

AlphaGun Chess Software Specification

V2.0

Designed by AlphaGun

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Glossary

AI: Artificial Intelligence

GUI: Graphical User Interface

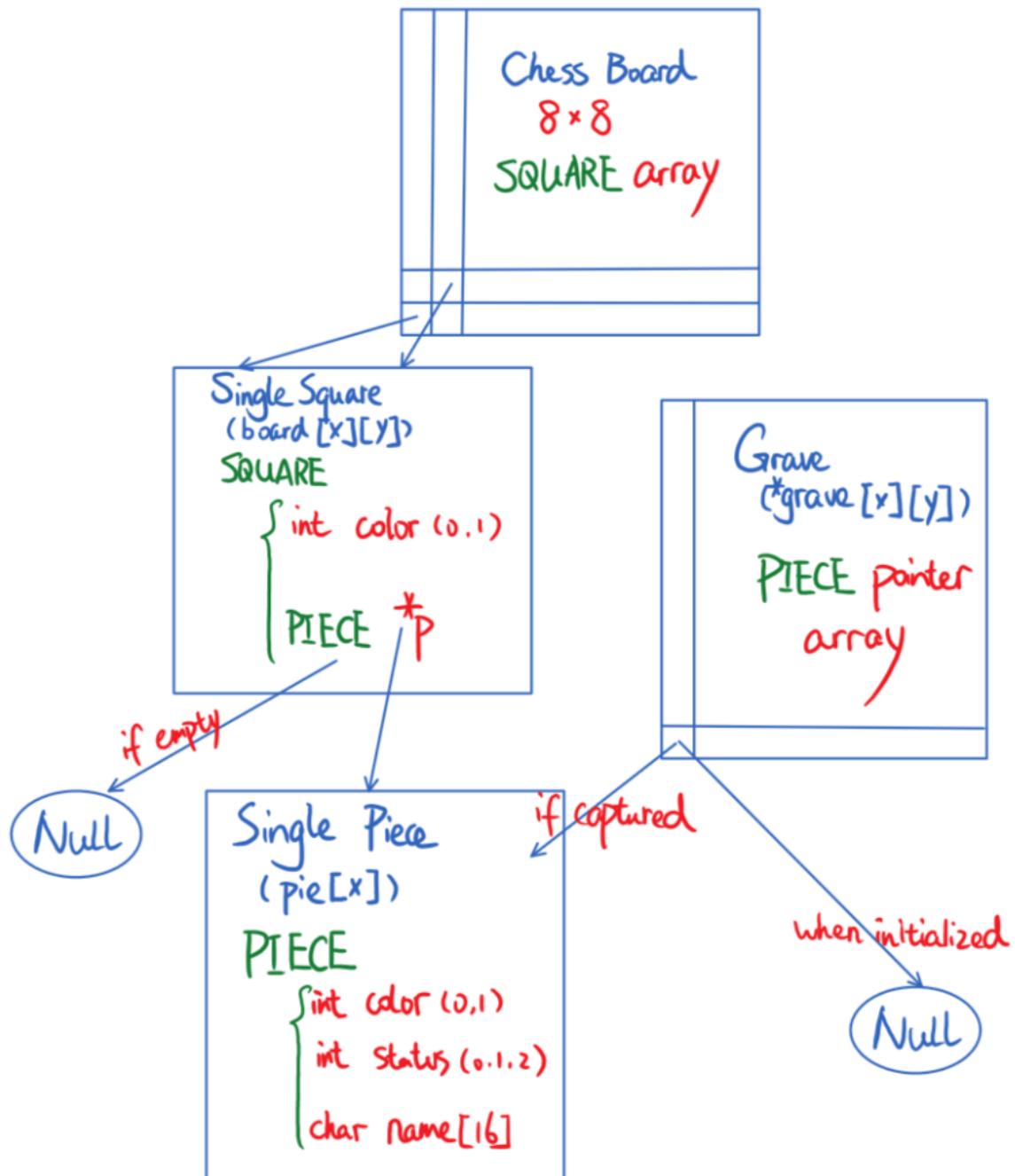
API: Application Program Interface

Module: One of several parts of a piece of computer software that does a particular job

Control Flow: The order in which the instructions or function calls of a programme are executed

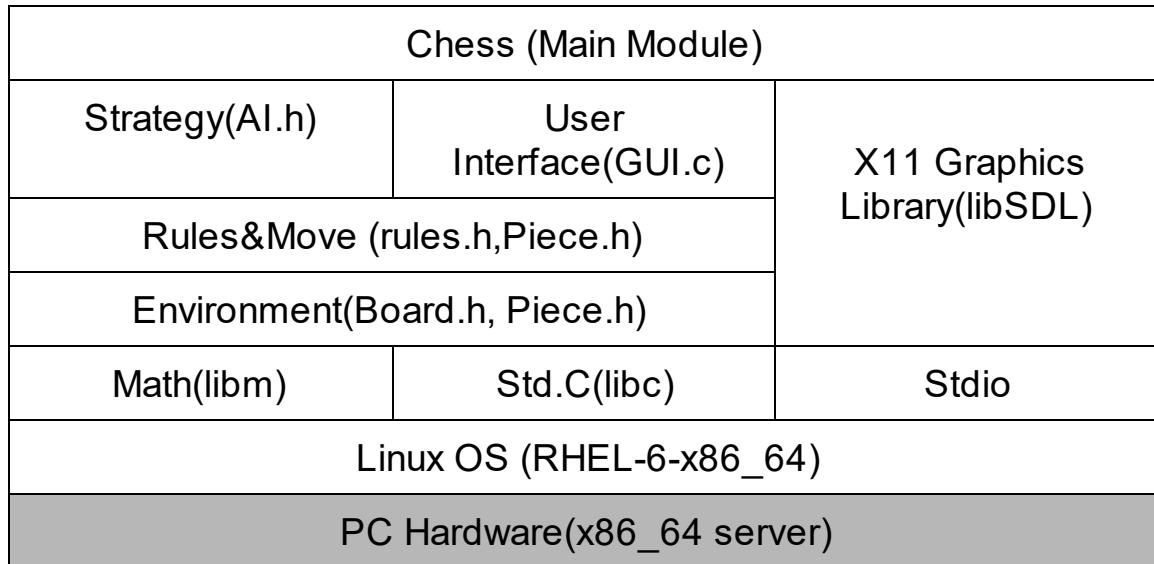
1 Software Architecture Overview

1.1 Main data types and structures



1.2 Major software components

- Diagram of module hierarchy



1.3 Module interfaces

- API of major module functions

UserIO

```

int Saveboard(char outFileName[32], SQUARE board[][8], PIECE *grave[2][16],
LIST *lf);
int Loadboard(char inFileNmae[32], SQUARE board[][8], PIECE *grave[2][16]);
int NewLogFile(DIRECTION tar, DIRECTION des, int condition, LIST *lf);
int Undo(LIST *lf, SQUARE board[][8], PIECE *grave[][16]);
int DelLogFile(LIST *lf);
DIRECTION getPosition(char userinput[32]);
void Reset(SQUARE board[][8], PIECE *grave[][16], LIST lf);

```

Piece

```

DIRECTION Find_Piece(SQUARE board[][8], int color, int number);
PIECE *Create_Piece(char name, int color, int status, int value, int number);
void Delete_Piece(PIECE *p);
void SetPieces(SQUARE board[][8]);
int PieceLegalMove(SQUARE board[][8], int a, int b, int x, int y);

```

Rules

```
int Move(SQUARE board[][8], int tar_x, int tar_y,int des_x,int des_y,PIECE  
*grave[][16]);  
int Check(SQUARE board[][8],int color, int x,int y);  
int LegalMove(SQUARE board[][8], int tar_x,int tar_y, int des_x, int des_y);
```

1.4 Overall program control flow

- setup
- display the board
- repeat
 - white player makes a move
 - display the board
 - if black is in checkmate, white wins!
 - black player makes a move
 - display the board
 - if white is in checkmate, black wins! Let the games begin!

2 Installation

2.1 System requirements, compatibility

Operating System:

Linux OS

Processor:

Intel Pentium (@ 1.5 GHz)
AMD ATHLON (@ 1.6GHz)
Or later versions

Graphic Requirements:

Nvidia GT 9800
AMD Radeon HD 2000
Intel HD graphics 500
Or later products

Disk Space:

At least 100M HDD space

RAM:

At least 10M

2.2 Setup and configuration

Login the Linux platform

Extract the file from AlphaGun.tar

command: gtar xvzf AlphaGun.tar.gz

2.3 Building, compilation, installation

Go to the main folder and run makefile to build the program

command: make

After the compilation finished run the program

command: ./bin/AlphaGun

Start the game and follow the instruction:

choosing player vs.player

Or player vs. computer

Then enjoy the chess game

3 Documentation of packages, modules, interfaces

3.1 Description of data structures and critical snippets of source code

Type.h

```
typedef struct {
    int color;          /* piece color, 0=black, 1=white */
    int status;         /* 0=initial position, 1=moved, 2=captured */
    char name;          /* piece name */
    int validsteps;    /* AI reference value */
    int value;          /* Value accquired when captured */
    int number;         /* Pieces Index */
} PIECE;

typedef struct{
```

```

        int color;          /* 0=black, 1=white */
        PIECE *p;          /* pointer to single piece */
    } SQUARE;

typedef struct {
    int x;              /* x coordinate */
    int y;              /* y coordinate */
} DIRECTION;

/* For Logfile, Double Linked List */
typedef struct LogList LIST;
typedef struct LogEntry ENTRY;
struct LogList {
    int number;
    ENTRY *First;
    ENTRY *Last;
};
struct LogEntry{
    int index;
    ENTRY *Prev;
    ENTRY *Next;
    DIRECTION Tar;
    DIRECTION Des;
    int condition;
};

LIST *lf;                  /* Pointer to Logfile List */
SQUARE board[8][8];        /* 8x8 array to represent the board */
PIECE pie[32];            /* 32 pieces */
PIECE *grave[2][16];      /* A set of pointers to captured pieces */

```

3.2 Detailed description of functions and parameters

ChessGame.c

int main()

Print Menu & Second Menu, get User's input and call functions accordingly

- User chooses game mode:

- 1.Player vs. Player => call function Games2Player()
- 2.Player vs. Computer => call AI
- 3.Load Previous Game(beta) => call LoadGame()
- 4.Wrong input => call LOOP

Board.h

```
/* Reset all the piece and initialize the board */
int Reset_Board();

/* Print the board with new piece positions after any movement or operation */
int Print_Board();
```

Piece.h

```
/* Create a piece corresponding to the position, return PIECE pointer */
PIECE *Create_Piece(int x, int y);

/* Promote a pawn to an advance piece when he arrives the base line */
int Promotion(PIECE *p);

/* Print all of the available next movement for King */
int Legalmove_King(PIECE *p, SQUARE board[8][8]);

/* Print all of the available next movement for Queen */
int Legalmove_Queen(PIECE *p, SQUARE board[8][8]);

/* Print all of the available next movement for Bishop */
int Legalmove_Bishop(PIECE *p, SQUARE board[8][8]);

/* Print all of the available next movement for Knight */
int Legalmove_Knight(PIECE *p, SQUARE board[8][8]);

/* Print all of the available next movement for Rock */
int Legalmove_Rock(PIECE *p, SQUARE board[8][8]);

/* Print all of the available next movement for Pawn */
int Legalmove_Pawn(PIECE *p, SQUARE board[8][8]);
```

Rules.h

```
/* Return the pointer of the captured piece */
PIECE *Capture(PIECE *p, int x, int y);

/* Move piece under user's order but follow the rule */
int Move(int tar_x, int tar_y, int des_x, int des_y);
    /* Input target (x,y) and destination (x,y), call function legalmove; return int
    0,1 or 2; 0=cannot move; 1=move to a blank square; 2=move to a square
    with an opponent piece, call function capture */
```

```

/* Victory Conditions Check */
int Check(int tar_x, tar_y);
    /* Give the position of the King, return 1 if check happen, return 2 if
checkmate, return 0 if King is safe */

```

3.3 Detailed description of input and output formats

- Syntax/format of a move input by the user

(chess piece) [position 1]-[position 2]

Example:

Ng1-f3

Knight moves from g1 to f3

- Syntax/format of a move recorded in the log file

Move:

(chess piece) [position 1]-[position 2]

