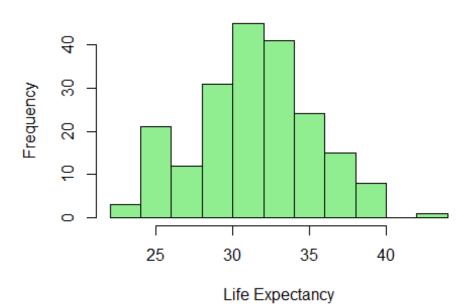
## LifeExp

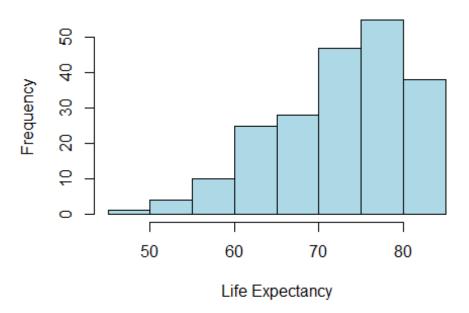
```
colnames(life)[1] <- 'country'</pre>
#Life expecancy in 1800
summary(life$'1800')
      Min. 1st Qu. Median
##
                              Mean 3rd Qu.
                                               Max.
                                                        NA's
             29.00
##
     23.39
                     31.80
                                              42.85
                                                         798
                              31.49
                                      33.90
hist(life$'1800', xlab='Life Expectancy', main='Life in 1800',
col='lightgreen')
```

## Life in 1800



```
#Life expectancy in 2016
summary(life$'2016')
##
      Min. 1st Qu. Median
                              Mean 3rd Qu.
                                              Max.
                                                       NA's
##
     48.86
             67.17
                     74.50
                             72.56
                                     78.65
                                             84.80
                                                       791
hist(life$'2016', xlab='Life Expectancy', main='Life in 2016',
col='lightblue')
```

## Life in 2016



```
library(tidyr)
lifel <- gather(life, 'year', 'life_exp', -'country')

#checked and saw lots of missing values that needed to be cleaned
sum(is.na(lifel))

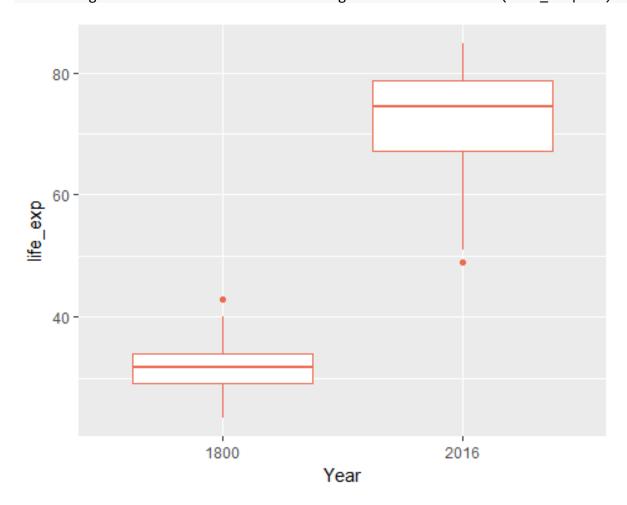
## [1] 172926

#ommiting the blank rows
lifel <- na.omit(lifel)

sum(is.na(lifel))

## [1] 0</pre>
```

```
ggplot(lifel, aes(x=year, y=life_exp)) +geom_boxplot(colour = "coral2")+
    scale_x_discrete('Year', limits=c('1800', '2016'))
## Warning: Removed 43448 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).
```



```
#We can see that life expectancy starts to change for most of the world in
the 1920's
ggplot(lifel, aes(x=year, y=life_exp)) +geom_boxplot(alpha=1/100,
color='chartreuse2') +
    scale_x_discrete(breaks = seq('1800','2016', by=25))
```

