

WorkShop 2

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1. CRC Cards — FindItUNAL System

The following CRC cards describe the main classes identified for the FindItUNAL backend system. Each card specifies the core responsibilities of the class and the other classes it collaborates with within the architecture.

<div>Class Name: User</div> <div><div>Responsibilities: Authenticate with institutional email and password Register and manage account profile Create, edit, and delete posts for lost/found items Search and filter posts by category, location, and date Initiate and participate in conversations about items Submit complaints about inappropriate content Receive and manage notifications Configure two-factor authentication</div><div>Collaborators: AuthenticationService Report Category Location Conversation Message Complaint Notification</div></div>	<div>Class Name: Admin</div> <div><div>Responsibilities: Inherit all User capabilities Review and resolve user complaints Suspend or permanently delete user accounts Delete inappropriate posts directly Access dashboard with system statistics View audit logs of all administrative actions Send system-wide notifications to users Manage user suspensions with documented reasons</div><div>Collaborators: User Complaint Report AdminAction DashboardService Notification</div></div>
<div>Class Name: Report</div> <div><div>Responsibilities: Store item details (title, description, date found/lost) Track item status (lost or found) Associate with category and campus location Link to multiple images for visual reference Allow editing by owner and deletion by owner/admin Support searchable and filterable queries Serve as basis for user conversations Be subject to user complaints</div><div>Collaborators: User Category Location Image Conversation Complaint SearchService</div></div>	<div>Class Name: Category</div> <div><div>Responsibilities: Classify items into predefined types Provide standardized classification system Support filtering in search queries Store category names (e.g., Electronics, Documents, Keys)</div><div>Collaborators: Report SearchService</div></div>
<div>Class Name: Location</div> <div><div>Responsibilities: Store campus buildings and area information Enable location-based search functionality Provide geographic context for items Store location names (e.g., Building 404, Central Library)</div><div>Collaborators: Report SearchService</div></div>	<div>Class Name: Conversation</div> <div><div>Responsibilities: Group messages between two users Link to the original post being discussed Track conversation participants (user1 and user2) Maintain complete conversation history Track last activity timestamp for sorting Enable efficient message retrieval</div><div>Collaborators: User Report Message</div></div>
<div>Class Name: Notification</div> <div><div>Responsibilities: Notify users of new messages Alert users about admin actions on their content Inform about complaint resolutions Track notification status Store notification type and related entity references Provide notification title and detailed message</div><div>Collaborators: User Message Report Admin</div></div>	<div>Class Name: Message</div> <div><div>Responsibilities: Store individual message content and text Track sender information Mark messages as read or unread Trigger notifications when message is sent Store precise message timestamp Support chronological message history</div><div>Collaborators: Conversation User Notification</div></div>
<div>Class Name: AuthenticationService</div> <div><div>Responsibilities: Validate user credentials Handle Google OAuth login integration Manage user sessions and tokens Verify two-factor authentication codes Process password reset requests Verify institutional email domain (@unal.edu.co)</div><div>Collaborators: User</div></div>	<div>Class Name: AdminAction</div> <div><div>Responsibilities: Log all administrative actions for audit trail Record action type (suspend, delete, resolve, etc.) Track target entity type (user, post, complaint) Store reason and justification for each action Maintain precise timestamp of action execution Enable accountability and admin activity monitoring</div><div>Collaborators: Admin User Report Complaint</div></div>
<div>Class Name: SearchService</div> <div><div>Responsibilities: Execute search queries across posts Filter by category, location, and date range Filter by status (lost/found) Sort results by relevance or date Provide advanced search capabilities</div><div>Collaborators: Report Category Location</div></div>	<div>Class Name: DashboardService</div> <div><div>Responsibilities: Calculate total registered users Calculate total published posts Calculate active complaints count Calculate recovered items statistics Display recent system activity Provide admin analytics and insights</div><div>Collaborators: User Report Complaint Admin</div></div>

2. Mockups.

The mockups can be found in the following Figma link:

<https://www.figma.com/design/GeShcSJNjrFG3cii4tXnVS/Flujo-FindItUnal?node-id=0-1&p=f&t=JELSXXVwcr4pSuih-0>

All the screens and their corresponding purposes are detailed within the Figma project.

3. Business Model Processes

Core Process: Publication and Recovery of Lost/Found Objects

Process Description:

This process documents the complete flow from when a user publishes a report (either found or lost object) on campus until both parties successfully connect and recover the object. It is the core business process of FindItUNAL, as it represents the main functionality that connects users who have information about lost/found objects.

