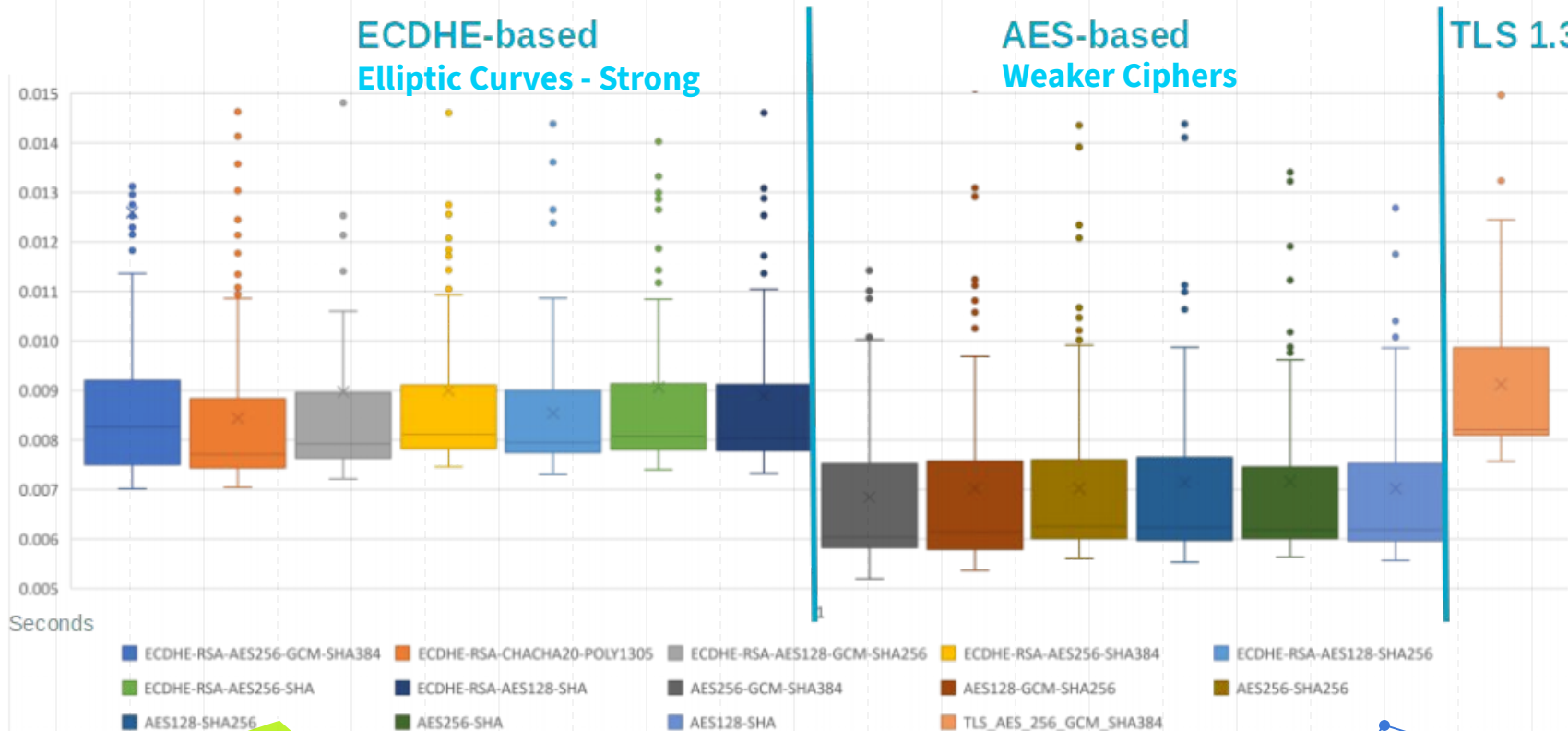


Test 1 – Connect&Publish

1. Tested all supported cipher (TLS 1.2 and 1.3)
2. For each OpenSSL cipher and Quality of Service, 100 repetitions

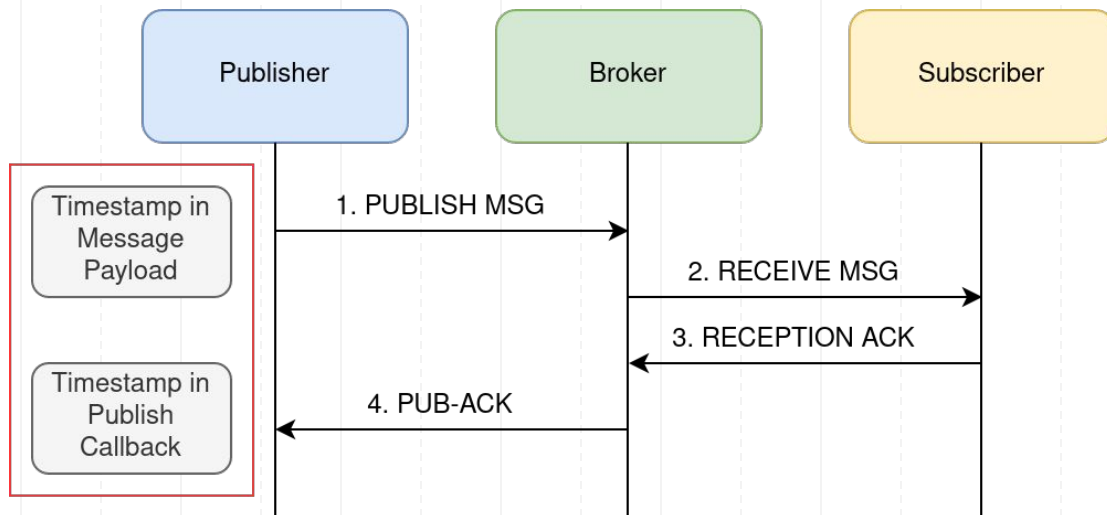


Results 1.1 - Connect



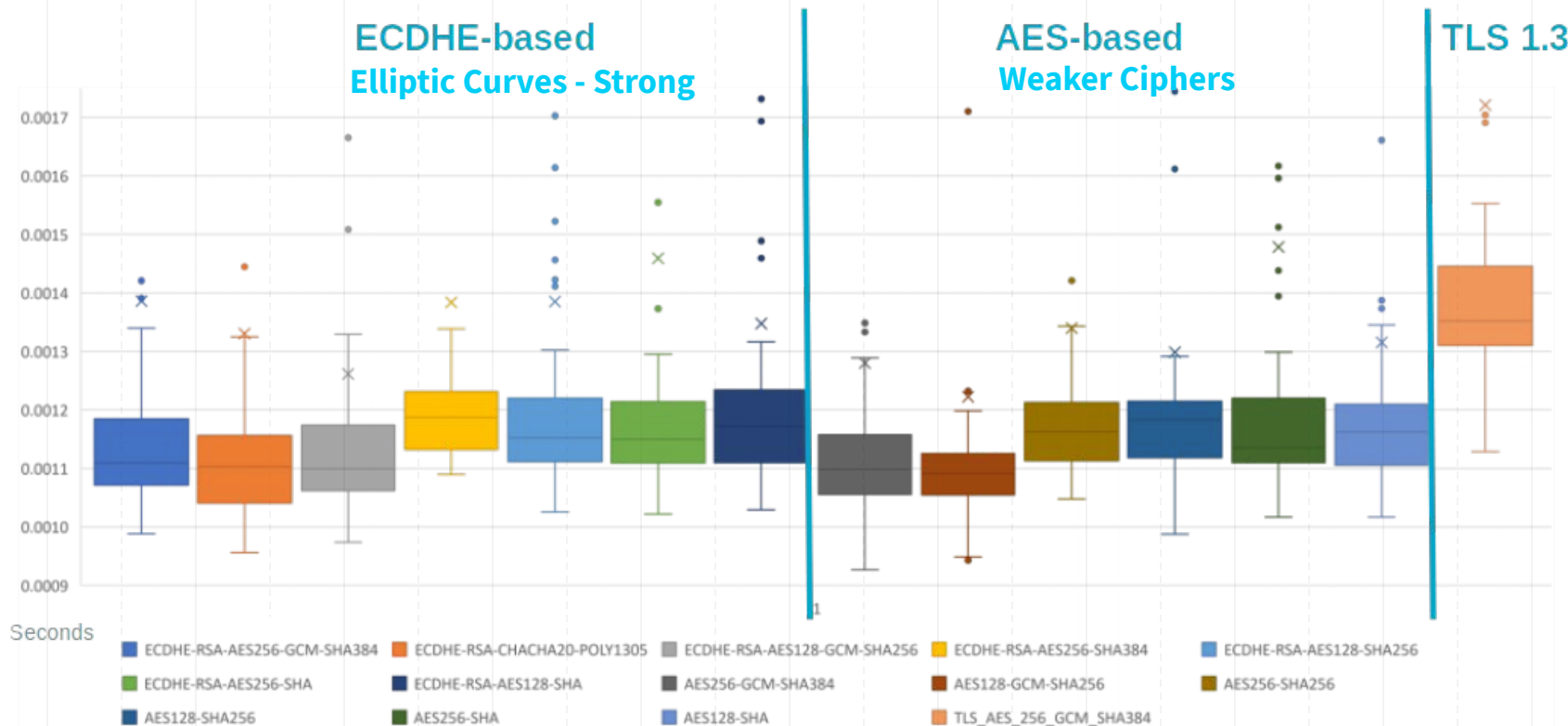
Test 1 – Connect&Publish

1. Tested all supported cipher (TLS 1.2 and 1.3)
2. For each cipher and QoS, 100 repetitions





Results 1.2 - Publish





Performance Testing

1. Connect and Publish times for each supported cipher (TLS1.2 and TLS1.3) with a fixed payload
2. **Burst message test**



Test 4 – Message Burst

- Send as many packets as possible in bursts of 10 seconds
- Test repeated 50 times

| | | |
|--|-----------------------|---------|
| TLS 1.2 ECDHE-RSA-AES256- GCM-SHA384 | TLS 1.2 AES128-SHA | TLS 1.3 |
| 92 | 97 | 64 |

Results

Security Analysis:

- TLS and Certificate-based authentication are the strongest security measures for MQTT

Performance analysis:

- TLS 1.3 is the slowest cipher in every test performed

Security awareness:

- Configuration authoring for Mosquitto deployments

