## 【php增删改查实例】第十四节-用户管理模块(起步)

从这一节开始, 开始着手开发部门管理模块。

```
📗 dept
                                   2018/5/1 8:57
                                                    文件夹
📗 jquery-easyui-1.3.3
                                   2018/5/1 8:57
                                                    文件夹
main. html
                                   2018/5/1 8:27
                                                   360 se HTML Do...
                                                                         3 KB
■ 后台管理系统设计文档. doex
                                  2018/5/1 8:57
                                                   Microsoft Word...
                                                                       610 KB
■ 技术架构. txt
                                   2018/5/1 8:34
                                                   文本文档
                                                                          1 KB
```

之后的内容就在此基础上进行增加。

### 1.用户查询

在目录中建立一个user文件夹,作为我们用户管理的模块。

打开这个文件,新建一个userManage.html文件。

```
© userManage.html 2018/5/1 9:12 380 se HTML Do... 0 KB
```

用编辑器打开这个文件,添加基本的文档结构:

```
<html>
<head>
<meta charset="utf-8">
<title>用户管理</title>

</head>
<body>

</body>
</html>
```

#### 然后,在head标签内,写上easyUI的资源文件引用。

```
<script type="text/javascript" src="../jquery-easyui-1.3.3/jquery.min.js"></script>
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="../jquery-easyui-1.3.3/themes/default/easyui.css">
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="../jquery-easyui-1.3.3/themes/icon.css">
<script type="text/javascript" src="../jquery-easyui-1.3.3/jquery.easyui.min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="../jquery-easyui-1.3.3/juery.easyui-lang-zh_CN.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="../jquery-easyui-1.3.3/validate.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></s
```

### 接下来,画一个table,渲染成EasyUI的datagrid,然后字段跟数据库中tm\_users表一一对应。

编写query.php,用于查询用户数据。





query. php

userManage. html

为了测试,我们先要在这个query.php中输出一个语句,然后在页面上刷新。那么,datagrid就会默认去找query.php这个文件

```
.
echo "进来了";
query.php
                    200 xhr jquery.... 262 B 4 ms
13 requests | 33.7 KB transferred | Finish: 152 ms | DOMContentLoaded: 135 ms | Load: 135 ms
× Headers Preview Response Timing
```

# 进来了

测试是成功的。

为了方便起见,我们先不考虑ResultData那些东西,先就把所有数据查询出来,然后JSON格式返回,参考代码如下:

```
//连接MySQL数据库
$conn = mysql_connect("localhost","root","");
$db = mysql_select_db("test",$conn);
mysql_query("set names utf8");
$sql = "select * from tm users where 1=1";
$rs = mysql_query($sql) or die(mysql_error());
$list = array();
$count = 0;
while($row = mysql_fetch_array($rs)){
    $list[$count++] = $row;
```

echo json\_encode(\$list);

?>