# Mid-term Review

FinanEcon TA

NSD, PKU

March 30, 2019

- 1 Introduction Lecture 1-4
- 2 CAPM Lecture 5-7
- **③** C-CAPM Lecture8-12
- 4 Conclusion

#### 前言

这份讲义的 25 讲可以大致分成五部分。第一部分包含第 1 到第 4 讲,是课程的介绍部分,意在让那些初次接触金融学的读者了解金融的基本概念。第二部分包含第 5 讲到第 12 讲,是均衡资产定价的部分,介绍了均值方差分析、CAPM、C-CAPM 等内容。第三部分包含第 13 讲到第 19 讲,是无套利定价的部分,介绍了风险中性定价、二叉树、对冲等内容。第四部分包括第 20 讲到第 24 讲,重点在于把信息不对称、有限套利、非理性等摩擦因素引入金融分析,以丰富金融理论对现实世界的解释力。第 25 讲自成一部分,站在金融理论的外部来看理论的方法论基础和应用边界。

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#### Introduction

- Introduction to Financial Economics:
  - ▶ Rate of return: good assets V.S. bad assets
- Bonds:
  - ▶ IRR(Applications) [Exercise 3.1]
  - ▶ Spot Rate( $r_i$ ,discount) & Yield to maturity( $y_i$ ) & Forward Rate( $fr_{i,j}$ ) [Exercise 3.2]
  - ▶ Duration [Attention]
- Stocks:
  - ▶ DDM & Gordon model [Exercise 7.2]
  - ► Transversality Condition(TVC)
  - ▶ PE ratio
  - ▶ Dividend decision & Fisher Separation Theorem [Exercise 4.2]

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#### CAPM

- Preference: Mean-Variance Analysis[Exercise 5.1(a)]
  - ▶ ex ante & ex post
  - ▶ Risk premium
- Behavior: Market Portfolio & Two-fund separation (CML)
- 3 Equilibrium: SML [Proof, Exercise 6.1]
  - ▶ Portfolio Construction & Sharp Ratio[Exercise 5.1(b) & 6.2]

CML(efficient frontier):
$$E(r_i) - r_f = \frac{\sigma_i}{\sigma_M} [E(r_M) - r_f]$$
  
SML(pricing model): $E(r_i) - r_f = \beta_i [E(r_M) - r_f]$ 

- Properties: CAPM
  - ▶ Determination of discount rate [Exercise 7.2]
  - ▶ Investment performance & Portable alpha [Exercise 7.3]
- $\bullet$  Three Questions (7.1.2)
  - ▶ Steel V.S. Pharmaceutical
  - ▶ It is possible that  $E(r_i) < r_f$
  - $E(r_i) = E(r_j), \sigma_i < \sigma_j$

Should investors always choose i rather than j

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#### C-CAPM

- Preference: Expected Utility(Lecture 8)
  - ► Expected Utility Theorem(Without Proof)[Exercise 8.1]
  - ▶ Risk Aversion: ARA, RRA
  - ▶ Utility functions(HARA,CARA,CRRA)[Exercise 8.2&9.1]
- Behavior: Behavior under risks(Lecture 9)
  - ▶ Risky Assets [Different State]
    - Proposition1: $a^* > (=, <)0 \Leftrightarrow E(\tilde{r}) > (=, <)r_f$
    - Proposition2: $a^{*'}(w_0) > (=, <) \ 0 \Leftrightarrow R'_A(\cdot) < (=, >) \ 0$ (DARA, CARA, IARA)
    - Proposition3:  $e(w_0) = (>, <) \ 1 \Leftrightarrow R'_R(\cdot) = (<, >) \ 0$ (CRRA(Real World), DRRA, IRRA)(Without Proof)
  - Savings under  $risk(R_B \text{ is more risky than } R_A)$  [Different Time]
    - Proposition4:  $s_A > (=, <) s_B \Leftrightarrow P_R(sR) < (=, >) 2$
    - Intertemporary choice under Uncertainty [Exercise 9.3]

