Medical Incident Report

FOR A NON-EMERGENCY INCIDENT, WORK THROUGH CHAIN OF COMMAND TO REPORT AND TRANSPORT INJURED PERSONNEL AS NECESSARY.

FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY: IDENTIFY ON-SCENE INCIDENT COMMANDER BY NAME AND POSITION AND ANNOUNCE "MEDICAL EMERGENCY" TO INITIATE RESPONSE FROM IMT COMMUNICATIONS/DISPATCH.

Use the following items to communicate situation to communications/dispatch.

- CONTACT COMMUNICATIONS / DISPATCH (Verify correct frequency prior to starting report) Ex: "Communications, Div. Alpha. Stand-by for Emergency Traffic."
- INCIDENT STATUS: Provide incident summary (including number of
 patients) and command structure. Ex: "Communications, I have a Red priority
 patient, unconscious, struck by a falling tree. Requesting air ambulance to
 Forest Road 1 at (Lat. / Long.). This will be the Trout Meadow Medical, IC is
 TFLD Jones. EMT Smith is providing medical care."

Severity of Emergency / Transport Priority	☐ RED / PRIORITY 1 Life or limb threatening injury or illness. Evacuation need is IMMEDIATE. Ex: Unconscious, difficulty breathing, bleeding severely, 2° – 3° burns more than 4 palm sizes, heat stroke, disoriented. ☐ YELLOW / PRIORITY 2 Serious injury or illness. Evacuation may be DELAYED if necessary. Ex: Significant trauma, unable to walk, 2° – 3° burns not more than 1-3 palm sizes. ☐ GREEN / PRIORITY 3 Minor injury or illness. Non-Emergency transport. Ex: Sprains, strains, minor heatrelated illness.			
Nature of Injury or Illness and Mechanism of Injury		Brief Summary of Injury or Illness (Ex: Unconscious, Struck by Falling Tree)		
Evacuation Request		Air Ambulance / Short- Haul/Hoist/ Ground Ambulance / Other		
Patient Location		Descriptive Location and Lat. / Long. (WGS84)		

Incident Name	Geographic Name + Medical (Ex: Trout Meadow Medical)
On-Scene	Name of on-scene IC of
Incident	Incident Within an
Commander	Incident (Ex: TFLD Jones)
Patient Care	Name of Care Provider (Ex: EMT Smith)

INITIAL PATIENT ASSESSMENT: Complete this section for each patient as applicable (start with the most severe patient).

Patient Assessment: See IRPG page 108

Treatment:

4. EVACUATION PLAN:

Evacuation Location (if different): (Descriptive Location (drop point, intersection, etc.) or Lat. / Long.) Patient's ETA to evacuation location:

Helispot / Extraction Site Size and Hazards:

5. ADDITIONAL RESOURCES / EQUIPMENT NEEDS:

 $Example: Paramedic/EMT, crews, immobilization devices, AED, oxygen, trauma \ bag, IV/fluid(s), splints, rope rescue, wheeled litter, HAZMAT, extrication$

 COMMUNICATIONS: Identify State Air/Ground EMS Frequencies and Hospital Contacts as applicable.

Function	Channel Name/#	Receive (RX)	Tone/ NAC	Transmit (TX)	Tone/ NAC
COMMAND					
AIR-TO- GROUND					
TACTICAL					

- CONTINGENCY: Considerations: If primary options fail, what actions can be implemented in conjunction with primary evacuation method? Think ahead.
- 8. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: Updates/Changes, etc.

REMEMBER:

- · Confirm ETAs of resources ordered.
- Act according to your level of training.
- Be Alert. Keep Calm. Think Clearly. Act Decisively.