Role in the Application:

This process is fundamental because:

- It facilitates the return of lost belongings within the university community
- It enables secure communication between users without exposing personal information
- It maintains an auditable record of all reports and claims
- It allows both finders and owners to actively report and search for objects

Actors Involved:

- **User A (Reporter):** Publishes a report (found or lost object) with detailed information
- **User B (Interested Party):** Searches for and contacts regarding an object
- **FindItUNAL System:** Validates information and maintains report status

Process Steps:

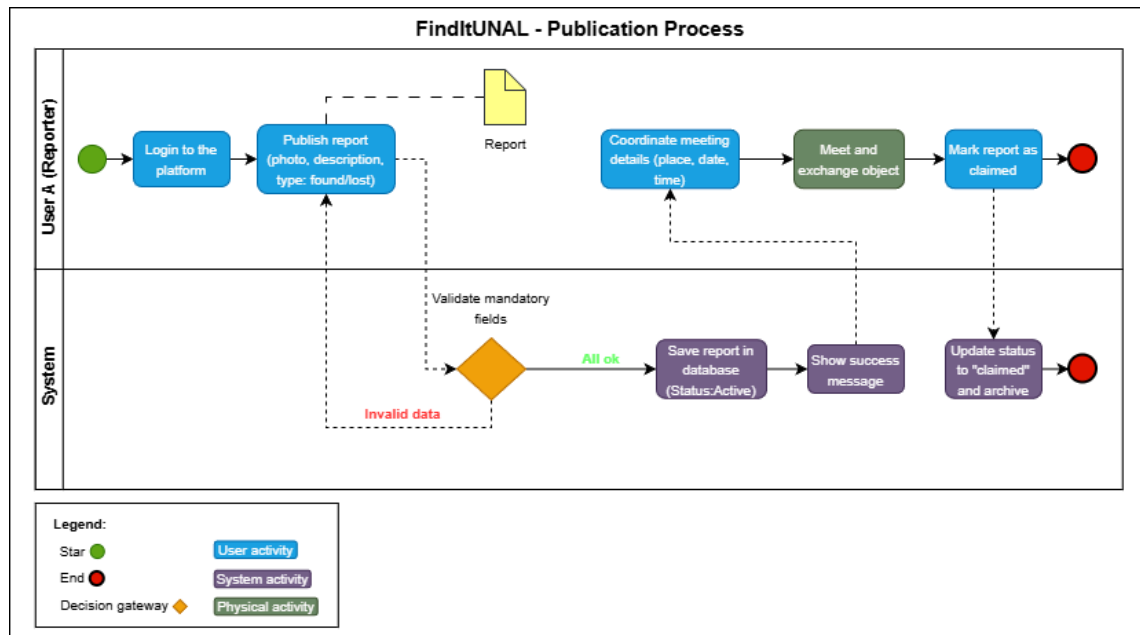
1. **Start:** User finds an object OR loses an object on campus
2. **Publish Report:** Authenticated user creates a report with:
 - Photograph of the object
 - Detailed description (minimum 20 characters)
 - Object category
 - Report type (found/lost)
 - Specific location
 - Date
3. **System Validation:** The system verifies that all mandatory fields are complete
4. **Successful Publication:** The report is published and visible to all users
5. **Search by Interested User:** Another user searches using filters (category, location, date, keywords)
6. **Object Identification:** The interested user finds a matching report
7. **Internal Contact:** The interested user initiates a conversation through the internal chat

8. **Delivery Coordination:** Both users agree on location, date, and time for the return
9. **Physical Exchange:** The object is successfully returned to its owner
10. **Marked as Claimed:** The user who created the report marks it as "object claimed/recovered"
11. **Process Closure:** The report changes its status to "claimed" and is archived

BPMN Diagram:

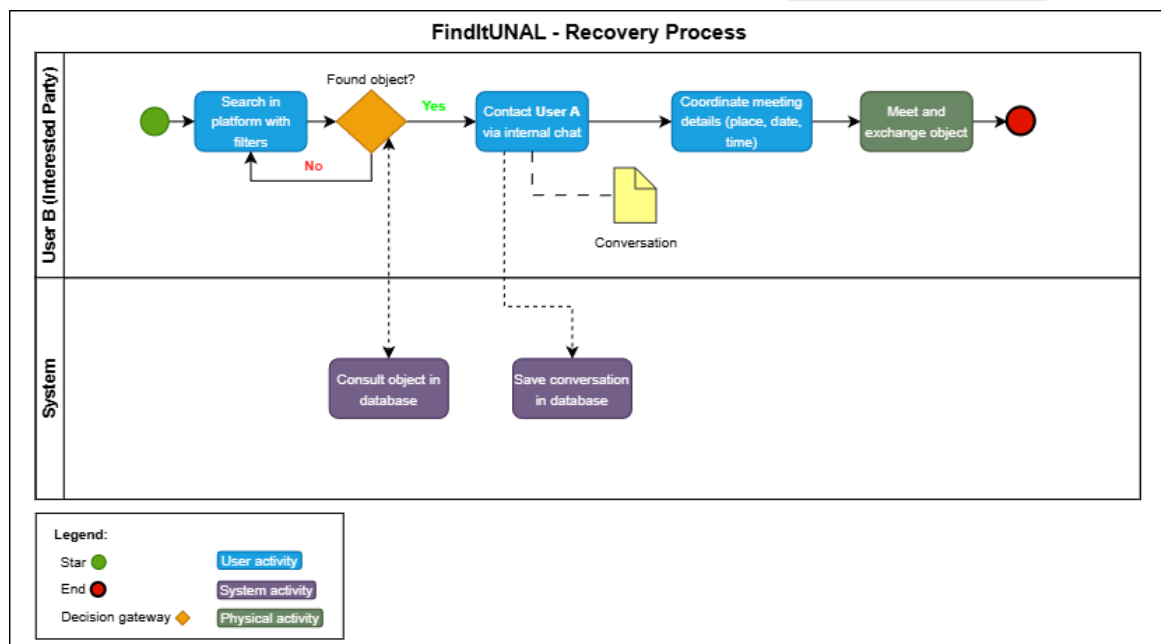
Publication Process:

To view the diagram more clearly, please visit the following link: [BMP Puplication.png](#)



Recovery Process:

To view the diagram more clearly, please visit the following link: [BMP Recovery.png](#)



Phase 1: Report Publication

- User A finds an object OR loses an object on campus
- Logs in with their institutional credentials
- Completes the form with all required information (photograph, detailed description, category, report type: found/lost, location, date)
- The system validates that all mandatory fields are complete and meet requirements (e.g., minimum description of 20 characters)
- If there are errors, validation messages are displayed and the user can correct them
- Once validated, the system saves the report in the database with "active" status
- The system displays a success message to User A

Phase 2: Search and Contact

- User B (interested party) searches on the platform using filters (category, location, date, keywords)
- If they find a report that matches their lost/found object, they proceed to contact User A
- Uses the platform's internal chat to communicate privately with User A
- Both users coordinate the delivery/meeting details (location, date, time)
- If no match is found, User B can continue searching or end the process

Phase 3: Exchange and Closure

- User A and User B meet physically to exchange the object
- After the successful delivery/recovery of the object, User A (the original reporter) marks the report as "claimed/recovered"
- The system automatically updates the report status to "claimed" and archives it
- The report remains in the history for statistical purposes
- The process concludes successfully

Key Differences from Previous Version:


- **Bidirectional reporting:** Both finders and owners can publish reports
- **Self-managed closure:** The user who created the report is responsible for marking it as claimed (no automatic notifications)
- **Clearer roles:** User A (Reporter) and User B (Interested Party) instead of assuming roles
- **Physical exchange activity:** Explicitly shows the real-world meeting step

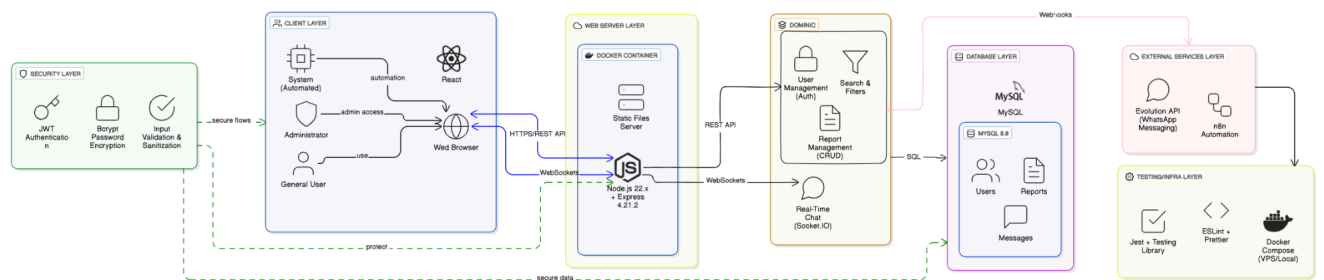
References:

- BPMN 2.0 Specification: <https://www.omg.org/spec/BPMN/2.0/>
- Visual Paradigm BPMN Guide: <https://www.visual-paradigm.com/guide/bpmn/what-is-bpmn/>

This core process is essential for FindItUNAL because it represents the complete value cycle that the platform offers: facilitating connections between community members to reunite lost objects with their owners efficiently and securely.

