2022 Personal Tax Credits Return

Read page 2 before filling out this form. Your employer or payer will use this form to determine the amount of your tax deductions.

Fill out this form based on the best estimate of your circumstances.

If you do not fill out this form, your tax deductions will only include the basic personal amount, estimated by your employer or payer based on the income they pay you.

Address Postal code Control-residents only Country of permanent residence	Last name	First na	ame and initial(s)	Date of birth	(YYYY/MM/DD)	Employee nun	nber		
from all sources will be greater than \$155.625 and you enter \$14,398, you may have an amount owing on your income tax and benefit return at the end of the tax year. If you rincome from all sources will be greater than \$155.625, you have the option to calculate a partial claim. To do so, fill in the appropriate section of Form TD1-WS. Worksheet for the 2022 Personal Tax Credits Return, and enter the calculated and amount here. 2. Canada caregiver amount for infirm children under age 19 — Either parent (but not both), may claim \$2,350 for each infirm child born in 2005 or lotser, that resides with both parents throughout the year. If the child does not reside with both parents throughout the year, the parent who is entitled to claim the "Amount for an eigible dependant" on Line 8 may also claim the Canada caregiver amount for that same child who is under age 18. 3. Age amount — If you will be 65 or claifer on December 31, 2022, and your net income for the year from all sources will be \$39,826 or less, enter \$7.888. If you ner income for the year will be between \$39,826 and 90% your and to calculate a partial claim, get Form TD1-WS, Worksheet for the 2022 Personal Tax Credits Return, and fill in the appropriate section. 4. Pension income amount — If you will receive regular pension payments from a pension plan or fund (excluding Canada Pension) Plan. Quebec Pension Plan. Old Age Security, or Guaranteed Income Supplement payments), enter \$2,000 or your estimated annual pension income, whichever is less. 5. Tuition (full time and part time) — If you are a student enrolled at a university or college, or an educational institution certified by Employment and Social Development Canada, and you will pay more than \$100 per institution in tuition fees, fill in this section. If you are enrolled of the tuition fees you will pay. 5. Disability amount — If you will claim the disability amount on your income tax and benefit return by using Form T2201, Disability Tax Credit Certificate, enter \$3,870. 5. Possos or common-l	Address		Postal code			nce	Social insurance number		
born in 2005 or later, that resides with both parents throughout the year. If the child does not reside with both parents throughout the year, the parent who is entitled to claim the "Amount for an eligible dependant" on Line 8 may also claim the Canada caregiver amount for that same child who is under age 18. 3. Age amount — If you will be 65 or older on December 31, 2022, and your net income for the year from all sources will be \$39,826 or fess, enter \$7,898. If your net income for the year will be between \$39,826 and \$92,480 and you want to calculate a partial claim, get Form TD1-WS. Worksheet for the 2022 Personal Tax Credits Return, and fill in the appropriate section. 4. Pension income amount — If you will receive regular pension payments from a pension plan or fund (excluding Canada Pension Plan, Old Age Security, or Guaranteed Income Supplement payments), enter \$2,000 or your estimated annual pension income, whichever is less. 5. Tuitton (full time and part time) — If you are a student enrolled at a university or college, or an educational institution certified by Employment and Social Development Canada, and you will pay more than \$100 per institution in tuition fees, fill in this section. If you are enrolled full time or part time, enter the total of the tuition fees you will pay. 6. Disability amount — If you will claim the disability amount on your income tax and benefit return by using Form T2201, Disability Tax Credit Certificate, enter \$8,870. 7. Spouse or common-law partner amount — If you are supporting your spouse or common-law partner who lives with you and whose net income for the year will be less than Line 1 (Line 1 plus \$2,350 if they are infirm), you cannot claim this amount. In all cases, if their net income for the year will be \$25,195 or less and they are infirm, you cannot claim this amount. In all cases, if their net income for the year will be \$25,195 or less and they are infirm and you cannot claim the Canada caregiver amount for children under age 18 for this dependant; ente	from all sources will be greater than \$155,625 and you return at the end of the tax year. If your income from a partial claim. To do so, fill in the appropriate section of	enter \$7 Il source	14,398, you may has will be greater th	ave an amount an \$155,625, y	owing on your income ou have the option	come tax and be n to calculate a	enefit		
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	benefit return, enter the unused amount. If your or your spouse's or common-law partner's dependent child or grandchild will not use								
		ine the a	mount of your tax	deductions.					

