FishMIP 2022 Model Evaluation Protocol

[ISIMIP 3a]

Global & Regional Models

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# Goal

The goal of the FishMIP Model Evaluation Protocol [3a] is to understand and reduce uncertainty associated with FishMIP models through model evaluation under historical climate and fishing effort forcings.

This information will allow FishMIP to better target policy initiatives such as IPCC and IPBES by providing more robust uncertainty assessment, as well as advancing the state of FishMIP models for informing vulnerability, impact, and adaptation plans of coastal sea ecosystems and fisheries (requested by the FAO).

The focus of papers produced from this simulation round will be a significant advance in at least two ways:

1. forcing models with higher spatial resolution of global climate models and reconstructed historical fishing effort and
2. assessment of models against reconstructed historical catches (as well as biomass and other fisheries and ecological metrics in regions where additional data are available).

# *Target date for uploading simulation outputs:*

**August 30th, 2022**

Uploading simulations by this date is essential to ensure enough time for analysis and writing of manuscripts in time for presentation of preliminary results at the FishMIP workshop Oct 3-7th and for submission to the ISIMIP Special Issue by the end of 2022. If you are able to upload results sooner, that would be helpful. If you need more time, please let us know as soon as possible.

Progress towards this deadline will be supported and facilitated through online global and regional modeller workshops to:

* Ensure correct ESM model inputs and access
* Ensure fishing drivers work (separate global and regional breakaway groups)
* Tool sharing & troubleshooting
* Check model outputs/issues

We are also looking into upcoming in-person workshop options for the latter half of 2022 to brainstorm and discuss draft papers.

In this document we describe the general experimental and scenario set-up (Section 3). Further down in Section 4 we include the details of the specific **input** variables that modellers can use to implement scenarios. In Section 5 we describe the set of **outputs** to be created. Finally in Sections 6-7 we provide further **notes** and **instructions** on how to report and upload model results.

Further information on this protocol can be found here:

[https://protocol.isimip.org/#ISIMIP3a/peat/marine-fishery\_regional/marine-fishery\_global](https://protect-au.mimecast.com/s/G8B1C81Zm7f6W1w8LSYVHlL?domain=protocol.isimip.org)

**For this simulation round, we are asking you to run and upload 2 core runs, 2 optional (but preferred) detection and attribution runs, and 2 optional sensitivity test runs, described below.**

# Experiments & Scenarios

Each model experiment is a set of model simulations that has a particular goal (e.g. model evaluation). A scenario is a particular setting for forcing drivers that describes how each model run should be set up in the experiment, including both the type of climate forcing (CF) and the type of direct human forcing (DHF).

**The model runs that we are requesting for this simulation round are listed below. Please prioritize the core runs below, and provide the ‘optional’ if possible.**

Table 1: Experiment set-up. Each experiment is specified by the climate forcing (CF) and Direct Human Forcing (DHF).

| Experiment | Scenario description | Scenario specifier  Period: Historical (1961-2010) | Sensitivity specifier |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Model evaluation**  2 core runs | 1.Climate, river inputs, fishing – high res | | |
| **CF:** Climate variability constrained by reanalysis atmospheric forcing (GFDL-COBALT2 forced by JRA-55 and river inputs) using 0.25 degree grid  **DHF:** Varying direct human influences according to observed reconstructed fishing effort time series (histsoc). | **obsclim**  **histsoc** | **15arcmin** |
| 2.Climate, river inputs, no fishing – high res | | |
| **CF:**  same as above using 0.25 grid  **DHF:** without any fishing activity (nat) | **obsclim**  **nat** | **15arcmin** |
| **Detection and attribution**  2 optional (but preferred) runs | 3.Climate, no river input forcing, fishing – high res |  |  |
| **CF:** Climate variability constrained by reanalysis atmospheric forcing (GFDL-COBALT2 “*control run*” only forced by JRA-55) using 0.25 degree grid  **DHF:** Varying direct human influences according to observed reconstructed fishing effort time series (histsoc). | **ctrlclim**  **histsoc** | **15arcmin** |
| 4.Climate, no river input forcing, no fishing – high res |  |  |
| **CF:**  same as above using 0.25 grid  **DHF:** without any fishing activity (nat) | **ctrlclim**  **nat** | **15arcmin** |
| **Resolution sensitivity test**  2 optional runs | 5.Climate, river input forcing, fishing – low res | | |
| **CF:** Climate variability constrained by reanalysis atmospheric forcing (GFDL-COBALT2 forced by JRA-55 and river inputs) using 1 degree grid  **DHF:** Varying direct human influences according to observed reconstructed fishing effort time series (histsoc). | **obsclim**  **histsoc** | **onedeg** |
| 6.Climate, river input forcing,no fishing – low res | | |
| **CF**:  same as above using 1 degree grid  **DHF:** without any fishing activity (nat) | **obsclim**  **nat** | **onedeg** |

