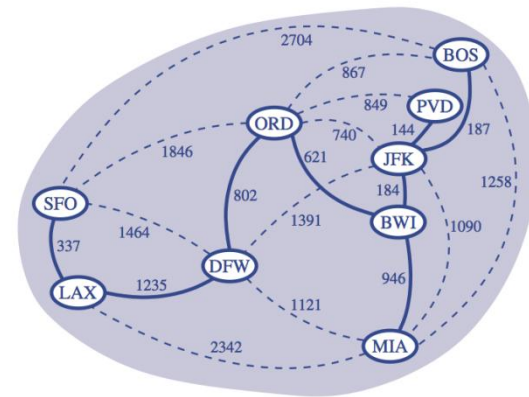


Presentation for use with the textbook **Data Structures and Algorithms in Java, 6<sup>th</sup> edition**, by M. T. Goodrich, R. Tamassia, and M. H. Goldwasser, Wiley, 2014

# Minimum Spanning Trees



# Minimum Spanning Trees

## Spanning subgraph

- Subgraph of a graph  $G$  containing all the vertices of  $G$

## Spanning tree

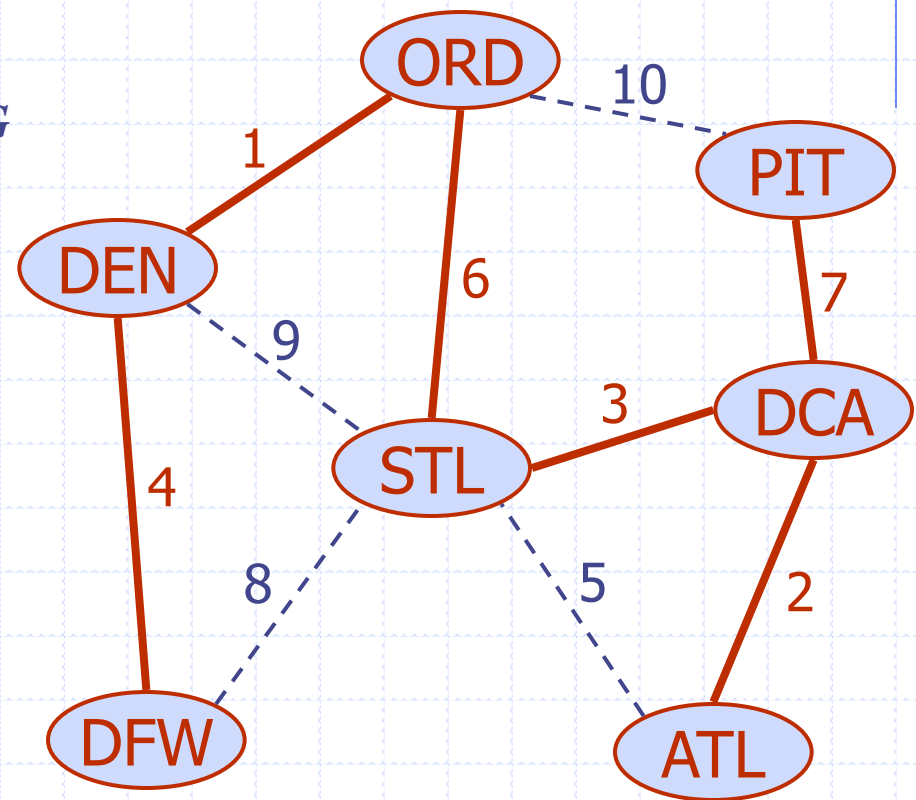
- Spanning subgraph that is itself a (free) tree

## Minimum spanning tree (MST)

- Spanning tree of a weighted graph with minimum total edge weight

## Applications

- Communications networks
- Transportation networks



# Prim's Algorithm

**Algorithm** Prim (G,s)

**In:** weighted connected graph G and vertex s

**Out:** {compute a minimum spanning tree}

**for** each vertex u of G **do** {

    u.d  $\leftarrow \infty$            // distance from vertex s to vertex u

    u.p  $\leftarrow$  null           // predecessor or parent of vertex u in a shortest paths tree

    u.marked  $\leftarrow$  false

}

s.d  $\leftarrow$  0           // Distance from s to itself is 0

**for** i  $\leftarrow$  0 to n-1 **do** {

    min  $\leftarrow \infty$            // Find unmarked vertex u with minimum distance to s

