

Econometric Methods for Networks

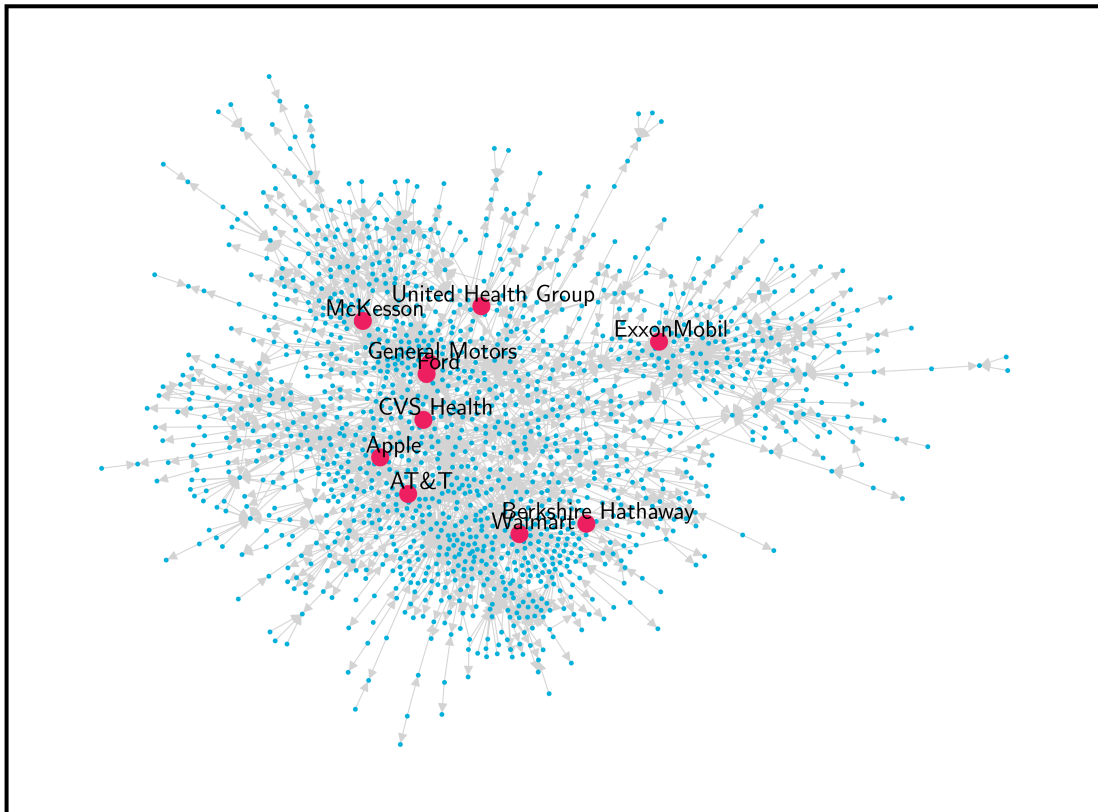
Annweiler, Germany July 15-19

Prague, Czech Republic August 6-8

Course Description

This course will provide an overview of econometric methods appropriate for the analysis of social and economic networks. Many social and economic activities are embedded in networks. Furthermore, datasets with natural graph theoretic (i.e., network) structure are increasingly available to researchers. We will review (i) how to describe, summarize and visually present network data and (ii) formal econometric models of network formation, including ones that admit heterogeneity and/or strategic behavior. Special emphasis will be placed on parametric and non-parametric methods appropriate for dyadic analysis – as arises in, for example, the analysis of international trade or migration flows.

Note: This course is being offer in Annweiler, Germany (July 15-19) and Prague, Czech Republic (August 6-8). This syllabus is common to both courses, but may be modified “on-the-fly” according to the interests of each group.



Course Logistics

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Time: TBA

Prerequisites: The equivalent of a first year Ph.D. level sequence in econometrics. Specifically an understanding of probability and statistical inference at the level of Casella and Berger (1990, *Statistical Inference*), linear regression analysis at the level of Goldberger (1991, *A Course in Econometrics*) and some exposure to non-linear models (e.g., maximum likelihood, M-estimation, GMM). I will also assume a basic knowledge of applied linear/matrix algebra.

Textbook: Readings preceded by a [r] in the course outline are “required” (i.e., should ideally be read prior to class), while those preceded by a [b] are for “background” (i.e., may be useful for students interested in additional material or empirical applications). Students who anticipate doing research involving networks may consider purchasing the textbooks by Jackson (2006) and Newman (2010), but doing so is not necessary. The survey by Goldenberg et al. (2009) covers much of the technical literature in statistics and machine learning, but is now somewhat dated.

GitHub: Supplemental course materials, including slides, lecture notes and computer programs, will be made available on GitHub at https://github.com/bryangraham/short_courses.

Computation: The bulk of class will be devoted to the formal development of the material, albeit with empirical illustrations as well as ample discussions of the various practicalities of implementation. However I do intend to reserve some class time for actual practice with computation. Computational examples will be done using Python. Python is a widely used general purpose programming language with good functionality for scientific computing. For those wishing to manage a Python environment on their personal computer, the Anaconda distribution, which is available for download at <https://www.anaconda.com/distribution/>, is a convenient way to get started. Some basic tutorials on installing and using Python, with a focus on economic applications, can be found online at <http://quant-econ.net>. Good books for learning Python, with some coverage of statistical applications, are Guttag (2013), VanderPlas (2017), and McKinney (2017). The code I will provide will execute properly in Python 3.6, which is (close to) the latest Python release. Graphviz is a free graph visualization program that is also useful (<http://www.graphviz.org/>).

Course Outline

Date	Topic	Readings
Topic 1	Describing Networks	[r] Jackson et al. (2017)
	Examples of networks	[b] Atalay et al. (2011); Mizuno et al. (2014)
	Small worlds	[b] Apicella et al. (2012)
	Degree distributions	[b] Milgram (1967)
	Homophily	[b] Mitzenmacher (2004)
	Triads	[b] McPherson et al. (2001)
		[b] Granovetter (1973); Jackson et al. (2012)
		[b] Holland & Leinhardt (1976)
Topic 2	Dyadic Analysis & Regression	[r] Fafchamps & Gubert (2007); Aronow et al. (2017)
		[r] Menzel (2017)
		[r] Graham et al. (2019)
		[b] Santos Silva & Tenreiro (2006); König et al. (2018)
		[b] Anderson (2011)
Topic 3	Heterogeneity	[r] Chatterjee et al. (2011)
		[r] Graham (2017)
		[b] Dzemski (2018)
		[b] Jochmans (2018)
Topic 4	Strategic Interaction: Testing & Estimation	[r] Pelican & Graham (2019)
		[r] Blitzstein & Diaconis (2011)
		[r] McDonald et al. (2007)
		[r] Miyauchi (2016)

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