#### Note on spin-up and transition to 1961

#### The model evaluation experiment starts in 1961. To capture historical fishing effort prior to 1961, we also provide input for a nominal spin-up (1841-1860, fishing held constant at 1861 levels) and pre-industrial transition period (1861-1960, reconstructed fishing effort).

#### To set-up climate-forcing variables for the entire 1841-1960 period, we ask modellers to use the “control run” (ctrlclim) monthly output for the years 1961-1980 (inclusive) on repeat for six cycles. These years have been selected because they correspond with an entire ENSO cycle and because no climate trend is detectable prior to 1980 from the GFDL model.

#### For models that require longer spin-up prior to 1841, please keep 1841 levels of fishing effort constant and, if needed, repeat the ENSO cycle (e.g. monthly values for 1961-1980 inclusive from ctrlclim) for as many times necessary.

For the ‘no fishing’ runs (nat), the spin-up and pre-industrial transition should not use any fishing effort.

We ask modellers to include all outputs from 1841 onwards for use in our analyses.

## Scenario definitions

**Throughout the protocol we use** ‘**specifiers’** that are shortened names used to denote a particular scenario, variables, or other parameter in the filenames of model inputs and outputs.

**It is crucial that you also use the same specifiers in your output files.**

**Correct formatting and naming of output files are essential for model intercomparison and analysis.**

Tables 2-4 describe the different scenarios for the model runs described in Table 1. These specifiers are used in the file names of the corresponding input files and should also be used for the names of the output files (see  [7](https://protocol.isimip.org/#reporting-model-results). Reporting model results).

| Table 2: Climate scenario specifiers (climate-scenario). |
| --- |

| Scenario specifier | Description |
| --- | --- |
| **obsclim** | Climate with observed atmospheric forcing and river input forcing used for model evaluation and the detection and attribution task. |
| **ctrlclim** | Climate with only observed atmospheric forcing being used as a control run for model evaluation and the detection and attribution task. |

Table 3: Socio-economic scenario specifiers (soc-scenario).

| **Scenario specifier** | **Description** |
| --- | --- |
| **histsoc** | Varying direct human influences in the historical period (1950-2014) (i.e. historical estimates of fishing effort). |
| **nat** | No fishing (naturalized run). |

Table 4: Sensitivity scenario specifiers (sens-scenario).

| **Scenario specifier** | **Description** |
| --- | --- |
| **15arcmin** | 0.25 degree resolution climate model inputs |
| **onedeg** | 1 degree resolution climate model inputs |

**Please remember to use these same specifiers in your output files. More on reporting data can be found at the end of this document.**

# Input data

**For modellers new to FishMIP:** to access all input data you first need to set up an account with ISIMIP to access the DKRZ server. Please follow the instructions here: <https://www.isimip.org/dashboard/accessing-isimip-data-dkrz-server/>

## Climate forcing

Table 5: Climate forcing

| Title | Specifiers | Time period | Reanalysis | Bias adjustment target | Comments | Priority |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 | **gfdl-mom6-cobalt2\_obsclim**\_<variable>\_**15arcmin** | 1961-2010 | JRA55 | none | River input and JRA-55 driven MOM6-COBALT2 reanalysis. Data on native grid was remapped to a regular **0.25° grid**. For further experiment design details see <https://agupubs.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1029/2021GL094367> | 1 |
| GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 | **gfdl-mom6-cobalt2\_ctrlclim**\_<variable>\_**15arcmin** | 1961-2010 | JRA55 | none | JRA-55 only driven MOM6-COBALT2 reanalysis (control run). Data on native grid was remapped to a regular **0.25° grid**. For further experiment design details see <https://agupubs.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1029/2021GL094367> | 2 |
| GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 | **gfdl-mom6-cobalt2\_obsclim**\_<variable>\_**onedeg** | 1961-2010 | JRA55 | none | River input and JRA-55 driven MOM6-COBALT2 reanalysis. Data on native grid was remapped to a regular **1° grid**. For further experiment design details see <https://agupubs.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1029/2021GL094367> | 3 |
| GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 | **gfdl-mom6-cobalt2\_ctrlclim**\_<variable>\_**15arcmin** | 1961-2010 | JRA55 | none | JRA-55 only driven MOM6-COBALT2 reanalysis (control run). Data on native grid was remapped to a regular **1° grid**. For further experiment design details see <https://agupubs.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1029/2021GL094367> | 4 |

Table 6. Climate forcing variables and units for FishMIP 3a simulations. All variables are available on a 0.25 and 1 degree horizontal grid, monthly and annual resolutions. Note: Some variables are available as specific layers extracted from vertically resolved data. Their variable names have been suffixed with -bot (ocean bottom, e.g. o2-bot), -surf (surface values, e.g. pH-surf) or -vint (vertically integrated, e.g. phyc-vint), respectively, or prefixed with int (vertically integrated, e.g. intpp). Temperature is suffixed with b or s for bottom (e.g. tob) or surface (e.g. tos) layers, respectively.

| Variable | Variable specifier | Unit | Resolution | Datasets |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Mass Concentration of Total Phytoplankton Expressed as Chlorophyll | **chl** | kg m-3 | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Sea Floor Depth | **deptho** | m | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Downward Flux of Particulate Organic Carbon | **expc-bot** | mol m-2 s-1 | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Particulate Organic Carbon Content | **intpoc** | kg m-2 | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Primary Organic Carbon Production by All Types of Phytoplankton | **intpp** | mol m-2 s-1 | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Net Primary Organic Carbon Production by Diatoms | **intppdiat** | mol m-2 s-1 | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Net Primary Mole Productivity of Carbon by Diazotrophs | **intppdiaz** | mol m-2 s-1 | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Net Primary Mole Productivity of Carbon by Picophytoplankton | **intpppico** | mol m-2 s-1 | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Maximum Ocean Mixed Layer Thickness Defined by Sigma T | **mlotst-0125** | m  m | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Dissolved Oxygen Concentration | **o2,**  **o2-bot**  **o2-surf** | mol m-3  mol m-2  mol m-2 | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| pH | **ph**  **ph-bot**  **ph-surf** | 1  1  1 | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Phytoplankton Carbon Concentration | **phyc**  **phyc-vint** | mol m-3  mol m-2 | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Mole Concentration of Diatoms expressed as Carbon in sea water | **phydiat**  **phydiat-vint** | mol m-3  mol m-2 | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Mole Concentration of Diazotrophs Expressed as Carbon in Sea Water | **phydiaz**  **phydiaz-vint** | mol m-3  mol m-2 | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Mole Concentration of Picophytoplankton Expressed as Carbon in Sea Water | **phypico**  **phypico-vint** | mol m-3  mol m-2 | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Sea Water Salinity | **so**  **so-bot**  **so-surf** | ‰  ‰ ‰ | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Sea Water Potential Temperature | **thetao** | °C | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Ocean Model Cell Thickness | **thkcello** | m | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Sea Water Potential Temperature at Sea Floor | **tob** | °C | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Sea Surface Temperature | **tos** | °C | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Sea Water X Velocity | **uo** | m s-1 | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Sea Water Y Velocity | **vo** | m s-1 | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Mole Concentration of Mesozooplankton expressed as Carbon in sea water | **zmeso**  **zmeso-vint** | mol m-3  mol m-2 | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Mole Concentration of Microzooplankton expressed as Carbon in sea water | **zmicro**  **zmicro-vint** | mol m-3  mol m-2 | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Zooplankton Carbon Concentration | **zooc**  **zooc-vint** | mol m-3  mol m-2 | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |
| Net Downward Shortwave Radiation at Sea Water Surface | **rsntds** | W m-2 | 0.25° grid | GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2 |

### Climate forcing file locations

The monthly climate forcing files for obsclim (onedeg and 15arcmin) of this simulation protocol can be found on DKRZ here:

levante:/work/bb0820/ISIMIP/ISIMIP3a/InputData/climate/ocean/obsclim/global/monthly/historical/GFDL-MOM6-COBALT2/

The monthly climate forcing files for climate forcing for spin-up and control runs (ctrlclim: onedeg and 15arcmin) of this simulation protocol can be found on DKRZ here:

levante:/work/bb0820/ISIMIP/ISIMIP3a/SecondaryInputData/climate/ocean/ctrlclim/global/

The variables **deptho** and **thkcello** are fixed through time and can be found in the “fixed/” folder (rather than monthly/).

#### Note on phytoplankton size structure inputs

Production and carbon data for large and small phytoplankton can be derived from the variables in Table 1 by the following:

large = diatoms + diazotrophs

small = picophytoplankton

The GFDL model treats diazotrophs as large phytoplankton as part of their food-web processes.

#### Note on Sea Ice Presence Absence within Ocean Grid Cells

The GFDL we are using does not have sea ice fraction saved as output directly. An alternative variable (sea ice presence or absence, 1 or 0) will be made available and will be derived from sea water temperature.

#### Note on regional model spatial extractions

For regional models, only specific grid cells will be needed from the above global outputs. Please let us know if you require assistance to extract results (e.g. using bounding boxes, masks or shapefiles). This functionality is now partially available (bounding box) through the ISIMIP web-based [data portal](https://data.isimip.org/).

A simple worked example on how to do this for specific regions in R is provided here: <https://github.com/Fish-MIP/Extracting_NetCDF_to_Shapefile>

## Fishing effort forcing

Table 7: Fishing effort forcing files and variables for FishMIP 3a simulations. Please note that the data time series has been trimmed to 1961-2010 for this model experiment, which is the timeframe of the obsclim forcing.

| Dataset | Included variables (short names) | Covered time period/Resolution | Reference/Source and Comments |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Fishing** | | | |
| Spatially aggregated fishing effort | socioeconomic/fishing/histsoc/effort\_histsoc\_1841\_2010.csv | | |
| * eez\_country\_name = The exclusive economic zone/high seas name in which fishing effort is occurring * LME = A number code of the Large Marine ecosystem in which the Effort is occurring * SAUP = A number code for the fishing country, following Sea Around Us numbering * Gear = the fishing gear * FGroup = the targeted functional group * Sector = the fishing sector defined by the law of the country * NomActive = Nominal fishing effort of the active fleet * Phase = either “spin-up” or “experiment” | * 1850-2010 * Annual | Sources: Rousseau et al., 2019, PNAS 116 (25) 12238-12243 and Rousseau et al. 2022 in prep. |
| Gridded total industrial fishing effort | socioeconomic/fishing/histsoc/gridded\_industrial\_effort\_histsoc\_1961\_2010.csv | | |
| * NomActive = Total nominal active fishing effort for the industrial sector summed across functional groups, gear, fishing country. | * 0.5 * 1850-2010 * Annual | Rousseau et al. 2022 in prep. |
| Gridded total artisanal fishing effort | socioeconomic/fishing/histsoc/gridded\_artisanal\_effort\_histsoc\_1961\_2010.csv | | |
| * NomActive = Total nominal active fishing effort for the artisanal sector summed across functional groups, gear, fishing country. | * 0.5 * 1850-2010 * Annual | Rousseau et al. 2022 in prep. |

Table 8: Metadata for fishing effort variables.