**for** each vertex v of G **do**

**if** (v.marked = false) **and** (v.d < min) **then** {

            min  $\leftarrow$  v.d

            u  $\leftarrow$  v

        }

    u.marked  $\leftarrow$  true   // Relax all edges incident on vertex u

**for** each edge (u,v) incident on u **do**

**if** length(u,v) < v.d **then** {

            v.d  $\leftarrow$  length(u,v)

            v.p  $\leftarrow$  u

        }

}

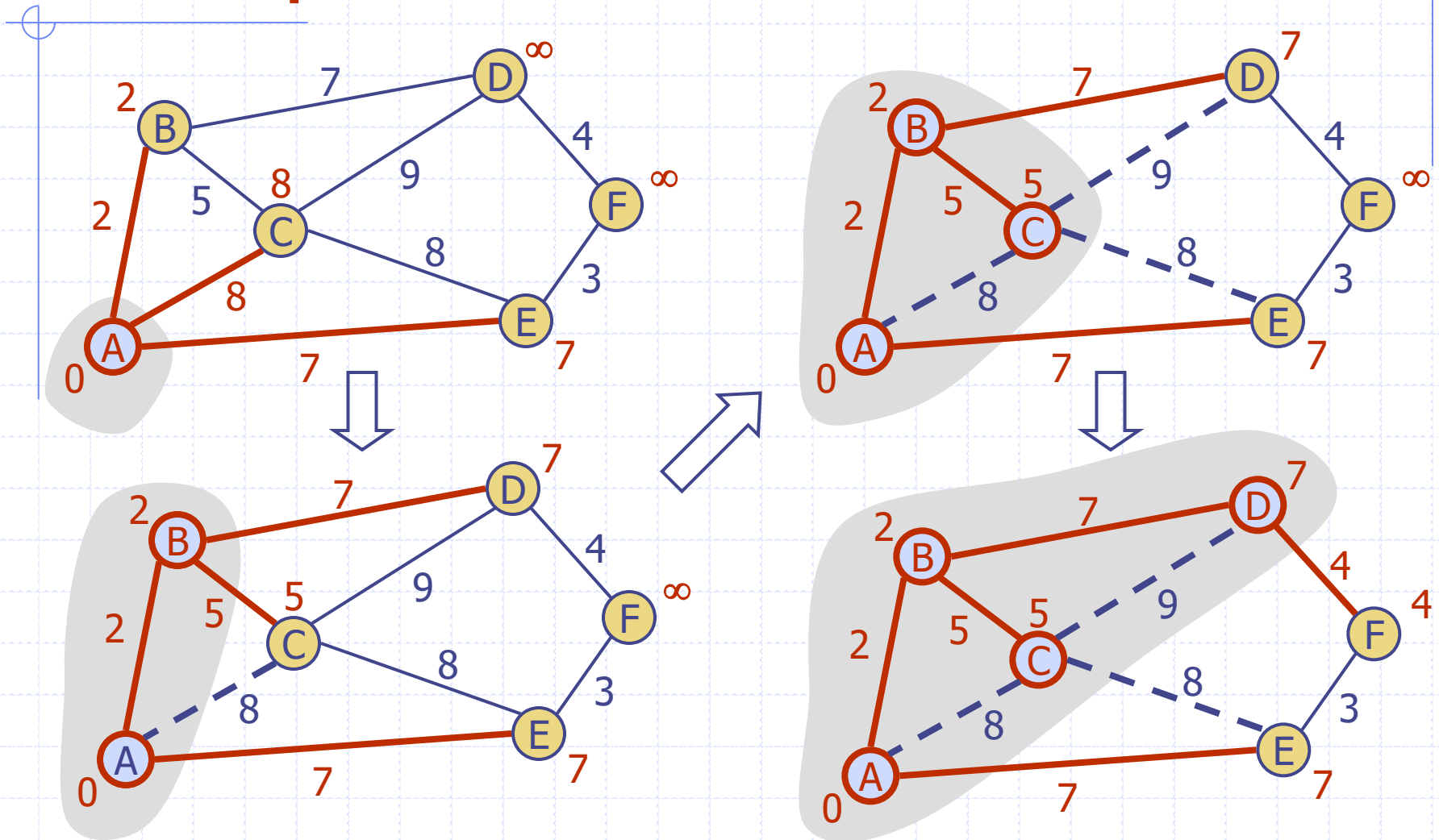
$c_1$  }  $c_1 n$

$c_2$  }  $c_2 n$  }  $c_4$  }  $\sum_{u \in G} (c_4 + c_2 n + c_3 n)$  (adj. matrix)

