```
In [23]:
         import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
          import datetime
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import seaborn as sns
In [24]:
         #importing dataset
         file_path = "C:/quantium/"
         dataset = pd.read_csv(file_path + "QVI_data.csv")
         dataset.head()
 In [7]:
Out[7]:
             LYLTY_CARD_NBR DATE STORE_NBR TXN_ID PROD_NBR
                                                                       PROD_NAME PROD_QTY
                                                                        Natural Chip
                               2018-
                                               1
                                                                                              2
          0
                        1000
                                                        1
                                                                    5
                                                                            Compny
                               10-17
                                                                        SeaSalt175g
                                                                       Red Rock Deli
                               2018-
          1
                        1002
                                               1
                                                       2
                                                                  58
                                                                        Chikn&Garlic
                               09-16
                                                                           Aioli 150g
                                                                        Grain Waves
                               2019-
                                                                               Sour
          2
                        1003
                                               1
                                                        3
                                                                                              1
                                                                      Cream&Chives
                               03-07
                                                                               210G
                                                                             Natural
                               2019-
                                                                        ChipCo Hony
                                                                 106
          3
                        1003
                                               1
                                                       4
                               03-08
                                                                                Soy
                                                                          Chckn175g
                                                                        WW Original
                               2018-
                        1004
                                                                  96
          4
                                               1
                                                        5
                                                                       Stacked Chips
                                                                                              1
                               11-02
                                                                               160g
         dataset["DATE"].dtype
In [25]:
Out[25]: dtype('0')
         lets create a month and year column 1st
         dataset["DATE"] = pd.to datetime(dataset["DATE"])
In [48]:
         dataset["MONTH_YEAR"] = dataset["DATE"].dt.strftime("%m/%Y")
         dataset["MONTH_YEAR"]
```

```
10/2018
09/2018
Out[48]: 0
         1
                03/2019
                 03/2019
         3
                 11/2018
         264829 12/2018
         264830 10/2018
         264831 10/2018
         264832 10/2018
         264833 12/2018
         Name: MONTH_YEAR, Length: 264834, dtype: object
         Grouping by store number and by month year
In [49]: chips_grp_before = dataset.groupby(["STORE_NBR", "MONTH_YEAR"])
         total_grp = chips_grp_before["TOT_SALES"].sum()
         total_grp
Out[49]: STORE_NBR MONTH_YEAR
                   01/2019 154.80
         1
                   02/2019
                               225.40
                   03/2019
                               192.90
                               192.90
                   04/2019
                   05/2019
                               221.40
                                  . . .
                   08/2018
09/2018
                               372.85
         272
                               304.70
                   10/2018
                               430.60
                               376.20
                   11/2018
                            403.90
                   12/2018
         Name: TOT_SALES, Length: 3169, dtype: float64
         Looking at total sales by store number
In [50]: chips_grp_sales = dataset.groupby("STORE_NBR")
         total_sales = chips_grp_sales["TOT_SALES"].sum()
         total_sales
Out[50]: STORE_NBR
               2393.60
         2
                2005.80
              12802.45
         3
         4
              14647.65
         5
               9500.80
                 . . .
         268
               2601.05
             11221.80
         269
         270
             11293.95
         271
                9721.80
         272
                4653.95
         Name: TOT_SALES, Length: 272, dtype: float64
         Looking for total sales in trial stores
In [51]: trial_store = total_sales[76:88]
         trial_store
```

```
77
                3040.00
          78
                9381.25
          79
               11831.20
          80
             11756.90
               14361.95
          81
          82
                4103.50
                9924.90
          83
                5396.30
          84
          85
                   13.90
                10635.35
          86
          87
                3991.60
          88
                16333.25
          Name: TOT_SALES, dtype: float64
         Total sales in trial Store-77 3040.00, store-8610635.35 , store-88 $16333.25
         Now sorting store by total sales and looking for a match for store 77
In [52]: total_sorted = total_sales.sort_values(ascending = True)
         total_sorted.iloc[57:75]
Out[52]: STORE_NBR
          41
                 2570.20
          268
                2601.05
          195
                2608.25
          163
                2635.70
          6
                 2684.90
          53
                2715.05
                2720.40
          214
          176
                2752.90
          233
                2826.90
          255
                2835.30
          185
                2868.60
          187
                 2909.70
          205
                2966.80
          220
                3008.20
          50
                 3009.80
          46
                 3023.45
          141
                 3025.40
          77
                 3040.00
          Name: TOT_SALES, dtype: float64
         ISOLATING the store
In [53]: stores_control_one = [41,268,195,163,6,53,214,176,233,255,185,187,205,220,50,46,14
         control_one = pd.DataFrame({"Value": total_grp[stores_control_one]})
         print(control_one)
```

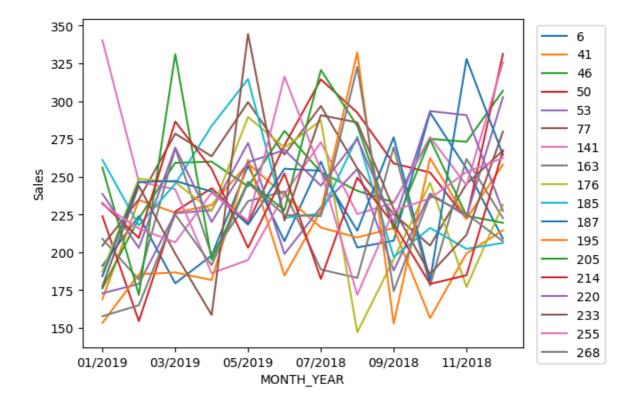
Out[51]: STORE_NBR

```
Value
STORE_NBR MONTH_YEAR
41
          01/2019
                       169.0
          02/2019
                       234.6
          03/2019
                       226.2
          04/2019
                       231.3
          05/2019
                       258.8
                         . . .
77
          08/2018
                       255.5
          09/2018
                       225.2
          10/2018
                       204.5
          11/2018
                       245.3
          12/2018
                       267.3
```