| Variable Name | Long name | Unit | Description/notes |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Year | (End of the) year when the fishing effort is occurring | Number code |  |
| Sector | The fishing sector defined by the law of the country | Name code | I = Industrial and A = artisanal, where artisanal include powered and unpowered artisanal fleets |
| LME | Large Marine Ecosystem Number | Number code | A number code of the Large Marine ecosystem in which the Effort is occurring |
| eez\_country\_name | Exclusive Economic Zone | Name code | The country-level exclusive economic zone (or high seas) name in which fishing effort is occurring |
| SAUP | A number code for the fishing country, following Sea Around Us numbering | Number code | Ex supranational entities (USSR, Yugoslavia) are disaggregated to their constituent countries. Serbian Fishing Effort included with Montenegro. Crimea included with Ukrainian. |
| Gear | The fishing gear | Name code | Gear names |
| FGroup | The targeted functional group | Name code | Functional groups are in accordance with those used by the Sea Around Us Project |
| NomActive | Nominal fishing effort (i.e., not including the technological creep) of the active fleet | Days at sea X kW | NomActive (of the active fleet; i.e., total) = P (engine power of active the fleet; i.e., total) x DAS (average days at sea of one vessel). Average DAS for one vessel ~ 200 DAS/year. NomActive corresponds to the total (reported, IUU, discards) catch. To find NomActive in DAS do (NomActive/P) X NV |
| Phase | Phase (year ranges) of simulation run | Text | Spin-up, transition, experiment, or validation |

#### Fishing effort forcing file locations

The monthly fishing effort forcing files for the spin-up and experiments (Table 1) of this simulation protocol can be found on DKRZ here:

levante:/work/bb0820/ISIMIP/ISIMIP3a/InputData/socioeconomic/fishing/histsoc/

#### Note on global model fishing effort forcing

For **global models**, the above spatially aggregated fishing effort can be spatially allocated into 0.25 grid cells. This can be achieved using different approaches such as a simple gravity model – e.g. see [Coll et al. 2020](https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/fmars.2020.567877/full) but details will depend on model structure.

We are developing a simplified worked example for global modellers to explore and contribute to. This will be made available on github/FishMIP in due course.

While we recommend using the above spatially aggregated effort, for **global models** that cannot technically carry out spatial allocation of effort, gridded total industrial and artisanal nominal active effort have been provided in the same folder as the file above and are saved as netcdf files. These can be allocated to functional groups (e.g. according to relative biomass) depending on model structure.

### Note on regional model fishing effort forcing

Downscaling of the above fishing effort to match regional model inputs is likely to be needed. We request that regional modellers work together in their specific regions to ensure we have clear and common methodologies.

We are developing a worked example for regional modellers to explore and contribute to for their region which will be made available on github/FishMIP in due course.

### Note on model calibration using fishing catch data and model evaluation requirements

Modellers are permitted to calibrate or tune their models using historical fisheries catch data (that will also be used for model evaluation) on the condition that **only years up to and including 2004** are used in model calibration/tuning.

Modelling groups **must** keep **detailed documentation** on how their model was calibrated (e.g. input forcing, calibration data, time domain, spatial domain, fish grouping (size, functional types, total), optimization metric(s), weighting schemes, etc.) to be included in manuscript methods. Written description of sources of calibration data and methods used need to be provided with all simulation outputs. A template will be provided for this documentation in due course.

The fisheries catch data .csv file that can be used for model calibration is here: socioeconomic/fishing/histsoc/calibration\_catch\_histsoc\_1850\_2004.csv.

The fisheries catch data are already aggregated into the functional groups and spatial zones as the above effort forcing data. The original reference including links to full database is [Watson & Tidd, 2018, Marine Policy, 93: 171-177](https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0308597X18300605).

### **Other static geographic information**:

Large marine ecosystem (LME) masks in four different spatial resolutions. 0.1°, 0.25°, 0.5° and 1° are available here:

/work/bb0820/ISIMIP/ISIMIP3a/InputData/geo\_conditions/fishmip\_regions/

Each region has its own variable within each file.

