GNU screen terminal commands cheat sheet

Command	Description
~/.screenrc & /etc/screenrc	Commands the screen runs on start up.
screen -ls	List active screen sessions
screen -Q windows	List windows' names inside screen session
screen -S <session name=""></session>	Create a new screen session with the name <session name=""></session>
screen -x	Attach to the running session, also by its name
screen -r <session name=""></session>	
screen -dRR	Attach to the screen session, detach on other display if attached. If no session exists, will create a new one.
C-a d	Detach from the session, session keeps running. Here, and further C means Ctrl.
C-a c	Create new window in the session.
C-a C-a	Switch to the previous window.
C-a <number></number>	Switch to the window number number.
C-a'	Switch to the window by its name.
C-a n	Switch to the next window.
С-а р	Switch to the previous window.
C-a "	List all windows with option to highlight and enter any of them.
exit	Exit and close current window. If it was the last window in a session, exits screen terminating the session.
C-a k	Kill the current window forcefully (not recommended).
C-a : quit	Quit screen session compeltely terminating it. Alternatively - exit all screen windows.
C-a A	Rename current window.
C-a S	Split windows display horizontally. Use C-a c to create a new window inside the new split.

Command	Description
C-a V	Split windows display vertically. Available starting screen 4.01, i.e. not available on Mac 2020 which still uses screen 4.00.
C-a tab	Jump to the next region in a split window display.
C-a X	Remove the region in focus.
C-a [or C-a <esc></esc>	Enter buffer navigation mode to scroll output buffer, copy, edit and paste later. Navigation commands as per vim if Vim is set as editor. <esc> to leave the buffer mode.</esc>
<space></space>	Start/stop selection while in the buffer mode to select the text. All selected text is being copied to the clipboard automatically. E.g. to select/copy the whole buffer: C-a [gg <space> G <esc></esc></space>
C-a]	Paste the selected text at the cursor of the terminal, or create a new window and say start Vim there and paste into it while in Insert mode.
C-a h	Screenshot as a text the currently visible terminal window and save the output to hardcopy. <n>, where <n> is auto-incrementing number of your screen session.</n></n>
C-a a	Send Ctrl-a sequence to the running command, useful to jump to the line start in bash.
С-а М	Monitor window for activity. When enabled, will notify you of any acitvity while you work in other window.
C-a _	Monitor window for 30 seconds of silence, will notify you in any other window as `Window 0: silence for 30 seconds `
C-a ?	Show all key bindings help.
Save session state	This is not possible. If you use the same layout each session, you can put start up commands to re-create it in .screence file in your home directory, but still - you cannot save the current session state, i.e. contents of the windows and their layout.
Sharing session (e.g. for pair programming)	

Command	Description
Original session (say user1): 1. Set suid root bit on screen binary: sudo chmod +s /usr/bin/screen 2. Inside session you want to share: C-a: then multiuser on to enable sharing session. 3. Add usernames to share the session with: C-a: acladd <username> Connecting user (say user2): 1. Run in shell: screen -x <sharing username="">/, in our example screen -x user1/</sharing></username>	Also see aclchg , acldel , aclgrp for controlling what the connecting user can and cannot do. E.g. to remove <i>write</i> permissions from all users on all windows: :aclchg * -w #
C-a *	See who is connected to your shared screen session.