[216 rows x 1 columns]

putting the stores in a pivot chart format

```
pivot_chips1 = control_one.pivot_table(index="MONTH_YEAR", columns="STORE_NBR", va
In [54]:
         pivot_chips1
Out[54]:
            STORE NBR
                           6
                                41
                                        46
                                              50
                                                     53
                                                           77
                                                                 141
                                                                       163
                                                                             176
                                                                                    185
                                                                                          1
         MONTH YEAR
               01/2019 191.1 169.0 176.20 223.9 172.90 204.4
                                                              340.3
                                                                     208.9 187.2 261.1
                                                                                        184
               02/2019 224.0 234.6 222.40 154.5
                                                 179.10 235.0
                                                               246.7
                                                                     182.0 248.7
                                                                                  217.8
                                                                                        24
               03/2019 179.5 226.2 259.20 227.0 225.80 278.5 241.7
                                                                     268.8 246.4 245.3
                                                                                        24
               04/2019 197.9 231.3 260.00 242.4 227.80
                                                        263.5
                                                               186.2
                                                                     198.3 227.4
                                                                                 283.6
                                                                                        240
               05/2019 257.3 258.8 243.55 219.5 272.35
                                                        299.3
                                                               194.9
                                                                     233.8 289.5
                                                                                 314.6
                                                                                        21
               06/2019 207.4 237.7 280.30 270.8
                                                 198.90
                                                        264.7
                                                               238.4
                                                                     240.3
                                                                           269.3
                                                                                  222.8
                                                                                        25
               07/2018 260.0 216.4 253.00 314.4 229.80 296.8 272.8 188.6 287.2 225.6
                                                                                        25:
               08/2018 203.2 209.8 240.70 292.4 255.10 255.5
                                                              225.3
                                                                     183.1
                                                                           147.1
                                                                                  276.3
                                                                                        214
               09/2018 207.7 216.1 233.00 258.8
                                                 188.00 225.2 232.8 269.5
                                                                           195.4
                                                                                  196.9
                                                                                        27
               10/2018 292.4 156.5 275.10 252.8 238.90 204.5 276.2 178.0 246.0
                                                                                 216.1
                                                                                        18
               11/2018 255.3 199.3 273.10 222.1 223.80 245.3 244.3 261.8 177.1
                                                                                  202.3
                                                                                        32.
               12/2018 209.1 214.5 306.90 331.2 302.60 267.3 325.8 222.6 231.6
                                                                                        264
In [57]:
         pivot_chips1.plot()
         plt.legend(loc = "upper right", bbox_to_anchor =(1.2, 1))
         plt.ylabel("Sales")
         plt.show()
```



not well looking chart we have to move further

now looks at correlation

In [58]: pivot_chips1.corr(method="pearson")

_							
STORE_NBR							
6	1.000000	-0.247151	0.256520	0.006834	0.242594	-0.021268	-0.027162
41	-0.247151	1.000000	0.164603	-0.119241	0.167031	0.762292	-0.644727
46	0.256520	0.164603	1.000000	0.503370	0.650741	0.386913	-0.113383
50	0.006834	-0.119241	0.503370	1.000000	0.560896	0.304387	0.277132
53	0.242594	0.167031	0.650741	0.560896	1.000000	0.526309	-0.042187
77	-0.021268	0.762292	0.386913	0.304387	0.526309	1.000000	-0.413535
141	-0.027162	-0.644727	-0.113383	0.277132	-0.042187	-0.413535	1.000000
163	-0.295525	0.275608	0.165461	-0.068682	-0.074408	0.167020	-0.152094
176	0.345540	0.450519	0.269525	-0.021411	0.140227	0.531159	-0.125022
185	-0.155127	0.339814	-0.330201	-0.155053	0.238337	0.373824	-0.434634
187	-0.041647	0.349995	0.420943	0.052646	0.004825	0.285749	-0.198275
195	0.398130	-0.047535	0.374234	0.423526	0.763772	0.271905	-0.090739
205	0.088312	-0.237444	0.005459	0.374344	0.209564	0.291275	0.163641
214	-0.878726	0.292472	0.133498	0.186751	0.141150	0.208531	-0.004689
220	0.416445	-0.341097	0.322455	0.141485	0.265352	0.013562	-0.060033
233	0.270639	0.500753	0.116010	0.284899	0.546609	0.613063	-0.127935
255	0.132702	0.069930	0.457896	0.264615	-0.080768	0.099836	0.205388
268	0.219004	0.064578	0.348140	0.404818	0.583553	0.372558	-0.324463

