

Fire Danger Area:

- Antelope Valley Zone
- BN 11 & 17
- AV WX Stations
 - * Meets NWCG Wx Station Standards



Fire Danger Interpretation:

EXTREME -- Use extreme caution

High -- Watch for change

Moderate -- Lower Potential, but always be aware

Maximum -- Highest Burning Index by day

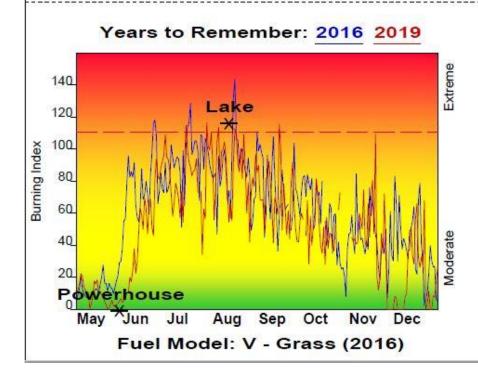
for 2016 - 2021

Average -- shows peak fire season over 5 years (1201 observations)

97th Percentile -- 3% of the 1201 days from 2016 - 2021

had an Burning Index above 111

Local Thresholds - Watch out: Combinations of any of these factors can greatly increase fire behavior: 20' Wind Speed over 10 mph, RH less than 15%, Temperature over 90, Burning Index over 97



Remember what Fire Danger tells you:

Burning Index gives day-to-day fluctuations calculated from 2 pm temperature, humidity, wind, daily temperature & rh ranges, and precip duration.

Wind is part of BI calculation.

Watch local conditions and variations across the landscape -- Fuel, Weather, Topography.

Listen to weather forecasts -- especially WIND.

Past Experience:

Wind Driven Fires Can Produce:
Rates of Spread > 120 ch/hr
Spotting up to .5-1 Mile Ahead of the fire front
Eye Level Wind Speed > 7 MPH
Live Fuel Moistures < 75%
Fine Fuel Moistures < 5%
Active Night Burning Conditions with RH < 30%

Responsible Agency: Los Angeles County Fire FF+5.0 build 20191211 07/01/2022-17:37 (C:\Users\Garrett Ha...\2022 master Design by NWCG Fire Danger Working Team

Antelope Valley Zone Pocket Card 2022

BI 97 111+ Extreme Intensity Fire Behavior: (Wind and or Instability)
PERCENTILE 90% to 100% Associated with Fire Weather Watch and Red Flag Conditions.

Fire Behavior: Rapid fire growth should be anticipated with high rates of spread.

Significant spotting up to 1 mile with an exponentially expanding fire environment. Flame Length 25+ feet.. **Key Indicators:** Temps > 80 degrees; Wind >15 – 35+ mph; RH < 15%; 10 HR DFM <3; LFM 80% -50%

Unstable Conditions = Abnormal Hot and Dry with little to no wind with critically dry live and dead fuels. (July-September)

Plume dominated Fire Conditions. LAL-2 and 6 where fire transitions to heavier fuel beds.

Targeted Months: May thru October.

Engagement Tactical Options: Heel and Flank Suppression. Identify Structure Defense and Evacuations.

Fire Size Class: 5000 plus acre potential within the first 4 hours.

BI 70 96 Moderate Intensity Fire Behavior: Associated with periods of hot, dry weather, light to moderate winds and spotting ½ -1 mile.

Fire Behavior: Fires are mainly wind and topography driven with Westerly wind alignment features in the early to late Summer. Instability features may exist with fuels dominated fires leading to a plume dominated fire environment where fire transitions into heavier fuel beds. (Heads up on days with LAL-2 and 6).

Key Indicators: Temps 85- 110 degrees; Wind 5- 15 mph; RH: 10%- 20%.. 10 HR DFM >3-7%.. LFM 80% to 60%

Targeted Months: July thru January

Engagement Tactical Options: Heel and Flank Suppression. Identify Structure Defense and Evacuations.

Fire Size Class: 250 - 5000 plus acres.

BI 20 69 Low Fire Behavior Intensity: Routine weather for the area.
Spotting up to 1/4 mile.

Fire Behavior: Fires are mainly topography dominated with slow to moderate rates of spread. Alignment of forces must be identified on routine weather days. Slope, Wind and Solar pre heating.

Key Indicators: Temps > 70 - 90 degrees; Wind 5 - 20 mph; RH 25%- 40%; 10 HR DFM 5-9%; LFM 120% -60%

Targeted Months: May thru January

Engagement Tactical Options: Heel and Flank Suppression. Fires routinely held to topographic and road features with suppression activity. Identify Structure Defense needs.

Fire Size Class: 5 - 250 plus acres.