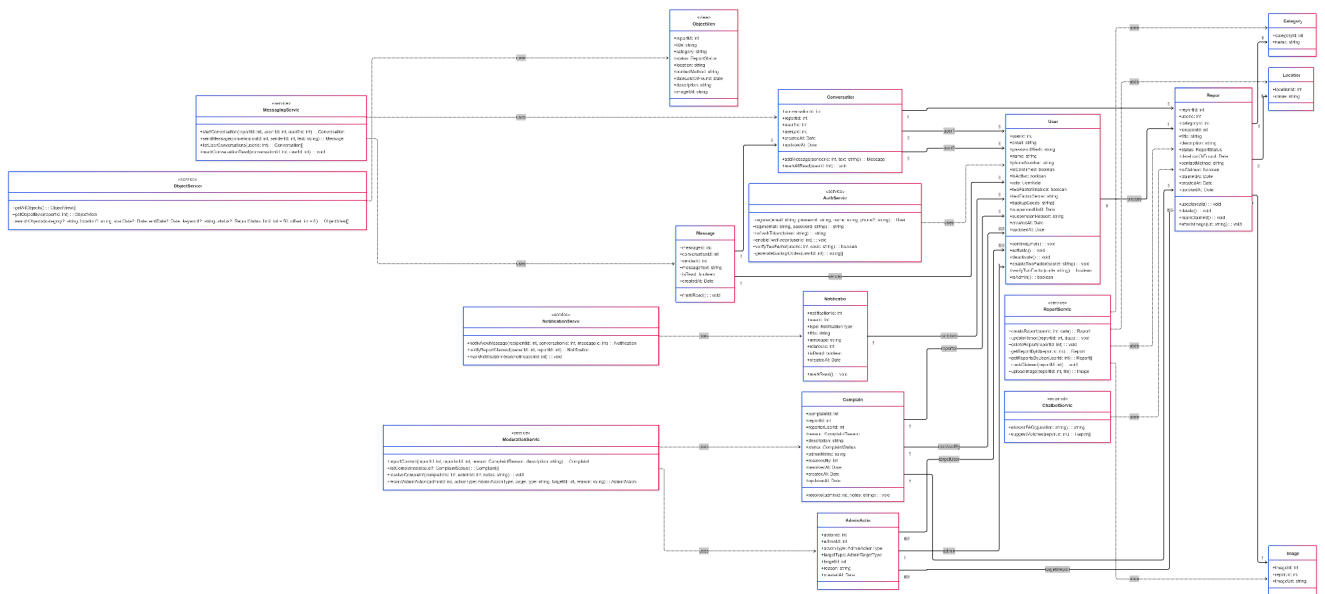
4. Architecture Diagram

To view the diagram more clearly, please visit the following link:  Architecture Diagram.png



5. Class Diagram

To view the diagram more clearly, please visit the following link: [Diagrama de clases.png](#)



6. Relational Database Model

1. Users

Propósito: Manage all user accounts in the system, including regular users and administrators.

Attribute	Type	Purpose
user_id	INT (PK)	Unique user identifier
email	VARCHAR(255) UNIQUE	Institutional email (@unal.edu.co), used for login
password_hash	VARCHAR(255)	Encrypted password (never stored in plain text)
name	VARCHAR(255)	Full name of the user

phone_number	VARCHAR(20)	Optional phone number for alternative contact
is_confirmed	BOOLEAN	Indicates whether the email has been verified
is_active	BOOLEAN	Active account (TRUE) or inactive/suspended (FALSE)
role	ENUM	Defines permissions: 'user' (regular) or 'admin' (administrator)
two_factor_secret	VARCHAR(32)	Secret key for two-factor authentication (2FA)
two_factor_enabled	BOOLEAN	Indicates if the user enabled 2FA
backup_codes	JSON	Backup codes for 2FA in case of lost access
suspended_until	DATETIME	NEW: Suspension end date (NULL = not suspended)
suspension_reason	TEXT	NEW: Reason for the suspension
created_at	DATETIME	Registration date
updated_at	DATETIME	Last profile update

2. Categories

Purpose: Classify lost/found items into predefined types to improve searches.

