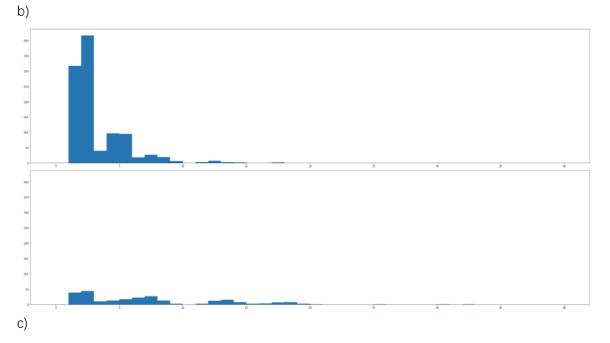
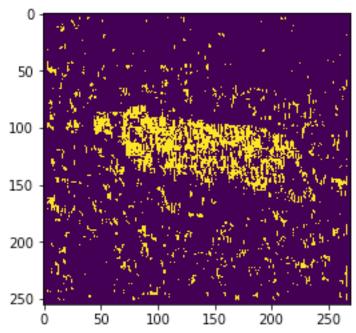
ECE 291A Statistical Learning Jinyu Zhao A53324435

a)
Prior probability of Cheetah is: 0.1918649270913277
Prior probability of grass is: 0.8081350729086723





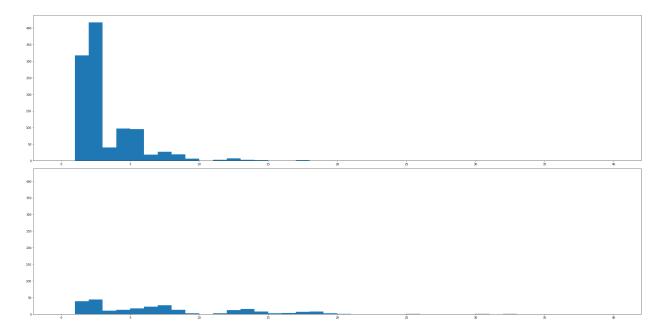
d) The error probability is 0.23453885257806825

```
In [46]: import numpy as np
         import scipy.io
         mat = scipy.io.loadmat('TrainingSamplesDCT 8')
         FG = mat["TrainsampleDCT FG"]
         BG = mat["TrainsampleDCT BG"]
         total = FG.shape[0] + BG.shape[0]
         prior_1 = FG.shape[0] / total
         prior 0 = BG.shape[0] / total
         # Ouestion A:
         print("Prior probability of Cheetah is:", prior 1)
         print("Prior probability of grass is:", prior 0)
         Prior probability of Cheetah is: 0.1918649270913277
         Prior probability of grass is: 0.8081350729086723
In [75]: # Question B:
         from scipy.fftpack import dct
         def dct2(block):
             return dct(dct(block.T, norm='ortho').T, norm='ortho')
         def second largest index(arr):
             return np.argmax(np.abs(arr[1:])) + 1
         def preprocess training data(X train):
             out = np.zeros(X train.shape[0])
             for i, arr in enumerate(X train):
                 out[i] = second largest index(arr)
             return out
         def gen zigzag arr(block):
             arr = np.zeros(64)
             for i, line in enumerate(zigzag):
                 for j, index in enumerate(line):
                     arr[index] = block[i, j]
             return arr
         # import zig-zag pattern
         with open("Zig-Zag Pattern.txt", "r") as f:
             content = f.readlines()
         zigzag = []
         for line in content:
             index = []
             for num in line.strip().split(" "):
                 if num != "":
                     index.append(int(num))
             if index!=[]:
                 zigzag.append(index)
         zigzag = np.array(zigzag)
         X 1 = preprocess training data(FG)
         X 0 = preprocess training data(BG)
```

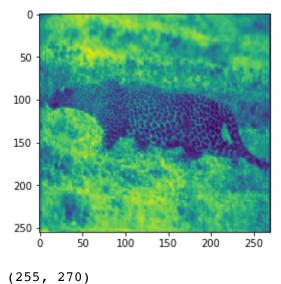
```
In [76]: %matplotlib inline
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    from matplotlib import colors

fig, axs = plt.subplots(2, 1, sharey=True, tight_layout=True)
    fig.set_figheight(15)
    fig.set_figwidth(30)
    axs[0].hist(X_0, bins = 40, range = (0, 40))
    axs[1].hist(X_1, bins = 40, range = (0, 40))
```

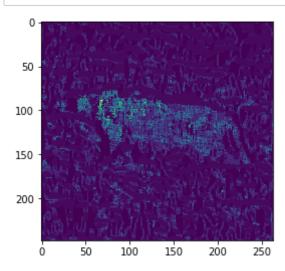
```
Out[76]: (array([ 0., 39., 44., 10., 13., 17., 22., 27., 13.,
                                                              2.,
                                                                   0.,
                 15., 8., 2., 3., 7., 8., 2., 1., 0.,
                                                              0.,
                                                                   0.,
                                                                        0., 1.,
                           0.,
                                 0.,
                                     1.,
                                          0.,
                                               1.,
                                                    0.,
                                                              0.,
                  0., 0.,
                                                         0.,
                                                                   0.,
                                                                        0.,
                                                                             0.,
                  0.]),
          array([ 0., 1., 2., 3., 4., 5., 6., 7., 8., 9., 10., 11., 12.,
                 13., 14., 15., 16., 17., 18., 19., 20., 21., 22., 23., 24., 25.,
                 26., 27., 28., 29., 30., 31., 32., 33., 34., 35., 36., 37., 38.,
                 39., 40.1),
          <a list of 40 Patch objects>)
```



```
from PIL import Image
In [110]:
          import numpy as np
          img = Image.open("cheetah.bmp", "r")
          img = np.array(img)
          plt.imshow(img)
          plt.show()
          print(img.shape)
          def slicing(img):
              out = np.zeros((img.shape[0] - 7, img.shape[1] - 7))
              for i in range(len(img) - 7):
                  for j in range(len(img[i]) - 7):
                      window = img[i:i+8, j:j+8]
                      dct_result = dct2(window)
                       arr = gen_zigzag_arr(dct_result)
                      out[i,j] = second_largest_index(arr)
              return out
          X_processed = slicing(img)
```



In [111]: plt.imshow(X_processed)
 plt.show()



```
# Question C:
In [113]:
          def compute_dist(X):
              count_x = \{\}
               for item in X:
                   if item not in count x.keys():
                       count_x[int(item)] = 1
                   else:
                       count_x[int(item)] += 1
              dist = np.zeros(100)
               for k in count_x.keys():
                   dist[k] = count_x[k]
              return dist / np.sum(dist)
          P_x0 = compute_dist(X_0)
          P_x1 = compute_dist(X_1)
          def BDT(X processed):
              mask = np.zeros((X processed.shape[0] + 7, X processed.shape[1] + 7))
              for i in range(len(X_processed)):
                   for j in range(len(X_processed[i])):
                       index = int(X_processed[i,j])
                       rate = P_x0[index] / P_x1[index]
                       if rate > prior_1 / prior_0:
                           mask[i + 4, j + 4] = 0
                       else:
                           mask[i + 4, j + 4] = 1
              return mask
          mask = BDT(X processed)
          plt.imshow(mask)
          plt.show()
```

/Users/fischer/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/ipykernel_launcher.p y:25: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in double scalars