Out[58]: STORE_NBR 6

STORE NO. 41 AND 77 HAS THE STRONGEST CORRELATION AT 0.762 LET SHOW IT ON GRAPH .

```
In [60]: chips1_graph = pivot_chips1[[41, 77]]
    chips1_graph.plot()
    plt.show()
```



now checking correaltion on entire table

```
In [62]: total_grp_df = pd.DataFrame(total_grp)
         total_grp_pivot = total_grp_df.pivot_table(index="MONTH_YEAR", columns="STORE_NBR'
         total_grp_pivot_table = total_grp_pivot.corr(method = "pearson")
         total_grp_pivot_table[77].sort_values(ascending= False).head(10)
Out[62]: STORE_NBR
          31
                 1.000000
          77
                 1.000000
          11
                1.000000
          41
                0.762292
          35
                0.699708
          167
                0.696075
          184
                 0.645118
          63
                 0.633858
          234
                 0.632204
          20
                 0.620701
          Name: 77, dtype: float64
```

These are the top 10 correaltions to store 77 and store 41 would be ranked 41

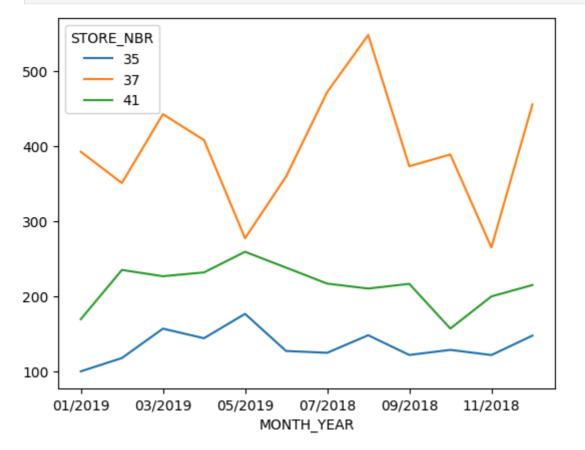
store 31 and 11 sales are way too low to use.

```
In [64]: # store 41,35,37 from dataframe
    three_amigos_77 = total_grp[[41,35,37]]

#amking dataframe
    amigos_77_df = pd.DataFrame(three_amigos_77)

In []: pivoting the dataframe
```

In [65]: amigos_77_pivot = amigos_77_df.pivot_table(index="MONTH_YEAR", columns="STORE_NBR'
amigos_77_pivot.plot()
plt.show()



after seeing correlations for trial of store 77 i will use store number 41 as a control store now sorting stores by total sales to look for a match for store 86

In [67]: total_sorted.iloc[178:201]

```
Out[67]: STORE_NBR
          109
                10399.10
          191
                 10404.70
          196
                10408.20
          229
                10417.90
          97
                10432.05
          102
                10440.70
          105
                10472.50
          232
                10485.30
          57
                10532.30
          172
                10545.60
          113
                10551.60
          225
                10566.60
          62
                10583.10
          236
                10621.00
          227
                10622.50
          155
                10628.95
          86
                10635.35
          247
                10651.50
                10686.50
          13
          164
                10718.90
          106
                10742.60
          55
                10760.15
          138
                 10824.80
          Name: TOT_SALES, dtype: float64
         isolationg the store
In [68]: stores_control_two = [109,191,196,229,97,102,105,232,57,172,113,225,62,236,227,155]
         control_two = pd.DataFrame({"Value": total_grp[stores_control_two]})
         print(control_two)
                               Value
        STORE_NBR MONTH_YEAR
        109
                  01/2019
                               858.6
                  02/2019
                               858.4
                  03/2019
                              1039.2
                  04/2019
                               728.6
                  05/2019
                               720.6
        138
                  08/2018
                               707.4
                  09/2018
                               913.6
                  10/2018
                              1015.4
                  11/2018
                               991.4
                               918.0
                  12/2018
        [276 rows x 1 columns]
         putting the stores in a pivot chart format
In [69]: pivot_chips2 = control_two.pivot_table(index="MONTH_YEAR", columns="STORE_NBR", va
```

pivot_chips2

МО	NTH_YEAR										
	01/2019	927.0	1003.20	852.8	887.8	841.40	844.60	898.0	807.0	869.60	
	02/2019	868.0	757.80	919.8	864.4	913.20	755.20	773.4	751.8	833.20	8
	03/2019	1035.6	943.60	807.4	889.8	1026.80	853.60	821.8	916.8	938.60	1(
	04/2019	1024.4	851.80	900.0	885.2	848.20	813.00	718.6	944.6	815.40	7
	05/2019	803.2	736.85	846.7	754.9	889.30	883.30	890.9	818.1	878.75	7
	06/2019	840.6	999.60	911.0	846.8	838.00	862.00	950.0	835.0	690.20	8
	07/2018	811.8	889.60	839.6	983.6	892.20	848.20	782.4	928.9	1042.80	8
	08/2018	756.9	910.30	915.4	792.4	764.05	917.35	986.4	923.7	799.85	8
	09/2018	840.0	1028.80	792.8	972.8	914.60	908.80	970.4	846.6	1158.40	8
	10/2018	851.0	1024.40	965.8	840.2	948.40	993.20	902.2	880.0	928.60	ç
	11/2018	1049.4	779.80	830.0	952.8	918.00	853.40	930.0	771.4	966.80	ĉ

12/2018 878.6 834.40 951.0 912.4 841.20 899.40 816.6 1048.6 820.40 9

86

105

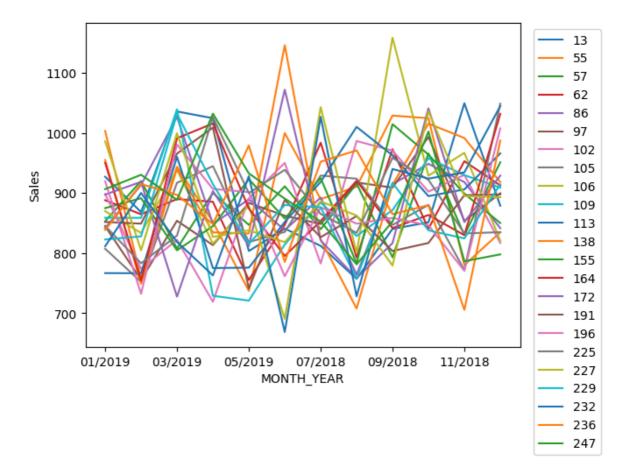
97 102

106

12 rows × 23 columns

Out[69]: STORE_NBR 13 55 57 62

```
In [71]: pivot_chips2.plot()
  plt.legend(loc = "upper right", bbox_to_anchor =(1.20, 1))
  plt.ylabel("Sales")
  plt.show()
```



its a messy chart too

In [72]: pivot_chips2.corr(method="pearson")

STORE_NBR							
13	1.000000	-0.125341	-0.291218	0.365314	0.457947	-0.373037	-0.377415
55	-0.125341	1.000000	-0.039301	0.181823	0.043906	0.495256	0.418809
57	-0.291218	-0.039301	1.000000	-0.428165	-0.402687	0.221201	-0.139586
62	0.365314	0.181823	-0.428165	1.000000	0.276452	-0.184301	-0.206387
86	0.457947	0.043906	-0.402687	0.276452	1.000000	-0.015617	-0.226422
97	-0.373037	0.495256	0.221201	-0.184301	-0.015617	1.000000	0.578719
102	-0.377415	0.418809	-0.139586	-0.206387	-0.226422	0.578719	1.000000
105	-0.059766	0.124132	0.301428	0.113294	-0.202451	0.334039	-0.303843
106	0.049336	0.181864	-0.658612	0.634354	0.510548	0.203434	0.088393
109	0.324289	0.326968	-0.124668	0.426023	0.643075	0.241536	0.057036
113	-0.161963	0.306164	-0.087082	0.287274	0.043835	0.548974	0.388871
138	0.284311	0.500047	-0.001387	0.172155	0.250447	0.286776	0.317674
155	-0.228967	0.174382	-0.232252	0.339800	0.326149	0.275949	0.171003
164	0.357477	0.060884	0.060840	-0.006044	-0.117970	0.140764	-0.324841
172	-0.091999	0.250338	0.665384	-0.100249	-0.156398	0.128774	0.000426
191	0.733656	0.018181	0.081015	0.227897	0.043345	-0.359215	-0.454167
196	0.166098	0.101949	-0.113210	0.049385	0.081832	0.240357	-0.283326
225	0.043419	0.338013	-0.005863	0.005783	-0.109479	0.224941	-0.023039
227	0.289917	0.354941	0.106827	-0.028706	0.393785	0.403000	-0.009479
229	0.508201	0.234072	-0.335684	0.426077	0.596886	-0.120038	-0.406497
232	-0.084443	-0.320462	-0.100878	0.461276	0.327006	0.141757	-0.251850
236	-0.597718	-0.206578	0.237461	-0.334550	-0.164982	0.162069	-0.245020
247	0.167139	0.096625	0.237256	-0.295701	0.250601	-0.106598	-0.460621

57

62

86

97

102

23 rows × 23 columns

Out[72]: **STORE_NBR** 13 55

STORE 109 AND 86 HAS THE STRONGEST CORRELATION AT 0.643 NOW SHOWING IT TO GRAPH

```
In [74]: chips2_graph = pivot_chips2[[86, 109]]
     chips2_graph.plot()
     plt.show()
```



Checking correlation on entire table

Name: TOT_SALES, dtype: float64

```
total_grp_pivot_table[86].sort_values(ascending=False).head(10)
In [75]:
          STORE_NBR
Out[75]:
          31
                 1.000000
                 1.000000
          86
          193
                 0.933364
          159
                 0.675773
          231
                 0.674071
          109
                 0.643075
          132
                 0.629011
          260
                 0.623775
          61
                 0.617243
          229
                 0.596886
          Name: 86, dtype: float64
         above are the top 10 correlations to store 86. Lets move further before amking a
         decision---
         to see how the top 5 above correlations stack sales
In [76]: total_sorted.loc[[31,193,159,231,109]]
Out[76]: STORE_NBR
          31
                    14.8
                    13.1
          193
          159
                   338.9
                 12996.0
          231
                 10399.1
          109
```

here store 31,159,193 sales are way too low to use.

```
In [80]: #grabing store 231 , 109, 86 from total group dataframe
    three_amigos_86 = total_grp[[231,109,86]]

#MAKING DATAFRAME
amigos_86_df = pd.DataFrame(three_amigos_86)
```

```
In [81]: #Pivoting the Dataframe
    amigos_86_pivot = amigos_86_df.pivot_table(index="MONTH_YEAR", columns="STORE_NBR'
    amigos_86_pivot.plot()
    plt.show()
```

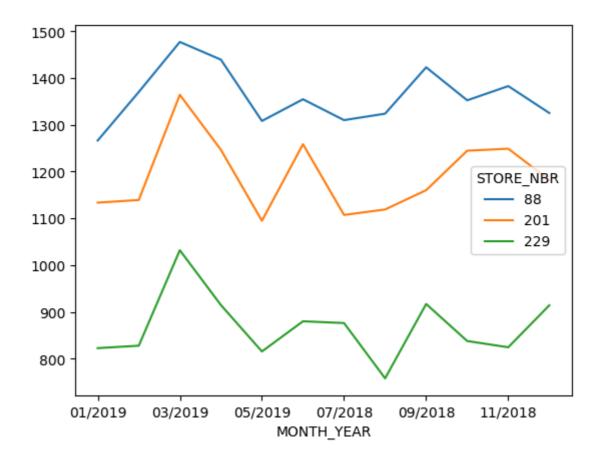


now as you can see store 231 even though has a good correlation store 109 is a much better fit. Store 31 even though is a best match correlation wise it does not make any sense with sales volume so we will go with store "41".

For trial store 86 i will use store number 109 as a control store

```
In [82]: #looking for control store for store 88
total_grp_pivot_table[88].sort_values(ascending=False).head(10)
```

```
Out[82]: STORE_NBR
              1.000000
         206
         88
                1.000000
         159
              0.862608
         193 0.836296
         201 0.737583
         188
               0.733516
         229
              0.707309
         228
              0.697039
         61
               0.686658
         140
                0.613791
         Name: 88, dtype: float64
         above are the top 10 correlations to store 88. so, lets move further to make any decision
In [83]: # grabbing the total sales sorted series to see how the sales stack up for the top
         total_sorted.loc[[206,88,159,193,201,188,229,228,61,140]]
Out[83]: STORE_NBR
         206
                    7.60
         88
                16333.25
         159
                 338.90
         193
                   13.10
         201 14298.70
         188
                3086.00
              10417.90
         229
         228
               4236.30
         61
                 562.90
         140
                  244.90
         Name: TOT_SALES, dtype: float64
         STORE 206,159,188,228,61,140, 7 193 SALES ARE WAY TOO LOW TO USE
In [84]: #grabing store 201 , 229, 88 from total group dataframe
         three_amigos_88 = total_grp[[201 , 229, 88]]
         #MAKING DATAFRAME
         amigos_88_df = pd.DataFrame(three_amigos_88)
        #Pivoting the Dataframe
         amigos_88_pivot = amigos_88_df.pivot_table(index="MONTH_YEAR", columns="STORE_NBR")
         amigos_88_pivot.plot()
         plt.show()
```



SO STORE 201 CLOSE TO THE PATTERN OF STORE 88

```
In [87]: sorted_88 = total_grp_pivot_table[88].sort_values(ascending= False)
    sorted_88[201]
```

Out[87]: np.float64(0.7375831241350634)

NOW store 229 even though has a good correlations but store 201 is much suitable. store 206 even though is a best match correlationswise. it does not make any sense with sales volume . so we will go with store 201.

for trial store 88 i will use store number 201 as a control store its a 0.737 correlation.

Out[93]:		LYLTY_CARD_NBR	DATE	STORE_NBR	TXN_ID	PROD_NBR	PROD_NAME			
	73365	77000	2019- 03-28	77	74911	18	Cheetos Chs & Bacon Balls 190g			
	73366	77000	2019- 04-13	77	74912	69	Smiths Chip Thinly S/Cream&Onion 175g			
	73367	77000	2018- 09-26	77	74910	36	Kettle Chilli 175g			
	73368	77001	2019- 02-27	77	74913	7	Smiths Crinkle Original 330g			
	73369	77001	2019- 01-21	77	74914	9	Kettle Tortilla ChpsBtroot&Ricotta 150g			
	•••			•••						
	264818	2330321	2018- 07-30	77	236756	71	Twisties Cheese Burger 250g			
	264819	2330331	2018- 11-18	77	236760	95	Sunbites Whlegrn Crisps Frch/Onin 90g			
	264820	2330431	2018- 07-31	77	236770	50	Tostitos Lightly Salted 175g			
	264821	2330461	2018- 07-21	77	236777	87	Infuzions BBQ Rib Prawn Crackers 110g			
	264822	2330501	2019- 06-20	77	236780	63	Kettle 135g Swt Pot Sea Salt			
563 rows × 15 columns										
	←									
In []:	[]: LETS START WITH STORE 77 & 41									
τιι []·]. ELIS START WITH STORE // C 41									

PROD_QTY

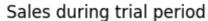
dtype: float64

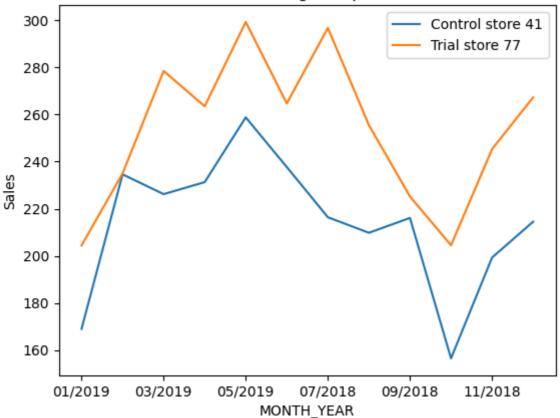
723.0

In [95]: #looking at repeat customer for trial store

```
trial_store_77["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"].value_counts()
Out[95]: LYLTY_CARD_NBR
          77476 5
          77109 4
          77205
                 4
          77066 4
          77093 4
          77023
                  1
          77024 1
          77025 1
          77187
                  1
          77003
                  1
          Name: count, Length: 356, dtype: int64
 In [98]: # total customer transactions
          trial_store_77["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"].count()
Out[98]: np.int64(563)
In [100]: #looking at repeat customer for control store
          control_store_41["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"].value_counts()
Out[100]: LYLTY_CARD_NBR
          41497
                 4
          41453
                  4
          41466 4
          41367 4
          41359 4
          41471 1
          41499 1
          41002
                  1
          41001 1
          41505
          Name: count, Length: 344, dtype: int64
In [101]: # total customer transactions
          control_store_41["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"].count()
Out[101]: np.int64(567)
In [103]: # counting repeat customer that purchased more than once
          repeat_customers = trial_store_77["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"].value_counts()
          print(repeat_customers.head(24))
          repeat_total = 24
```

```
LYLTY_CARD_NBR
        77476
              5
        77109
              4
        77205 4
        77066
              4
        77093
                4
        77305
              4
        77313
              4
        77338
              4
        77344
        77454
              4
        77206
              3
        77102
               3
        77480
                3
        77238
                3
        77136 3
        77044
                3
        77207 3
        77111 3
        77080 3
        77114
              3
        77049 3
        77077 3
        77263
              3
        77069
                3
        Name: count, dtype: int64
In [104]: # counting repeat customer that purchased more than once
         repeat_customers2 = trial_store_41["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"].value_counts()
         print(repeat_customers2.head(9))
         repeat_total_two = 9
        LYLTY_CARD_NBR
        41497 4
        41453 4
        41466 4
        41367
              4
        41359 4
        41368 4
        41418 4
              4
        41423
        41432
                4
        Name: count, dtype: int64
In [106]: #Grouping stores by month
         grouped77 = trial_store_77.groupby("MONTH_YEAR")
         grouped41 = control_store_41.groupby("MONTH_YEAR")
In [110]:
         grouped41["TOT_SALES"].sum().plot(label ="Control store 41")
         grouped77["TOT_SALES"].sum().plot(label ="Trial store 77")
         plt.ylabel("Sales")
         plt.legend()
         plt.title("Sales during trial period ")
         plt.show()
```





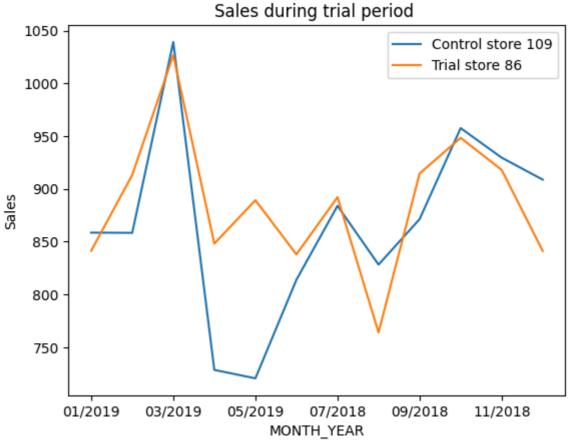
FOR THE FIRST PAIR WE CAN SEE A CLEAR DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE TRIAL STORE AND THE CONTROL STORE.

LETS LOOK AT THE NEXT PAIR OF STORES. LETS SATRT WITH STORE 86 AND 109

```
In [111]: #LOOKING AT TOTAL sales and product sold
          trial_store_86[["TOT_SALES", "PROD_QTY"]].sum()
Out[111]: TOT_SALES
                       10635.35
          PROD_QTY
                        3066.00
          dtype: float64
In [112]: #LOOKING AT TOTAL sales and product sold
          control_store_109[["TOT_SALES", "PROD_QTY"]].sum()
Out[112]: TOT_SALES
                       10399.1
          PROD QTY
                        2977.0
          dtype: float64
In [113]: #looking at repeat customers for Trial store
          trial_store_86[["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"]].value_counts()
```

```
Out[113]: LYLTY_CARD_NBR
          86133
                            13
          86112
                            13
          86151
                            12
          86075
                            12
          86008
                            12
                            . .
          155000
                            1
          155003
          155004
                             1
          155005
                             1
          155510
                             1
          Name: count, Length: 273, dtype: int64
In [114]: #total customer transactions
          trial_store_86[["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"]].count()
Out[114]: LYLTY_CARD_NBR
                            1538
          dtype: int64
In [115]: #we have 123 repeat customers for store 86
          repeat_customers_86 = trial_store_86[["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"]].value_counts()
          repeat_customers_86.iloc[:125]
Out[115]: LYLTY_CARD_NBR
          86133
                            13
          86112
                            13
          86151
                            12
          86075
                            12
          86008
                            12
          86208
                            6
          86030
                            6
          86031
                             6
          86028
                             6
          86016
                             6
          Name: count, Length: 125, dtype: int64
In [116]: #total customer transactions
          control_store_109[["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"]].sum()
Out[116]: LYLTY_CARD_NBR
                            164241489
          dtype: int64
In [121]: #WE HAVW 111 REPEAT CUSTOMERS FOR STORE 86
          repeat_customers_109=control_store_109[["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"]].value_counts()
          repeat_customers_109.iloc[:115]
```

```
Out[121]: LYLTY_CARD_NBR
           109036
                             16
           109080
                             14
           109086
                             13
           109078
                             12
           109212
                             12
                             . .
           109075
                              6
           109066
                              6
           109065
                              6
                              6
           109148
           109113
                              6
           Name: count, Length: 115, dtype: int64
In [122]:
          #grouping stores by month
          grouped86 = trial_store_86.groupby("MONTH_YEAR")
          grouped109 = control_store_109.groupby("MONTH_YEAR")
          grouped109["TOT_SALES"].sum().plot(label ="Control store 109")
In [123]:
          grouped86["TOT_SALES"].sum().plot(label ="Trial store 86")
          plt.ylabel("Sales")
          plt.legend()
          plt.title("Sales during trial period ")
          plt.show()
```



FOR A SECOND PAIR WE CAN SEE THE CLEARLY DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE TRIAL STORE AND THE CONTROL STORE IETS LOOK AT THE NEXT PAIR OF STORES

lets satrt with store 88 and 201

```
In [124]: #LOOKING AT TOTAL sales and product sold
          trial_store_88[["TOT_SALES", "PROD_QTY"]].sum()
Out[124]: TOT_SALES
                       16333.25
          PROD_QTY
                        3718.00
          dtype: float64
In [125]: #LOOKING AT TOTAL sales and product sold
          control_store_201[["TOT_SALES", "PROD_QTY"]].sum()
Out[125]: TOT_SALES
                       14298.7
          PROD_QTY
                       3262.0
          dtype: float64
In [126]: #looking at repeat customers for Trial store
          trial_store_88[["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"]].value_counts()
Out[126]: LYLTY_CARD_NBR
          88105
                            13
          88247
                            11
          88358
                            11
          88351
                            10
          88348
                            10
                            . .
          88355
                            1
          88372
                            1
          2370701
                            1
          2370751
                             1
          2373711
                             1
          Name: count, Length: 388, dtype: int64
In [127]: #total customer transactions
          trial_store_88[["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"]].count()
Out[127]: LYLTY_CARD_NBR
                            1873
          dtype: int64
 In [ ]: #WE HAVW 145 REPEAT CUSTOMERS FOR STORE 88
          repeat_customers_88=trial_store_88[["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"]].value_counts()
          repeat_customers_88.iloc[:146]
In [128]: #looking at repeat customers for control store
          control_store_201[["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"]].value_counts()
Out[128]: LYLTY_CARD_NBR
          201294
                            13
          201120
                            11
          201186
                            11
                            10
          201206
          201018
                            10
                            . .
          201057
                            1
          201037
                             1
          201043
                             1
          201356
                             1
          201005
          Name: count, Length: 376, dtype: int64
```

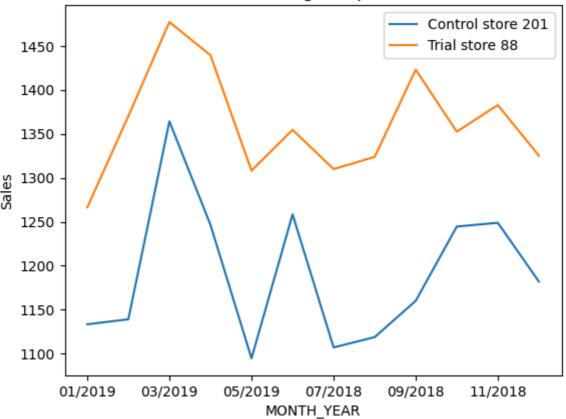
```
In [129]: #total customer transactions
          control_store_201[["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"]].count()
Out[129]: LYLTY_CARD_NBR
                            1654
          dtype: int64
In [130]: #WE HAVW 109 REPEAT CUSTOMERS
          repeat_customers_109=trial_store_109[["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"]].value_counts()
          repeat_customers_109.iloc[:110]
Out[130]: LYLTY_CARD_NBR
          109036
                            16
          109080
                           14
          109086
                           13

    109078
    12

    109212
    12

                           . .
          109202
                            6
          109095
                            6
          109077
                            6
          109073
                            6
          109074
                             6
          Name: count, Length: 110, dtype: int64
In [132]: #grouping stores by month
          grouped88 = trial_store_88.groupby("MONTH_YEAR")
          grouped201 = control_store_201.groupby("MONTH_YEAR")
In [133]: grouped201["TOT_SALES"].sum().plot(label ="Control store 201")
          grouped88["TOT_SALES"].sum().plot(label ="Trial store 88")
          plt.ylabel("Sales")
          plt.legend()
          plt.title("Sales during trial period ")
          plt.show()
```

