Windows cmd shell batch scripting cheat sheet

Table of Contents

Controlling scripts themselves	1
Script arguments.	1

Author: Yuri Slobodyanyuk, https://www.linkedin.com/in/yurislobodyanyuk/

Controlling scripts themselves

Command	Description
rem	Start a comment, till the end of line. It can be used to comment out a whole line or part of it.
cls	Clear the screen buffer.
echo text to display echo off/on echo.	Print text on line, or, with off/on switch without text, turn off/on echoing the commands being run. Usually, you set echo off as the 1st line in a batch script, and the echo on as the last line. Turning echoing off does not hide <i>output</i> of the commands run, just the commands themselves. The 3rd option is echo followed immediately by dot and it causes echo to print a blank line (an dthis is the only way to do so).
@	Turn off echoing only for the command preceded by this @. E.g. @echo off to prevent the echo off being printed itself.
title Title bar text	Change the title of the cmd.exe window for this session. As a rule of a good style, change <i>title</i> on each stage of the script, to let users know what the script is doing.

Script arguments

Command	Description
%n	Positional argument to the script from the
	command line. n can be from 0 to 9.

Command	Description
%0	The script name. The actual arguments to the script start with %1. E.g. echo The script was called as %0, with the %1 as the first argument
%*	The rest of the positional arguments after the 9th altogether. The individual args are not accessible directly, use SHIFT-ing.
shift [/n]	Shift positional arguments by one. If /n is given, will shift starting with n+1. E.g. shift /4 will shift 5th to become 4th, 6th will become 5th, and so on, while arguments before 4 will stay untouched.