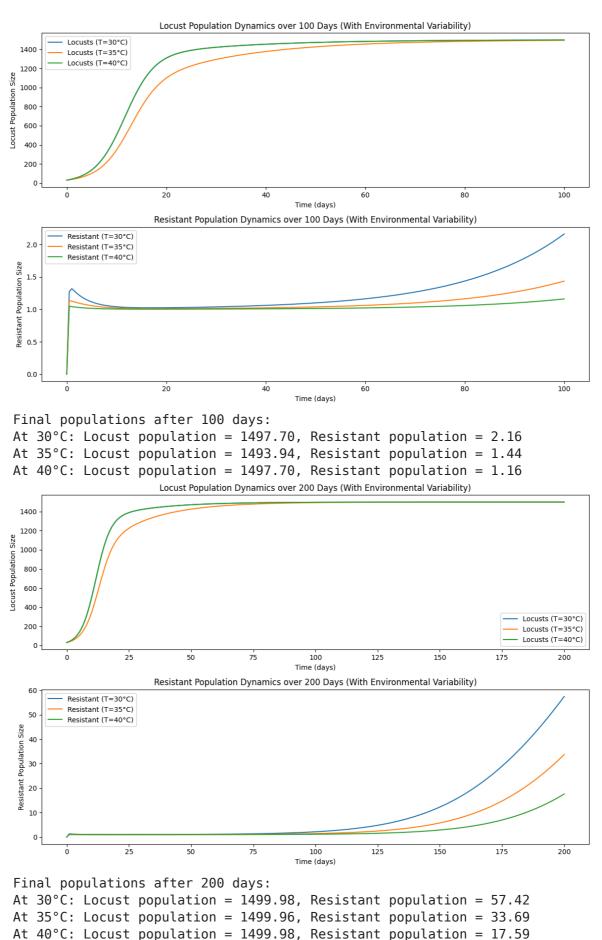
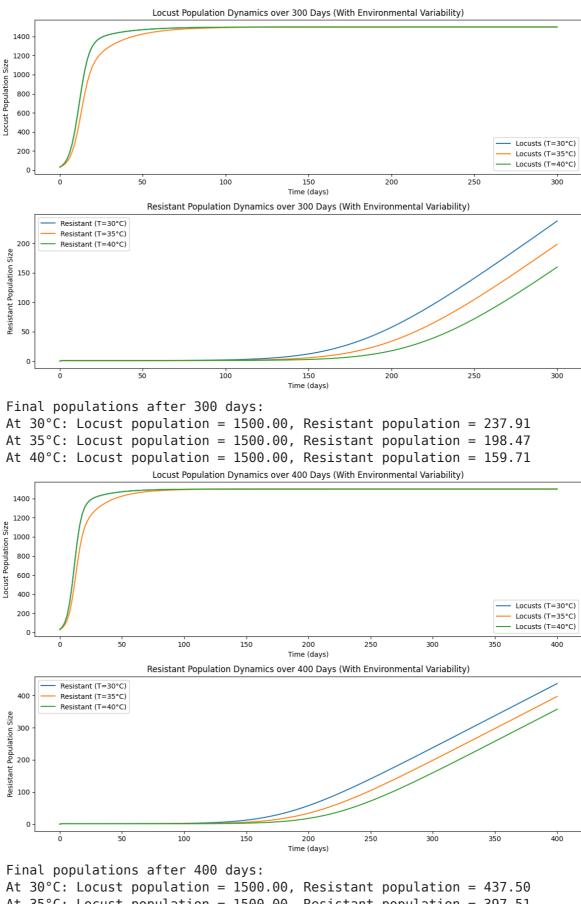
```
In [6]: import numpy as np
        from scipy.integrate import odeint
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        # Define the differential equations
        def locust model(y, t, r0, Topt, alpha T, mu0, alpha M, beta T, K, gamma0
            N, R = y
            # Introducing variable environmental conditions over time
            if variability:
                M, I = variable conditions(t)
            else:
                M = 0.5 # Moisture level (normalized between 0 and 1)
                 I = 0.9 # Insecticide concentration
            # Temperature-dependent reproduction rate
            r T = r0 * np.exp(-alpha T * (T - Topt)**2)
            # Temperature and moisture-dependent mortality rate
            mu TM = mu0 * np.exp(-alpha M * (M - 0.5)**2) * np.exp(-beta T * (T -
            # Temperature-dependent resistance development rate
            gamma T = gamma0 * np.exp(beta r * (T - Topt))
            # Locust population growth (temporarily relaxed carrying capacity for
            dNdt = r T * N * (1 - N/(K * 1.5)) - mu TM * I * N
            # Resistance population growth with mutation and selection
            dRdt = mutation rate + gamma T * N * I * (1 - R)
            return [dNdt, dRdt]
        # Function to simulate environmental variability
        def variable conditions(t):
            # Example: Moisture follows a seasonal pattern, Insecticide decays ov
            M = 0.5 + 0.1 * np.sin(2 * np.pi * t / 365) # Seasonal variation in
            I = 0.9 * np.exp(-0.05 * t) # Insecticide decays exponentially over
            return M, I
        # Initial conditions
        NO = 30  # Initial population (15 males, 15 females)
        R0 = 0 # Initial resistant population
        y0 = [N0, R0]
        # Time points (days)
        time_windows = [100, 200, 300, 400, 500] # Time windows for simulation
        # Parameters
        r0 = 0.5
                        # Increased reproduction rate
        Topt = 35 # Optimal temperature (°C)
        alpha_T = 0.01 # Sensitivity to temperature change
        mu0 = 0.3 # Increased mortality rate due to insecticide
        alpha M = 0.1  # Moisture sensitivity
        beta\_T = 0.05 # Temperature sensitivity for insecticide efficacy

K = 1000 # Lowered carrying capacity for smaller population
        gamma0 = 0.5  # High baseline resistance development rate
beta_r = 0.2  # Higher temperature sensitivity for resistance developm
        mutation_rate = 2.0 # High mutation rate for resistant locusts
```

```
# Environmental conditions
T values = [30, 35, 40] # Different temperatures to simulate (°C)
# Solve the system of ODEs for each time window and temperature
for days in time windows:
    t = np.linspace(0, days, 200) # Simulate over specified days with 26
    solutions = {}
    for T in T values:
        sol = odeint(locust model, y0, t, args=(r0, Topt, alpha T, mu0, a
        solutions[T] = sol
    # Plot the results
    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
    # Plot locust population
    plt.subplot(2, 1, 1)
    for T in T values:
        plt.plot(t, solutions[T][:, 0], label=f'Locusts (T={T}°C)')
    plt.title(f'Locust Population Dynamics over {days} Days (With Environ
    plt.xlabel('Time (days)')
    plt.ylabel('Locust Population Size')
    plt.legend()
    # Plot resistant population
    plt.subplot(2, 1, 2)
    for T in T values:
        plt.plot(t, solutions[T][:, 1], label=f'Resistant (T={T}°C)')
    plt.title(f'Resistant Population Dynamics over {days} Days (With Envi
    plt.xlabel('Time (days)')
    plt.ylabel('Resistant Population Size')
    plt.legend()
    plt.tight layout()
    plt.show()
    # Function to print final population sizes
    def print final populations(solutions, T values, days):
        print(f"Final populations after {days} days:")
        for T in T values:
            locust pop = solutions[T][-1, 0]
            resistant pop = solutions[T][-1, 1]
            print(f"At {T}°C: Locust population = {locust_pop:.2f}, Resis
    print_final_populations(solutions, T_values, days)
```