Capture:

(piece_name)x[destination_square]

End of game:

1-0 indicates White won, 0-1 indicates Black won, and ½-½ indicates a draw

Other notation:

!! (an excellent move)

! (a particularly good—and usually surprising—move)

!? (an interesting move that may not be best)

?! (a dubious move – one which may turn out to be bad)

? (a bad move; a mistake)

?? (a blunder)

+/- (clear white advantage)

+/= (white is slightly better)

= (equality in the position)

=/+ (black is slightly better)

-/+ (clear black advantage)

□ (the only possible move)

TN or N (a theoretical novelty)

Example :

Qg5xg3+

The Black Queen on g5 captured a piece on g3 and the opponent's King was checked

4 Development plan and timeline

4.1 Partitioning of tasks

+Part I

- Program Structure Initialization

Chess-Game.c	Main function
Board.h, Board.c	Welcome Menu, Create board, Set up data structure
UserIO.h, UserIO.c	Function Save & Load, Command Translation

- Building in Core Rules

Piece.h, Piece.c	Initialize pieces on board, Legal Movements Check, Pawn Promotion
Rules.h, Rules.c	Pieces Move, Check & Checkmate, Capture

+Part II

- GUI Design
- “Easy” Mode AI Programming

+Part III

- Test and Debug
- “Hard” and “Crazy” Mode AI Programming

4.2 Team member responsibilities Back matter

Xiaoyan Yang:

AI.c, ChessGame.c, Board.c

Yanjie Xu:h

AI.c, Board.h, GUI.c

Yan Zhang:

Rules.c, ChessGame.c

Yijian Wang:

Piece.h, Piece.c

Yifan Xu:

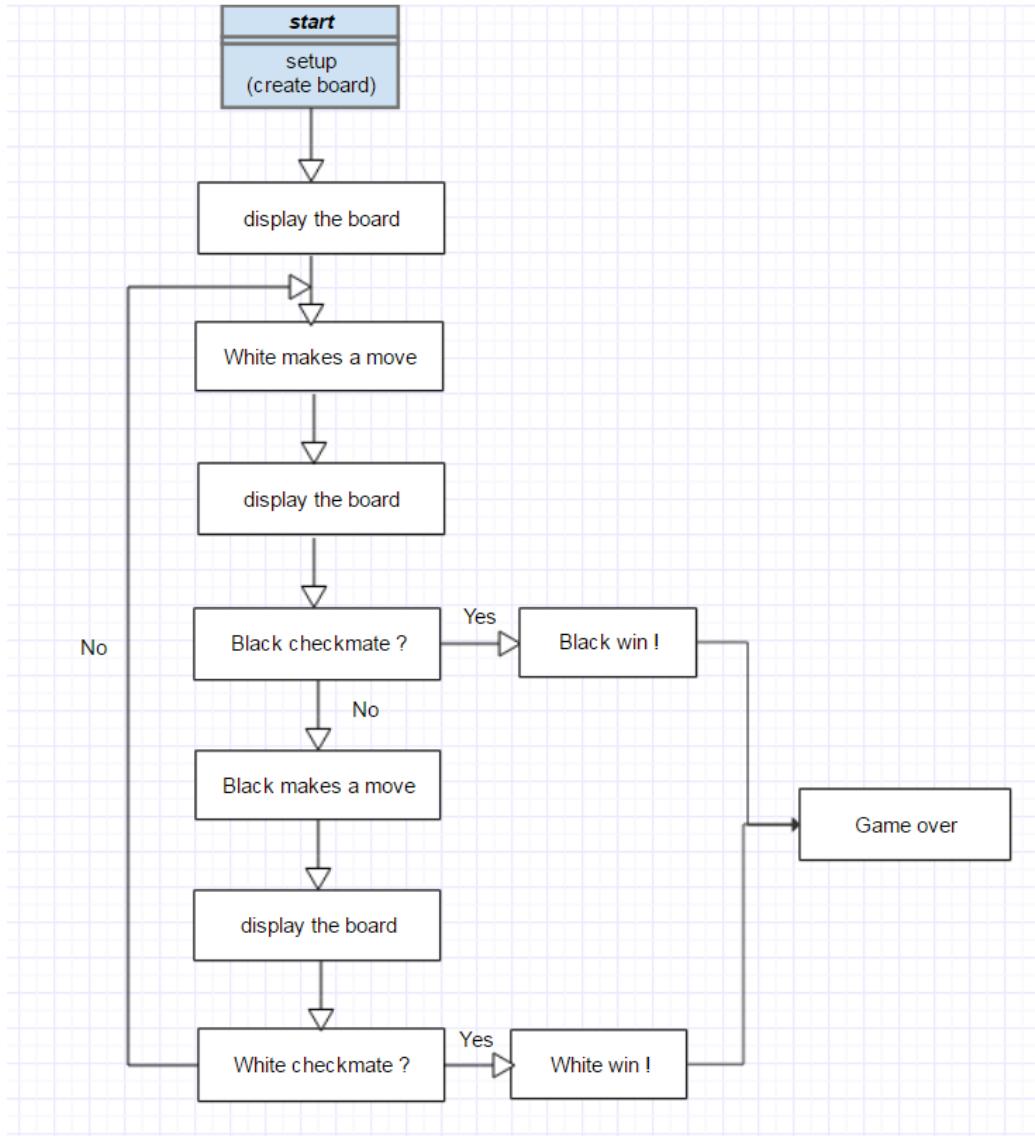
UserIO.h, UserIO.c, ChessGame.c

Chaoran Nong:

GUI design and implementation

4.3 Overall chess program control flow

The basic overall control flow of a chess game is the following:



5 Appendix

5.1 Copyright

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All rights reserved. This program source code or any portion thereof may not be used or copied in any manner whatsoever without the express written permission of the publisher except professor Doemer.

5.2 References

<http://www.chesscorner.com/tutorial/basic/notation/notate.htm>

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Algebraic_notation_\(chess\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Algebraic_notation_(chess))

5.3 Part of source code

Constant.h

```
#define Black 0
#define White 1

/* Piece value after being captured */
#define Kingvalue 100
#define Queenvalue 10
#define Bishopvalue 3
#define Knightvalue 3
#define Rookvalue 5
#define Pawnvalue 1

/* Piece ID number for SaveLog */
#define Pawn 6
#define Knight 5
#define Bishop 4
#define Rook 3
#define Queen 2
#define King 1
```

UserIO.h

```
int Saveboard(char outFileName[32], SQUARE board[][8], PIECE *grave[2][16],
LIST *lf); /* 0=Success 1=Error */
int Loadboard(char inFileNames[32], SQUARE board[][8], PIECE *grave[2][16]);

int NewLogFile(DIRECTION tar, DIRECTION des, int condition, LIST *lf);
int Undo(LIST *lf, SQUARE board[][8], PIECE *grave[][16]);
int DelLogFile(LIST *lf);

DIRECTION getPosition(char userInput[32]);

void Reset(SQUARE board[][8], PIECE *grave[][16], LIST *lf);
```

Board.h

```
int Set_Board(SQUARE Board[][8]);
int Delete_Board(SQUARE Board[][8]);
int Delete_Grave(PIECE *Grave[][16]);
```

Piece.h

```
DIRECTION Find_Piece(SQUARE board[][8], int color, int number);
PIECE *Create_Piece(char name, int color, int status, int value, int number);
void Delete_Piece(PIECE *p);
void SetPieces(SQUARE board[][8]);
int PieceLegalMove(SQUARE board[][8], int a, int b, int x, int y);
```

Rules.h

```
int Move(SQUARE board[][8], int tar_x, int tar_y,int des_x,int des_y,PIECE
*grave[][16]);
int Check(SQUARE board[][8],int color, int x,int y);
int LegalMove(SQUARE board[][8], int tar_x,int tar_y, int des_x, int des_y);
```

Appendix

Table of Properties of a Every Piece

	Pawn	Knight	Bishop	Rook	Queen	King
ID Number ¹	±6	±5	±4	±3	±2	±1
Index Number ²	8-15	1,6	2,5	0,7	3	4
Initial Value ³	1	3	3	10	10	100

1:Positive numbers represent white pieces while negative numbers represent black pieces.

2:No sign for different colors.

3:Pawns will earn 1 more credit whenever it moves forward 1 block.