Please complete all parts. All parts are worth equal marks.

1. Create an Expense class to represent an employee expense claim. An expense should have a date (LocalDate), a description (String), an expense category (a custom enum), and an amount (joda.org.Money). It should also have a boolean field to indicated whether it has been approved (false by default). You should define accessor methods for each of these, and the class should provide a means for approving expenses. This class should also contain a toString method for printing an expense in the format of the example below, using a formatted string.

Example string representation of an expense:

```
2022-09-20: Dell 17-inch monitor - EQUIPMENT - USD 540.00
```

See https://www.joda.org/joda-money/ for details of using joda Money and related classes, examples of how to use this and related classes, and to download the jar.

- 2. Create an enum to represent the following expense categories:
 - Travel and subsistence
 - Supplies
 - Entertainment
 - Equipment
 - Other
- 3. Create an ExpensesPortal class that maintains a list of expenses and provides a means for submitting a new expense. It should also have a method called printExpenses with the following signature:

```
public void printExpenses(ExpensePrinter printer)
```

ExpensePrinter is an interface that you must define with a single method called print that takes a list of expenses as a parameter and prints the expenses to the console in a particular format.

- 4. Add a main method in the ExpensesPortal class or a new class. Create some expenses and add them to the an instance of ExpensesPortal.
- 5. Call the printExpenses method using a lambda expression to implement the ExpensePrinter parameter. The implementation should print a list of expenses to the console as follows:

```
Sample output:
```

```
2022-09-23: Flight to Glasgow - TRAVEL_AND_SUBSISTENCE - EUR 270.59
2022-09-20: Dell 17-inch monitor - EQUIPMENT - USD 540.00
2022-09-21: Java for Dummies - OTHER - EUR 17.99
```

6. Call the printExpenses method using an anonymous inner class to implement the ExpensePrinter parameter. The implementation should print a summary of expenses to the console as follows:

Sample output:

There are 3 expenses in the system totalling to a value of EUR 769.18. Hint: create a static method in <code>ExpensesPortal</code> for summing the expenses. The method should support expenses in two currencies (EUR and USD). The return type should be of type <code>joda.org.Money</code> and should be in EUR, so you'll need to convert from USD to EUR to support USD expenses. See the joda.org link above for examples of how to do this.

7. Finally, create a class called PrinterByLabel that implements the ExpensePrinter interface. It should organise the expenses by label before printing them out. Call the printExpenses method using a PrinterByLabel instance as a parameter.

Sample output:

TRAVEL_AND_SUBSISTENCE

2022-09-23: Flight to Glasgow - TRAVEL_AND_SUBSISTENCE - EUR 270.59 SUPPLIES

ENTERTAINMENT

EQUIPMENT

2022-09-20: Dell 17-inch monitor - EQUIPMENT - USD 540.00 OTHER

2022-09-21: Java for Dummies - OTHER - EUR 17.99