Financial Intermediaries and the Cross-Section of Asset Returns

Adrian, Etula, and Muir The Journal of Finance (2014)

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Motivation

SDF = V'(W) prices all assets across different states

- SDF based on a representative household
- Assumptions: everyone participates in all markets, no transaction cost, agents can compute dynamic portfolios strategies, optimize continuously, know return moments
- Frictions...

Financial Intermediary Asset Pricing

- Intermediaries fit classic assumptions
- SDF based on V'(W) of rep intermediary
 - Assumptions: everyone participates in all markets, no transaction cost, agents can compute dynamic portfolios strategies, optimize continuously, know return moments
 - Leverage of broker-dealers measures V'(W) of intermediary consistent w/ theory of intermediaries and asset prices

Intermediary Asset Pricing

De-leveraging = bad times for intermediary, high marginal value of wealth

- Brunnermeier & Pedersen (2009)
 - Intermediaries face future funding/leverage constraint
 - \blacktriangleright $E_t[R_{t+1}] R_f = -cov(\phi_{t+1}, R_{t+1})$, where $\phi =$ multiplier on funding/leverage constraint "Funding liquidity risk"
 - ► $SDF_t \phi_t f(Lev_t)$: high $\phi \Rightarrow$ low Leverage
 - ▶ Leverage measures marginal value of wealth



Adrian, Etula, and Muir (2014) - JF

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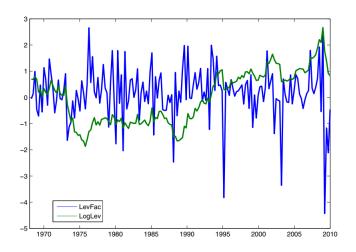
Data (Q1/1968 - Q4/2009)

Flow of Funds (Quarterly)

- Total assets, Total liabilities of U.S. broker-dealers
- Lev = (Total Assets)/(Total assets Total liabilities)

Leverage factor: $\Delta ln(Lev)$ = changes in log leverage (seasonally adjusted)

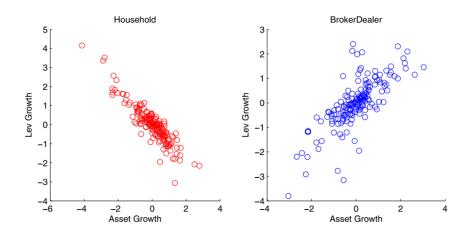
Broker-Dealer Leverage Leverage Factor



Correlation of Leverage Factor with Aggregate Variables

Correlation of Broker-Dealer Leverage Factor with:						
	Log Broker-Dealer Asset Growth	Market Volatility	Baa-Aaa Spread	Financials Stock Return		
ρ	0.73	-0.37	-0.16	0.18		
<i>p</i> -value	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.02		

Procyclical Leverage of Dealers



Asset Pricing Test

Cross-Section of Expected Returns:

• **Time-series** regression ($\beta_{i,lev}$ exposure to risk):

$$R_{i,t}^{e} = c_i + \beta'_{i,lev} Lev_t + \epsilon^i, t \quad t = 1, ..., T \quad i = 1, ..., N$$
 (1)

• **Cross-sectional** regression (λ_{lev} price of risk):

$$E[R_i^e] = \alpha + \beta'_{i,lev} \lambda_{lev} + \xi_i$$
 (2)

- Theory: $\lambda_{lev} > 0$, $\alpha = 0$, R^2 high, $MAPE = \frac{1}{N} \sum |\xi_i|$ low
- Report the results from the **cross-sectional** regression



25 Size and Book/Market, 10 Momentum, 6 Treasury Portfolios

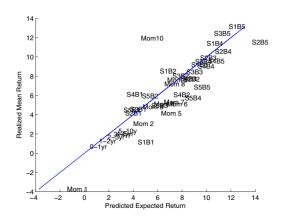
			Panel A: Prices	s of Risk		
	CAPM	FF	FF, Mom	FF, Mom, PC1	LevFac	LevMk
Intercept	3.39	3.16	1.06	0.66	0.12	-0.19
t-FM	3.55	4.09	1.51	1.14	0.06	-0.21
t-Shanken	3.54	4.03	1.34	1.01	0.04	-0.14
LevFac					62.21	60.97
t-FM					4.62	5.29
t-Shanken					3.12	3.65
Mkt	3.06	2.30	4.54	4.89		5.46
t-FM	0.99	0.80	1.59	1.71		1.75
t-Shanken	0.99	0.80	1.58	1.70		1.55
SMB		1.76	1.57	1.63		
t-FM		0.93	0.83	0.87		
t-Shanken		0.93	0.82	0.86		
HML		3.33	4.37	4.34		
t-FM		1.45	1.90	1.89		
t-Shanken		1.45	1.86	1.85		
MOM			7.82	7.75		
t-FM			2.94	2.91		
t-Shanken			2.92	2.89		
PC1				14.99		
t-FM				1.03		
t-Shanken				0.93		

25 Size and Book/Market, 10 Momentum, 6 Treasury Portfolios

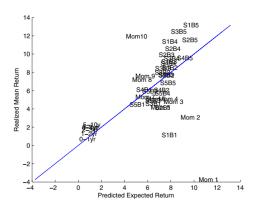
Panel B: Test Diagnostics

MAPE	$E[R^e]$	CAPM	FF	FF, Mom	FF, Mom, PC1	LevFac	LevMkt
Size B/M	7.86	2.62	1.81	1.05	1.01	1.16	1.11
MOM	5.80	3.05	3.75	1.47	1.48	1.79	1.85
Bond	1.65	1.83	1.59	0.17	0.17	0.37	0.26
Intercept		3.39	3.16	1.06	0.66	0.12	0.12
Total	6.45	6.00	5.41	2.08	1.66	1.31	1.36
$AdjR^2$		0.10	0.16	0.81	0.81	0.77	0.78
$C.I.AdjR^2$		[0.02, 0.30]	[0.02, 0.36]	[0.74, 0.88]	[0.72, 0.88]	[0.82, 1]	[0.76, 1]
$T^{2}(\chi^{2}_{N-K})$		174.48	167.46	111.45	110.19	67.87	68.86
p-value		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%

Single leverage factor



Five-factors benchmark model



Equity Portfolio

			Panel	A: Prices o	f Risk			
25 Size an	d Book-to-	Market Po	ortfolios	25 Siz	e and Mor	nentum Port	tfolios	
	CAPM	FF	LevFac	LevMkt	CAPM	FF, Mom	LevFac	LevMk
Intercept	12.11	15.58	1.00	0.27	3.51	11.72	0.31	-5.47
t-FM	2.99	3.84	0.25	0.06	3.41	1.72	0.07	-0.96
t-Shanken	2.97	3.57	0.18	0.04	3.37	1.60	0.04	-0.53
LevFac			55.78	56.80			69.66	81.82
t-FM			3.30	3.27			3.66	4.25
t-Shanken			2.34	2.29			2.28	2.38
Mkt	-3.81	-10.19		5.20	-5.88	-4.76		10.62
t-FM	-0.80	-2.09		0.95	-1.17	-0.64		1.69
t-Shanken	-0.79	-1.98		0.70	-1.16	-0.60		1.00
SMB		1.85				2.39		
t-FM		0.98				1.12		
t-Shanken		0.97				1.10		
HML		5.76				-4.01		
t-FM		2.42				-1.00		
t-Shanken		2.38				-0.95		
MOM						8.40		
t-FM						3.19		
t-Shanken						3.18		

Panel B: Test Diagnostics

25 Size and Book-to-Market Portfolios			25 Size and Momentum Portfolios					
MAPE:	CAPM	FF	LevFac	LevMkt	CAPM	FF, Mom	LevFac	LevMkt
Intercept	12.11	15.58	1.00	0.27	3.51	11.72	0.31	-5.47
Total	14.41	16.69	2.09	1.34	6.48	12.83	2.47	7.57
MAX	5.71	4.33	3.72	3.95	9.99	4.54	7.01	6.06
$AdjR^2$	0.03	0.68	0.74	0.75	0.05	0.84	0.51	0.56
$C.I.AdjR^2$	[0, 0.28]	[0.48, 0.82]	[0.70, 1]	[0.64, 1]	[0, 0.30]	[0.72, 0.90]	[0.40, 1]	[0.38, 1]
$T^{2}(\chi^{2}_{N-K})$	71.99	55.38	34.98	33.37	75.83	50.70	23.88	18.90
p-value	0.0%	0.0%	5.2%	5.7%	0.0%	0.0%	41.1%	65.1%

Treasury Bonds

			F	anel A: Prici	ng Errors			
	$E[R^e]$	CAPM	FF	FF, Mom	PC1	LevFac	Lev NRE	LevMkt
0–1 yr	0.70	0.65	0.61	0.58	0.36	0.33	0.27	0.31
1-2 yr	1.28	1.16	1.08	0.84	0.31	0.28	0.10	-0.18
2-3 yr	1.70	1.54	1.47	1.04	0.22	0.12	-0.15	0.21
3-4 yr	1.95	1.77	1.73	1.13	0.11	-0.05	-0.40	0.10
4-5 yr	2.00	1.84	1.85	1.03	-0.13	-0.19	-0.58	-0.01
5–10 yr	2.29	2.01	2.11	0.96	-0.27	-0.03	-0.44	-0.02
			I	Panel B: Pric	es of Risk			
		PC1		LevFa	c	Lev NRI	E	LevMkt
LevFac				52.90		62.21		40.14
t-FM				2.28	;	NA		2.05
t-Shanken				1.65		NA		1.57
PC1		31.52						18.88
t-FM		2.27						1.95
t-Shanken		2.14						1.50
			Pε	nel C: Test I	Diagnostics			
MAPE:	$E[R^e]$	CAPM	FF	FF, Mom	PC1	LevFac	Lev NRE	LevMkt
Total	1.65	1.50	1.47	0.93	0.23	0.17	0.32	0.14
MAX	2.29	2.01	2.11	1.13	0.36	0.33	0.58	0.31
$AdjR^2$	_/=0				0.78	0.85		0.89
$C.I.AdjR^2$					[0.28, 0.90]	[0.48, 1]		[0.48, 1]
$T^2(\chi^2_{N=K})$					17.96	9.10		9.92
								4.1%
p-value					0.3%	10.5%		4.1

Robustness Checks

- Skeptical view: Lewellen, Nagel, Shanken (2010)
- Analyze individual cross sections
- Time-series regressions
- Excluding crisis / starting date
- Leverage mimicking portfolios (LMP)
- Leverage beta sorts for all CRSP stocks

Leverage Mimicking Portfolio (LMP)

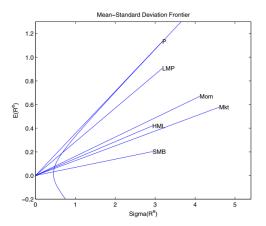
Project leverage factor onto 6 FF Bchmrks + Mom, constant weights

- Re-do analysis using time series alphas, monthly data, back to 1930's
- LMP is nearly mean-variance efficient

	Annualized Sharpe
Market	0.46
SMB	0.18
HML	0.50
Mom	0.70
LMP	0.99
Max Sharpe	1.20

Mean-Variance Analysis

P = max(Sharpe(amkt + bsmb + chml + dmom))



LMP: Comparing Models

	Pane	el A: Time-Series Alp	nas	
MAPE	Mean	LMP	FF, MOM	FF
SBM	7.86	1.15	1.04	1.57
MOM	5.80	1.66	1.46	4.36
Bond	3.04	0.59	0.93	1.47
Total	6.33	1.19	1.13	2.24
Model Fit		LMP	FF, MOM	FF
GRS		2.57	2.28	4.48
p-value		0	0	0

Panel B: Cross-Sectional Results across Time Periods

Time Period		LMP	FF, MOM	$\mathbf{F}\mathbf{F}$
1968 to 2009, Quarterly	Intercept Adj R^2	-0.32 0.78	1.06 0.81	3.12 0.16
1936 to 2009,	Intercept	-3.00	14.74	27.97
Monthly	$\mathrm{Adj}R^2$	0.63	0.81	0.52

Betting Against Beta and Funding Constraints

- Sort by mkt betas, scale to have unit beta (Frazzini Pedersen)
- Spread measures leverage constraints
- High correlation btw leverage factor and BAB factor
- Cross-sectional R²=73%

Panel A: Time-Series Regressions: $R_{i,t}^{e} = c_i + \beta_{Lev,i} Lev Fac_t + \epsilon_{i,t}$							
	$E[R^e]$	Sharpe	$\beta_{Lev}(\mathbf{x}\ 10^{-2})$	t-stat	R^2		
BAB1	10.98	0.46	19.45	2.93	4.90%		
BAB2	8.94	0.40	21.71	3.50	6.88%		
BAB3	7.29	0.36	16.41	2.91	4.84%		
BAB4	6.87	0.35	11.33	2.01	2.38%		
BAB5	6.68	0.34	11.67	2.11	2.60%		
BAB6	4.67	0.25	12.91	2.41	3.38%		
BAB7	5.68	0.30	10.19	1.89	2.10%		
BAB8	4.68	0.25	8.90	1.67	1.66%		
BAB9	4.29	0.22	3.97	0.72	0.31%		
BAB10	3.99	0.20	3.51	0.62	0.23%		
1 - 10	6.99	0.36	15.94	2.90	4.82%		

Conclusion

A single factor, broker-dealer leverage, can explain a large set of asset returns

- Single factor competes with leading 4 factors equity pricing model and bond pricing model
- Economically meaningful: measures "intermediary SDF"

Thank you!

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