

Name:

Student Code:

Laboratory Task I

RESULTS SHEET

A. Standardisation of Iodine Solution

Concentration of standard $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ in bottle : M

Titration Number	Volume		
	1	2	3
aliquot of I_2 (mL)	5.00	5.00	5.00
initial buret reading (mL)			
final buret reading (mL)			
standard $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ (mL)			

The volume of titre used in calculation

=

mL

Calculation for iodine concentration:

mol ratio of I_2 : $\text{S}_2\text{O}_3^{2-}$ =

:

Concentration of I_2

M

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B. A kinetic study of the acid catalyzed reaction between acetone and iodine in aqueous solution

B-1. Calculation for initial concentrations (M) in the solution mixtures

Flask No.	Concentration			
	I	II	III	IV
[I ₂], M				
[acetone], M				
[HCl], M				

B-2. Calculation for the concentration (M) of iodine remaining in Flasks I to IV at 7 minutes.

	Volume			
	I	II	III	IV
initial buret reading (mL)				
final buret reading (mL)				
standard Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ (mL)				
[I ₂] remaining at 7 minutes (M)				

B-3. Calculation for initial rate of disappearance of I₂ at 7 minutes for Flasks I to IV (in M s⁻¹)

$$\text{Initial rate of disappearance of iodine (M s}^{-1}\text{)} = - \frac{d[I_2]}{dt}$$

Flask No.	I	II	III	IV
Calculation for rate				
Initial Rate =				

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B-4. Calculation for the kinetic orders x, y and z

Calculation for x	Calculation for y	Calculation for z
x = (integer)	y = (integer)	z = (integer)

Write rate equation or rate law

Rate =

B-5. Calculation for the rate constant, k, for Flasks I to IV with proper unit.

Flask No.	I	II	III	IV
Calculation				
Rate Constant k =				
Unit				

B-6. Mean value of rate constant =

Chemicals and/or laboratory ware can be requested if used up or broken. The penalty of each request will be loss of 1 point.

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No.	Loss Point	Remark	Student's signature