Attribute	Type	Purpose
category_id	INT (PK)	Unique category identifier
name	VARCHAR(255) UNIQUE	Category name (e.g., "Electronics", "Keys")

3. Locations

Purpose: Register all campus buildings and locations where items can be lost or found.

Attribute	Type	Purpose
location_id	INT (PK)	Unique location identifier
name	VARCHAR(255) UNIQUE	Location name (e.g., "Building 404", "Main Library")

4. Reports

Purpose: Store all posts of lost or found items. This is the core of the system.

Attribute	Type	Purpose
report_id	INT (PK)	Unique report identifier
user_id	INT (FK)	User who created the report
category_id	INT (FK)	Item category (Electronics, Keys, etc.)
location_id	INT (FK)	Location where it happened
title	VARCHAR(255)	Short title (e.g., "Black iPhone 13 lost")
description	TEXT	Additional details and characteristics
status	ENUM	'lost' or 'found'
date_lost_or_found	DATE	Date when the item was lost or found
contact_method	VARCHAR(255)	Contact method (even though internal messaging exists now)
created_at	DATETIME	Publication date
updated_at	DATETIME	Last update

5. Images

Purpose: Store images associated with each report (a report may have multiple images).

Attribute	Type	Purpose
image_id	INT (PK)	Unique image identifier
report_id	INT (FK)	Associated report
image_url	VARCHAR(255)	Storage URL (AWS S3, Cloudinary, etc.)

6. Conversations

Purpose: Group all messages exchanged between two users about a specific report. Works like a “chat room”.

Attribute	Type	Purpose
conversation_id	INT (PK)	Unique conversation identifier

report_id	INT (FK)	Report that initiated the conversation
user1_id	INT (FK)	User who started the contact (interested party)
user2_id	INT (FK)	Owner of the report
created_at	DATETIME	When the conversation started
updated_at	DATETIME	Last activity (useful for sorting by recent conversations)

7. Messages

Purpose: Store every individual message inside a conversation.

Attribute	Type	Purpose
message_id	INT (PK)	Unique message identifier
conversation_id	INT (FK)	Associated conversation
sender_id	INT (FK)	User who sent the message
message_text	TEXT	Message content
is_read	BOOLEAN	Whether the recipient has read it
created_at	DATETIME	Sent at

8. Notifications

Purpose: Alert users about important events.

Attribute	Type	Purpose
notification_id	INT (PK)	Unique identifier
user_id	INT (FK)	User receiving the notification
type	ENUM	Event type (see types below)
title	VARCHAR(255)	Short title (e.g., "New message")
message	TEXT	Detailed description
related_id	INT	Associated ID (message, report, etc.)
is_read	BOOLEAN	Whether the user has seen it
created_at	DATETIME	When it was generated

9. Complaints

Purpose: Allow users to report fraudulent or inappropriate posts so admins can review them.