Sales during trial period

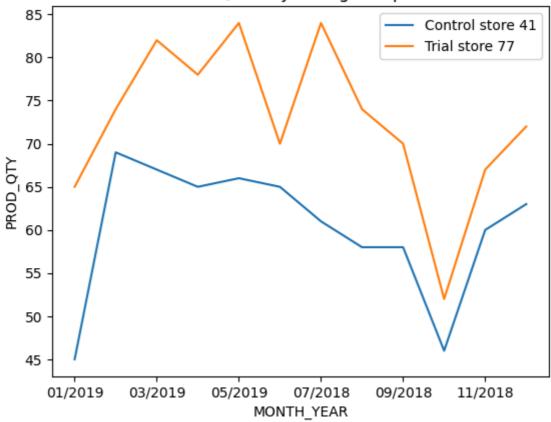


now consequitively for the 3rd pair we can see a clear difference between the trial store and the control store lets look at the next pair of stores

```
In [ ]: LETS VISUALIZE THE PRODUCT QUANTITY SOLD

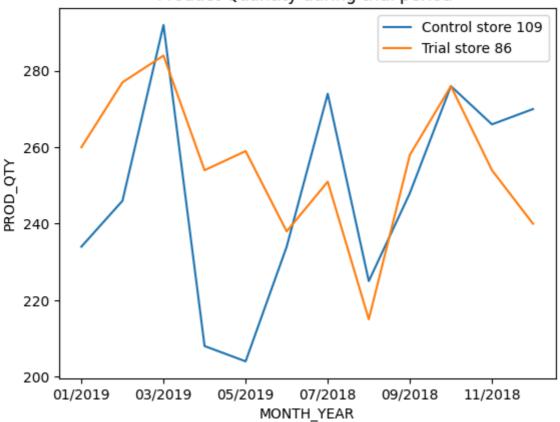
In [134]: grouped41["PROD_QTY"].sum().plot(label ="Control store 41")
    grouped77["PROD_QTY"].sum().plot(label ="Trial store 77")
    plt.ylabel("PROD_QTY")
    plt.legend()
    plt.title("Product Quantity during trial period ")
    plt.show()
```

Product Quantity during trial period



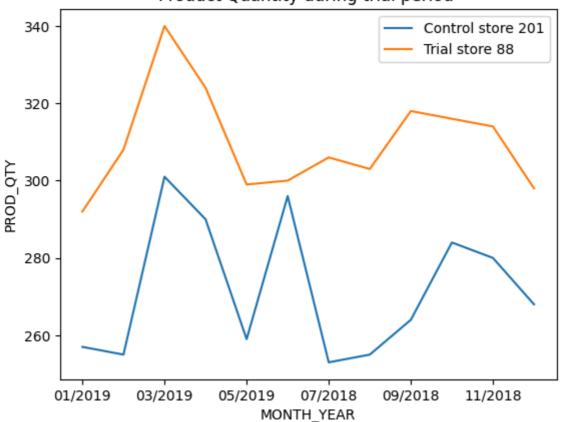
```
In [135]: grouped109["PROD_QTY"].sum().plot(label ="Control store 109")
grouped86["PROD_QTY"].sum().plot(label ="Trial store 86")
plt.ylabel("PROD_QTY")
plt.legend()
plt.title("Product Quantity during trial period ")
plt.show()
```

Product Quantity during trial period



```
In [136]: grouped201["PROD_QTY"].sum().plot(label ="Control store 201")
grouped88["PROD_QTY"].sum().plot(label ="Trial store 88")
plt.ylabel("PROD_QTY")
plt.legend()
plt.title("Product Quantity during trial period ")
plt.show()
```

Product Quantity during trial period

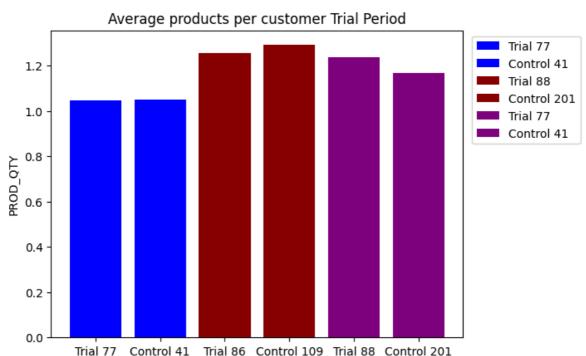


```
AS WE CAN SEE BY THE GRAPHS ABOVE THE TRIALS STORE OUTPERFORMED THE CONTROL STORES
  In [ ]: lets see how they stack up with average transaction per customer
          grouped77["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"].value_counts().mean()
Out[137]: np.float64(1.048417132216015)
In [139]:
          grouped41["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"].value_counts().mean()
Out[139]: np.float64(1.05)
          grouped86["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"].value_counts().mean()
Out[140]: np.float64(1.2544861337683524)
          grouped109["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"].value_counts().mean()
In [141]:
Out[141]: np.float64(1.2918454935622317)
          grouped88["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"].value_counts().mean()
Out[142]: np.float64(1.2363036303630364)
In [143]: grouped201["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"].value_counts().mean()
Out[143]: np.float64(1.1689045936395759)
In [149]:
          group1 = ["Trial 77", "Control 41"]
          group2 = ["Trial 86", "Control 109"]
```

```
group3 =["Trial 88", "Control 201"]
values_grp_1 = [1.048417132216015, 1.05]
values_grp_2 = [1.2544861337683524, 1.2918454935622317]
values_grp_3 = [1.2363036303630364, 1.1689045936395759]

plt.bar(group1, values_grp_1, label = group1, color = "blue")
plt.bar(group2, values_grp_2, label = group3, color = "darkred")
plt.bar(group3, values_grp_3, label = group1, color = "purple")

plt.ylabel("PROD_QTY")
plt.legend(loc = "upper right", bbox_to_anchor= (1.3, 1))
plt.title("Average products per customer Trial Period")
plt.show()
```



THE NEW STORE LAYOUT SEEMS TO BE WORKING WELL. SALES, PRODUCTS SOLD, REPEAT CUSTOMERS, AND AVERAGE TRANSACTIONS PER CUSTOMER HAVE ALL GONE UP. THIS SHOWS THAT TRIAL STORES ARE DOING BETTER THAN CONTROL STORES.

MY RECOMMENDATION IS TO ADD MORE TRIAL STORES AND CHECK THE PERFORMANCE AGAIN IN 3 MONTHS TO SEE IF THE SALES STAY HIGH AND STABLE.