MATU9D2: PRACTICAL STATISTICS Spring 2017

PRACTICAL SESSION 2

Hand Calculations II:
 Normal Distribution

Binomial Distribution

- Handout 1 of 2

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ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS USING PEN, PAPER AND CALCULATOR - NOT COMPUTER

1. A normal distribution has a mean of 32 and a standard deviation of 4; find the Z values equivalent to the X values given below:

(a) 35

(c) 22.7

(e) 30

(b) 27

(d) 40.5

2. Find the areas under the standard Normal distribution for the following:

(a) to the right of Z = 1

(b) to the left of Z = 2

(c) to the right of Z = -0.85

(d) between Z = 1.55 and Z = 2.15

(e) between Z = -1 and Z = -1.96

(f) between Z = -2.33 and Z = 1.52

- 3. Invoices at a particular depot have amounts which follow a normal distribution with a mean of £104.60 and a standard deviation of £9.75.
 - (a) What percentage of invoices will be over £121.15?
 - (b) What percentage of invoices will be below £94.75?
 - (c) What percentage of invoices will be between £86.75 and £119.60?
 - (d) What will be the amount such that approximately 32% of invoices are for greater amounts?
 - (e) Above what amount will 85% of invoices lie?
- 4. A factory employs 3000 workers, of whom 30% are women. If the 15 members of the union executive committee were chosen from the workers without regard to gender, the number of women on the committee would have a Bi(15, 0.3) distribution.
 - (a) What is the probability that 3 or fewer members of the committee are women?
 - (b) What is the probability that 10 or more members of the committee are men?
- 5. One way of checking the effect of under-coverage, non-response and other sources of error in a sample survey is to compare the sample with known demographic facts about the population. About 11% of adults earn more than £100,000, the number X of 'high earners' in a random sample of 1500 adults should vary with the Bi(1500, 0.11) distribution.
 - (a) What are the mean and standard deviation of X?
 - (b) Use the normal approximation to find the probability that the sample will contain 135 or fewer 'high earners'.