TD1 E (22)

Filling out Form TD1

Fill out this form **only** if any of the following apply:

- you have a new employer or payer and you will receive salary, wages, commissions, pensions, employment insurance benefits, or any other remuneration
- you want to change amounts you previously claimed (for example, the number of your eligible dependants has changed)
- · you want to claim the deduction for living in a prescribed zone
- you want to increase the amount of tax deducted at source

Sign and date it, and give it to your employer or payer.

If you do not fill out this form, your tax deductions will only include the basic personal amount, estimated by your employer or payer based on the income they pay you.

More than one employer or payer at the same time

If you have more than one employer or payer at the same time and you have already claimed personal tax credit amounts on another Form TD1 for 2022, you **cannot claim them again**. If your total income from all sources will be **more** than the personal tax credits you claimed on another Form TD1, **check** this box, enter "0" on Line 13 and do not fill in Lines 2 to 12.

Total income less than total claim amount

Check this box if your total income for the year from **all** employers and payers will be **less** than your total claim amount on Line 13. Your employer or payer will not deduct tax from your earnings.

Non-residents (Only fill in if you are a non-resident of Canada.)

As a non-resident of Canada, will 90% or more of your world income be included in determining your taxable income earned in Canada in 2022?

Yes (Fill out the previous page.)

No (Enter "0" on Line 13, and do not fill in Lines 2 to 12 as you are not entitled to the personal tax credits.)

If you are unsure of your residency status, call the international tax and non-resident enquiries line at 1-800-959-8281.

Provincial or territorial personal tax credits return

If your claim amount on Line 13 is more than \$14,398, you also have to fill out a provincial or territorial TD1 form. If you are an employee, use the Form TD1 for your province or territory of employment. If you are a pensioner, use the Form TD1 for your province or territory of residence. Your employer or payer will use both this federal form and your most recent provincial or territorial Form TD1 to determine the amount of your tax deductions.

If you are claiming the basic personal amount **only**, your employer or payer will deduct provincial or territorial taxes after allowing the provincial or territorial basic personal amount.

Note: If you are a Saskatchewan resident supporting children under 18 at any time during 2022, you may be able to claim the child amount on Form TD1SK, 2022 Saskatchewan Personal Tax Credits Return. Therefore, you may want to fill out Form TD1SK even if you are **only** claiming the basic personal amount on this form.

Deduction for living in a prescribed zone

If you live in the Northwest Territories, Nunavut, Yukon, or another prescribed **northern** zone for more than six months in a row beginning or ending in 2022, you can claim any of the following:

- \$11.00 for each day that you live in the prescribed northern zone
- \$22.00 for each day that you live in the prescribed northern zone if, during that time, you live in a dwelling that you maintain, and you are the only person living in that dwelling who is claiming this deduction

Employees living in a prescribed **intermediate** zone can claim 50% of the total of the above amounts.

For more information, go to canada.ca/taxes-northern-residents.

Additional tax to be deducted

You may want to have more tax deducted from each payment, especially if you receive other income, including non-employment income such as CPP or QPP benefits, or old age security pension. By doing this, you may not have to pay as much tax when you file your income tax and benefit return. To choose this option, state the amount of additional tax you want to have deducted from each payment. To change this deduction later, fill out a new Form TD1.

Reduction in tax deductions

You can ask to have less tax deducted on your income tax and benefit return if you are eligible for deductions or non-refundable tax credits that are not listed on this form (for example, periodic contributions to a registered retirement savings plan (RRSP), child care or employment expenses, charitable donations, and tuition and education amounts carried forward from the previous year). To make this request, fill out Form T1213, Request to Reduce Tax Deductions at Source, to get a letter of authority from your tax services office. Give the letter of authority to your employer or payer. You do not need a letter of authority if your employer deducts RRSP contributions from your salary.

Forms and publications

To get our forms and publications, go to canada.ca/cra-forms-publications or call 1-800-959-5525.

Personal information (including the SIN) is collected for the purposes of the administration or enforcement of the Income Tax Act and related programs and activities including administering tax, benefits, audit, compliance, and collection. The information collected may be used or disclosed for purposes of other federal acts that provide for the imposition and collection of a tax or duty. It may also be disclosed to other federal, provincial, territorial, or foreign government institutions to the extent authorized by law. Failure to provide this information may result in interest payable, penalties, or other actions. Under the Privacy Act, individuals have a right of protection, access to and correction of their personal information, or to file a complaint with the Privacy Commissioner of Canada regarding the handling of their personal information. Refer to Personal Information Bank CRA PPU 120 on Info Source at canada.ca/cra-info-source.

Certification					
I certify that the information given on this form is correct and complete.					
Signature	Date				
It is a serious offence to make a false return.					