- Equilibrium: General Equilibrium(Lecture 10-11)
  - ▶ Asset market, Complete(Arrow-Debreu)[Exercise 10.3]
  - ► Equilibrium in complete market[Exercise 10.4&12.2]
  - ► Central Planner[Exercise 11.1&11.2]
  - ▶ Property of best risk sharing:
    - Consumptions of all consumers are perfectly correlated
    - Consumption is only determined by aggregated risk
    - Wilson Theorem:  $\frac{dc_{ks}}{de_s} = \frac{T_k(c_{ks})}{\sum_{k=1}^K T_k(c_{ks})}$
    - Aggregated risk V.S. Idiosyncratic risk
  - ▶ (Why?)Representative Consumer (HARA)
- Properties: C-CAPM(Lecture 12)
  - ▶ Stochastic discount factor  $\tilde{m} = \delta \frac{u'(\tilde{c_1})}{u'(c_0)}$
  - $\triangleright E[\tilde{r}_i] = r_f + (E[\tilde{r}_i] r_f)(CAPM)$
  - ► Risk-free rate:  $r_f \approx \frac{1-\delta}{\delta} + R_R \bar{g} \frac{1}{2} R_R P_R \sigma_q^2$  (Determination)
  - ▶ Risk premium: $E[\tilde{r}_j] r_f = -\frac{\delta(1+r_j)}{u'(c_0)} cov(u'(\tilde{c}_1), \tilde{r}_j)$  (Covariance) 雪中送炭 & 锦上添花

- Two puzzles
  - ▶ Risk free rate puzzle
  - ► Equity premium puzzle
    - Two economic forces(time smoothing and state smoothing)
    - One parameter

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## Conclusion

#### Schedule

Week	Date	Lecture	Recording	Homework	Remark
1	Mon,2.18	第1讲.导论(手写讲义)	提取码: 5T80		
1	Sat,2.23	第3讲.利率及债券价值分析(手写讲义)	提取码: e9Y6	HW1:3.1,3.2 Due:2月25日	大家课后自行阅读讲义中第3讲关于久期的内容! 该内容虽然课上没讲,但很重要,在考试范围内!
2	Mon,2.25	第4讲.股票价值分析(手写讲义)	提取码: E453	HW2:4.2 Due:3月4日	4.4到4.6节课上讲得比较匆忙,请大家仔细看书。这部分比较重要。 今天的作业是4.2。建议大家早点做。周六会布置的习题算起来比较复杂,会花些时间。
2	Sat,3.2	第5讲.均值方差分析(手写讲义)	提取码: M63Z	HW2:5.1 Due:3月4日	从本次课程开始,我们正式进入均衡资产定价的内容 接下来的几讲内容联系相对紧密,希望大家不要落下内容
3	Mon,3.4	第6讲.CAPM模型(手写讲义)	提取码: 11cA	HW3:6.1,6.2 Due:3月11日	资本市场线CML和证券市场线SML是很重要的两个概念,希望大家弄清楚!
4	Mon,3.11	第7讲.对CAPM讨论(手写讲义)	提取码: v5VF	HW4:7.2,7.3 Due:3月18日	第5、6、7讲形成了对于CAPM比较完整的讨论,是本课程最重要的内容之一
4	Sat,3.16	第8讲.期望效用理论(手写讲义)	提取码: tSS8	HW4:8.1,8.2 Due:3月18日	从本次课程开始,我们进入了对C-CAPM模型的讨论,期望效用理论是之后讨论一般均衡的基
5	Mon,3.18	第9讲.风险偏好与投资储蓄行为(手写讲 义)	提取码: rOng	HW5:9.1,9.3 Due:3月25日	请大家注意,手写的讲义不能替代教材、只是偷够帮助大家抓住要点。 便于复习。课后请务必仔细阅读教材 很多课上选来得及讲的东西都在教材上,属于考察范围
5	Sat,3.23	第10讲.求解完备市场中的一般均衡 (slides)	提取码: 522Y	HW5:10.3,10.4 Due:3月25日	这一讲关于求解一般均衡的算例是期中必考題型
6	Mon,3.25	第11讲.完备市场中一般均衡的性质 (slides)	提取码: 9852	HW6:11.1,11.2 Due:4月1日, 20:30	最优风险分担的特征 HARA效用函数
7	Sat,4.6	期中考试			
18	Mon,6.17	期末考试			

#### Course Website

https://finaecon2019s.github.io/FinaEcon2019S/

# End

2019.04.06, 15: 00-17: 00

二教 109(100人)、二教 203(134人)

50-60 计算 & 40-50 简答, 请务必携带计算器

May you suffer the examination and be stronger