We have also provided conversion tables that can be used to look up LME and SAUP names according to the numeric codes used in the catch and effort files (e.g. LME 22 – North Sea). These files (SAUPnames.csv and LMEnames.csv

are also available here:

/work/bb0820/ISIMIP/ISIMIP3a/InputData/geo\_conditions/fishmip\_regions/

# Output data

All spatially gridded outputs should be created as netcdf files. More information on how to prepare these files can be found [here](https://www.isimip.org/protocol/preparing-simulation-files). Aspatial regional model results may be saved as .csv files.

In the output files, please label the time variable as months since January 1st, 1840.

Table 9: Mandatory output variables for Fisheries and Marine Ecosystem models (global and regional). See notes on additional optional model outputs below. Please use the value 1.e+20 for missing data within your output files.

| Variable long name | Variable specifier | Unit | Resolution | Comments |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Mandatory output from global and regional models (provide as many as possible). All biomasses are. in wet weight, not g C.** | | | | |
| Total Consumer Biomass Density | **tcb** | g m-2 | 0.25° grid  monthly | All consumers (trophic level >1, vertebrates and invertebrates) |
| Total Consumer Biomass Density in log10 Weight Bins | **tcblog10** | g m-2 | 0.25° grid  monthly | **Level dimensions:** (time, bins, lat, lon).  If the model is size-structured, please provide biomass in equal log 10 g weight bins (1-10g, 10-100g, 100g-1kg, 1-10kg, 10-100kg, >100kg) |
| Total Pelagic Biomass Density | **tpb** | g m-2 | 0.25° grid  monthly | All pelagic consumers (trophic level >1, vertebrates and invertebrates) |
| Total Demersal Biomass Density | **tdb** | g m-2 | 0.25° grid  monthly | All demersal consumers (trophic level >1, vertebrates and invertebrates) |
| Total Catch Density (all commercial functional groups / size classes) | **tc** | g m-2 | 0.25° grid  monthly | Catch at sea (all catch as a result of all effort including reported and IUU) summed for both Industrial and Artisanal sector. |
| Total Industrial Catch Density (all commercial functional groups / size classes) | **tic** | g m-2 | 0.25° grid  monthly | Catch at sea (all catch as a result of all effort including reported and IUU) for Industrial sector only. |
| Total Catch Density in log10 Weight Bins across both sectors | **tclog10** | g m-2 | 0.25° grid  monthly | **Level dimensions:** (time, bins, lat, lon).  If the model is size-structured, please provide biomass in equal log 10 g weight bins (1-10g, 10-100g, 100g-1kg, 1-10kg, 10-100kg, >100kg) |
| Total Pelagic Density Catch across Artisanal and Industrial sectors | **tpc** | g m-2 | 0.25° grid  monthly | Catch at sea of all pelagic consumers (trophic level >1, vertebrates and invertebrates) |
| Total Demersal Catch Density across Artisanal and Industrial sectors | **tdc** | g m-2 | 0.25° grid  monthly | Catch at sea of all demersal consumers (trophic level >1, vertebrates and invertebrates) |
| **Optional output from global and regional models. All biomasses are in wet weight, not g C.** | | | | |
| Biomass Density of Small Pelagics <30cm | **bp30cm** | g m-2 | 0.25° grid  monthly | If a pelagic species and L infinity is <30 cm, include in this variable |
| Biomass Density of Medium Pelagics >=30cm and <90cm | **bp30to90cm** | g m-2 | 0.25° grid  monthly | If a pelagic species and L infinity is >=30 cm and <90cm, include in this variable |
| Biomass Density of Large Pelagics >=90cm | **bp90cm** | g m-2 | 0.25° grid  monthly | If a pelagic species and L infinity is >=90cm, include in this variable |
| Biomass Density of Small Demersals <30cm | **bd30cm** | g m-2 | 0.25° grid  monthly | If a demersal species and L infinity is <30 cm, include in this variable |
| Biomass Density of Medium Demersals >=30cm and <90cm | **bd30to90cm** | g m-2 | 0.25° grid  monthly | If a demersal species and L infinity is >=30 cm and <90cm, include in this variable |
| Biomass Density of Large Demersals >=90cm | **bd90cm** | g m-2 | 0.25° grid  monthly | If a demersal species and L infinity is >=90cm, include in this variable |
| Catch Density of Small Pelagics <30cm | **cp30cm** | g m-2 | 0.25° grid  monthly | Catch at sea of pelagic species with L infinity <30 cm |
| Catch Density of Medium Pelagics >=30cm and <90cm | **cp30to90cm** | g m-2 | 0.25° grid  monthly | Catch at sea of pelagic species with L infinity >=30 cm and <90 cm |
| Catch Density of Large Pelagics >=90cm | **cp90cm** | g m-2 | 0.25° grid  monthly | Catch at sea of pelagic species with L infinity >=90 cm |
| Catch Density of Small Demersals <30cm | **cd30cm** | g m-2 | 0.25° grid  monthly | Catch at sea of demersal species with L infinity <30 cm |
| Catch Density of Medium Demersals >=30cm and <90cm | **cd30to90cm** | g m-2 | 0.25° grid  monthly | Catch at sea of demersal species with L infinity >=30 cm and <90 cm |
| Catch Density of Large Demersals >=90cm | **cd90cm** | g m-2 | 0.25° grid  monthly | Catch at sea of demersal species with L infinity >=90 cm |

