MATU9D2: Practical Statistics

Solutions to Weekly Assignment 1

(11) Munimum = 10 Maximum = 44

Median =
$$\frac{(n+1)}{2}$$
 H smalled = $\frac{41}{2}$ = 20.5 H smalled = half way between 25 L 28

= $\frac{25+28}{2}$ = 26.5//

Q₁ = $\frac{(n+1)}{4}$ H smalled = $\frac{41}{4}$ = 10.25 H smalled = 16 + 0.25 (17-16) = 16 + 0.25 × 1 = 16.25//

Q₃ = $\frac{3(n+1)}{4}$ H smalled = $\frac{3x_{41}}{4}$ = 30.75 H smalled = $\frac{3x_{41}}{4}$ = 30.75 H smalled = $\frac{3x_{41}}{4}$ = 30.75 K smalled = $\frac{3x_{41}}{4}$ = 36.75 × 2 = 37.5//

(111) Use the rule.

Mild Outher if data
$$\leq Q_1 - 1.5(Q_3 - Q_1)$$

or data $\geq Q_3 + 1.5(Q_3 - Q_1)$

$$Q_{1}-1.5(Q_{3}-Q_{1}) = 16.25 - 1.5(37.5-16.25)$$

$$= 16.25 - 1.5 \times 21.25$$

$$= 16.25 - 31.875$$

$$= -15.625$$

$$Q_{3}+1.5(Q_{3}-Q_{1}) = 37.5 + 31.875 = 69.375$$

There are no observations less than -15.625 or greater than 69.375 so no mild outliers so no extreme outliers either.

- (iv) See graph paper.
- (v) a) Data is widely spread from 10 to 414
 - b) There are 2 peaks (burnodal)
 - c) The dishibution is symmetric
 - d) There are no gaps.
 - e) There are no outliers.

(b) Stem be heaf is unumodal (one peaked), symmetric and has no outliers so mean be so ase the appropriate measures of location be spread respectively.

$$N = 3b \qquad \sum x = 9690 \qquad \sum x^2 = 3099100$$

$$\overline{x} = \frac{\sum x}{n} = \frac{9690}{3b} = 269.2 \text{//}$$

$$S = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n-1} \left[\sum x^2 - \left(\sum x \right)^2 \right]} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{35} \left[3099100 - \frac{9690^2}{3b} \right]}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{1}{35} \left[3099100 - 2608225 \right]} = \sqrt{\frac{490875}{35}}$$

$$= \sqrt{14025} = 118.4 \text{//}$$