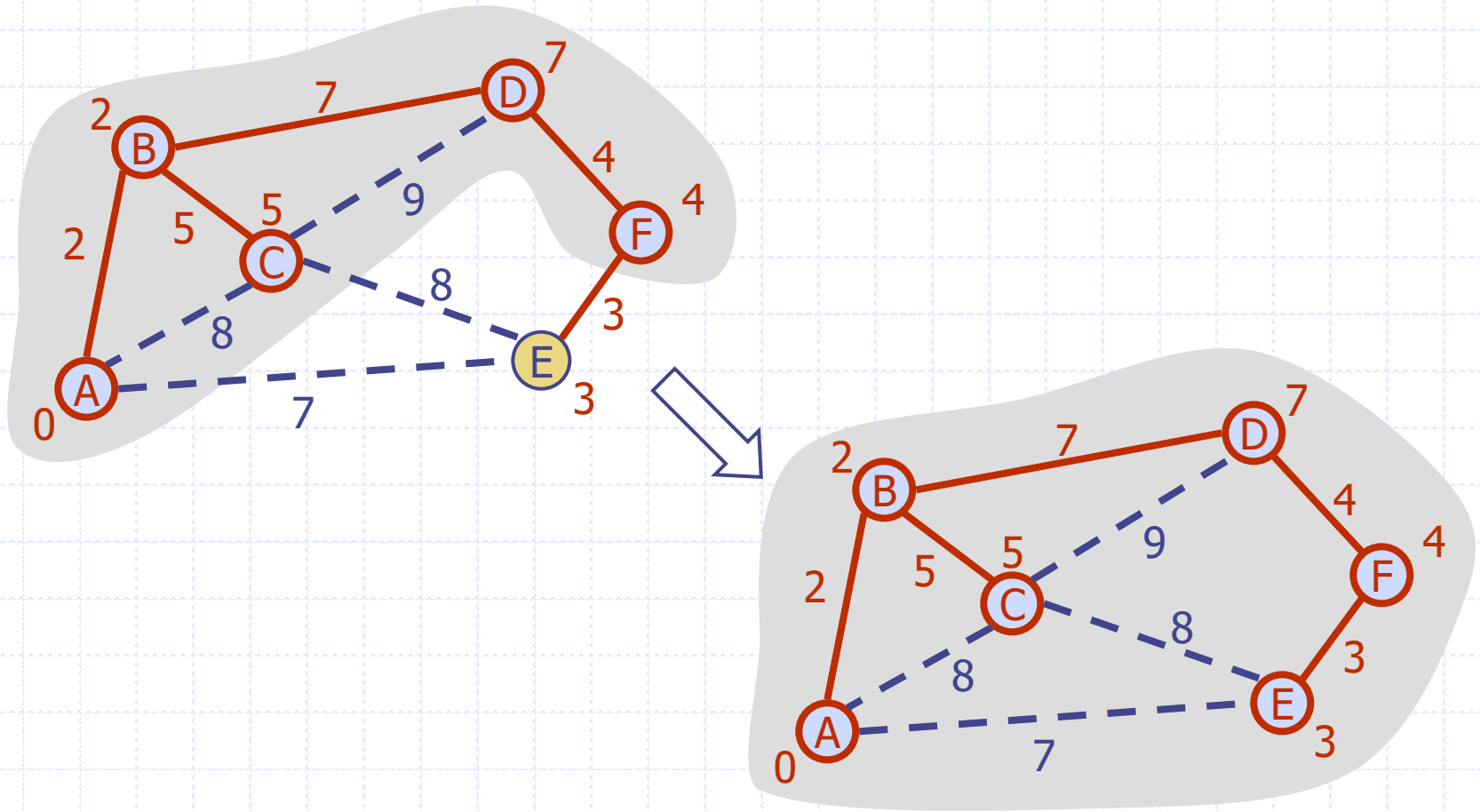
$c_3$  }  $c_3 n$  (adj. matrix) }  $\sum_{u \in G} (c_4 + c_2 n + c_3 \deg(u))$  (adj. list)

$c_3 \deg(u)$  (adj. list)

# Example



# Example (contd.)



# Analysis of Prim's Algorithm

Using an adjacency matrix:

$$f(n,m) = c_1n + \sum_{u \in G} (c_4 + c_2n + c_3n) = c_1n + c_4n + c_2n^2 + c_3n^2 \text{ is } O(n^2)$$

Using an adjacency list:

$$f(n,m) = c_1n + \sum_{u \in G} (c_4 + c_2n + c_3 \deg(u)) = c_1n + c_4n + c_2n^2 + 2c_3m \text{ is } O(n^2)$$