

Predictive Relationship: Change Relationship

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1 Relationship Description

In a change relationship, recent changes in the current value of the signal directly affects future changes in the price:

$$\Delta P_{t+1} \propto k \Delta S_t + c \tag{1}$$

where ΔP_{t+1} represents the future price change, ΔS_t represents the last change in the value of the research signal at current time t, k is a scalar, and c is a constant. Intuitively, this means that when the signal moves higher, it is good to buy the market, as the price will tend to drift higher. When the signal moves lower, it is good to sell the market as the price will tend to drift lower.

After finding the relationship which maximises risk adjusted returns, InferTrade runs tests for statistical significance to verify that the relationship gives a predictive edge. A predictive change relationship can be used to invest when the last change in the signal is high versus the historical average, and sell if the change is negative or low versus the historical average. If the scalar k is negative, inverting the signal will make this true.

An example of a time series that might show a predictive change relationship is an interest rate time series:

interest rate falls -> recent change in interest rate is high -> price of the SP 500 goes up because investors are allocating capital towards higher return generating assets

We could also see a change component to price forecasts or fair value models if an analyst or model is updated infrequently, as a recent positive change could indicate incorporation of fresh news or information. However if the market price has moved stably then the new information may already be fully incorporated in the price.

Similarly, a technical positioning indicator as a signal may be more likely to show a change relationship, whereby changes in the value of a signal drive the price, because a stable level of interest may not move the market. We would typically not expect a signal that is a price forecast to show a predictive change relationship, as a price forecast is typically relative to the current price (a difference relationship).

2 Trading Strategy Description

A predictive change relationship can be reflected in many kinds of rules. InferTrade uses a 120 period (6 months for daily data) rolling regression of the percentage change in the signal from the prior day against next day's price change as a benchmark. This trading rule recommends portfolio allocation based on the value of the rolling error obtained when comparing the historical ground truth prices with their predictions from research. The smaller the error, the greater the size of the recommended allocation.

The allocation is scaled by the Kelly Fraction, a mathematically proven formula for determining optimal bet sizing. This rule will show higher returns than usual after optimisation if a significant change relationship is present between the price and signal series. The following equation shows how a change regression trading rule calculates a position sizing:

$$z_t = k_1 \left(\frac{R_t}{R_{t-1}} - 1 \right) + k_2 \tag{2}$$

where z_t is the portfolio allocation at time t, R_t is the Research value at time t, k_1 is the change coefficient and k_2 is the static coefficient.

3 Rule Parameters

Below is a table summarizing the parameters specific to this trading rule.

Parameter Name	Default Value	Description	Symbol
Amplitude	0.1	Amplitude weighting (Kelly Fraction). 1.0 is maximum growth if regression is exact. <1.0 scales down positions taken.	Symbol

4 Glossary

- Bullish: Positive outlook on the market. Expectation of positive returns.
- Bearish: Negative outlook on the market, Expectation of negative returns.
- **Allocation:** The allocation is the fractional amount of the portfolios value used to determine the size of the trading position.
- Parameter: Value used by the trading rule in the calculation for trading position
- Trading Rule: Strategy to determine when to buy, hold or sell a position.

Further Links

- 1. InferTrade: https://www.infertrade.com
- $2.\ \ Privacy\ Policy/Legal\ notice:\ {\tt https://www.infertrade.com/privacy-policy}$
- 3. InferStat Ltd: https://www.inferstat.com