# Additional notes for Regional FishMIP Models

More specific protocols for each regional model type will be circulated and made available on the website.

Regional modellers may additionally wish to make their raw unaggregated output available for more detailed analyses, including for example, a wider range of functional groups/size classes/species and ecosystem indicators Please discuss this with FishMIP regional coordinators before uploading files.

# Reporting model results

The specification on how to submit the data, as well as further information and instructions are given on the ISIMIP website at:

<https://www.isimip.org/protocol/preparing-simulation-files>

**It is important that you comply precisely with the formatting specified there**, to facilitate the analysis of your simulation results in the ISIMIP framework. Incorrect formatting can seriously delay analyses. The ISIMIP Team will be glad to assist with the preparation of these files if necessary.

File names consist of a series of identifier, separated by underscores. Things to note:

* Report one variable per file.
* In filenames, use lowercase letters only.
* Use underscore (\_) to separate identifiers.
* Variable names consist of a single word without hyphens or underscores.
* Use hyphens (-) to separate strings within an identifier, e.g. in a model name.
* Data model is NETCDF4\_CLASSIC with minimum compression level of 5.
* NetCDF file extension is .nc.
* For models using spin-up, include the final 10 years of spin-up in your results.
* The relative time axis' reference year and month to include in model output is months since January 1st 1841.

Please name the files in the Fisheries and Marine Ecosystems sector according to the following pattern:

### ****Global models****

<model>\_<climate-forcing>\_<bias-adjustment>\_<climate-scenario>\_<soc-scenario>\_<sens-scenario>\_<variable>\_<global>\_<time-step>\_<start-year>\_<end-year>.nc

### ****Regional models****

<model>\_<climate-forcing>\_<bias-adjustment>\_<climate-scenario>\_<soc-scenario>\_<sens-scenario>\_<variable>\_<region>\_<time-step>\_<start-year>\_<end-year>.nc

and replace the identifiers with the specifiers given in the tables of this document.

Examples:

### ****Global****

boats\_gfdl-mom6\_cobalt2\_none\_ obsclim\_histsoc\_15arcmin\_tcb\_global\_monthly\_1840\_2010.nc

### Regional

osmose\_gfdl-mom6\_cobalt2\_none\_ obsclim\_histsoc\_15arcmin \_tcb\_benguela\_monthly\_1840\_2010.nc

Please if you have any questions or clarifications, contact FishMIP coordinators or ISIMIP data managers directly ([isimip-data@pik‐potsdam.de](mailto:isimip-data@pik%E2%80%90potsdam.de)) before submitting files.

**Finally, please email FishMIP coordinators:**

If you would like to participate in this simulation round but have encountered issues with any aspect of the protocol.

(For fishing): please provide all assumptions about catchability, technological creep, and model calibration.

Please provide any conversion factors that you have used to convert units.

**Thank you for your contributions to FishMIP and ISI-MIP!**

**FishMIP is entirely community-driven, and we appreciate the effort of all involved.**