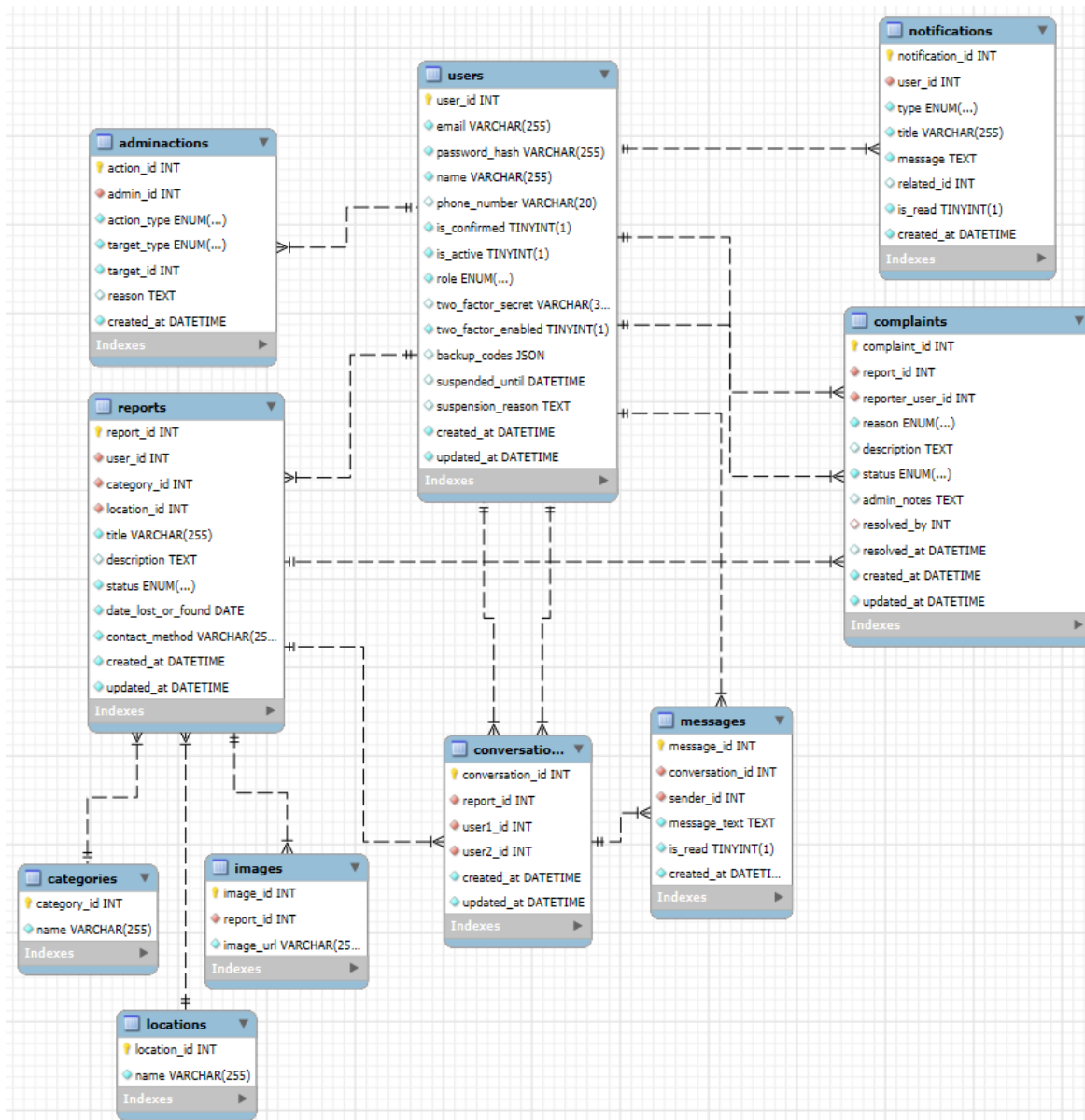
Attribute	Type	Purpose
complaint_id	INT (PK)	Unique identifier
report_id	INT (FK)	Report being complained about
reporter_user_id	INT (FK)	User who submitted the complaint
reason	ENUM	Predefined reason (see list below)
description	TEXT	Optional additional details
status	ENUM	Review status (pending/in_review/approved/rejected)
admin_notes	TEXT	Internal admin notes
resolved_by	INT (FK)	Admin who resolved the complaint
resolved_at	DATETIME	Resolution date
created_at	DATETIME	Submission date
updated_at	DATETIME	Last modification

10. AdminActions (Acciones Administrativas)

Purpose: Full audit log of all actions performed by administrators. Security logging.

Attribute	Type	Purpose
action_id	INT (PK)	Unique identifier
admin_id	INT (FK)	Admin who performed the action
action_type	ENUM	Type of action performed
target_type	ENUM	Entity type affected (user/report/complaint)
target_id	INT	Specific ID of the entity
reason	TEXT	Reason for the action
created_at	DATETIME	Timestamp

EER Diagram



References

- [1] Object Management Group, "Business Process Model and Notation (BPMN) Version 2.0," Object Management Group, Ene. 2011. [En línea]. Disponible en: <https://www.omg.org/spec/BPMN/2.0/>
- [2] Visual Paradigm, "What is BPMN?," *Visual Paradigm Guides*. Accedido: 7 de noviembre de 2025. [En línea]. Disponible en: <https://www.visual-paradigm.com/guide/bpmn/what-is-bpmn/>
- [3] L. Bass, P. Clements, y R. Kazman, *Software Architecture in Practice*, 3.^a ed. Upper Saddle River, NJ, EE. UU.: Addison-Wesley Professional, 2012.
- [4] A. Silberschatz, H. F. Korth, y S. Sudarshan, *Database System Concepts*, 7.^a ed. New York, NY, EE. UU.: McGraw-Hill, 2019.
- [5] E. Gamma, R. Helm, R. Johnson, y J. Vlissides, *Design Patterns: Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software*. Reading, MA, EE. UU.: Addison-Wesley Professional, 1994.