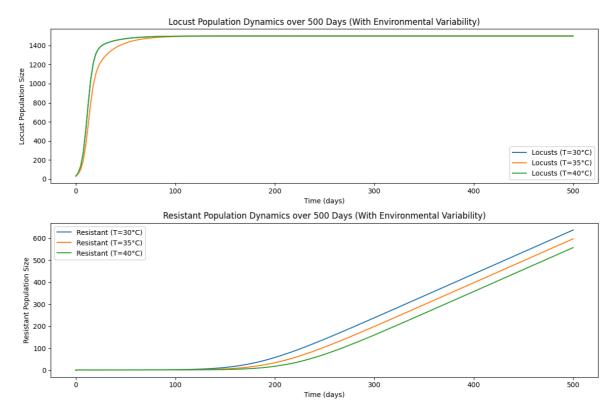


localhost:8888/lab/tree/notebooks/model.ipynb



At 35°C: Locust population = 1500.00, Resistant population = 397.51

At 40°C: Locust population = 1500.00, Resistant population = 357.52



Final populations after 500 days:

At 30°C: Locust population = 1500.00, Resistant population = 637.49 At 35°C: Locust population = 1500.00, Resistant population = 597.49 At 40°C: Locust population = 1500.00, Resistant population = 557.49

In []: