

AP US History

Chapter 29 - Civil Rights, Vietnam, and the Ordeal of Liberalism Finn Frankis

Key Concepts

What are this chapter's key concepts?

- **8.1.I.B** - U.S., fearing Communist/Soviet ideology, explored new means of containing communism, notably major military battles like Vietnam/Korea
- **8.1.I.C** - Cold War alternated betw. direct/indirect mil. confrontation and mutual coexistence (*détente*)
- **8.1.II.B** - Vietnam War → often violent antiwar protests as war escalated, marking first widespread resistance to anticommunist policies
- **8.2.I.B** - Three branches of fed. govt. partook in desegregation of armed services, *Brown v. Board of Education*, Civil Rights Act of 1964 to promote racial equality
- **8.2.III.A** - Liberalism reached peak of influence by 1960s
- **8.2.III.B** - Lyndon Johnson's Great Society used fed. programs to end discrimination, poverty, address social issues; Supreme Court cases → ↑ civil rights, individual liberties