The World Wide Web **M7**

World Wide Web - system of interlinked documents that accessible on that network called the Internet

Webpages - documents hosted on web servers

Hyperlinks - webpages usually contain links to other

Ly located on web servers around the Internet

Website - webpages that's grouped together

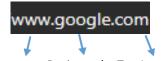
Uniform Resource Locator (URL) - web address that allows access to webpage

Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) - set of rules governing the internet

4 dictates how webpage should be transferred across the network

Ly protocol used to request webpages from a web server and for secure web transactions, such as making purchases over the Internet

File Transfer Protocol (FTP) - used to transfer large files between user's computer and special type of server called an FTP server



Server Registered Top-Level Name Domain Domain Name Name

Server name - identifies name of the server

Domain name - unique web address in descriptive alphanumeric form which understandable by users L identifies the location of a webpage Ly typical domain name consists of three labels separated by periods or dots

Registered Domain Name - identifies the organization that owns the domain name

Top-level Domain Name - identifies the **category** of the registered domain name

Cybercrime and Enterprise Computing

Cybercrime - unauthorized use, modification, destruction of data/computer system Ly composed of broad range of criminal activities Ly categorized by types of crimes that aim computers and networks, carried out by the use computers and networks

Reasons behind Cybercrime

1	Money
2	Information
3	Thrill/Challenge
4	Theft of Service/Product
5	Revenge
6	Competition

Cybercriminals - computer literate individuals who conduct deliberate attacks on personal computers and networks

Different Types of Cybercriminals

Hacker

1

breaks into security system of personal computers/networks

Ethical hackers - assigned to penetrate organizations security system to assess its strengths and locate its weaknesses

Cracker

violates, destroys, vandalizes and exploits networks and personal computers Ly commonly mistaken with hackers, underground groups that many organizations and individuals fear

2 Software cracking - modification of an application behavior

Ly can be in form of altering a program features, activating an application with fake serial key, removing software protection, or adding and removing features from the application

Insider (Whistleblower)

someone who's a member of a restricted group 3 and hold deep knowledge of the group's activities

Ly great threat to any organization or institution

Fraudster

person who attempts to present falsified information or misrepresent information by means of computer to gain money, service or benefits

Cyber stalker

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trace and follows an individual's or a group's activities and invade their privacy online

Cyber stalking - can be other forms such as online harassment, threats, identity theft, email attacks or false accusations

Cyber terrorist

intend to gain socio-political advantage by launching attacks on information, computers and networks in large scale institutions

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Enterprise Computing - commonly describes a business or venture of any size

Ly use of computers in networks, such as LANs and WANs, or series of interconnected networks that encompass a variety of different operating systems

Information System - set of hardware, software, data, people and procedures that work together to produce information

Ly mechanism that helps people gather data, store and organize them to produce meaningful information

Enterprise Information - information gathered in the ongoing operations of enterprise-sized organization L begins with the day-to-day transactions that occur within a company, such as sales receipts or timecards

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Artificial Intelligence and Information System

Artificial Intelligence - study of how to make computers do things what the human beings can do, the study of the computations

Two approaches to Al

Attempt to use computers to emulate human mental processes

Involves on designing intelligent machines that are independent from how the people think

This approach considers that human intelligence is just one possible kind of intelligence

Expert System - software program **designed to emulate the decision-making** process of human expert

An expert - person who has great amount of knowledge and skills on a particular field of study or profession

Advantages of Expert System

	Can reduce the number of human errors, provide
1	expertise when experts are not available and
	make knowledge available to more people
	Can also train new employees, preserve knowledge of
	experts after those experts leave the company
2	and take care of routine-tasks so that the
	workers can concentrate on jobs that need
	human interaction and understanding

Pattern Recognition - involves identifying recurring patterns in input data with goal of categorizing or understanding that data

Application of pattern recognition - includes face identification, hand writing recognition and finger print identification

Image analysis - process of identifying shapes and objects in an image, picture, drawing or video L applied in piloting cruise missiles, and colorizing old motion pictures

Speech Recognition Software - allows computer to follow command through our voice

Neural Networks - artificial brain that emulates the actual human brain

Rubutics Technology - computer-controlled machines that designed to perform specific and routinely manual tasks

Management Information System (MIS) - enables managers to decide effectively on how to manage the business by knowing the company's financial status

Decision Support System (DSS) - enables managers to become effective decision makers on the companies' daily operation strategies and tactics L used to access and analyze data in the company's transaction processing system

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Disclamer



This document might have some typos If you see one, tell Drew :> Some information here could be incorrect, if you suspect one, please do double-check